March 21, 2013

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             THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
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              MASSACHUSETTS GAMING COMMISSION
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 4
                      PUBLIC MEETING #59
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      CHAIRMAN
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      Stephen P. Crosby
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 9
      COMMISSIONERS
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      Gayle Cameron
      James F. McHugh
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      Bruce W. Stebbins
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      Enrique Zuniga
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17
                  March 21, 2013, 4:00 p.m.
18
                  BRISTOL COMMUNITY COLLEGE
19
                      777 Elsbree Street
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                  Fall River, Massachusetts
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1	PROCEEDINGS:
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4	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: It is my pleasure to
5	call to order the 59th public meeting of the
6	Massachusetts Gaming Commission on Thursday, March
7	21, 2013, held in the wonderful facilities at
8	Bristol Community College.
9	And as our first order of business, I
10	would like to invite our host to welcome us. Before
11	you do, let me say thank you very much. You've been
12	great to help us to set this up. Your people have
13	been terrific. It's a wonderful facility and we're
14	glad to be here.
15	PRESIDENT SBREGA: Thank you, Mr.
16	Chair. Welcome, everyone. It's our pleasure to
17	host this great event. It's a part of the community
18	college philosophy to make ourselves available for
19	community events. And this is certainly an
20	important topic.
21	Just a little commercial about Bristol
22	Community College. We have four locations
23	Attleboro, New Bedford, Fall River and Taunton.
24	So, this matter is of great importance to us at

	Page 3
1	Bristol Community College. We're the third
2	largest of the 15 community colleges. And we're
3	very grateful that you've selected Bristol
4	Community College to hold this meeting, very
5	important meeting.
6	Anything that you need, please let us
7	know. Thank you, Mr. Chair, for your graciousness
8	in letting us speak here.
9	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you,
10	President Sbrega for your hospitality.
11	We're going to do a few other orders of
12	business. This is our regular meeting. The
13	Commission meets, so far this year has met once a
14	week. And we do a regular series of items. So, we
15	have a few other pieces of business before we get
16	to the big business, which is how do we proceed in
17	Region C, Southeastern Massachusetts.
18	First item on the agenda then is
19	approval of minutes, Commissioner McHugh.
20	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Mr. Chairman, I
21	distributed to everybody yesterday, I believe it
22	was yesterday, the minutes for our last meeting in
23	February, February 28. So, if there are no
24	corrections or amendments or other things that

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		Page	4
1	people think should be there, I move to take the		
2	approval.		
3	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second?		
4	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Commissioner, I		
5	have just a couple of typos but I will make those		
6	available to you at a later time.		
7	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: All right.		
8	When those types are corrected then they will be		
9	inserted.		
10	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any other		
11	questions, issues? All in favor of accepting say		
12	aye.		
13	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.		
14	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.		
15	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.		
16	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Aye.		
17	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed?		
18	Unanimously accepted. Are you doing the other		
19	minutes as well?		
20	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: No, that's what		
21	we have for minutes today, Mr. Chair.		
22	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. You've come		
23	a long way for only one set of minutes.		
24	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Well, yes, I		

Page 5 know. but we have some other things we can fill the 1 2. time with, I'm sure. 3 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Next item on our 4 agenda is public education and information. 5 That's an important part of what we've been doing. When the Commission first set up, we 6 7 established that we wanted to make this process a 8 process that would be in fact and in appearance 9 participatory, transparent and fair. Our mission we feel is that if we can persuade the people of 10 Massachusetts and the applicants and the parties 11 involved in this process that the process is indeed 12 13 participatory, transparent and fair, then we will 14 have the maximum opportunity to have you all have confidence in our decisions. 15 So, the integrity of this process and 16 17 the transparency of the process is our highest 18 priority. A big part of that has been this topic 19 on the agenda, public education and information. 20 And we have an ombudsman who works full-time with 21 us whose job it is to facilitate relationships with 22 communities who might have a casino in them, a 23 gaming facility in them or near them. And to work 24 with the operators as they interface back and forth

	Page 6
1	with the communities, with the casino operators as
2	they work back and forth with the communities. So,
3	Ombudsman Ziemba, do you have anything to report to
4	us?
5	MR. ZIEMBA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
6	My only item today is a follow-up to last week's
7	meeting. As you know, we had a discussion
8	regarding how regional planning agencies could
9	provide assistance on issues related to which
LO	communities may experience impacts as a result of
11	the placement of a gaming facility in a region.
12	We have reached out to nine of the 11
13	existing applicants to determine whether or not
L4	they will be interested in utilizing this service
15	that was voted on last week.
16	The two that were not reached out to are
17	one facility has not indicated a site, and the other
18	facility just recently indicated a site. And we're
19	working on arrangements on how regional planning
20	services could be arranged within those
21	communities.
22	We've given each of the applicants
23	about a week to get back to us to express their level
24	of interest and whether or not they want to take

Page 7 advantage of this service that we have created. 1 2 And hopefully I'll have more to report next week. 3 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I do have a question 4 about this. One of the RPA, this is the regional 5 planning authorities, the RPA director called me on the way down here. And he was under the impression 6 7 that if a surrounding community or potential 8 surrounding community does not participate in the 9 RPA process, that that community would not have access to any monies to help them assess mitigation 10 or negotiate with the operator. That is incorrect, 11 correct? 12 13 MR. ZIEMBA: That's absolutely 14 correct. This is a voluntary process for 15 applicants and also for communities. So, 16 communities have multiple options on how they 17 should go about getting assistance and evaluating 18 impacts. And one of those is to reach out 19 20 directly to applicants. And on a voluntary basis, 21 the applicant and the community will reach an 22 agreement on the level of technical assistance that 23 needs to be afforded to that community. 24 Then the other option is involuntary

Page 8 disbursements. A few weeks ago, the Commission, as 1 you know, voted on a draft policy to enable 2 3 communities to get funding for technical assistance 4 even in the absence of an agreement from an applicant. There is a certain showing that they 5 6 have to make to the Commission at that point. And 7 it is at a time so that we can encourage 8 conversations between applicants and communities. 9 But no, that's not correct. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I don't know. This 10 was the ED of MAPC. And I don't know how he got that 11 impression, but we should go back and fix that. 12 13 Okay. Great. 14 MR. ZIEMBA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Anything else more 15 16 for our Ombudsman? Thank you, John. 17 We are in the process of writing the 18 regulations, which will underpin both the licensing 19 process and the regulatory process once we get these 20 casinos and slots parlor licensed. There are pages 21 and pages and pages and pages of 22 regulations to be written to be reviewed, to be 23 talked about with the public. And we are just going 24 to get a quick update, I think, on the status of

Page 9 regulations from Commissioner McHugh. 1 2 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Yes, Mr. 3 Chairman. We are in the final stages of writing the 4 regulations for the formal approval process. Commission, as you know, is meeting on Monday for 5 a public meeting at which we will take a look at the 6 7 draft regulations, the final look at the draft 8 regulations as a body. 9 The staff has been working diligently to prepare them. And different drafts have been 10 circulated. But we haven't had a group meeting and 11 we haven't had a public meeting to look at them. 12 13 So, we'll have that on Monday. At the 14 same time, we'll finish the discussion that we started two weeks ago at a public meeting about the 15 16 evaluation criteria we are going to use. We'll 17 finish that discussion on Monday. Then begin to 18 discuss a little bit the flow process for when we 19 get the applications. 20 Our plan then is to have those 21 regulations put in the formal process for approval 22 beginning on Friday the 29th. That process will 23 include periods of public comment. They'll be 24 available on our website no later than next Monday,

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a week from next Monday.

There will be a public hearing on the regulations. We have to see if we can do something similar to what we did the last time, a period of public comment. Then we'll assemble all of the public comments, look at them, look at the regulations in light of those public comments, make adjustments to them. And they'll be promulgated by no later than June 7, which is when we anticipate the Phase-2 site specific applications will be ready for dissemination. So, that's the plan that we're on.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. That's this coming Monday at one o'clock.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: This coming

Monday afternoon at one o'clock. That meeting,

like all of our other meetings will be streamed live

on our website so that anybody who is interested in

attending can. Anybody who is interested in

hearing what goes on, can look at the website.

It will not be a meeting like this where we are we take public comment. That will come later. But there will be an opportunity for public comment, and a period when people will have the

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draft regulations available so that they can make thoughtful comments as they usually do.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. Thank you.

The last item before we get to the Region C, the

Southeastern Mass. discussion, is a very important

one. Any of you who have heard me speak around the

state over the course of last year have heard me say

that the legislation that the Legislature and the

Governor passed giving us the tools to do expanded

gaming in Massachusetts was a very, very fine job

of writing and passing legislation.

Other regulators across the country

tell us that they wish they had our statute to

operate under. The Legislature took a long time

and did this very, very well. One of the things

that they did singularly well is assign us a mandate

to do a very, very comprehensive research project

on the socioeconomic impacts of introducing

expanded gaming into the Commonwealth and into

various regions of the Commonwealth.

We are mandated to do a comprehensive baseline study of the pre-existing conditions before the casinos or the slots parlor opens so that we know what the status of problem gambling is

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before we do this. We know what the status of prime 1 is. We know what the status of property values are. 2 3 We know what the incidence of domestic violence is. 4 We know what traffic patterns are. A comprehensive 5 baseline study, and then once we introduce the casinos and the slots parlor, we will repeat that 6 study and be able to track forever what happens when 7 8 we make these -- when we introduce these facilities, 9 and what happens when we try to moderate the problems. 10 If we see traffic problems that were 11 not anticipate, if we see problem gambling that is 12 13 expanding, we design intervention strategies. And 14 the research project will help us track whether or not we're doing our job to mitigate the negative 15 16 aspects of this.

Out of this research project will come probably -- I would say certainly the most rich and comprehensive study ever done on the socio and economic impacts of the introduction of gambling, expanded gambling into a new jurisdiction. It's something that the Legislature did. It's not us doing it. It's the Legislature doing it.

We have been in the process of

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Page 13 executing -- a search process and an RFP, a request 1 for proposal process to get the vendor to do this 2 3 multimillion dollar many year long job for us. And 4 Commissioner Enrique Zuniga has been the project 5 manager. And I pass the ball to you. 6 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you, Mr. 7 I have submitted a memorandum 8 describing the process that we have undertaken up 9 until this point that started relative to the RFP 10 that you just described. And included two other members of the procurement management team to 11 provide recommendations to this Commission 12 relative to the vendors that responded to this RFP. 13 14 I will attempt to quickly summarize it 15 and we can have some discussion if there are any 16 questions. 17 This process started back when we 18 received those -- we issued the RFP in November 19 2012. The responses were back to us on January 7. 20 We received four responses, very thoughtful 21 responses, narrowed the field down to effectively 22 two. And I've really, I will say, struggled a 23 little bit relative to really evaluating those two. 24 These two groups are very capable,

Page 14 really multidisciplinary. We expanded perhaps a 1 2 little the scope of what's in the legislation to 3 include not just social impacts, but economic 4 impacts. And the responses were very thoughtful 5 and very well-prepared. 6 As part of the review process, we've 7 realized that their methodologies slightly or in 8 important ways, it's different. The unit of 9 analysis, which we did not really anticipate when we started this RFP, because we did not dictate what 10 that analysis would be, is different. That 11 difference in my view has different repercussions. 12 13 First, perhaps a little bit on cost, but also 14 importantly on what the analysis will eventually 15 be. That's what I tried to describe here in 16 17 this memo. I can take any questions or have any 18 comments relative to those differences. But we 19 have effectively a split recommendation. In some 20 ways, perhaps due to these differences from the 21 procurement management team relative to one of 22 those venues. 23 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Are you going to 24 make a recommendation? The difference in

Page 15 Commissioner Zuniga's memo will, I think, well 1 2 explain and is very significant. 3 One bidder, Cambridge Health Alliance, 4 basically wanted to take a study, a large study of 5 6000 people. And do a baseline study of those 6000 people. This was a major part of their project, not 6 7 the whole project. Take 6000 people and study 8 those people forever. 9 Even if they moved out of to Massachusetts, continue to happen to see what 10 11 happens to a cohort of people, 6000 people when expanded gaming is introduced. It's an and 12 extraordinarily interesting study. And we'll get 13 14 a tremendous amount of information about what 15 happens to those people. The other group, which is 16 17 headquartered at the University of Massachusetts 18 Amherst had a 17,000 sample. And their job was to take a snapshot of those people representing the 19 20 whole population of Massachusetts. And then would 21 replicate that same sample but with different 22 people every few years. So, that they could study 23 and happened to community not happened to a cohort 24 of people.

Page 16 The people will leave Massachusetts. 1 2 And we don't care what happens to them from the 3 standpoint of what's going on in Massachusetts. 4 So, that was a very big distinction. 5 There's also a difference in the sample The 17,000 sample is a huge sample. 6 size. 7 when you're trying to study small groups, what 8 happens with Native American population when you 9 introduce -- what happens with the incidence of problem gambling in a small population where 10 problem gambling is a small segment of the 11 population. You need a big enough sample that you 12 13 can look at small segments of the community, small 14 geographic regions, small demographic groups. 15 having a sample size that big is a phenomenal 16 analytic tool to track different aspects of the 17 community. 18 So those understandings of the -- their 19 understanding of what kind of an analytic tool we 20 needed and the survey approach we needed was very important to us. That they really got it in a way 21 22 that was much closer to what the legislation needed 23 and wanted and mandated than the other proposal.

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COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And I should add

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	Page 17
1	that this is a central component to their proposal
2	for both and a central distinction. But both
3	proposals are certainly very much comprehensive and
4	excellent. And there's very important additional
5	factors, economic research, economic researchers
6	as part of their team. But this is a key
7	distinction that I think we are highlighting
8	appropriately.
9	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And there's one
10	other key distinction.
11	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right, right.
12	This has a cost implication. And we took that into
13	account when it comes to our analysis and
L4	scoring.
15	The difference is about \$1 million more
16	for the It's a \$1.2 million. It's about 20
17	percent difference when it comes to the cohort
18	versus cross-sectional survey. But the difference
L9	is not all attributable to the survey necessarily.
20	There's important differences, one of which is
21	overhead for example.
22	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Commissioner,
23	the key points that I took from your memo and just
24	let me know if I'm summarizing and this is what was

Page 18 1 important to me is that at the end of the process 2 there was a virtual tie with these two respondents; 3 is that correct? 4 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes. 5 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: And then I 6 think the reason this recommendation is being made 7 is you summarize very well in the last paragraph, 8 which is better informed programs, target specific 9 population subgroups, it's information that service administrators will need. And those are 10 clearly articulated in the Gaming Act. 11 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Correct. 12 13 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: So, you think 14 this respondent better fits the responsibility that 15 we have to meet those goals from the Act, correct? 16 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's what we 17 believe. It's comparatively. Again, that's not 18 to say that the other respondent does not do a good 19 job at covering a lot of those goals. 20 But what we believe is that a 21 cross-sectional approach would be in a better 22 position, would not help just this Commission but 23 service providers be better informed as to how to 24 target, design services, which is ultimately what

	Page 19
1	we believe a central point to the mandate of
2	research. It's not necessarily just doing
3	research from an academic standpoint, it's one to
4	be used.
5	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Usable data.
6	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes.
7	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: That was
8	persuasive to me.
9	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I thought the
10	memorandum you prepared was thoughtful as all of
11	your memoranda are. It was well thought out. And
12	the process was a rigorous one.
13	But this is the biggest commitment
14	we're making thus far. It is an issue that is of
15	significant importance to the Commonwealth and to
16	all of us. Everybody is committed to having a first
17	line set of research prepared.
18	It is a process in which the two
19	finalists were closely tied in whatever scoring
20	system was used. And it is a process that is going
21	to go on for some period of time and as to which the
22	project team was divided as to which was the best.
23	I understand the distinctions between
24	the two and the judgments that were made. But given

the magnitude of this and given the importance of it, I would like to have a presentation by the two finalists within the next week or so. So, that we all could take a look at, not only the proposals that they made, but also ask them some questions about the kinds of things that you talked about in the

the kinds of things that you talked about in the memoranda and the judgments that have tentatively been made.

