BLACKJACK SWITCH

Rules

1. Definitions

The following words and terms, when used in the Rules of Blackjack Switch, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Blackjack"-means an ace and any card having a point value of 10 dealt as the initial two cards to a player or dealer. An ace and a card having a point value of 10 dealt to a player who has split a pair or an ace and a card having a point value of 10 that results from a player’s decision to switch pairs shall be a hand with a point value of 21, but is not a blackjack.

"Hard total" -means the total point count of a hand which contains no aces or which contains one or more aces that are each counted as one in value.

“Hole card”- means the second card dealt to the hand of the dealer.

“Push” -means a void wager which is returned to the player.

"Soft total"- means the total point count of a hand which contains an ace that is counted as 11 in value.

“Suit” -means one of the four categories of cards: club, diamond, heart, or spade.

“Switch”- means a player’s one-time option to have the second cards dealt to that player’s two blackjack hands exchanged with each other pursuant to Section 7, thus creating two new blackjack hands.

2. Cards; number of decks; rank of cards

(a) Blackjack switch shall be played with six or eight decks of cards, with backs of the same color and design and one additional cutting card. The cutting card shall be opaque and a solid color readily distinguishable from the color of the backs and edges of the playing cards.

(b) The point value of the cards contained in each deck shall be as follows:
   (1) Any card from two to 10 shall have its face value;
   (2) Any jack, queen, or king shall have a value of 10; and
   (3) An ace shall have a value of 11, unless that value would give a player or the dealer a score in excess of 21, in which case it shall have a value of one.

(c) The “rank” of the cards, for purposes of the optional match wager, in order of highest to lowest rank, shall be: ace, king, queen, jack, 10, nine, eight, seven, six, five, four, three, and two. All suits shall be considered equal in rank.
3. Opening of the table for gaming

After receiving the decks of cards at the table, the dealer shall comply with the rules of the Commission regarding table opening and inspection of cards.

4. Shuffle and cut of the cards

(a) Immediately prior to the commencement of play, unless the cards were pre-shuffled pursuant to the rules of the Commission, after any round of play as may be determined by the gaming licensee and after each shoe of cards is dealt, the dealer shall shuffle the cards, either manually or by use of an automated card shuffling device, so that the cards are randomly intermixed. Upon completion of the shuffle, the dealer or device shall place the deck of cards in a single stack.

(b) After the cards have been shuffled and stacked, the dealer shall:
(1) If the cards were shuffled using an automated card shuffling device, place the stack of cards in the dealing shoe and deal the cards in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 7; provided, however, that nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit the use of an automated card shuffling device which, upon completion of the shuffling of the cards, inserts the stack of cards directly into a dealing shoe; or
(2) If the cards were shuffled manually or were pre-shuffled, cut the cards in accordance with the procedures set forth in (c) through (f) below.

(c) If a cut of the cards is required, after the cards have been shuffled, the dealer shall perform one of the following options. The dealer will offer the stack of cards, with backs facing away from them to the players to be cut, or at the casino’s discretion, the dealer will cut the stack of cards for the table.

(d) The player to cut the cards shall be:
(1) The first player to the table if the game is just beginning;
(2) The player on whose box the cutting card appeared during the last round of play;
(3) The player at the farthest point to the right of the dealer if the cutting card appeared on the dealer's hand during the last round of play; or
(4) The player at the farthest point to the right of the dealer if the reshuffle was initiated at the discretion of the gaming licensee.

(e) If the player designated in (d) above refuses the cut, the cards shall be offered to each other player moving counterclockwise around the table until a player accepts the cut or all players refuse the cut. If no player accepts the cut, the dealer shall cut the cards.

(f) The player or dealer making the cut shall place the cutting card in the stack at least 1 deck from either end. Once the cutting card has been inserted, the dealer shall take the cutting card and all the cards in front of the cutting card and place them to the back of the stack. The dealer shall then take the entire stack of cards that was just shuffled and align them along the side of the dealing shoe which has the mark required by the rules of the Commission. Thereafter, the dealer shall insert the cutting card in the stack at a position at least
approximately one-quarter of the way in from the back of the stack. The stack of cards shall then be inserted into the dealing shoe for commencement of play.