I know that you've been at work and it's not because of a doubt as to the thoroughness or the thoughtfulness of the approach that has been taken, but when something is this close and this important and this expensive, I would like, as one Commissioner, to spend a few more minutes with it at a meeting where we talk to the proponents themselves. That's what I'd like to do.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Other?

Commissioner Stebbins, do you have a reaction?

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: One of the distinctions I saw between -- in your memo about the two proposals is one might be more directly focused on some of the economic data and information that we would be pulling out as opposed to the other, which tended to focus more on some of the social data

Page 21 1 we may collect. 2 So, if you can share with me how that 3 may have weighed into your decision one way or the 4 other. I'm curious also to get your thoughts on 5 Commissioner McHugh's recommendation. 6 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Well, this 7 certainly is something that is very much at the 8 discretion of all five of us. Relative to the 9 economic piece, I believe not unlike what we've talked about in terms of social impacts, the 10 economic team or the economic piece was stronger on 11 the other team, perhaps a little bit more. 12 13 Comparatively, it's hard to quantify just how much. 14 I can speak from my experience, I read 15 this -- I wrote the RFP mostly with the help of a 16 few others. I read the responses very 17 thoughtfully. I went through talking about them. 18 And my understanding of the nuances and what's 19 really behind here evolved as I went through that 20 process. To some degree, I tried to capture that 21 22 in the memo. But your suggestion about having 23 presenting -- having these teams come present to 24 this Commission as a whole, I think is a good one.

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It could enrich the understanding of everybody. 1

2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I don't quite agree 3 with that, oddly enough, in this situation. I'm 4 certainly happy to go either way. But these proposals are so long and so dense and so complicated. The project management team, and I 6 7 sat in on number of these conversations, not all of 8 them, the project team spent hours talking about 9 these with two people who are experts in the two

fields, research and problem gaming.

And they couldn't come to a -- It was so dense that they eventually had to hire an outside consultant who is a really professional researcher to help work their way through that stuff. would be concerned that somebody might come in and people make a presentation and look good in the presentation. But we'd never have an opportunity to get to the level of depth and analysis that is required to do this.

And somebody might look terrible. Or somebody might look good and cause us to make a decision, which is really not be the best decision.

This is one case where I think actually we're better served, and I don't think this is very

Page 23 often the case, we are better served by outsourcing 1 2 the judgment to a substantial extent to other folks. 3 But I wouldn't fight it. That's just my sense. 4 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I agree with 5 the Chair, but I see the work that went into this with experts. And I know that I would not be 6 7 willing to listen to one presentation and feel like 8 I had a better understanding than the team did. 9 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Just sitting here thinking about it, I would welcome the 10 approach. My concern is, obviously, we are talking 11 about right now if you're at this meeting selecting 12 13 one team over the other, and I'm not sure if I was 14 the other team how anxious I would be to show up 15 knowing that there's recommendation on the table. 16 Having the UMass team come in and maybe 17 make a presentation, giving us a chance to ask more 18 in-depth questions as we may have them might be 19 helpful. But sitting here and thinking about it, 20 I'm not sure if I was the other candidate or the other bidder that I'd be interested in coming in at 21 22 this point. 23 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I was talking 24 about both. I wasn't talking about just having the

Page 24 one that was picked here come in. And I understand, 1 2 Mr. Chairman, what you said, but in the last 3 analysis that means that we're not capable of making 4 an intelligent decision. And that's a conclusion 5 I am not willing to accept. 6 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: It's a matter of 7 efficiency. We have delegated the dramatic lead on 8 many of our hiring decisions to a Commissioner. 9 And I think in if not every case, most cases the Commissioner has made along with the help of an 10 outside search team and assessment team and a very 11 rigorous search process, that one Commissioner has 12 13 pretty much made the decision by recommending to us 14 who we should hire for our major positions. So, it's no reflection -- it's not that 15 we can't do it. It's that in order to make an 16 17 informed decision, we have to split ourselves up in order to parcel out the responsibilities so we can 18 19 get everything done. And the team that's been 20 assigned this has been able to take the time to 21 really vet it properly. 22 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Maybe I should 23 add that to a great extent we could not go wrong with

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either one of these teams. Even the peer reviewer

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Page 25 1 that we used confirmed that from the get-go. 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: The peer reviewer 3 referred to them both as dream teams. 4 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right. I may 5 be arguing both sides here, but this decision is 6 very important relative to what we do up front 7 really lays the foundation to the ongoing or 8 recurring piece of this research. So, I wouldn't want it to be doubtful or misunderstood. 9 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Just one more 10 thought, Mr. Chairman. You raised the suggestion 11 that when we have had -- when we've served as hiring 12 13 managers, we've always had those final candidates 14 come in front of the five of us. I think it certainly would be worth our time -- And again the 15 16 recommendation here is for Commissioner Zuniga to 17 begin the further process of refining the scope of 18 work and undertaking a contract negotiation. 19 But in terms of us taking a vote on a 20 final selection, I think having UMass come in and 21 make a final presentation to all five of us would 22 be similar to how we've conducted some of our hiring 23 decisions. 24 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That's actually not

Page 26 a bad idea. This is not to contract with one 1 2 vendor. This is to authorize Commissioner Zuniga 3 to begin to negotiate with one vendor. 4 We could have that vendor come in as you 5 said even as the process begins and make a 6 presentation, talk about these issues as much as 7 possible. And if there is lingering concern, this 8 is a big enough decision that as desperately as I 9 feel the pressure for time to get moving on this, I don't want to railroad this one through. 10 Would that work for you, Commissioner 11 McHugh? If they came in and then we don't make a 12 13 final commitment. We hear from them and then see 14 how everybody feels at the end of that? 15 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I would prefer That's a step in the direction of -- I would 16 17 prefer that. 18 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: It sounds like maybe 19 that's sort of the preferred middle ground. And I 20 think unless somebody wants to take a vote on this, I think we sort of talked ourselves to a strategy, 21 22 if you're comfortable with that. 23 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Yes, thank you. 24 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Let's do that.

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1	is a very tough decision. The inexpensive contract
2	is a \$4.5 million contract. So, this we're talking
3	serious money. This is not one we want to make
4	lightly.
5	So, let's proceed on that and try to get
6	them in next week, even as you begin talking. I
7	guess we are adopting your motion subject to them
8	coming in. We're not executing anything. We're
9	adopting your motion. So, we need to do that
10	subject to them coming in next week, right?
11	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Sure. Do you
12	want me to read that for the record?
13	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yes, why don't you
14	and add in them coming in for final approval.
15	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Sure. So, I
16	will move that the Gaming Commission authorize me,
17	Enrique Zuniga, to begin the process of further
18	refining the scope of work and undertake contract
19	negotiation with a team of UMass Amherst as part of
20	the response to the research RFP, subject to their
21	presentation their further presentation about
22	scope to this Commission.
23	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Second.
24	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any further

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1	discussion? All in favor, aye.
2	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.
3	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.
4	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.
5	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Aye.
6	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes
7	have it unanimously. Thank you, folks for your
8	patience with us.
9	We are now to the major item on our
10	agenda, which is the discussion about how to proceed
11	in Southeastern Mass. in the business of seeing
12	whether we can't one way or another get an expanded
13	gaming facility here.
14	Just a couple of introductory
15	comments. This is an issue that we take very, very
16	seriously. As I said, we are committed to a
17	process, which is participatory, transparent and
18	fair. This is a situation where there are
19	conflicting interests.
20	The legislation that we operate under
21	recognize those conflicting interests, made an
22	attempt to give us some tools to reconcile them. We
23	know that there are strong interests, strong
24	rights, strong economic impacts, strong emotions on

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many sides of this issue.

We are going to take really seriously the one thing the Legislature did not do was give us clear direction on how to proceed and has left it up to us to figure out how to proceed. And we're going to take that very seriously.

There are two ways to participate in that decision thus far. One is to submit comments on our website. Many of you have. And anybody is invited to. We all read all those and we talk about them. And we take them very seriously and we welcome them.

The second alternative thus far is to have signed up to speak here by the end of the day yesterday if you are a public official or you are a representative of one of the various groups involved in one way or another for this process.

We have 15, I think, speakers. We are going to limit speakers, including the interchange with the Commissioners to 10 minutes apiece. I am going to try pretty hard to stick to that, because 150 times 10 is going to be three hours from now. So, we're going to have to stick to that.

So, please when you're talking, take it

Page 30 seriously. Don't make me force you to stop. And 1 2 I believe we are ready to start with Cedric 3 Cromwell, the Tribal Council Chair of the Mashpee 4 Wampanoag Tribe. Mr. Chairman, welcome. CHAIRMAN CROMWELL: Chairman Crosby, 5 6 Commissioners, winee keesuz neetôpâak. That means 7 good day, my friends in Mashpee Wampanoag. I am the 8 Tribal Chairman of the Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe. 9 And I want to thank you for the opportunity to speak on behalf of my tribe today. 10 Joining us today are members of our 11 tribal community. We have members of our tribal 12 13 council, our elders and many others who are working hard to build a better future for our tribal nation. 14 As you know, the Wampanoag people have inhabited 15 16 this area for more than 12,000 years. 17 Roughly 400 years ago, our ancestors 18 greeted the first explorers from Europe who 19 welcomed the Pilgrims and helped them to survive 20 their first harsh winters here. Without 21 enumerating the many injustices brought upon our 22 people, our existence today is a reflection of the 23 determination and perseverance that has taken for 24 our people to remain and survive in our homelands.

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As a federally recognized tribal
government, today we have an obligation to provide
housing, healthcare, education and employment
services to the members of our tribe and members of
other tribes who live in our Barnstable, Bristol,
Norfolk, Plymouth and Bristol Counties.

To meet our obligations as a sovereign
government, federal law has given us the right to
pursue gaming as an economic development tool. And
to provide us with resources that we need to provide
services to our people under our care.

The Commonwealth fully recognized
these rights with the passage of the Expanded Gaming
Act. I'm here today to make it quite clear that it
is unnecessary to open up Region C for commercial

While our legal counsel has informed you of the legal basis of this belief, I'm not here to discuss the legal matters with you today. I'm here to tell you that our project is on track. That in fact we have made historic and swift progress towards our land being taken into trust by the Secretary of the Interior.

gaming license applications.

That we are literally years ahead of

Page 32 any other project in the Commonwealth. And that we 1 2. are poised to bring thousands of jobs and hundreds 3 of millions of dollars in economic growth to 4 Southeastern Massachusetts in the very near future. 5 We have systematically worked to meet every condition set forth in the Expanded Gaming law as 6 well as federal regulations governing tribal 7 8 gaming. 9 First, we have acquired land in an industrial park in Taunton where we will build a 10 first-class destination resort casino. This land 11 along with land in Mashpee is under active review 12 13 at the Department of Interior to become an initial 14 reservation for our tribe. Second, the National Indian Gaming 15 Commission has approved our tribal gaming 16 17 ordinance. And we have established a tribal gaming 18 commission that will govern our tribal gaming 19 operations. 20 Third, we have successfully negotiated 21 an intergovernmental agreement with the City of 22 Taunton to mitigate all impacts on that community. 23 In addition to the millions of dollars in mitigation for needs like traffic improvements, public safety 24

Page 33 and infrastructure, we will also pay the City of 1 2 Taunton at least \$8 million per year in revenue. 3 Fourth, in June of last year, the 4 voters of Taunton overwhelmingly supported a ballot 5 question authorizing this project to move forward. Fifth, we have drafted an 6 7 environmental impact statement under the National 8 Environmental Protection Act supported by 9 thousands of pages of detailed traffic environmental studies. 10 Sixth, we have voluntarily 11 participated in a full environmental evaluation 12 13 under the Massachusetts Environmental Protection 14 Act ensuring that all residents of Southeastern 15 Massachusetts have ample opportunity to learn about 16 the project. 17 Seventh, on December 31, 2012 Kevin 18 Washburn, the Assistant Secretary of the Bureau of Indian Affairs sent our tribe a letter announcing 19 20 that our land in Taunton will qualify as an initial 21 reservation under gaming regulatory act that's 22 called IGRA. This means our tribe may conduct 23 gaming on this land once it's taken into trust. 24 have provided the Commission with a copy of this

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1 letter.

In simple terms this means that we have demonstrated to satisfaction of the federal government that the lands in Taunton where we will have our casino are part of our historic tribal lands. I note that numerous people who have tried to undermine our project have said that this is something we could never demonstrate. They were wrong.

Eight, just yesterday, Solicitor

Hilary Tompkins from the Department of Interior,

the lead lawyer at the Department of Interior

informed us that the Department is making

substantial progress in its active review of the

tribe's Carcieri submission, and considers the

determination a top priority of the Department.

As we did with the report that demonstrated our historic ties, we have provided to the Interior Department with voluminous information establishing without a doubt that the tribe meets all applicable criteria.

Based on the decisions made by the

Department for other tribes on the Carcieri issue,

we believe that the Department's decision will be

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favorable and this decision will be made very soon.

So, what does this mean? Put simply, it means that we expect to put and have our land taken into trust by the Department of Interior this year. And that will have shovels in the ground by this time next year. And we will open for gaming by early 2015.

Let me now turn to the compact.

Governor Patrick and I signed a new compact this week, which will be sent to the Legislature for approval. We are extremely grateful to the Governor for his determination and not to let the disapproval of our compact last fall become an obstacle or our economic development plans. This time our compact has been drafted with full input from the Department Interior for which we are also grateful.

On this agreement, once it's approved by the Legislature and submitted to the Department of Interior, we expect speedy approval. Given these circumstances, we believe that it would be unwise for the Commission to accept applications and nonrefundable \$400,000 fee from commercial applicants.

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The Expanded Gaming Act says that the Commission may not award a commercial license in Region C unless it is determined that the Secretary of the Department of Interior shall not take our land into trust. That's clearly the opposite of what is happening.

We recognize that the rules related to tribal rights are unfamiliar to most people, but the Commission and the public should understand that if our plans to build and operate a casino under compact are derailed, the tribe will still build and operate a class two Indian gaming casino in Taunton. In that event, we will not pay any revenue to the Commonwealth at all.

However, despite our rights to proceed on our own, we have chosen to negotiate in good faith a compact with Governor Patrick because we wish to be partners with the Commonwealth in bringing economic growth to Southeastern Massachusetts.

Let me close by saying that as the

Assistant Secretary has stated in his letter, the

tribe is not involved in an indefinite process. We

will have all decisions in place this year. There

is simply no reason whatsoever for the Commission

Page 37 to open Region C for commercial applications. 1 2 (INAUDIBLE) That means thank you to you all in my 3 language. 4 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Questions for the 5 Chairman? 6 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Let me say that our obligation is to reach out to all participants 7 8 in this forum and in others. In keeping with that, 9 I talked to Secretary Washburn about an hour and a half ago. I'd been trying to reach him and we were 10 able to make that connection an hour and a half ago. 11 The essence of our conversation with 12 13 this, and we talked about really three topics. 14 Number one, insofar as the compact is concerned, he said that the Bureau of Indian Affairs had provided 15 both the Commonwealth and the tribe substantial 16 17 technical assistance. That their policy is not to 18 reject compacts if it's at all possible not to do 19 that. So, they had, in the hope that this one will 20 survive, provided substantial technical assistance to both the state and the tribe. 21 Insofar as the Carcieri issue is 22 23 concerned, he said that that was in the Solicitor's 24 office. For everybody to understand, the Carcieri

Page 38 decision is basically a decision of the Supreme 1 2 Court of the United States that says that the only 3 land that can be taken into trust under the statute 4 is land of a tribe that was recognized in 1934 when 5 the decision was passed. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Under federal 6 7 jurisdiction. 8 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Was under 9 federal jurisdiction at the time the statute was passed. And that gets into highly technical 10 11 issues. In any event, that is in the 12 13 Solicitor's office. They are actively working on 14 it. But that will not be something that the Bureau of Indian Affairs will make a public announcement 15 about. It is advice from the Solicitor to the 16 17 Undersecretary or Assistant Secretary and will be 18 a part of the final decision, not a separate 19 milestone along the way. 20 Finally, insofar as the land in trust 21 was concerned that that too is proceeding. That 22 the environmental process that you talked about, 23 Mr. Chairman, takes time. There were no red flags 24 raised thus far. And at the same time, he was

	Page 39
1	unable to give me an estimate even in a ballpark as
2	to when they would be finished or likely to be
3	finished.
4	So, that was in sum and substance what
5	Secretary Washburn said. Nothing of which is
6	inconsistent with what you said, Mr. Chairman, but
7	there were no commitments as to time.
8	He did say as sort of an overall thought
9	that the Bureau of Indian Affairs was particularly
10	pleased by the relationship between the tribe and
11	the Commonwealth. And had therefore viewed this
12	process as in, I think, special category were the
L3	words that he used. But I can't be quoted on that
L4	because I may not be precisely in repeating what he
15	said. So, that was the essence of what Secretary
16	Washburn said an hour and a half ago.
17	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Good going, thank
18	you. Any questions for the Chairman? Mr.
19	Chairman, thank you very much.
20	CHAIRMAN CROMWELL: Thank you very
21	much. Have a good day.
22	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Thank you.
23	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you, Mr.
24	Chairman.

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1	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Let me just clarify
2	one thing, Commissioner McHugh. The land in trust
3	decision is not contingent upon the NEPA process,
4	is it or isn't it?
5	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: It is. That is
6	part of that process.
7	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So, the land in
8	trust award cannot be made until there is a
9	successful conclusion of the NEPA process.
10	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Of the NEPA
11	process. He and I talked about that. And I said
12	we are in a different position here in that He
13	said that you were going to have to go through
14	commercial licensees are going to have to go through
15	an initial environmental review as well. I said
16	yes, but in all likelihood we award the license
17	subject to successfully passing that which is
18	different from your process. And he confirmed that
19	it is different.
20	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Next on our
21	list is Representative Robert Koczera from the 11th
22	Bristol District. Representative, welcome.
23	REP. KOCZERA: Good afternoon, Mr.
24	Chairman and members of the Commission. Welcome to

Page 41 1 the south coast, Southeastern Mass. or as you 2. might be familiar with it Region C. 3 My remarks will be relatively brief. 4 And I welcome any discourse or questions or comments 5 that you may care to make. The Massachusetts Gaming Commission 6 7 without further delay should vote today to issue a 8 request for applications for a commercial casino 9 license in Region C. Delay in issuing a Category 1 license in Region C is costing the Commonwealth 10 revenue and the region jobs. 11 The timeframe noted in Chapter 194 of 12 13 the Acts of 2011 for Indian Gaming preference in 14 Massachusetts has passed. The compact negotiated by the Commonwealth and the tribe has been rejected 15 16 by the federal government. The tribe faces 17 insurmountable obstacles to getting land placed in 18 trust by the federal government under the Indian 19 Gaming Regulatory Act due to the 2009 Carcieri 20 Supreme Court decision. 21 The 2009 Supreme Court decision 22 prevents the federal government from taking land in 23 trust for tribes that were not federally recognized 24 when the Indian Reorganization Act was passed and

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became law in 1934. The Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe 1 2 did not receive federal recognition until 2007. 3 The land in trust issue effectively prevents them 4 from opening a casino in Massachusetts within a 5 reasonably suitable period of time. We are not talking about tribal gaming 6 7 occurring months or even a year after the other two 8 regions open their commercial casinos. We are 9 talking decades after the commercial casinos are opened in Massachusetts. The Gaming Commission 10 cannot afford to wait months and years from today 11 to revisit a commercial license for Region C. 12 13 Commission must act today to ensure that Region C 14 will derive the same benefits from casino gaming as 15 the other two regions of the state.

The lack of congressional action on the federal land in trust issue increases the likelihood of lengthy litigation of this issue should the federal administration, i.e., the Obama administration, place the Wampanoag land in trust.

An example being the Cowlitz tribe of Washington State, which is in litigation on this issue since the federal administration, the Obama administration, placed the land in trust in 2009.

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Page 43 1 There is an expectation that the Massachusetts 2 Gaming Commission shall act timely on the issuance 3 of Category 1 licenses in the Commonwealth for all 4 three regions. Time represents money and jobs for 5 the Commonwealth and its citizens. legislation clearly calls for three regional 6 7 destination resort casinos. 8 The Commission should not disadvantage 9 Region C for good intentions. We need the revenue. 10 We need the jobs. Today, the Massachusetts labor office will release unemployment figures for the 11 month of February. The January figures however, 12 13 are telling of the jobs need in Region C. While the 14 statewide unemployment rate of 6.7 percent, the New Bedford unemployment rate is 14.2 percent. The 15 16 Fall River unemployment rate is 14.9 percent. And 17 the City of Taunton's unemployment rate is 8.1 18 percent. 19 Region C unemployment is chronically 20 higher than the statewide average and is well above the figures for Suffolk County, which is 6.9 percent 21 22 where the Boston is located, and Hampden County 23 which is 9.5 percent where Springfield is located.

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Given the obstacles of the United

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States Supreme Court decision, it is just plain wrong to reasonably expect a timely resolution to the land in trust issue of the Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe of Massachusetts. I urge this Commission to take action today by voting to request applications for the Category 1 license in Region C.

I clearly see it as an issue of equal treatment for all three regions of the state. And in my opinion, I believe the need is greatest for economic development in Region C. We've been devastated by the loss of industry. If you travel through the city of Fall River and Taunton and New Bedford, you will see vacant mill buildings or you hear of buildings that were destroyed by fires because they are no longer employing people.

We are a gateway city. We have all -All three are gateway cities. We have all of the
problems associated with urban America. We need
the jobs.

And I would be the first to argue for exclusivity for federally recognized tribes in Massachusetts if I felt that there was a reasonable expectation that those jobs would come into being and the state would derive the revenue from it.

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But a Supreme Court decision -- no review, no decision by an administration, Bush,

Obama or any ones to follow can reinterpret or override the supreme law of the land, which is the Supreme Court decision.

So, I would submit to you that to go and say we are going to wait because they're showing progress on the compact and the administration will take it into trust is doing a great disservice to the region that I am proud and have been proud to represent for the last 25 years, because we are suffering. We are hurting economically.

And I'll close on this. When Governor Patrick first proposed casino gaming, not that you need to know this, but when he first proposed it in '09, he saw it as urban economic development. The issue there was on whether slot facilities would be given only to racetracks. It was defeated because of legislative leaders that were absolutely against.

When it came back in two years, there was a change in legislative leadership. And the parameters that we operated under were twofold.

One, that the slot facility would be competitively

Page 46

bid. Okay, we agreed to that. And the third was a carve out, Indian preference for this region.

And we could not vote for that without those criteria in place. So, we did. Otherwise, he would have vetoed it and we would not have the votes.

In the Legislature today, there are those who feel that two is better than three and none is best of all. They're just opposed to gambling and the expansion of gambling in the Commonwealth.

So, they will see an opportunity to vote to accept a further compact. This process never ends. You could be here 10 and 20 years with successors who basically saying we're going to wait. We're going to give them a second bite, a third bite, a fourth bite, before they get this right.

The people in Southeastern Mass. can't wait that long. And that is the only point that I want to get across to you. I thank you for your time. And I do thank you for as non-elected but public officials nevertheless making the effort to come out from beyond Boston and come out from beyond 128 and even beyond 495. Some people in Boston have called areas beyond 495 the end of the universe.

Page 47 Clearly, it's not. So, we thank you for your 1 2 presence here. And we thank you for listening. 3 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you, 4 Representative. Any questions for the 5 Representative? Representative, thank you very 6 much. 7 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I do have a 8 question. Do you have any sense -- We have a 9 compact. It has to be approved, put to a vote 10 before the Legislature. Do you have any sense as 11 to when the Legislature is likely to take this up? REP. KOCZERA: I don't. I do know 12 13 that Speaker DeLeo made a comment in Merrimack 14 yesterday or today to the effect that he thought that with the first compact having passed that you 15 16 collectively would be making a decision to move 17 forward on the issuance of applications. I don't 18 know if I took a copy of that to have it with me to 19 accurately --20 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: We can find it. 21 REP. KOCZERA: It was in the State 22 House news service. And I believe it was yesterday 23 or today. I don't believe I have it with me. I do 24 have written copies of my remarks if you care to --

Page 48 1 I'll leave them with you. 2 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: That would be 3 helpful. 4 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Just one is fine, 5 thank you. You did say one thing I do want to clarify, I should have said this at the beginning. 6 7 You said you hope we would vote today. We will not 8 be taking a vote today. 9 What we're here to do is to listen and to learn, to see whether there are other issues that 10 11 we need to learn more about. We will then take this under advisement for as short a time as possible. 12 13 And we will then at a subsequent meeting a week or 14 two or possibly three weeks from now we will get back to this and make a final decision. Thank you again. 15 16 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Thank you. 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Representative Keiko Orrall from the 12th Bristol. Welcome back. 18 19 REP. ORRALL: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, 20 thank you Commissioners. I represent the 12th Bristol. And it is the district that includes the 21 22 proposed tribal casino. I represent the 23 communities of Lakeville, Berkeley, parts of 24 Middleborough, parts of Taunton, including East

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Taunton and 3B.

The communities in the 12th Bristol continue to be concerned about mitigation funds for towns surrounding the tribal casino proposed for East Taunton. The renegotiated tribal state compact includes mitigation for surrounding communities but it has not been determined if this amount will be sufficient to meet their needs, as prior studies to this compact were not conducted.

Several officials in the region believe that the issues associated with the resort casino will be significant and to varying degrees will impact their public safety, roads and schools.

In part 12 (2) of the tribal state compact it states that the Massachusetts Gaming Commission will expend monies from its community mitigation fund to assist communities to offset costs related to the construction and operation of a gaming establishment, included but not limited to the impacts on communities and water and sewer districts in the vicinity of the facility, local and regional education, transportation, infrastructure, housing, environmental issues and public safety. Including the Office of the County

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District Attorney, police, fire and emergency services.

The Massachusetts Gaming Commission

may at its discretion distribute funds to a

governmental entity or district other than a single

municipality in order to implement a mitigation

measure that affects more than one municipality.

It is now clear to me how the

Massachusetts Gaming Commission will make its

determination as to what communities will receive

mitigation and what amounts will be allocated. The

concern remains as to how this will be determined

equitably without the necessary studies having been

done prior.

In the Gaming Commission meeting minutes from December 4, 2012, Commissioner McHugh state that there were several obstacles that remained in order for the Mashpee Wampanoag tribal casino to move forward. Those obstacles included a renegotiated compact with the state, the lawsuit filed by KG Urban, the potential for a lawsuit because of the Commonwealth's equivalent to the 14th amendment. And the fact that the tribal land has to be taken into trust.

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To date, only one of those concerns has been addressed. And the tribal state compact has not been approved by the Legislature. The ability of the Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe to get land into trust continues to be a major concern for this particular casino. In part 9 (1)(2), the compact notes that the tribe presently holds no land in trust for Indian Gaming Regulatory Act gaming purposes or otherwise. And thus the Commonwealth is under no legal obligation to commence negotiations to reach agreement on the compact.

IGRA does not require a state to provide a tribe geographic exclusivity as to the proposed location for its gaming, the games it intends to offer or on any other basis. The parties agree that IGRA negotiations need not be commenced or concluded until the tribe has land in trust that is qualified for gaming.

Allowing any trust land to be created in Massachusetts has been permanently eliminated by the Supreme Court decision that Representative Koczera mentioned, Carcieri versus Salazar. The Secretary of the Interior does not have the authority to take land into trust for any tribe not

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recognized and under jurisdiction in 1934.

And current federal law does not allow this tribe to have any land in trust. In Fletcher versus Peck it is clear that there is no federally owned land in the Commonwealth and none can be created. In Hawaii versus Office of Hawaiian Affairs, the federal government may not remove land ceded to a state.

Therefore, it remains unclear to me as to how to Mashpee Wampanoag will be able to clear the hurdles that Commissioner McHugh mentioned and that present themselves at the federal level and that their land will be granted in trust.

I thank you for your careful consideration of these matters in future gaming decisions in Region C, and your concern for strong economic future for all of the cities and towns of the Commonwealth.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you,

Representative. I do have one comment.

Representative Orrall has been relentless on this important point. And as we think about the various equities here, there is a legitimate concern that the Legislature, the way it set up the licensing

Page 53 process was very respectful of the rights of 1 2 surrounding communities, and gave the surrounding 3 communities a substantial play in how their concerns can be mitigated. And gave them leverage 4 5 in the negotiations. And gave us leverage in 6 making sure that they get appropriate mitigation attended to. And resources to do that upfront, not 7 8 out of the community mitigation fund that you 9 referred to. That does not exist at least at present 10 the way the plan is intended to go forward with a 11 tribal casino. And I think -- You've been talking 12 13 about this point for the better part of a year now. 14 And I think it's a fair point. And something that we do need to remain attentive to, mindful of. 15 16 REP. ORRALL: And to emphasize, the 17 community mitigation fund will be administered by 18 the Massachusetts Gaming Commission. That's where 19 the concerns are regarding the surrounding 20 communities because it's unclear how those funds will be distributed. 21 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. 23 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: At the same

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time, the NEPA process, the federal equivalent of

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1	our MEPA process requires does it not, some
2	mitigation efforts, regional studies that include
3	the surrounding communities and the potential for
4	imposing on the tribe the obligation to pay for
5	mitigation. And participation by the surrounding
6	communities to identify what the impacts will be.
7	Do I have that right?
8	REP. ORRALL: That is correct. And I
9	believe that the concern at this particular casino
10	is that these studies weren't done prior to this all
11	happening. So, with commercial casinos
12	surrounding communities, the safeguards are put in
13	place for surrounding committee.
14	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Right.
15	REP. ORRALL: So, this is kind of
16	backwards.
17	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Under the tribal
18	program there is Under the tribal option there
19	are protections for surrounding communities. They
20	come from the NEPA process, yes, but it is not the
21	same level of protection.
22	REP. ORRALL: Right.
23	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I wasn't
24	suggesting it was. I'm just trying to make sure

Page 55 that my understanding is correct and that the 1 2 surrounding communities that you represent have 3 been participants in that NEPA process. Not in 4 your view an ideal solution but they have 5 participated. 6 REP. ORRALL: Right. 7 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Okay, thank 8 you. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you, 9 Representative. Representatives Alan Silvia from 10 11 the 7th Bristol District. Welcome. REP. SILVIA: Mr. Chairman, 12 13 distinguished members of the Commission. I too would like to welcome you to Fall River on this snowy 14 day. And let's hope by the time you all leave 15 there's no three or four inches out there. 16 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: President Sbrega 18 said he had a lot of sleeping bags just in case. 19 REP. SILVIA: He does. I know he can 20 accommodate you. Mr. Chairman, over the years, the residents of Fall River and the south coast have 21 22 strongly supported several ballot initiatives 23 favoring the establishment of casino gaming. And 24 since the early 1980s, we have been told that a

Page 56

1 tribal casino was right around the corner.

Therefore, it is incredibly disheartening and so incredibly unfair that while other regions of the Commonwealth finally get to benefit from casino gaming, and one region pursuing it for 30 years has been pushed to the side and relegated to second-class status.

The people I represent in Fall River, the City of Fall River here in Region C should not be disenfranchised and provided less opportunity than anybody else or any other region. When statewide legislation passes whereby citizens of the Commonwealth are treated differently because of where they reside, it doesn't require a lot of basic reasoning skills to know it's bad policy.

The problem for everyone in our region, Region C, is that by the time the courts finally arrive at what is an obvious conclusion based on precedent many years will pass. Gaming facilities in other areas of the Commonwealth will be well-established and entrenched generating million in tax revenue and creating thousands of jobs.

Region C will still be told it's just around the corner.

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As a member of the Legislature, the people who elected me are good, hard-working people. The problem they have is no work. As a matter of fact, the district that I represent nearly 50,000 people in the City of Fall River is one of the highest -- has the highest unemployment rate in the Commonwealth. They need jobs.

My district has that highest unemployment rate that I mentioned. I know casino gaming is not going to be the answer to all of our problems, but if you have a family and you're on the unemployment line with a limited skill set where English may be not your primary, a job, any job anywhere is god sent.

Some of my colleagues are skeptical about casino gaming. The people struggling and out of work don't really give a damn about political skepticism nor do I. They want to work and it's our job to create the economic conditions where they can find work. A commercial gaming license for Region C starts the process of creating the economic environment which creates jobs now.