(g) After the cards have been cut and before any cards have been dealt, a casino supervisor may require the cards to be recut if he or she determines that the cut was performed improperly or in any way that might affect the integrity or fairness of the game. If a recut is required, the cards shall be recut, at the gaming licensee's option, by the player who last cut the cards, or by the next person entitled to cut the cards, as determined by (d) and (e) above.

(h) A reshuffle of the cards in the shoe shall take place after the cutting card is reached in the shoe as provided for in Section 7, except that the gaming licensee may determine after each round of play that the cards should be reshuffled.

(i) When the licensee is using a manual shuffle, the following steps will be incorporated into their shuffle procedure.
   (1) The “plug” is a method for inserting unused cards from behind the cut card into the cards in the discard tray. This is usually the first step.
   (2) The “riffle” is when the cards are divided into two piles and interlaced.
   (3) The “turn” involves dividing the shoe into two stacks and rotating one stack 180 degrees before riffling the stacks together.
   (4) The “strip” also known as running cuts. The strip should not occur before at least two riffles have taken place.
   (5) The “cut” is the final step before the cards are put back into the shoe. This ensures that the top card cannot be identified if it was accidentally exposed during the other steps.

5. Wagers; payout odds

(a) Prior to the first card being dealt for each round of play, each player at the game of blackjack switch shall make two equal wagers, one for each blackjack hand to be dealt to that player, and each wager shall equal or exceed the posted minimum wager for the table. Each wager of a player shall be determined individually, and shall win if:
   (1) The point count of the player is 21 or less and the point count of the dealer exceeds 22;
   (2) The point count of the player exceeds that of the dealer without either exceeding 21; or
   (3) The player has a blackjack without switching cards pursuant to Section 7, and the dealer has achieved a point count of 21 in more than two cards.

(b) Except as provided in (a)(3) above, if the point count of the player is the same as the dealer, a wager made in accordance with this section shall be a push, unless:
   (1) The player has a point count of 21 in more than two cards and the dealer has a blackjack, in which case the wager shall lose; or
   (2) The player has a point count exceeding 21, in which case the wager shall lose.

(c) If the point count of the dealer is 22 and the point count of the player is 21 or less, a wager made in accordance with this section shall be a push unless the player has a blackjack without switching cards pursuant to (a)(3) above, in which case the wager shall win.
(d) All wagers at blackjack switch, including the optional match wager in Section 6, shall be made by placing gaming chips or plaques and, if applicable, a wager coupon on the appropriate betting areas of the table layout. A verbal wager accompanied by cash may be accepted, provided it is confirmed by the dealer and casino supervisor, and that such cash is expeditiously converted into gaming chips or plaques in accordance with the rules of the Commission.

(e) Once the first card of any round of play has been removed from the shoe by the dealer, no player shall make, alter, remove, or otherwise handle any wager that has been made until a decision has been rendered and implemented with respect to that wager, except as permitted in this subchapter.

(f) Once an insurance wager or a wager to double down has been made by a player and confirmed by the dealer, no player shall alter, remove or otherwise handle the wager until a decision has been rendered and implemented with respect to that wager.

(g) After each round of play is complete, the dealer shall collect all losing wagers, return any pushes, and pay off all winning wagers. Except as provided in Section 6 (match wager) and Section 8 (insurance wager), all winning blackjack switch wagers, including a blackjack, shall be paid at odds of 1 to 1.

(h) After the cards have been shuffled, a gaming licensee may, in its discretion, prohibit any person, whether seated at the gaming table or not, who does not make a wager on a given round of play from placing a wager on the next round of play and any subsequent round of play at that gaming table unless the gaming licensee chooses to permit the player to begin wagering or until a reshuffle of the cards has occurred.

(i) Only wagers authorized by this the rules of the game of Blackjack Switch shall be permitted in the game of blackjack switch.