At a time in the Commonwealth where we are looking at cutting basic services to the truly

Page 58 needy and the Governor is asking to raise taxes by 1 \$2 billion, why would anyone suggest that taxing one 2 3 group less than 25 percent that which every other 4 commercial gaming entity has to pay the 5 Commonwealth is okay? It's not okay. It's wrong and basic common sense tells us so. 6 Why should the taxpayers of Region C 7 8 and frankly the entire Commonwealth financially 9 subsidize and reward a multimillion dollar Malaysian gaming company? 10 Moreover the argument that you can't 11 have two casinos, a commercial and someday a tribal 12 13 in the same region is complete nonsense. 14 gaming customer will patronize the facility with the best value, entertainment and experience. 15 Since when have the citizens of the Commonwealth 16 17 become afraid of a little competition? Maybe folks 18 elsewhere up north can't handle that, but here we 19 love competition. We're not afraid. 20 Mr. Chairman and members of the 21 Commission, I respectfully ask you to please open 22 Region C to a commercial gaming license process now 23 and provide the people that I represent and the 24 entire South Coast area that which has been provided

Page 59 to the rest of the Commonwealth, an equal process 1 to pursue a commercial gaming licensing and provide 2 3 jobs to the people now. We need them now. And I 4 thank you all very much for listening. 5 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Thank you. 6 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Questions? Just 7 one comment and I know you know this, but just out 8 of clarity, there is no state policy or state option 9 or state intention to subsidize the tribe. If the tribe gets the land in trust, it will have the right 10 to conduct a certain category of gaming without 11 paying anything to the state. That is their 12 13 inherent and sovereign right under federal law. 14 It's not a subsidy from the Commonwealth. 15 REP. SILVIA: Thank you. And I do realize that. It's the time issue here. We're 16 17 here in a community that was told 20 years ago that 18 we'd have a train. And for 20 years we talked about 19 a casino. 20 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And you keep 21 believing those guys. 22 MR. SILVIA: We do. We keep 23 believing. And someday, and I know it won't be in 24 a year, but the ground has to break so that people

	Page 60
1	here can work. And I thank you all.
2	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you,
3	Representative. Representative Antonio Cabral
4	from 13th Bristol. Representative Cabral?
5	How about Representative Shaunna
6	O'Connell, I think I saw her here. Why don't you
7	go ahead come ahead. Representative Shaunna
8	O'Connell from 3rd Bristol.
9	REP. O'CONNELL: Thank you very much.
10	And thank you for holding this hearing and for the
11	opportunity to testify. I certainly appreciate
12	it. And I will be very brief, two words that I know
13	you like to hear.
L4	At the hearing in December, the
15	Commission delayed a decision on whether to open up
16	the bidding process in order to give the tribe time
L7	to make adequate progress. That was the right
18	decision. The Expanded Gaming Act, which a lot of
19	my colleagues here voted for recognizes and
20	protects the federal rights of the tribe to conduct
21	gaming in Southeastern Massachusetts.
22	And it is now our obligation to follow
23	that law. The tribe continues to make progress and
24	meet the requirements of that legislation in a

Page 61 timely manner. And they are on track to open their 1 2. destination resort casino sooner than the 3 commercial developers as evidenced by all of the 4 work that has already been completed. 5 They are far ahead of the rest. They already have their referendum vote, as you know, in 6 7 Taunton. They had it in June 2012. And the casino 8 was approved by a very large margin in Taunton. And 9 I'm pleased to support the people of Taunton in that decision. 10 And afterwards, the tribe worked 11 closely with the community to address concerns, to 12 13 have meetings, to visit peoples' homes and find out 14 what those concerns are and how to address them. 15 An IGA has been completed with the City of Taunton and approved by our city council. 16 17 tribe acquired options on land near the 18 intersection or Route 24 and 140. And those 19 parcels of land are now under active review, as you 20 know, to become trust lands for the tribe, which 21 will give the right to conduct gaming on those 22 lands. Designs for a facility have been made. And 23 impact and environmental studies have been

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conducted.

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And as we know, the second compact has been made in agreement and will be voted on by the Legislature very soon.

So, throughout this process, I think it is clear that the tribe continues to meet all of their obligations in a timely manner. In addition, the tribe has been actively involved in the community with local businesses and the surrounding areas as well with businesses, organizations and worthy causes. And we look forward to them being a good friend of the community and the surrounding areas and to building on that relationship. So, we've already benefited from them being there.

The economic benefits are numerous for not only Taunton, but the surrounding communities as well. The construction will create 1000 private sector jobs, which I think is very important to know, with a payroll of approximately \$230 million. The casino will employ over 2500 people with good-paying jobs averaging about \$35,000 a year with benefits that the tribe has committed to giving to their employees. The tribe has also committed to hiring people from Taunton, Taunton residents. And that there is a provision in the IGA that speaks

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1 to that issue.

Local businesses will also benefit, not just in Taunton but in the surrounding areas in Southeastern Massachusetts as the casino will have to spend millions of dollars annually on goods and services. And the tribe has also committed to outsourcing locally whenever it is possible.

I think it is also very important to note that this going to be a destination resort with many attractions for families, a family water park, which I personally am very happy about, entertainment venues, shopping and dining. So, it will revive tourism in Southeastern Massachusetts and in the greater Taunton area as well.

This casino project is quickly going to provide badly needed jobs and economic stimulus to not only Taunton, but to the entire region as well. I understand that some of my colleagues are interested in having a casino in their district, however I think if the shoe was on the other foot right now, their testimony would be quite different than it is.

But I understand that they're fighting for their district and they should be as I am

Page 64 fighting for mine. At this point in time though, 1 2 I think it is our responsibility and that we need 3 to let the tribe continue to move forward in the 4 process as required by the Expanded Gaming Act so that we ensure that we have one successful casino 5 in Region C and in a timely manner as well. And I 6 7 want to thank you very much. 8 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you, 9 Representative. Questions? COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: It seems to me, 10 Representative, that one of the things that divides 11 you and your colleagues is not the desirability of 12 13 the tribal casino, but how likely it is to arrive 14 and how long we have to wait, all of us, to figure out whether it's going to happen. 15 On the second of those two divisions, 16 17 do you have an idea as to how long we should wait? 18 REP. O'CONNELL: I think that is up to 19 the Gaming Commission. And we continue to see 20 progress with the tribe. And as long as we continue to see progress, I think that we need to let that 21 22 progress move forward. 23 There may be a point in time when it is 24 time to say okay, we're not going to get it. And

Page 65 that might be the point at which the BIA says we're 1 2 not going to take your land in trust. But right now 3 I think it is premature in the process to do that 4 because we continue to see progress by the tribe. 5 And as long as we're seeing progress by them and they are already ahead of any other region in all the work 6 that they've completed this far, I think we need to 7 8 keep going forward. 9 Again, I will restate, we want one successful casino in this region. We don't want to 10 end up with two, as far as I'm concerned. 11 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Why not? 12 13 REP. O'CONNELL: I'm not sure that the 14 region could handle two casinos. I'd like to see one built and see how that goes. We have a license 15 for three casinos and I think we should stick with 16 17 three casinos -- or legislation I mean for three 18 casinos. 19 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You said earlier 20 that the Legislature would be taking up the compact 21 very soon. Do you have some knowledge about that? 22 REP. O'CONNELL: I do not have a date. 23 I'm not sure I said very soon, but soon yes. I 24 imagine we will be taking it up soon. I do not have

	Page 66
1	a date though.
2	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Thank you
3	very much, Representative.
4	REP. O'CONNELL: Thank you.
5	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Representative
6	Cabral, Representative Antonio Cabral 13th
7	Bristol. Thank you. Not to put pressure on you,
8	but before the members of the Legislature leave, I
9	just wanted to express my appreciation for your
10	brevity. Every single one of you stuck to the time
11	limit or less. I know not an easy task for somebody
12	in your line of work, but I appreciate it. Thank
13	you.
14	MR. CABRAL: Good afternoon. Thank
15	you very much for taking me out of turn. I
16	apologize for the slight delay.
17	This is an extremely important meeting
18	that I didn't want to miss. I have submitted copies
19	of the letters that I submitted electronically to
20	the Commission. Mr. Chairman, thank you, members
21	of the Commission, thank you.
22	This is the second time I write to this
23	Commission, as you know, on this particular issue.
24	And I believe now two years after voting for the 2011

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Massachusetts Expanded Gaming Act in hopes that it would quickly create jobs in the Commonwealth to urge the Commission to act today to allow Region C potential bidders to join the request for application Phase-1, RFA-1 process currently underway in Region A and B. And to consider proposals from across Massachusetts equally going forward. It's important to have some regional equity here.

As you know, the Legislature crafted the Gaming Act to provide tribe that is eligible to pursue gaming under federal law a very brief window to explore their opportunity or opportunities for casino development, because we recognize the substantial hurdles any tribe would face in receiving federal approval to build a casino on nontribal land. And because of the importance we place on insuring that Region C not be left behind exploring casino development opportunities.

Today it is so unlikely that the sole remaining tribal applicant could justify the terms of the Gaming Act that it would be irresponsible to drag out this process any longer. As you know, the only possible candidate for a tribal casino under

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Page 68 state law is actually a group of Malaysian investors called the Gentry Group who according to several media reports are pursuing their hope of opening a

The United States Department of Interior has rejected the tribal compact signed by the Commonwealth last year. The Department's reasoning for that rejection strongly suggests that they will reject the revised compact the Governor has proposed as well.

casino in Massachusetts by financing the

application of the Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe.

If you go back to the original compact that was negotiated under Governor Weld, and it was actually sent to be checked by the BIA, Governor Weld did not even submit that proposal to us or that compact to us to be approved because of the terms which are very similar to the first compact and very similar to the second compact that was just negotiated by the Governor. I believe the BIA will reject the second one.

The Legislature is about to begin its annual budget process. It could be many months before the Legislature considers this revised compact. Even if it were to gain federal approval,

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even if the gaming group and the tribe were to jump all of those hurdles, the application would still face the greatest challenge of all, the requirement that the Department of the Interior take land into trust for the tribe.

As Commissioner noted on his December 4, 2012 memorandum to the Commission, Mr. McHugh, recent federal court decisions have made this applicant successfully taking successfully land into trust even less likely, now than it was when we be passed the Gaming law. I'm talking about the ruling of the Supreme Court that any abutter to the land can have or will have up to six years to submit a lawsuit.

Therefore, it is difficult to imagine how the tribe could be perceived as being close to receiving approval for a casino in Massachusetts. It is imperative that the Commission move immediately to allow Region C to join the rest of the Commonwealth in the ongoing licensing process in order to ensure that Southeastern Massachusetts benefit from the economic development that the rest of the Commonwealth anticipates from a casino development.

Page 70 We in Southeastern Massachusetts begun 1 2 this discussion of bringing casinos to 3 Massachusetts more than two decades ago. The 4 residents of my city, New Bedford have twice voted 5 to express their desire for casino development. We've had two referendums in the City of New Bedford 6 7 that passed with substantial overwhelming support. 8 The Massachusetts Legislature passed 9 the Gaming Act because it expected that economic development would quickly follow. I urge the 10 Commission to act today to allow our region to join 11 as the rest of the Commonwealth and investigate 12 13 casino development opportunities. 14 I think that's imperative. That was the initial reason why we took up this new gaming. 15 16 It was to allow economic investment both not only 17 in Region A and B but also in Region C. 18 I come from a city, represent the city 19 that has the highest -- The latest unemployment just 20 figures just came out several days back. -- the 21 highest unemployment in the Commonwealth. We need 22 and to let us stay behind or to not keep pace with 23 the other regions in terms of this kind of

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investment -- This is one of the most important,

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Page 71 one-time investments in a long time in the 1 2 Commonwealth. Potentially \$1 billion investment in any given region. 3 4 And to let Southeastern Mass. behind is 5 unfair. Let the marketplace work. I believe in free enterprise. Let the marketplace -- Everybody 6 7 is concerned that we cannot support more than three 8 casinos. Is it really the role of the Commission 9 to make sure we keep and we only have three casinos in Massachusetts? I don't believe it is 10 necessarily the role of the Commission. I think 11 that is one of the desires of those who crafted the 12 13 original legislation. But let the marketplace 14 really determine that. At some point down the road, if the 15 tribe can build a fourth casino, so be it. As long 16 17 as they're on sovereign land, I think they have 18 their right. If we as a Commonwealth don't collect 19 a single revenue from that proposal, that's the 20 right thing. Because they will be building on a 21 sovereign nation. Why should a sovereign nation 22 pay to the State of Massachusetts, if that was the 23 case? 24 But, at that point they are going to

Page 72 have to deal with the marketplace, free enterprise. 1 2 And isn't that we are all about in this country? 3 Allow free enterprise to rule. Let it happen. If 4 a fourth casino or third casino has that opportunity 5 and can compete, let them be. What are we afraid 6 of? 7 What I think is important here is that 8 we in Southeastern Mass. should not the left behind 9 from the rest of the state. We should follow the process at the same time, accompany the other 10 regions, in order for us to have the same 11 opportunity for that kind of investment that Region 12 13 A and Region B has. 14 I think it's unfair. I know the desires or initially the reasoning for I respect 15 16 tribal rights. I think they have federal rights. 17 And if they are successful 10 years from now, 15 18 years from now, then they have that ability to do 19 so outside of the process of the Gaming Act. And 20 they should pursue that and I certainly would 21 support that as well. Thank you. 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you very much, 23 Representative. Any questions for the 24 Representative?

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1	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: No. Thank you.
2	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you, Sir.
3	The Honorable William Flanagan, the Mayor of Fall
4	River. Welcome, your Honor.
5	HON. FLANAGAN: Good afternoon, Mr.
6	Chairman, members of the Commission, let me first
7	welcome you to the City of Fall River and say thank
8	you for giving me the opportunity to give testimony
9	at your hearing.
10	And I would strongly urge this Gaming
11	Commission to end the exclusive rights of the
12	Mashpee Wampanoag in Region C. The longer the
13	Mashpee Wampanoag have exclusivity to a gaming
L4	license here in Region C, the less likely there is
15	a casino from opening here in this region. Now let
16	me tell you my thought process on that.
L7	Following the news reports, following
18	these Gaming Commission hearings, reviewing the
L9	legislation that has been drafted, it appears that
20	Region A is well on their way to getting up and
21	running with opening a casino in that region.
22	Out in Region B you have Worcester,
23	Springfield, Palmer. They're all on their way to
24	having a casino open up in their region too. Go 15

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minutes to Lincoln, Rhode Island, the State of Rhode Island has passed a gaming bill. Twin Rivers will now have table games. Drive an hour to Mohegan Sun, to Foxwoods, you can go to probably two of the best casinos on the globe. Get in an airplane and fly less than an hour to Atlantic City or go off to Las Vegas, which is a destination location.

So, with all of this opportunity that is already out there for gaming, either developing now or already here, the likelihood of a casino coming here to Region C dwindles every day that the Mashpee Wampanoag have exclusive rights.

The compact I believe will be passed by the Legislature. And I believe it's going to be adopted by the Bureau of Indian Affairs. But I would ask that you take a look at that compact even though it doesn't really factor into your decision-making, I believe it should. Because the compact, the way it's drafted, further prohibits in my opinion a casino from opening up in this region.

If a commercial casino were to open in this region, the profits that the Mashpee Wampanoag would have to give back to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is zero. So, it would be detrimental

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for this Commission or for the Commonwealth of

Massachusetts to allow a commercial venture in this

region because if they were to do so the profit

margin dwindles.

Another issue that you have to take up is regarding racinos, where to locate them. Under the compact, the opportunity for a racino to come to Southeastern Massachusetts significantly is diminished also, because if a racino were to open here, once again the amount of profit the Mashpee Wampanoag would have to give back to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts once again is decreased. So, that compact is detrimental for gaming to occur in Southeastern Massachusetts for anyone other than the Mashpee Wampanoag.

And I wish the Mashpee Wampanoag well.

I really do. We have a good relationship together.