6. Match wager; payout odds

(a) A player at a blackjack switch table may make an additional optional wager, known as a "match wager," that two or more of the initial four cards dealt to that player will form one of the following authorized matches:
   (1) "One pair" or a “pair” is a hand consisting of two cards of the same rank, regardless of suit;
   (2) "Two pairs" is a hand consisting of two "pairs";
   (3) "Three-of-a-kind" is a hand consisting of three cards of the same rank, regardless of suit; and
   (4) "Four-of-a-kind" is a hand consisting of four cards of the same rank, regardless of suit.

(b) Prior to the first card being dealt for each round of play, any player who has placed the two blackjack wagers required by Section 5 may make a match wager by placing gaming chips or plaques, and, if applicable, a match play coupon, on the appropriate designated betting area
of the layout, and in an amount which shall equal or exceed the posted minimum wager for a match wager at that table.

(c) A gaming licensee shall pay winning match wagers at no less than the amounts listed below, using one of the following pay tables:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Match Type</th>
<th>Six Deck</th>
<th>Eight Deck</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One Pair</td>
<td>1 to 1</td>
<td>1 to 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three-of-a-Kind</td>
<td>5 to 1</td>
<td>5 to 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Pair</td>
<td>8 to 1</td>
<td>7 to 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Four-of-a-Kind</td>
<td>40 to 1</td>
<td>50 to 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) If more than one type of match occurs in a player’s initial four cards, the match wager shall be paid only once, using the highest payoff occurring within those cards.

(e) A match wager shall have no bearing upon any other wager made by a player at the game of blackjack switch.

7. Procedure for dealing the cards

(a) All cards used in blackjack switch shall be dealt from a dealing shoe specifically designed for such purpose and located on the table to the left of the dealer.

(b) The dealer shall remove cards from the shoe with their left hand, turn them face upwards, and then place them on the appropriate area of the layout with their right hand, except that the dealer has the option to deal hit cards to the first two betting spots with their left hand. Cards will be dealt so as not to expose the hole card or any other face down cards in a manner that cannot be readily observed by someone attempting to ascertain their value.

(c) After each full set of cards is placed in the shoe, the dealer shall remove the first card from the shoe face downwards and place it in the discard rack, which shall be located on the table immediately to the right of the dealer. Each new dealer who comes to the table shall also burn one card as described herein before the new dealer deals any cards to the players. The burn card shall be disclosed if requested by a player.

(d) At the commencement of each round of play, the dealer shall, starting on their left and continuing around the table, deal the cards in the following order:
(1) One card face upwards to each box on the layout in which a wager is contained;
(2) One card face upwards to the dealer; and
(3) A second card face upwards to each box in which a wager is contained, which card shall be dealt so as to overlap the lower left-hand corner of the first card, as seen from the dealer’s point of view.
(e) Immediately after the first four cards are dealt to each player, and before any card reader device is utilized and any additional cards are dealt to any player or the dealer, the dealer shall collect all losing match wagers and pay off all winning match wagers in accordance with Section 6.

(f) After all match wagers have been settled, each player may make an insurance bet pursuant to Section 8.

(g) After all match wagers have been settled and any insurance bets have been made, the dealer shall, beginning from their left, announce the point total of the first hand of each player, and ask if the player wishes to switch, by saying, for example, “15 or switch?”.

1. If the player decides to switch, the dealer shall exchange the second cards dealt to the two hands of that player with each other, and then announce the new point total of each hand.

2. A player who has switched cards pursuant to this subsection may revoke the decision and request the dealer to return the cards to their original positions, provided that no additional cards have yet been dealt to either of the player’s hands or to the dealer.

3. Other than a return of the cards to their original positions pursuant to (g)(2) above, a player shall be permitted only one switch of cards per hand in each round of play.

(h) After the player has been offered a switch and has either declined or obtained the switch, the player shall, for the first of the player’s two hands, indicate whether the player wishes to stand, draw, surrender pursuant to Section 9, double down pursuant to Section 10, or split pairs pursuant to Section 11.

(i) As the player indicates decisions as to the first hand, the dealer shall deal face upwards whatever additional cards are necessary to effectuate such decisions consistent with these rules, and shall announce the new point total of that hand after each additional card is dealt.