And I wish them nothing but the best. But they have some major hurdles that they have to overcome. One of them being the Salazar Carcieri decision. Are they going to be able to able to take land into trust? If they are unable to do so, as the Supreme Court of United States of America has indicated, then their casino is not going to be able to move

Page 76 forward because they are not going to be able to have 1 2 sovereign land. 3 Now the longer they take to get a shovel 4 in the ground, Boston is going to open up their 5 doors, Western Massachusetts is going to open up their doors. Twin Rivers is going to have table 6 games. Foxwoods, Mohegan Sun already exist. Fall 7 8 River and New Bedford have double-digit 9 unemployment. The people of this region need to get back to work. 10 And when I was an advocate for this 11 gaming legislation, we advocated for this because 12 13 it was a jobs bill. It was an opportunity to put 14 people back to work. And this part of the region 15 needs that opportunity. People from Fall River, New Bedford and 16 17 Taunton who worked in the mills and saw their jobs 18 go overseas, and they lost their jobs through no 19 fault of their own want to get back to work. But 20 the jobs simply are not here for them to get back 21 to work. 22 So, I really urge this Commission to 23 open up the process to allow commercial applicants 24 to submit applications. By doing so you create

Page 77 competition, but you increase the likelihood of 1 2 this region putting a shovel in the ground to construct a casino. And whether it's Taunton, Fall 3 4 River or New Bedford, wherever it may be, it has to 5 happen here. Because if it does not happen here, the double-digit unemployment will continue to 6 7 exist and the people of this region will be left 8 behind. 9 So, you have a huge decision to make. And to be quite honest with you, I don't envy the 10 11 decision you have to make. However, I urge you to make the right one, because the decision you make 12 13 will have a generational impact on this community. Future generations and the quality of their life 14 will be determined by the vote you take here as 15 Commissioners. 16 17 And I strongly urge you to make the 18 right vote in deciding in casting your vote. Thank 19 you. 20 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you, Mayor 21 Questions for the Mayor, anybody? 22 Thank you very much. We appreciate your time. 23 HON. FLANAGAN: Thank you for allowing 24 me to testify.

Page 78 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: The Honorable Tom 1 2 Hoye, Mayor of Taunton, nice to see you again your 3 Honor. 4 HON. HOYE: Chairman Crosby, members of the Commission, first of all thank you for the 5 opportunity to speak here today. 6 7 Approximately one year ago, the City of 8 Taunton and the Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe announced 9 they were commencing discussions about the possibility of locating a casino development in our 10 city that would bring much-needed jobs, development 11 and economic opportunity. 12 13 At that time, we knew that locating a 14 tribal casino in Taunton would be difficult given the significant number of steps that had to be 15 accomplished under Section 91 of the Massachusetts 16 17 Expanded Gaming Act. Section 91 of the Act granted 18 the Governor and the tribe until July 31, 2012, only 19 five months from when we initially commenced the 20 discussion with the Mashpee Wampanoag tribe to 21 secure all necessary land, enter into a mutually 22 agreed-upon compact, obtain a general court's 23 approval of such a compact, enter into an 24 intergovernmental agreement between the tribe and

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our city. And obtain approval of both our city council and our residents by way of a referendum.

Despite this tight timeframe, through the efforts and hard work of the tribe, the members of my administration and certainly the members of our Taunton City Council and with the affirmation and overwhelming support of our residents, I am pleased and proud to report that all of these steps were accomplished on time, in accordance with the Act, in a true partnership with tribal leadership.

Our IGA, our intergovernmental agreement with the tribe protects the city and its residents from actual and potential adverse effects and impacts from the casino project and requires the tribe to make substantial payments to the City in lieu of property taxes to the tune of over \$8 million a year.

Further, the IGA provides for local hiring and purchasing preferences, requires that the tribe consult with the city on project siting and design. And calls for the formation of an advisory committee that will allow community input on matters encompassed by our IGA.

The tribe has fulfilled its promises

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1	made to the City of Taunton, including paying all
2	of the city's expenses incurred for its legal,
3	mitigation and other consultants and have also made
4	a \$1.5 million payment to the City of Taunton.
5	Since entering it into the
6	intergovernmental agreement, the tribe has
7	continued its efforts towards bringing casino
8	development to fruition including negotiating a new
9	gaming compact with Governor Patrick with input
10	from the Bureau of Indian Affairs, completing a
11	draft of its environmental impact report required
12	under the National Environmental Protection Act.
13	And further developing and refining its
L4	architectural design and construction plans.
15	Additionally, the tribe has taken
16	significant steps towards having land on which the
17	casino will be located being taken into trust by the
18	US Department of the Interior.
19	As you know, it has been mentioned
20	today, the land into trust process is complex and
21	cumbersome. The tribe however, is making
22	substantial progress.
23	By way of background, my legal advisors
24	have informed me that in order for the tribe to

Page 81 conduct gaming on the land in Taunton, the tribe 1 2 must satisfy two criteria, two legal criteria. 3 have land deemed to be an initial reservation under 4 Indian Gaming Regulatory Act or IGRA. And two, have land taken into trust under the Indian 5 Reorganization Act. 6 The first criteria has been satisfied. 7 8 On December 31, 2012, the tribe received a letter 9 from Kevin Washburn, Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior 10 announcing that the land qualifies as an initial 11 reservation under IGRA. 12 13 With respect to the second criteria, 14 Mr. Washburn's letter indicates that the Department of Interior is actively reviewing the 15 tribe's application. In fact, just yesterday, the 16 17 Solicitor of the Interior confirmed in writing that 18 the Department had made positive land in trust determination in the aftermath of the Carcieri 19 20 decision. And the Mashpee application has been given top priority. 21 22 Once the tribe satisfies the second 23 criteria, my legal advisors have advised that the 24 process for land into trust becomes procedural in

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nature. Therefore, to my knowledge there is nothing before the Commission today that could reasonably be expected to lead the Commission to conclude that the tribe will not have its land taken into trust by the US Department of the Interior.

As such, we respectfully request that this Commission not commence the process of soliciting bids for commercial casinos in Region C.

To open Region C now may have adverse and unintended consequences.

First, we question whether any casino bidder will be willing to submit a proposal for a casino in Region C while the tribe is successfully continuing with its land in trust, especially that any casino bidder would be required to pay a nonrefundable \$400,000 application fee, but never have the opportunity to obtain a Category 1 license.

Additionally, based on a newspaper article dated August 26, 2011, which the article comments on the introduction of the Massachusetts Legislature of the Gaming Expansion bill, including the tribe's rights in Region C, we believe the Legislature intended to do to grant the tribe exclusivity in Region C for so long as the tribe

Page 83 satisfied the requirements of Section 91 of the Act, 1 2 which as I stated earlier, it did. 3 And so long as the tribe is 4 successfully pursuing its land to trust 5 application, which it is, we believe the Legislature intended this exclusivity for two 6 7 reasons. 8 One, so that the Commonwealth could 9 limit to three the total number of resort styled casinos in the state. And two, so that the 10 Commonwealth could grant a meaningful concession to 11 the tribe to support its payment of the portion of 12 13 its gaming revenues to the Commonwealth under the 14 gaming compact. Specifically, with the legislation of 15 the casinos in the Commonwealth, the Legislature 16 17 recognized that the tribe would be eligible to build 18 a casino of its own without state approval using its 19 authority under IGRA, pursuant to which the tribe 20 could acquire land into trust and open a Class 2 21 gaming facility without obtaining a state compact. 22 If that were to happen, the Legislature 23 realized that there could be the possibility of a 24 fourth resort casino in the Commonwealth, three

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commercials was well as the tribal casino, and the Commonwealth would not have any ability to receive payments from the tribe.

We note that should the Commission determine to solicit bids from casino developers in Region C now while the tribe continues to proceed with its land in trust application and while it looks like such an application will be successful, this could ultimately result in the occurrence of the exact things the Legislature was trying to protect against.

That is there could be two casinos, one tribal and one commercial, located here in Region C. And if there were two casinos in Region C, the tribe would lose exclusivity in the region. The Commonwealth may not be able to provide sufficient meaningful concessions to the tribe in order to support the Commonwealth's receipt of payments from the tribe under the compact.

In fact, it is evidenced by the language in the revised compact. The revised compact provides that if there was another resort casino in Region C, the tribe makes no payments to the Commonwealth.

Page 85 As an aside, my consultants tell me 1 2 that if there were two resort casinos in Region C, 3 the Commonwealth's revenues would be less than 4 expected to be received under the revised compact 5 because they doubt the region can support two resort casinos, a travel casino and a commercial casino. 6 7 Based on the forth going, we believe it 8 would be unreasonable and unjust to all parties, the 9 tribe, the City of Taunton and even to prospective Region C commercial casino bidders if the casino 10 (SIC) were to open Region C now. If in the future 11 different facts should come to light leading the 12 13 Commission to determine that the tribe's land will 14 not be taken into trust, we respectfully submit at such time the Commission may revisit this policy 15 16 decision. 17 I certainly thank you for your time 18 here this afternoon. 19 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you, Mr. 20 Mayor. 21 HON. HOYE: You are very welcome. 22 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Mr. Mayor, you 23 are the second person today to talk about the letter 24 from the Solicitor saying that --

Page 86 1 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: We can 2 certainly forward you a copy of that letter. 3 don't have it on me. 4 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: What were the words? 5 I was going to ask that too. What were the words that you quoted from the Solicitor? 6 7 HON. HOYE: He confirmed in writing 8 that the Department has made positive fee to trust 9 determinations in the aftermath of the Carcieri decision and the Mashpee's application has top 10 priority. I believe the Chairman has a copy of it 11 right here that I could certainly share with you. 12 13 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. That would 14 be helpful. You also talked about a newspaper article sometime in 2011 that said something about 15 16 exclusivity? What was that? 17 HON. HOYE: I can certainly forward 18 that to you as well. But it talked about the 19 Legislature intended to grant the tribe exclusivity 20 in Region C as so long as the tribe satisfied its 21 requirements under section 91 of the Act, which it 22 did. And so long as pursuing the land into trust, 23 which is certainly is. 24 I understand the testimony from the

Page 87 area legislators, Mayor Flanagan. Everybody wants 1 2 to see a resort style casino in this region 3 especially because we are an area of manufacturing. 4 This area was built on manufacturing and those jobs 5 simply do not exist anymore. And this resort casino opportunity 6 7 will go a long way in creating economic opportunity. 8 But it is certainly my belief that as a matter of 9 fact the Mashpee Wampanoag tribe is much further along than any of the commercial interests in any 10 region of the state at this point. So, I think to 11 kind of stop that process right now would be a 12 13 mistake for this region. I sincerely believe that. 14 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: As you know, there's considerable difference of opinion about whether 15 16 there is exclusivity in the Act or not in the way 17 you describe it. And a newspaper article isn't 18 going to be dispositive but I'd still be interested 19 in seeing it. 20 HON. HOYE: I can certainly get you a 21 copy of that and forward it up. 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Anything else for 23 the Mayor? Thank you. 24 HON. HOYE: Again, thank you all very

Page 88 1 much for your time here today. 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We are going to take 3 a brief break. And we will be back as close to five 4 minutes from now as possible. 5 6 (A recess was taken) 7 8 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I am going to 9 reconvene at six o'clock our meeting. We've lost a few people in front, if you all want to -- those 10 of you who are here want to move to the front, you'd 11 be welcome. 12 13 We have another speaker. He snuck in. 14 We didn't have him registered, but we are respectful of his seniority and political might, but also as 15 16 it turns out, one of our other speakers has decided 17 that they are not going to come. So, we have an open 18 space. 19 So, Senator Marc Pacheco we welcome to 20 our Commission meeting. Please join us. 21 SEN. PACHECO: Thank you very, very 22 much, Mr. Chairman, and through you to the members 23 of the Gaming Commission. It's an honor to be with 24 you this evening. I wish I could say the ride down

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from Boston was without any problem. But hopefully, some day in the future maybe with the help of a casino in this region, we'll actually have commuter rail service. So, we'll see what happens.

I am here tonight because of the elephant in the room question that is out there that all of you are needing necessarily to deal with in terms of this particular zone, this particular region of our state.

For the record, and for those of you who have not had the opportunity -- that we have not have the opportunity to meet before, I have represented in this region in the Massachusetts State Senate and House of Representatives in combined service this year of 25 years. My very first meeting on what was then called the Government Regulations Committee as a House member, we talked about the possibility of expanded gaming in the Commonwealth. So, that's how long we in the Legislature, since I've been there have been dealing with it. And it went on years before that.

Now we all know what has happened.

Massachusetts Legislature has passed a gaming bill,
three resort styled casinos, one with exclusivity

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as a part of this region and one slot parlor. 1 2. we charged a Commission, all of you, with the 3 responsibility to try to make sure the best market 4 and the best opportunities for the citizens of 5 Massachusetts actually happen to be the outcome. 6 It's about jobs. It's about creating jobs. 7 That's why the Legislature did what it did. 8 I'm sure you've heard testimony from 9 some of my colleagues and others in different regions of Southeastern Massachusetts that may feel 10 a little bit differently about when you should 11 utilize provisions that you have based upon what we 12 13 did in the Legislature to open the region to a 14 commercial based casino. And we gave the discretion to this 15 Commission because this is the first time we've been 16 17 doing this. We've talked about it for 25 years, at 18 least since I've been there. We've talked about it 19 many more years prior to that. And not knowing what 20 the circumstances would be, not knowing what would 21 take place relative to even communities deciding to 22 vote for or not vote for a casino in their particular 23 community. All of these things all of these

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hurdles need to be accomplished.

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We gave that trust to the Commission to make sure that whatever happened at the end of the day was not only in the best interest of the region but in the best interest of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts as a whole.

So, you may hear, and I'm sure you have, different opinions about what should happen and when it should happen. Some would like to pull the trigger right now and say open the door for a commercial based casino. Well, I'm sure you're familiar with the new language that we will be voting on very soon in the Massachusetts

Legislature in terms of the new compact. And what would happen if that compact passes the Legislature and we have a commercial casino in the region and we have a Native American casino in the tegion, under that compact, the state does not receive any additional tax revenue.

It's the same thing that would happen, essentially, if we went forward with a commercial based casino and at the federal level the land is taken into trust and they can go forward and provide the same options that are allowed under state law.

So, I'm really here to ask you to give

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this due time and consideration before we move down the road and find out that we've all made a big mistake. If we wanted to put a time certain in the legislation, we would have done so. If we wanted to give it only a year, we would have done that. Legislative intent as somebody who has worked on this legislation and pieces of legislation for a long time, it's about jobs.

So, let me summarize and conclude with this statement. The naysayers around gaming said there would never be a vote passed in a location for a Native American casino in our region. The vote passed overwhelmingly in the City of Taunton. They said there would not be a compact negotiated and approved by the Massachusetts Legislature. The compact was negotiated and approved by the Massachusetts Legislature. You know what happened at the federal level. They remanded it back to the state and said go back to the table. It's not exactly what we want to approve.

The Governor and the tribe have renegotiated a new compact that I assume we will be seeing in the Legislature sometime shortly. And I believe we will be approving that compact.

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The naysayers said we would not see a 1 2 compact at the local level approved. It's done. 3 The Mayor was here and gave you his opinion. Next 4 we hear at the federal level that there is no way 5 that we're going to see land into trust. The feds. have informed the Indian Tribe to go forward with 6 7 a proposal and have remanded it to the regional 8 level to begin the process. And you all heard 9 tonight about the letter from the Solicitor talking 10 about all of the acreage that's been put into trust 11 since the Carcieri decision. So, all of these things that were never 12 13 supposed to happen have happened. There is no 14 other proposal so far in the Commonwealth of 15 Massachusetts that has come as far as this proposal 16 has. So, I would ask you to give it some more time 17 before you open it up to a commercial based casino, 18 which by the way let me just say this as I finish, 19 I was one of the legislators that were for a number 20 of casinos. I was not necessarily for just three 21 casinos. I would have had many more. 22 particular, the slot parlors, I thought the two

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existing license holders should have automatically

been granted the licenses.

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So, I am not looking at it from the perspective of market necessarily, although that was the intent of the legislation. If you speak to people like Stanley Rosenberg, the majority leader, who was the point person for the Legislature and the Senate on this issue, he studied this very carefully. He went all around the country. He looked at all of the options. And he felt that the best market benefit to the Commonwealth as a whole would be what we sent you to be implemented.

One final point on the percentages.

We know that the new percentages are 21, 17, 15, zero depending upon what takes place, right? I will submit to you and it's evidenced by what is taking place in Southeastern Massachusetts, Cape Cod and the Islands, this region of the state before the recession hit was the fastest growing region in the northeast part of the United States of America.

And I will submit as the economy comes back and it's slowly doing that, we are going to start seeing the housing market back in this region. And in particular, if we have this type of resort facility in this region, even a 15 percent of the take, I would wager will bring you in total dollars

Page 95 1 that could be greater than what Western Mass. would 2 bring in. 3 So, I would ask you to consider those factors before you make a final decision here. 4 5 thank you very much for listening to me. I'm simply asking that we wait some time before we pull that 6 trigger, because it could actually kill the intent 7 8 of the bill and hurt the market share within the 9 region. I'll be glad to answer any questions that you may have. 10 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you, Senator. 11 Any questions for Senator Pacheco? 12 13 When the Legislature takes up the 14 compact, you could address this issue for us. 15 Legislature could tell us how they want us to handle 16 this issue. If you think your colleagues would we 17 be willing to do that, we'd look forward to their 18 direction on this if they want to give it to us. 19 SEN. PACHECO: And the good thing, Mr. 20 Chairman, and that's always been available to us. 21 And you know the legislative process very well. 22 And we've had the opportunity to work together on 23 some issues when you were at A&F. And you know full 24 well that we could six months from now, a year from

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now, in a budget, change the date and direction.

So, we certainly have that option.

And I would think that absent the Legislature taking that move, because when and if we did, obviously we would have changed our position on this, right? We would have said it is now our intent to do A, B or C. You're only hearing that option come forth, quite frankly, from some people who didn't support the bill in the first place.

So, I ask you to look at the intent that was sent you, and to please go forward with what that intent really was until we see evidence that this proposal is not going forward. That's not the evidence that we have so far.

Evidence is ballot question passed.

Local question passed. Local compact done. State compact about to be redone. Federal Government indicating a willingness to move forward on this including providing evidence as of tonight that the Solicitor is indicated that there is plenty of land that has been put into trust since this so-called Carcieri decision. Everybody is saying it is dead because of that. Well, that's not the evidence. Thank you.

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1	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All set. Thank you
2	very much, Senator.
3	David Alves, Councilor At-Large, City
4	of New Bedford.
5	MR. ALVES: Mr. Chairman,
6	Commissioners, I want to say thank you for the
7	opportunity to appear. With me is a colleague from
8	the city council of New Bedford, Councilor Joseph
9	Lopes.
10	Just for a little highlight, I am a City
11	Councilor At-Large in the City of New Bedford,
12	Chairman of the city's gaming committee. And I've
13	been a City Councilor in the City of New Bedford for
14	20 out of the past 22 years. And I'm here to seek
15	support for opening gaming, opening the region to
16	commercial bidders. With all due respect to
17	Senator Pacheco who spoke before me, he's very
18	articulate, but I hope he respects the fact that
19	respectfully I disagree.
20	Obviously, his pitch, his comments
21	were geared because the casino that is proposed by
22	the tribe is in his district. He's looking to
23	provide job opportunities in his district, as he
24	should.

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I am a City Councilor for the City of

New Bedford. I represent New Bedford and hopefully
the Greater New Bedford area in my conversation with
you today. And I am here to look for, to develop
jobs in my region as any mayor you heard today, any
councilor, any rep. would do. That's what we're
elected for. That's what we're elected to do.

I probably say that New Bedford,

Massachusetts has been a leader in gaming. It's

not new to us. Let me assure you that the comments

I make today are not directed or with any disrespect

to the tribe.

In fact, I've had the pleasure of supporting the first major the effort in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to introduce tribal gaming. It was proposed in our city about 10 years ago. I can remember standing on the front steps of City Hall with the Mayor of New Bedford, with labor organizations, southeast building trades from throughout the area not just New Bedford, but the southeast region because we were on the one yard line. And the Governor at that time also supported gaming, but at the time legalized gaming was not something that the Legislature had an appetite for.

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Well, now about 10 or 11 years later the state Legislature, the state, the Governor has an appetite for gaming. And unfortunately, I am here to argue because we don't have a seat at the table this time. The city is being locked out and it's unfortunate. I'm not here to waste your time or anyone else's time. But I thought a lot about the reality.

I've learned a lot about the potential for Indian casinos after making three trips, personal trips to the Bureau of Indian Affairs in light of my relationship and responsibility for gaming as it appears in the city or proposed in the City of New Bedford.

For the record, I am not opposed to pursuing the opportunity to the tribe pursuing the opportunity to develop gaming in the future. But as a New Bedford City Councilor, I'm here to fight for the opportunity for both economic and employment opportunities in my community.

May I say that I also represent a number of tribal members that live in my community, a number of workers from construction unions that live in my community, a number of people from

Page 100 southeast building trades that live in my 1 community. And as an elected official, I am here 2 3 to argue, to ask on their behalf for your 4 consideration. 5 As such, I'm here to request that the Commission not lock my community or any community 6 in Area C from the opportunity to open fair 7 8 competition to apply for a license. I do so knowing 9 that there is no guarantee that a developer in my community or any other community in Region C would 10 be successful but open and fair opportunity to apply 11 is what I'm asking for. 12 13 As I noted, New Bedford is not a 14 Johnny-come-lately to the arena. Our community has taken numerous referendum votes on the 15 16 placement of a casino in New Bedford. And they've 17 passed with majority support. 18 New Bedford is a city that's been considered by a number of developers for a casino 19 20 over the past few years. New Bedford realizes the 21 impact a casino would have in addressing our high 22 unemployment, which currently puts us about or 23 higher I should say in unemployment in the

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts. And the impact it

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Page 101 will happen on potential economic development for 1 the City of New Bedford and for the area is what's 2 3 important here today. 4 One of the most pressing areas that 5 would be addressed would bea serious concern for an environmental issue in our area. 6 7 It was said earlier that no developer 8 would consider opening a casino in our region. But 9 we have developers that have considered. In fact, we have a developer who has considered and 10 considering a casino development in our area who 11 spent over \$5 million already in environmental 12 13 studies, environmental impact, architectural 14 studies. And they were doing it before the compact 15 was signed. They were doing it in light of the fact 16 that casinos were proposed. 17 So, we do have people who are 18 interested in casino development who have put their 19 money where their mouth is and have developed a 20 package that I think is more than competitive and 21 something that I would appreciate and feel you 22 should consider. 23 I could fight for such an opportunity 24 to save my community. And I can't fight any harder

Page 102 to come before you. It was said that the compact 1 2 is signed. There's no question about it. I think 3 the Governor is committed to providing the tribe 4 with an opportunity. Many of us here that you've 5 heard this morning are also committed to ensuring that opportunity isn't restricted, isn't limited, 6 7 isn't something that's discriminatory. 8 We want it open, above-board and fair 9 for everyone. Let the American process, let the cards fall where they may. 10 The issue isn't the compact. 11 issue is whether or not Carcieri will be changed. 12 13 I note to you that I've been to the Bureau of Indian 14 Affairs at least a five- to a seven-year period without any opposition, without any negative 15 comments from community, negative return from 16 17 community. It is an important issue. Without any 18 legislation filed against it. 19 As a dedicated City Councilor and 20 elected representative of my city, I have a 21 responsibility to my constituents to advocate for 22 fair, open and nonrestrictive bidding. A process 23 to ensure that everyone is treated fairly in this 24 process. And as such, I'm appealing to the

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Commission to open the application to as many and all applicants. Once gaming contracts are offered in this state, let the cards fall where they may as I've noted earlier.

Any tribe in the state can apply. But the fate of my community's employment, economic development opportunities and those of other cities and towns in Region C are in your hands. I ask that you give communities and my constituents, give us the opportunity to apply, to apply for jobs, to apply for economic development, to save our communities.

A comment was made earlier in reference to the Indian Tribe having a leg up. I think unfortunately they have more than a leg up.

They're given a restrictive preference that is for many of us are considered unfair and unwarranted.

Continue to install the benefits of the tribe will cost the region a potential revenue stream and jobs for years to come. Waiting for the Bureau of Indian Affairs and the pending potential litigation to clear way for tribal development in the region will only delay construction for years.

A private developer has come forth, I

Page 104 think, in not only our area, but in a number of 1 2 developers throughout the area seeking to bid. I 3 know that the tribe has always had the opportunity 4 to apply -- will always have the opportunity to 5 apply in the future. Open bidding to the commercial bidders is a win/win situation. 6 7 It's been noted that if they open a 8 casino and the Indians or the tribe looks to open 9 a casino that there's not enough market share. When I look at the fact that the two richest casinos 10 in the world, Foxwoods and Mohegan Sun, I think are 11 less than seven to 10 miles apart, that's less than 12 13 the distance between New Bedford and Taunton --14 that's greater than the distance between New Bedford and Taunton. 15 The market will do based on 16 17 competition, based on the quality of service they provide. You have the opportunity to open up 18 Region C to commercial bidders. You have the 19 20 ability to open and make it a fair and open process 21 for everyone. 22 I pray that you will use that to benefit 23 the region and not just the tribe. And I appreciate 24 the opportunity to appear before you and express the

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1	concerns that I have, my City Council have and the
2	colleagues on the Council. We have submitted a
3	letter. All of the City Councilors have signed it
4	accordingly. It should be in your packet.
5	We are serious about opening it up
6	because we realize that our region, as the Senator
7	said, was doing well up until the economy fell flat.
8	We need something to boost it, you have the
9	mechanism to do it. Not just for the tribe, but for
10	all of Southeastern Massachusetts. I appreciate
11	the opportunity. Thank you. Any questions?
12	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you,
13	Councilor Alves, Councilor Lopes. Any questions
14	for the City Councilor or Councilors? Thank you
15	very much.
16	MR. ALVES: Thank you. I appreciate
17	the opportunity.
18	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Mr. Allin Frawley,
19	Vice Chair of Middleborough Board of Selectmen.
20	Welcome.
21	MR. FRAWLEY: Thank you. Good
22	afternoon. I am here today to ask you to please
23	consider opening Region C to commercial bids in a
24	parallel track as the tribe for a gaming license.

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1	The Board of Selectmen of
2	Middleborough have voted in support of such an
3	action. Middleborough has been dealing with the
4	issue of tribal gaming for over six years now,
5	longer than any other municipality in the state.
6	We have learned quite a bit about this tribe and
7	tribal gaming on a local, state and federal level
8	and most of it the hard way.
9	In 2007, Middleborough negotiated an
10	intergovernmental agreement with the tribe and
11	passed a local referendum vote in support of a
12	tribal casino by almost two to one. Shortly after,
13	the tribe submitted their first land into trust
14	application into the BIA. That was in the fall of
15	2007. In a notice dated January 19, 2012 that
16	application was returned incomplete and no longer
17	under consideration, almost five years later.
18	The tribe never notified its tribal
19	members of that decision nor did they notify the
20	Town of Middleborough. In the year 2009, a Supreme
21	Court Carcieri versus Salazar limited the
22	Department of the Interior's authority to take land
23	into trust to tribes that were recognized and under
24	federal jurisdiction on June 1, 1934. On June 1,

Page 107 1934, the Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe was neither 1 2 recognized by nor under the jurisdiction of the 3 federal government. I'd like to read a letter to you that 4 5 came from the case of the Mashpee Wampanoag versus 6 New Seabury Corporation. They were suing the State 7 of Massachusetts for the return of their native 8 lands. 9 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: When was this? MR. FRAWLEY: This letter is dated 10 October 2, 1937 from the Department of the Interior. 11 It is addressed to Chief Wildhorse of the Mashpee 12 13 Wampanoag Tribe. 14 Mr. Wildhorse, Box 17, Mashpee, 15 Massachusetts. Dear Mr. Wildhorse, this will acknowledge your letter of August 29 in which you 16 17 discussed the status of Indians in Massachusetts. 18 As explained in my letter of December 19 31, 1963 (SIC), the Indian office can offer no 20 assistance to Indians not members of a tribe under federal jurisdiction. I can hold out no greater 21 22 encouragement than that contained in our letter 23 dated December 31, 1963 (SIC). Your people are the 24 same status as other citizens of the State of

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1	Massachusetts and must look to the local authority
2	for assistance.
3	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: That was 1936.
4	MR. FRAWLEY: 1936.
5	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You said '63.
6	MR. FRAWLEY: I'm sorry, 1936. On
7	June 18, 2012 the Match-E-Be-Nash-She-Wish Band of
8	Potawatomi Indians v. Patchak. The court
9	announced that Mr. Patchak's challenge was not
10	barred by the Indian's land exception to the waiver
11	of immunity. And that Mr. Patchak an individual,
12	non-Indian landowner is within the zone of
13	interest.
14	What this translates to is the tribe is
15	not protected from lawsuits arising from abutters
16	of the proposed land in trust parcels. In the 1834
17	Final Trade and Intercourse Act, it states there is
18	no Indian country east of the Mississippi River.
19	The original 13 colonies entered into the Union with
20	all of their land under criminal, civil and taxing
21	authority of the Commonwealth or state. There are
22	no federal public lands in the original 13 colonies
23	and none can be established by the Department of the
24	Interior.

Page 109 The Supreme Court of the United States 1 2 ruled in 2009, Hawaii versus the Office of Hawaiian 3 Affairs that Congress is without the authority to 4 reserve or convey a state sovereign land. 5 Accordingly, the only land subject to the authority of Congress and the Secretary of the Interior 6 7 pursuant to the Indian Reorganization Act would be 8 federally reserved public domain lands or existing 9 federal reservations. No such lands exist in 10 Massachusetts. Now, if I may switch gears a little bit. 11 Not only have I been researching tribal gaming 12 13 policy, laws and practices, but I've been reading 14 up a little bit on this Commission as well. Commissioner McHugh, you should get a raise. 15 16 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Oh, I agree with 17 that. 18 MR. FRAWLEY: As part of your mission 19 statement you will strive to ensure that the 20 Commission in its decision-making and regulatory 21 systems engender the confidence of the public and 22 participants. And that they provide the greatest

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revenues to the people of the Commonwealth to reduce

possible economic development, benefits and

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the maximum extent possible the potentially
negative or unintended consequences of the new
legislation. And to allow for appropriate returns
on investment for gaming providers that assures the
operation of casino resorts of the highest quality.

Under the section of tribal gaming, the
Commission states that the law acknowledges the

Commission states that the law acknowledges the legal and political uncertainty at a federal level surrounding Native American gaming by federally recognized Native American tribes in the Commonwealth while ensuring that its license application in the Southeast Region can move forward in accordance with a predetermined timetable. Let me read that again, while ensuring that a license application in the Southeast Region can move forward in accordance with a predetermined timetable.

Now as a selectman in Middleborough and having a tribe pursue yet its third potential gaming location in Taunton, it was with great interest that I read the section on surrounding communities. A surrounding community is being defined as a municipality in proximity to a host community that the Commission determines experiences or is likely

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to experience impacts from the development or operation of a gaming establishment.

Has the Commission determined the surrounding communities of this proposed project?

I am certain Middleborough will qualify as we have already submitted statements at two different environmental impact statement hearings.

Regarding surrounding communities,
your website also provides that under the Gaming
Act, gaming applicants are required to submit
signed agreements between the surrounding
community and the applicants setting forth the
conditions to have a gaming establishment located
in the proximity to the surrounding communities and
documentation of public outreach to those
surrounding communities.

This is not a possibility for the surrounding communities in Region C who are trying to deal with the tribal project. In fact, during the negotiations of the first and second still unsigned, still unratified state tribal compact, not one community was contacted regarding the potential impacts. We have had no input whatsoever.

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Now, as I read your mission statement, 1 2 and I do believe you are doing your best to uphold 3 it, I am confused how different the tribal project is being allowed to treat surrounding communities. 4 5 I've also read up on your proposed timelines for both Region A and B and the slots parlor. You've 6 7 already accepted 11 gaming applications at \$400,000 8 apiece. 9 Region C did not generate any funds as part of that process. License fees are \$85 million 10 dollars apiece. Region C will not generate any of 11 those funds either. 12 13 A tribal casino enterprise will not 14 have to go through any of the background checks the other applicants are subjected to, even though the 15 former tribal Chairman Glen Marshall was only 16 17 recently released from prison for his criminal

As this Commission continues with this undertaken, please take into consideration the numerous hurdles this tribe will face in their pursuit. Keep in mind the significant opportunities for the land in trust acquisition to fail, also to be encumbered by numerous and valid

actions in pursuit of a tribal casino.