(j) After the player completes their decisions as to the first hand, the procedures in (g) through (i) above shall be repeated for the second hand of that player.

(k) After the player has completed all decisions for both hands, the procedures in (g) through (j) above shall be repeated for the player to the dealer’s right of that player at the table.

(l) After the decisions of each player have been implemented and all additional player cards have been dealt, the dealer shall deal a second card face upward to themself (the “hole card”); provided, however, that such card shall not be removed from the dealing shoe until the dealer has first announced "Dealer's Card," which shall be stated by the dealer in a tone of voice calculated to be heard by each person at the table. Any additional cards authorized to be dealt to the hand of the dealer by Section 12 shall be dealt face upwards at this time, after which the dealer shall announce the total point count for the hand of the dealer.

1. In lieu of the foregoing, a gaming licensee may permit the dealer to deal the hole card face downward after a second card but before any additional cards are dealt to the box of each player, provided that the dealer shall not look at the face of the hole card until after all other cards requested by the players pursuant to these rules have been dealt.
(2) Notwithstanding (l)(1) above, if a gaming licensee elects to utilize a card reader device and the dealer's first card is an ace, king, queen, jack, or 10 of any suit, the dealer shall determine whether the hole card will give the dealer a blackjack prior to dealing any additional cards to the players at the table, in accordance with procedures approved by the Commission. The dealer shall insert the hole card into the card reader device by moving the card face down on the layout without exposing it to anyone, including the dealer, at the table. If the dealer has a blackjack, no additional cards shall be dealt and each player's wager shall be settled in accordance with Section 5.

(m) At the conclusion of a round of play, all cards still remaining on the layout shall be picked up by the dealer in order and in such a way that they can be readily arranged to indicate each hand of each player in case of a question or dispute. The dealer shall pick up the cards beginning with those of the player to their far right and moving counterclockwise around the table. After all the cards of the players have been collected, the dealer shall pick up their cards against the bottom of the players’ cards and place all of them in the discard rack.

(n) Whenever the cutting card is reached in the deal of the cards, the dealer shall continue dealing the cards until that round of play is completed, after which the dealer shall:
   (1) Collect the cards as provided in Section 7(l) above;
   (2) Remove the cards remaining in the shoe and place them in the discard rack to ensure that no cards are missing; and
   (3) Shuffle the cards.

(o) No player or spectator shall handle, remove or alter any cards used to game at blackjack switch, and no dealer or other casino employee shall permit a player or spectator to engage in such activity.

(p) Each player at the table shall be responsible for correctly computing the point count of their hands, and no player shall rely on the point counts required to be announced by the dealer without checking the accuracy of such announcement themselves.

8. Insurance bets

(a) Whenever the first card dealt to the dealer is an ace, each player shall have the right to make an insurance bet, which shall win if the hole card of the dealer is a king, queen, jack, or 10, and shall lose if the hole card of the dealer is an ace, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine.
   (1) A player may make an insurance bet on either or both of the player’s hands.
   (2) Any insurance bets shall be placed only after the first four cards are dealt to all players, before any players are offered the opportunity to switch cards pursuant to Section 7, and before any additional cards are dealt to any player.
   (3) If a card reader device is in use, all insurance bets shall also be placed before the dealer inserts their hole card into the card reader device.

(b) An insurance bet shall be made by placing on the insurance line of the layout an amount not more than half the amount staked on the player's initial wager, except that a player may bet
an amount in excess of half the initial wager to the next unit that can be wagered in chips, when because of the limitation of the value of chip denominations, half the initial wager cannot be bet.

(c) All losing insurance bets shall be collected by the dealer immediately after the dealer discloses their hole card and before the dealer draws any additional cards.

(d) If the dealer has blackjack, all losing wagers shall be collected and all winning insurance bets shall be paid at odds of 2 to 1.

(e) Insurance bets shall not apply to the match wager.

9. Surrender

(a) After the first four cards are dealt to a player and the point totals of each hand are announced, the player may elect to discontinue play on one or both hands for that round of play by surrendering one-half of the amount of the wager for the surrendered hand. All decisions to surrender shall be made prior to the player indicating whether the player wishes to stand, draw, double down or split pairs. If a player elects to surrender a hand and:

(1) If the first card dealt to the dealer is not an ace or a card having a point value of 10, the dealer shall immediately collect half of the wager and return the remaining half to the player; or

(2) If the first card dealt to the dealer is an ace or a card having a point value of 10, the dealer shall place the wager on top of the player's cards. When the dealer's second card is revealed, the hand shall be settled by immediately collecting the entire wager if the dealer has blackjack, or by collecting half of the wager and returning the remaining half to the player if the dealer does not have blackjack.

(b) If the player has made an insurance wager and then elects to surrender, each wager shall be settled separately and each wager shall have no bearing upon the other.

(c) A gaming licensee may, in its discretion, offer its patrons the surrender option authorized in this section. A gaming licensee shall not initiate or terminate the use of the surrender option at a table unless the gaming licensee complies with the notice requirements set forth in the rules of the Commission.

10. Doubling down

(a) Except for a blackjack, a player may elect to double down (make an additional wager not in excess of the amount of the original wager). A player may double down on one or both of the player’s hands after the player has accepted or declined the opportunity to switch cards pursuant to Section 7, but prior to any additional cards being dealt to that hand.

(b) One and only one additional card shall be dealt to each hand on which the player has elected to double down, and that additional card shall be dealt face upwards and placed sideways on the layout.
(c) If the dealer obtains blackjack after a player doubles down, the dealer shall only collect the amount of the original wager of such player, and shall not collect the additional amount wagered in doubling down.

11. Splitting pairs

(a) Whenever the initial two cards in either or both hands dealt to a player are identical in value, or the two cards in either hand of a player who has completed a switch pursuant to Section 7 are identical in value, the player may elect to split the hand into two separate hands, provided that the player makes a wager on the second hand so formed in an amount equal to the original wager.

(b) When a player splits pairs, the dealer shall deal a card to and complete the player's decisions with respect to the first incomplete hand on the dealer's left before proceeding to deal any cards to any other hand.

(c) After a second card is dealt to a split pair, the dealer shall announce the point total of such hand and the player shall indicate a decision to stand, draw or double down with respect thereto except that:
   (1) A player may not split pairs again if the second card so dealt is identical in value to a card of the split pair; and
   (2) A player splitting aces shall only have one card dealt to each ace and may not elect to receive additional cards.

(d) If the dealer obtains blackjack after a player splits pairs, the dealer shall only collect the amount of the original wager of such player and shall not collect the additional amount wagered in splitting pairs.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of (c)(1) above, a gaming licensee may, in its discretion, permit a player to split pairs up to three times. If a gaming licensee elects to offer the option of splitting pairs more than once, it may, at its discretion, prohibit a player from splitting a pair of aces more than once (a total of two hands) if notice is provided. All other requirements of this section shall apply to each hand which is formed as a result of splitting pairs more than once.

12. Drawing of additional cards by players and dealers

(a) Except as provided in Section 11, a player may elect to draw additional cards whenever the point count total of the player is less than 21, except that:
   (1) A player having blackjack or a total of 21 may not draw additional cards; and
   (2) A player electing to double down shall draw one and only one additional card.

(b) Except as provided in (c) below, a dealer shall draw additional cards to their hand until the dealer has a hard total of 17 or a hard or soft total of 18, 19, 20, 21, or 22, at which point no additional cards shall be drawn.
(c) A dealer shall not draw any additional cards to their hand, regardless of the point count, if decisions have been made on all players’ hands and the point count of the dealer's hand will have no effect on the outcome of the round of play.

13. More than one player wagering on a spot

(a) A gaming licensee may permit a maximum of three people to wager on any one spot of the blackjack switch layout, provided that the first person wagering on that spot consents to additional players wagering on such spot, and provided further that the gaming licensee adheres to such procedures and limitations imposed by the Commission as dictated by the particular circumstances.