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and time-consuming lawsuits. Keep in mind that as of today, this tribe still eight months after the initial deadline, does not have a valid state tribal compact.

They are no closer to land in trust today than they were in January 2012 when their first application was rejected almost five years after they first submitted it.

Southeastern Mass. cannot afford to wait for this tribe any longer. Please open this region up to commercial bids. I am not sitting here asking you to stop this process for licensing a gaming facility in Southeastern Massachusetts.

I am sitting here asking you to do your best to adhere to your mission statement, which is to strive to ensure that its decision-making and regulatory systems engender the confidence of the public and participants. And that they provide the greatest possible economic development benefits and revenues to the people of the Commonwealth. To reduce to the maximum extent possible the potentially negative or unintended consequences of the new legislation. And to allow for appropriate return on investment for the gaming providers.

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1	That assures the operation of casino resorts of the
2	highest quality. Thank you.
3	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you,
4	Selectman Frawley. Any questions for the
5	Selectman?
6	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: No. I think
7	that covered it. Thank you very much.
8	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you for
9	reading our mission statement.
10	Kerri Babin, President and CEO of the
11	Taunton Area Chamber, welcome.
12	MS. BABIN: Thank you. I will be
13	extremely brief. Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman and
14	members of the Commission. My name is Kerri Babin
15	and I am the President of the Taunton Area Chamber
16	of Commerce. I am here today representing over 500
17	member businesses in the Greater Taunton Region.
18	The Chamber is here today not to advocate for or
19	against gaming but rather for what the proposals
20	that would establish gaming would bring to our
21	region.
22	As a matter of record, the Taunton Area
23	Chamber of Commerce represents both the City of
24	Taunton and the Town of Raynham, proposed locations

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1	for gaming facility. The Chamber believes that
2	both of these proposals will bring much-needed jobs
3	both temporary construction jobs and permanent
4	operating jobs to a region that is sorely in need.
5	When considering all proposals, the
6	Chamber hopes that the Commission will consider not
7	only the benefits to the host community but also the
8	contiguous communities. Jobs in our opinion must
9	be at the forefront of any proposal in your decision
10	to award licenses.
11	Thank you. I was brief, huh?
12	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you very much,
13	any questions?
14	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: You were a model
15	of brevity. Thank you very much.
16	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Selectman Frawley,
17	have you submitted Have those comments been
18	submitted to us, the letters that you quote that you
19	have there and so forth?
20	MR. FRAWLEY: I will be submitting a
21	full packet to the Commission for you.
22	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Thank you.
23	I don't have a name, but I have KG Urban down next.
24	Do we have a spokesperson? Welcome.

Page 116 MS. SAJER: Chairman Crosby, members 1 2 of the Commission. I am very pleased to be here to 3 represent my client, KG Urban Enterprises. My name is Marsha Sajer. I'm with the law firm of K&L 4 5 Gates. And while it's unusual I think in these 6 7 proceedings to have a lawyer attending, my two 8 principles of KG Urban Enterprise are here, Barry 9 Gosin and Andrew Stern. They thought it was of such importance that I be made available to the 10 Commission in case there are questions about the 11 memorandum that I have drafted. 12 13 My experiences is in tribal gaming and 14 land in trust. My role is typically to advise state governments, both the legislative and executive 15 16 branches of state governments on these issues 17 because as you're learning, this is not an easy area 18 of the law. And frequently some education is 19 required. My clients have made me available in the 20 past to various members of the general court while these bills were under consideration. 21 22 My client Andrew Stern is also a 23 lawyer. And he believes that you should always

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start with your top principles, which would be the

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United States Constitution. And the Constitution contains what is referred to as the Indian Commerce clause. Article 1 section 8 clause 3 authorizes

Congress to regulate commerce with tribes. And pursuant to that authority, Congress has acted in two respects that are directly relevant to your consideration.

First, Congress enacted a statute called the Indian Reorganization Act that allows the Secretary of the Interior to take land in trust for tribes.

Secondly, the Congress also enacted the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, which sets out the requirements for the conduct of tribal gaming on tribal lands.

I want to be clear that when the federal government acts under the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, they're not handing out the same sort of licenses as you'll be asked to do in these various regions. There's no such thing as a federal Indian gaming license but rather it is part of a process involving the tripartite federal, state and tribes in putting together an arrangement that allow for tribal gaming on tribal lands.

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And why are the tribal lands so 1 2 important? You need to understand the tribal 3 gaming is not commercial gaming. It is government 4 gaming. It's tribal government gaming the purpose 5 of which is to be an economic engine for the tribes to strengthen the government and allow the tribal 6 7 governments to provide for the members of the 8 tribes. It's a different species. 9 States have no authority except for the limited role that's provided in tribal state 10 compacts that are negotiated as the basis for tribal 11 gaming on tribal lands within the state in which 12 13 those reservations are located. 14 Now you have heard from many speakers and I don't mean to belabor the point, but in 2009, 15 the Supreme Court in its Carcieri opinion upended 16 17 decades of Interior practice by interpreting the 18 Indian Reorganization Act, the statute that allows 19 the Secretary to take land into trust, and holding

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Could I interrupt

take land into trust only for the federally

That was the year that the --

that the Secretary of the Interior has authority to

recognized tribes under federal jurisdiction as of

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Page 119 you there, because this is a question that I wanted 1 2. to raise from your letter. 3 You are using the words recognized and 4 under federal jurisdiction as if they are 5 interchangeable or are they two clauses? Explain to me what you think Carcieri actually said. 6 7 MS. SAJER: Chairman Crosby, that is a 8 very astute question. Because the court was 9 interpreting the Indian Reorganization Act, they looked at two different provisions. They looked 10 first at what it meant to be a tribe and then what 11 it meant to be Indian. 12 13 And looking at the definition of 14 Indian, was looked at the terms recognized tribe 15 then under federal jurisdiction. I think that the practice has been for federally recognized tribes 16 17 to have been deemed to be under federal 18 jurisdiction. 19 I understand and I think your question 20 is going to Justice Breyer's concurrence in the 21 Carcieri -- in the concurring opinion in Carcieri 22 to the effect that perhaps tribes may have been 23 under federal jurisdiction but the government --24 the federal government did not then know it.

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I have just a couple points to make 1 2 about that. It was not the majority opinion. 3 has not been adopted by Congress. If Congress 4 believed that it was as easy as a mere executive 5 interpretation that would allow the Department of the Interior to continue to take land into trust 6 7 under Justice Breyer's concurring theory that a 8 tribe may have been under federal jurisdiction but 9 the federal government did not then know it, then there would have been no need for Congress as it has 10 tried to do since 2009 to pass legislation that 11 would correct the Carcieri opinion. It's been 12 13 known colloquially as the Carcieri fix. 14 But every Congress since Carcieri has went onto the books has tried from both houses and 15 16 both parties to fix Carcieri through legislation. 17 And those legislation have gone nowhere. 18 CHAIRMAN MCHUGH: But that doesn't 19 rule out the possibility that the next time the 20 court or a court looks at this they interpret it the way Justice Breyer did. The record in Carcieri 21 22 didn't illuminate the possibility and didn't 23 provide enough for the court to determine the 24 possibility that they had been under federal

Page 121 jurisdiction but not recognized. 1 2 MS. SAJER: That's correct. Because 3 Narragansett the issue was kind of already taken off 4 the table. 5 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Right. That's 6 just an open question. And one can argue that the 7 Congress didn't have to fix anything because what 8 Justice Breyer was saying may well be the law. 9 It would be neater and cleaner. Everybody agrees with that if the Congress had fixed 10 it. But the fact that they didn't doesn't rule out 11 the possibility that on appropriate record the 12 13 court could conclude that what Justice Breyer said 14 was exactly right. MS. SAJER: One of my, I would say my 15 primary talking point, Commissioner McHugh, is to 16 17 address the timing issue. And while what you have 18 theorized may ultimately become the law of the land, displacing Carcieri or amending Carcieri, the fact 19 20 of the matter is the first test case in which the Department of Interior has attempted to exercise 21 22 that theory is in the Cowlitz case. 23 And as you know, the Cowlitz case first 24 of all took six to seven years for the land to be

Page 122 taken into trust and then immediately upon the 1 decision the Secretary of the Interior to take the 2 3 land into trust, immediately two lawsuits were 4 filed. 5 And as you probably know, just last week the District Court in the District of Columbia 6 remanded that case for a redo over the Indian land 7 8 opinion as to whether the Cowlitz -- their land to 9 be taken into trust could be considered to be an initial reservation. 10 What does that do? Okay, we're now 10 11 or 11 years later and the Cowlitz are going to start 12 13 They're going to get a new record of over. 14 decision. Undoubtedly, there's going to be the same litigation. So, it's a matter of timing. 15 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I understand 16 17 the timing issue. That's a different issue, I 18 think, and I think you agree as a substance of the 19 law. How long it takes to get clarification is an 20 issue all of its own. MS. SAJER: And as one of the previous 21 22 speakers tried to pronounce a very difficult tribal 23 name the Potawatomi in Michigan better known 24 fortunately as the Gun Lake Tribe. With the

Page 123 Supreme Court's Patchak opinion last year, the 1 2 Supreme Court clarified that rather than the 30-day 3 period in which to file a lawsuit, there is now a 4 six-year window. So, I'm just saying we're 5 compounding time on top of time. First, you have a Carcieri hurdle. 6 7 And whether it's administratively dealt with or 8 whether there's a Carcieri fix, the bottom line is--9 And I tried to provide you with the data with which you could trust but verify. -- just the data will 10 show you that the environmental statement process 11 under NEPA that's part of taking land into trust is 12 13 running six years or more. Six years is on the 14 early side, probably more. 15 And I gather there is some familiarity 16 with the NEPA process on this Commission. But it's 17 intentionally a deliberative slow lengthy process. 18 It provides for considerable public input. And 19 that's not merely lip service. The goal is to get 20 it right and not to do it over. 21 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Right. Your 22 letter is very comprehensive and very helpful. And 23 thoughtfully and thoroughly presents your 24 position. So, it was very helpful and

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1 comprehensive.

MS. SAJER: Then let me just move on to something that we have seen repeatedly here, which is a lot of news pronouncements to the effect that Secretary Washburn has now indicated that there is made a preliminary positive determination that the Taunton land would qualify as the Mashpee's reservation.

We have seen letters coming from NIGC, the National Indian Gaming Commission, approving subject to getting land in trust the tribe's gaming ordnance.

Now we have a fanfare of news about the compact. It's the cart before the horse. You understand there are two separate statutory processes that have to go forward. And everything that the tribe has accomplished has been able to accomplish on the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act side.

Yet, if land is taken into trust, they have taken these next steps. In other words, they've created the cart. But without the land in trust, the horse, that cart cannot move. So, all of these other determinations, the compact, they're

Page 125 all without legal effect until and unless the tribe 1 can get land in trust. But otherwise, they have no 2 3 legal effect with respect to land that is not in 4 trust and may never ever be taken into trust. 5 I just wanted to point out on behalf of my client they recognize that a commercial license 6 in this Region C, the Southeast region is very 7 8 valuable. The studies were done by Spectrum for 9 the Governor, by Innovations for the General Court and by Gaming Market Advisors for KG Urban. 10 they all are anticipating revenues of about \$600 11 million annually. 12 13 The value is dropping with delay. 14 Why, because as you've heard some other speakers say 15 there are other very savvy gaming competitors 16 coming into the Boston area and into the Western 17 region. They're going to expand those radiuses and 18 you know there's a hot to market advantage for 19 gaming just as there is for any other industry. 20 have a chance to build loyalty and once customers 21 are lost, they are very difficult to get back. 22 With a less valuable license, 23 investors are likely to invest at the low end not 24 the high end, not in a beautiful casino destination

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resort but something that is commensurate to the value of the license.

By holding the Southeast region open in the hope that a tribe may one day build on land that is not now and may never be Indian land, the Commission will end up imposing a burden on the region that as we've heard from many speakers is most in need of the economic development.

Based on projected revenues of say \$600 million annually, holding the Southeast region open in hopes that the tribe will one day have land in trust, amounts to a loss to the Commonwealth of \$150 million a year. That's \$1.5 billion over 10 years.

So, unless the region is opened to commercial bids, this region is left in limbo. The Commonwealth is effectively subsidizing the hope of the tribe on lands that may never be Indian lands. And the Commission will end up denying this region the opportunity for economic development and the employment that it so desperately needs.

So, on behalf of my client we ask that Region C be opened commercial bidding. Thank you for your attention. Do you have any other questions?

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1	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any other questions
2	for Attorney Sajer?
3	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: No. As I said I
4	think that letter was very helpful. Thank you.
5	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You and your client
6	are prolific.
7	Elias Patoucheas, President of
8	Claremont Corp., welcome.
9	MR. PATOUCHEAS: Chairman Crosby,
10	members of the Gaming Commission, welcome to
11	Southeastern Massachusetts. Thank you for giving
12	me the time to speak today.
13	My name is Elias Patoucheas. I am
14	President of the Claremont Companies, a 45-year-old
15	family-owned real estate investment company
16	headquartered in Southeastern Massachusetts.
17	I am here to support a competition for
18	gaming, commercial gaming in Southeastern
19	Massachusetts. The obstacles facing the tribe's
20	land in trust application are insurmountable. It
21	could take years before we learn the status of their
22	application.
23	Southeastern Mass. can't wait that
24	long. Southeastern Mass. needs the economic

Page 128 stimulus and jobs today. Why should we wait and be 1 2. left in the dust while the rest of the state gets 3 to prosper from commercial gaming and see revenue 4 and job growth? 5 I've had the opportunity to speak to many of the world's top gaming company. They have 6 7 all shown interest in investing in Southeastern 8 Mass., but none of them are willing to commit until 9 the area is open for commercial gaming. We should have competition in this 10 There are other viable options. We just 11 region. heard from the people from KG Enterprises. There 12 13 are other sites available. There are other 14 developers who want to submit an application. 15 Wampanoag can compete as well. 16 I ask you today to please open up this 17 region to commercial gaming, and put us on the same 18 level playing field as the rest of the state. Let 19 us compete and don't leave us behind. Thank you. 20 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you. 21 Patoucheas, the companies that you've talked with 22 were they to locate on the site that you've talked 23 about, they would be running a risk of X degree that

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they would have a tribal casino at some point in the

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1	future cheek by jowl with zero tax rate as opposed
2	to the 25 percent tax rate that the company would
3	be paying.
4	Have they given you insights as to the
5	way they see that and value that and how they
6	discount that impact?
7	MR. PATOUCHEAS: Yes, Mr. Chairman.
8	Gaming is all about risk. And many of these
9	companies know the nuances involved in tribal
10	gaming and land in trust and how long it takes to
11	get land in trust.
12	There are many case studies out there.
13	And the attorney for KG Urban just cited one of them.
14	It could take many, many years to get land in trust.
15	And the first mover in the market will have to edge
16	over everybody else.
17	So, they are not concerned knowing the
18	history surrounding land in trust and the long lead
19	time involved.
20	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Thank you.
21	Any other questions? For what it's worth, that's
22	the same answer we received in writing from KG
23	Urban.
24	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: They factor

Page 130 1 that in. 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: They factor that in 3 and are not troubled by it. 4 Michelle Littlefield, Chair of 5 Preserve Taunton's Future and associate. MS. LITTLEFIELD: Good afternoon. 6 7 bring my own tribe. First of all, I want to thank 8 you because I for one really appreciate the 9 transparent and open process which this Commission has provided us, not only as residents but as people 10 that are being affected by this process very much 11 12 so. 13 I can only say that I wish that that process in Taunton, the political process which my 14 15 community faced a year ago with this tribe was as 16 transparent. It was not. A couple of things I 17 want to address. First of all, the Carcieri 18 decision keeps coming up. And I think it is very, 19 very important to note that 32 states in United 20 States of America supported and signed onto an 21 amicus brief as well as Massachusetts, but 31 other 22 states in addition Massachusetts signed onto an 23 amicus brief that supported the Carcieri decision. 24 That fact alone is the reason why a Carcieri fix will