(b) When more than one player wagers on a spot, the player seated at that spot shall have the exclusive right to call the decisions with regard to the cards dealt to such spot. In the case of no seated player, the person with the highest wager in the spot shall have such right.

(c) The player calling the decisions with respect to any spot shall place their wager in those portions of the betting boxes closest to the dealer's side of the table, and all other players wagering on such spot shall place their wagers immediately behind and in a vertical line with the aforementioned wager.

(d) When more than one player is wagering on a spot and the player calling the decisions decides to double down, the other players may also double down their wagers but shall not be required to do so. In any event, only one additional card shall be dealt to a hand that is subject to the double down decision.

(e) When more than one player is wagering on a spot, each player shall have the right to make an insurance bet, regardless of whether the other players on that spot make such a bet.

(f) The Commission and its agents shall have the discretion and authority to limit, control, and regulate the implementation of this section as is appropriate under the circumstances which shall include, without limitation, the right to limit the number of tables at which this procedure is permitted, the right to limit the number of spots at each table on which more than one person can wager, and the right to require the gaming licensee to establish the ability of its dealers to implement this section.

14. Player wagering on more than one spot

A player may only wager on one spot at a blackjack switch table unless the gaming licensee, in its discretion, permits the player to wager on additional spots.

15. Irregularities

(a) In any table game when a card is delivered incorrectly the card will not under any circumstances be placed backwards on the game. As stated in the irregularities sections of the
specific game the card will move forward or then be used as the dealer’s next card or burned. The licensee shall allow one or more players out of the hand when the dealer is found to make this error.

(b) A card found turned face upwards in the shoe shall not be used in the game and shall be placed in the discard rack. If more than one card is found face up in the shoe during the dealing of the cards, the round of play shall be void and the cards shall be reshuffled.

(c) A card drawn in error without its face being exposed shall be used as though it were the next card from the shoe.

(d) After the initial four cards have been dealt to each player and a card is drawn in error and exposed to the players, such card shall be dealt to the players or dealer as though it were the next card from the shoe. Any player refusing to accept such card shall not have any additional cards dealt to that player during such round. If the card is refused by the players and the dealer cannot use the card, the card shall be burned.

(e) If the dealer has a hard total of 17 or a hard or soft 18 point total and draws an additional card for the dealer, such card shall be burned.

(f) If the dealer misses dealing the first or second card to the dealer, the dealer shall continue dealing the first two cards to each player’s betting box and then deal the appropriate number of cards to the dealer.

(g) If there are insufficient cards remaining in the shoe to complete a round of play, all of the cards in the discard rack shall be shuffled and cut according to the procedures in Section 4, the first card shall be drawn face downwards and burned, and the dealer shall complete the round of play.

(h) If no initial cards are dealt to a player's hand, the hand is dead and the player shall be included in the next deal. If only one card is dealt to a player's hand, at the player's option, the dealer shall deal the second card to the player after all other players have received a second card.

(i) If, after a player receives the first two cards, the dealer fails to deal an additional card or cards to a player who has requested such cards, then at the player's option, the dealer shall either deal the additional cards after all other players have received their additional cards but prior to the dealer revealing their hole card, or shall call the player's hand dead and return the player's original wager.

(j) If an automated card shuffling device is being used and the device jams, stops shuffling during a shuffle, or fails to complete a shuffle cycle, the cards shall be reshuffled in accordance with the rules of the Commission.

(k) Any automated card shuffling device shall be removed from a gaming table before any other method of shuffling may be utilized at that table.
(l) If the dealer inserts their hole card into a card reader device when the value of their first card is not an ace, king, queen, jack, or 10, the dealer, after notification to a casino supervisor, shall:
   (1) Call all hands dead, collect the cards and return the wagers of each player if the particular card reader device in use provides any player with the opportunity to determine the value of the hole card; or
   (2) Continue play if the particular card reader device in use does not provide any player with the opportunity to determine the value of the hole card.

(m) If a card reader device malfunctions, the dealer may only continue dealing the game at that table by using dealing procedures applicable when a card reader device is not in use.

(n) If the dealer mistakenly forgets to burn a card the hand will continue as if no mistake had been made.