Page 131 never happen. That will never pass our government 1 2 through our Federal Legislature. 3 Furthermore, a couple of things that 4 were addressed today. First of all, I want to note 5 that I'm very, very disappointed that my elected officials, my mayor that the elected officials for 6 the tribe have felt the need to come today and 7 8 present their point of view but then walk out the 9 door. The same thing has happened numerous 10 times in Taunton when we have had public hearings, 11 when we have had other processes in Taunton where 12 13 we have been presented with questions or the 14 opportunity to speak to the BIA and to MEPA. say their piece and they leave. They walk out the 15 16 They don't hear what any of us have to say. 17 And I find that very disheartening. 18 I find it very disrespectful to the 19 If this was that important to them, you 20 would think that they would stay for the entire 21 meeting and hear everybody else. 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I would point out 23 that Representative Orrall is still here. 24 MS. LITTLEFIELD: And I will say

Page 132 Representative Orrall has my vote for life. 1 2 is the one person who came forward today and gave 3 you the facts and gave you the truth as is seen by 4 the district where this casino is being proposed, 5 which is less than a mile from my home. Several people got up here, Mayor Hoye, 6 7 Representative O'Connell, a few others got up here 8 and talked about the overwhelming vote that 9 happened in Taunton. And I'd like to correct that 10 because that is something that has bothered the 11 members of my group for quite some time. The overwhelming vote in Taunton 12 13 happened in a few of the wards out of 16. Where this 14 casino is being constructed or allegedly or hopefully will be constructed by the tribe is in 15 Ward 4, 4A, 4B. We voted overwhelmingly no, 16 17 overwhelmingly no, as did Ward 3, which is also 18 Representative Orrall's district. So, the entire city did not 19 20 overwhelmingly vote yes. In fact, the regions closest to the casino have overwhelmingly voted no. 21 22 The other thing I wanted to point out 23 really quickly that hasn't been mentioned 24 here --

Page 133 1 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: It was a citywide 2 election though? 3 MS. LITTLEFIELD: It was a citywide 4 election. East Taunton is a small district within 5 the larger city. Unfortunately, had we seen this coming down the pike, we probably have emancipated 6 7 ourselves from the city. We didn't get that 8 opportunity. 9 One of the things I wanted to point out that has not been mentioned today is the tribe's 10 11 status of their land in trust application today is incomplete. If this was that important to that 12 13 tribe to get this land into trust, you would think after a year that application would be complete. 14 It is not. And that is evidenced by the fact that 15 16 it is not listed in the Federal Register. 17 The EIS is stagnant. I have had 18 contact as recently as this afternoon. One of our 19 members just approached me and said he spoke again 20 today with Holly Johnson at the Massachusetts Environmental Protection Agency. They have not 21 22 heard one word from this tribe since July of last 23 year when we had our EIS meeting. 24 One thing, and I back up. I skipped a

Page 134 1 part. 2 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Who is that 3 that you mentioned? 4 MS. LITTLEFIELD: Holly Johnson, 5 Massachusetts Environmental Protection Agency. 6 As a matter of fact, when I personally spoke with 7 Holly at the end of January, I said we received a 8 draft EIS. A lot of things that we see coming out 9 we refer to as smoke and mirrors because a lot of what we see that they term progress, when we look 10 into it closer, we realize that it's really not 11 progress. It may appear to be some, but it's not. 12 13 And when we got that draft EIS in late 14 November from a company called Epsilon who works for 15 the tribe, that looked to us like it was progress. 16 When I didn't hear anything for two months and I 17 contacted Holly Johnson who is in charge of the MEPA 18 process, Holly said to me we have not heard from them 19 since last summer. Can you forward that to me. 20 which I responded no. That's their job. And if 21 they're going to get it to you, I'm certainly not 22 going to further their cause. That's up to them to 23 get it to you. 24 One thing that has not come up today is

Page 135 something the tribe is doing is called initial dual 1 2 reservation. I have done a lot of research over the 3 last year. And when this first came out, I made it 4 a point of contact legislators and the Mayor down 5 in Ledyard, Connecticut. I did a lot of research 6 on how this would impact my community, because 7 that's my concern. 8 It's being placed 300 feet from my 9 local elementary school. It abuts my local church we just built there less than five years ago. An 10 initial dual reservation has never, never been 11 approved by the BIA. And I can assure you it will 12 13 not be approved for the Mashpee Wampanoag. The 14 three tribes in California who have applied for initial dual reservation status have all been 15 16 denied. 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I don't know what 18 this means. 19 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: The two 20 locations? MS. LITTLEFIELD: Their land in trust 21 22 application refers to two initial reservations. 23 One in Taunton to which they have no historical 24 ties. As a matter of fact, some of us refer to them

Page 136 as hysterical ties, because they don't exist and 1 2 Mashpee. 3 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So, the land in 4 trust application -- I didn't even realize this. 5 The land in trust application is for two sites. MS. LITTLEFIELD: It is. 6 7 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: They could possibly 8 grant one or the other. 9 MS. LITTLEFIELD: I could see maybe they would grant if they qualify, which they don't 10 for Mashpee but we'll get to that in a minute. 11 The bottom-line is that land in trust 12 13 application is incomplete. The members of 14 Preserve Taunton's Future, we were a ballot action 15 committee that opposed the vote. And we obviously 16 as the city voted as a whole we lost that. So, at 17 that point the ballot action committee dissolved. 18 We have however remained active as a community. We 19 have gathered together on numerous occasions to 20 discuss certain points in all of this. 21 At this point we have retained an 22 attorney. And as you well know -- Adam Bond. As 23 you well know, there are numerous cases, Carcieri, 24 Hawaii, Cowlitz, Patchak. We have two members here

Page 137 that are still in the audience that we refer to as 1 our Patchaks. Because they will be filing lawsuits 2 3 against the BIA, against the tribe to stop if land 4 in trust were to happen. 5 We decided a few weeks back after doing a lot of research -- Like I said, we've done a lot 6 7 of work. We've taken I can't tell you how many days 8 off from work to research this, not only in 9 Washington but in Boston, at Harvard University and elsewhere. And we have uncovered numerous 10 evidence that supports our position that this tribe 11 does not qualify in any way, shape or form for land 12 13 in trust. 14 And in order to get that point across 15 to the BIA and to our Governor and to you the Gaming 16 Commission, we felt the need to hire an attorney. 17 So, at this point, I would like to defer to our 18 attorney Adam Bond who represents us as a community, 19 as a group. There's about 10 or 12 of us that have 20 come together and hired Adam to put together this 21 letter to submit our evidence to you. 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Ms. Littlefield, 23 I'm sorry. Excuse me. Other groups asked to have

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t more than one speaker. And we said that was not

24

Page 138 going to work. That we needed to have just one. 1 2 And we also have a 10-minute time limit and we are 3 very close to that. 4 We will take whatever you all obviously have to submit and value it. But it wouldn't be 5 fair to other organizations to allow more than one 6 7 person speak. You don't have to go away. 8 MS. LITTLEFIELD: This was a statement 9 that Adam Bond had put together on behalf of myself and the members of our group. He's been involved 10 with this tribe like Selectman Frawley since 2007. 11 This Commission will decide the fate of 12 13 certain economic development in Region C. 14 Presumably, it will weigh the advisability of letting commercial casinos open in Region C and 15 holding up development in Region C to allow the 16 17 tribe to obtain land in trust. 18 As you're surely aware, to succeed the 19 tribe must currently show that it was under federal 20 jurisdiction in 1934 as held by the US Supreme Court decision in Carcieri. 21 22 To that point, I would like to submit 23 to the Commission, which we just did, a copy of the letter sent to the Secretary of the Interior on that 24

Page 139 issue. We've also submitted this to the Governor. 1 Before I take you risk on a business, 2 3 I look at past performance and balance that with the 4 likelihood of future success. Compassion and 5 politics have no real place in this decision. Looking at past performance for more than 100 years 6 the Interior has unambiguously held that the 7 8 Wampanoag Tribe, the Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe were 9 not under federal jurisdiction. For example, on July 10, 1899 the 10 Indian Affairs Commissioner stated that "eastern 11 tribes in the states of the original 13 colonies 12 13 such as the Mashpee Wampanoag were residents of a 14 section of the country which constituted the 15 territory of the 13 original states. And that no 16 treaties or agreements were ever made with them by 17 the general government. Nor has it ever exercised 18 any supervision or control over them." The Commissioner concluded that such 19 20 tribes "appearing to be citizens of the United States left the Secretary of the Interior without 21 22 authority." 23 In 1939, Interior assembled a list of 24 tribes subject to the IRA, which you heard about

Page 140 today. The Mashpee Wampanoag do not appear on that 1 list nor does any single tribe from the original 13 2 3 states. 4 In the 1970s, the Solicitor General of 5 the Interior, Leo Krulitz, testified in Mashpee Tribe versus New Seabury Corp. and read a letter 6 into the record from the Interior to the Mashpee 7 8 Wampanoag Tribe, which we've provided you a copy of. 9 It states -- I'm sorry, that letter is dated October 2, 1937 stating "as I explained in my December 31, 10 1936 letter, the Indian Office can offer no 11 assistance to Indians not members of a tribe under 12 federal jurisdiction." This jurisdictional 13 14 statement could not have been clearer. So, looking back there is more than 100 15 years of history in the clear and unambiguous 16 17 documents generated by the Interior that we have 18 obtained which show that the tribe was not under 19 federal jurisdiction as of 1934 as required by 20 Carcieri for the Interior to have power to grant land into trust. 21 22 As we stand here today and as it has 23 been since the United States Supreme Court spoke to 24 the issue four years ago, we and the Interior's own

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actions and documents show that this tribe does not meet the standards for jurisdiction.

As to the future, this tribe is actually no closer to obtaining land in trust than they were 100 years ago or one year ago. They have obtained some basically irrelevant bells and whistles, but the four-year old core problem still remains, Interior self proclaimed lack of jurisdiction to take their land into trust.

As to the future, I further note that a grant of their application by the Interior will, and I stress it will, result in lengthy litigation as it did in the Patchak case. That case was brought in 2005 and it was decided by the United States Supreme Court seven years later and the dismissal was reversed.

As Chairman Cromwell wrote on July 25, 2011, "The Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe is confident that the Interior has the authority to take land into trust for our tribe, but Carcieri introduces substantial delays. Not only will we have to face direct challenges to our initial reservation, but we will also have to deal with the consequences of litigation arising in other areas of the United

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1	States.
2	Recent cases still working through the
3	courts now expand the damage exposing all tribal
4	trust land to challenge. It is clear that these
5	legal challenges will cost tribes greatly in both
6	time and money."
7	That was obtained from an article in
8	Indian Country Today.
9	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Excuse me. You're
10	about done. We are getting pretty far passed 10
11	minutes.
12	MS. LITTLEFIELD: Okay. One more
13	paragraph.
14	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.
15	MS. LITTLEFIELD: I've been down this
16	road once before. You don't have a little red sign.
17	As Chairman Cromwell said in his own
18	words, the Commission is looking at a substantial
19	delay and great cost and time due to certain
20	litigation regarding the tribal casino, which will
21	lead to years of delay in Region C development under
22	the expanded gaming laws with no revenue to the
23	state or to the region during that period.
24	I respectfully submit to you that with

Page 143 more than 100 years of the Interior telling the 1 2 tribe it has not been under federal jurisdiction and 3 with both opponents and the Tribal Chairman 4 guaranteeing substantial litigation delays as a 5 certainty, the best course of action for this Commission to take at this point regarding Region 6 7 C is to bet on a commercial casino at 25 percent with 8 the community mitigation and regulatory oversight. 9 And let the chips fall where they may with this 10 tribe. 11 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you. MS. LITTLEFIELD: Thank you. 12 13 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any other 14 questions? Okay. We're getting close. We have three more. Thomas Flaherty, Vice President 15 16 Sprague Operating Resources, welcome. 17 MR. FLAHERTY: Chairman Crosby, 18 Commissioners. Good evening, my name is Tom 19 Flaherty. I am the Vice President of Sprague 20 Operating Resources. We are headquartered in 21 Portsmouth, New Hampshire. We are the owner of the 22 property in New Bedford that KG Urban Enterprises 23 intends to construct a gaming facility in the event 24 that they receive a gaming license.

Page 144 We, my firm Sprague operates 15 1 2 deepwater facilities in New England and New York 3 State where we store and dispense fuel oil, diesel 4 fuel, gasoline to a variety of customers, 5 home-heating oil customers, institutions, hospitals, schools, that kind of customer class. 6 In addition, we supply mass transit 7 8 agencies like the MBTA. Also liquid fuel that's 9 supplied to MBTA buses is supplied by my firm. And 10 through the New Bedford terminal we supply 11 home-heating oil and diesel fuel to customers in the general vicinity. 12 13 We employ people and pay taxes in the 14 City of New Bedford. Our site also contains what will be the centerpiece of the KG development, which 15 is the Cannon Street Power Station, the 16 17 decommissioned power station in the center of our 18 property. 19 And we first purchased that back in 20 2005 from NSTAR. And I read in the Globe and I've 21 heard it said today a few times that the development 22 in Taunton is far ahead of anyone else, but I also 23 read that they got control of their property last

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year in 2012.

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We actually originally started our work with KG back in 2007. They came to us with this idea to purchase the site and develop it into a gaming facility. They first set foot in our site in 2008 and took a look around. And we entered into a purchase and sale agreement for the property.

The board of directors of our firm considered the agreement and finally approved the sale to KG late in 2008. Our owner, the chairwoman at Axel Johnson was very aware of our negotiations and was pleased with the development ideas, because she wanted to see that the property would be left in good hands and would have a future.

We went to KG Urban's management team and some of the other projects they were working on for example the Bethlehem Steel Project and could see that these guys could make a project happen very, very quickly.

In 2009, we actually granted KG access to our site and they showed up with a team of specialists. People including the environmental cleanup experts, historic preservation specialists, landscape and architects and several engineers and design architects. And the number

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one recurring theme from everybody -- At first we hosted dozens of tours through the facility with various constituencies and various consultants of KG and the contractors.

The recurring theme was just the beauty of the site and the majestic view of the New Bedford waterfront that's afforded from the building that is the centerpiece of the property, the power plant.

And KG's commitment to the project has also been financial. When we entered into the purchase and sale agreement, they made a substantial down payment to us and continue make option payments to retain control of the site since 2009. The power plant, the Cannon Street station would be transformed if the project goes forward and the gaming license is awarded to KG. The power plant building itself does not really have any commercial use to our firm.

But an application as a gaming facility or as a restored facility, it would be a different ballgame altogether. It would provide thousands of jobs for the region. And of course, as I mentioned before my firm is an employer of people in New Bedford, but certainly not with the magnitude

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that would be employed at this site if KG were to develop an operation there.

Our business is distributing liquid

fuel to end-users. And there is certainly multiple

places to distribute fuel in Southeastern

Massachusetts. But the opportunity to take a site

like this in such a fantastic development

waterfront location, this opportunity really

doesn't come along -- comes along once in a

lifetime. And our view certainly would be a better

use of the facility than a fuel oil distribution

facility.

We stand ready to quickly make the site available to KG in the event that they are awarded a gaming license. The site contains four large fuel storage tanks and pipelines. Our demolition work could begin onsite virtually immediately. As soon as we receive notice from KG that they're ready to go, we are ready to demolish the tanks. And that would happen very, very quickly within a matter of weeks. No permits or any kind of approvals are required to demolish the facility other than just to simply verify to the City of New Bedford that we are current in our property tax obligations, which

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1	of course we are. As I said, demolishing of the
2	facility would happen very quickly.
3	So, the point is that access to the site
4	could happen very, very quickly. And construction
5	could happen also very, very quickly.
6	So, I just want to thank you for the
7	time and the opportunity to address you.
8	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you, Mr.
9	Flaherty. Any questions? I'm not sure this is
10	relevant, but just out of curiosity how does this
11	use comport with what I thought was a planned use
12	by the city of that site or near that site for the
13	staging area for the wind farms? Is that the same
14	area?
15	MR. FLAHERTY: The city is actually
16	developing another core facility further south from
17	our facility. It will be called the south
18	terminal. The city's project is a separate project
19	from this.
20	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Those two would be
21	compatible?
22	MR. FLAHERTY: Yes.
23	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: How long has an
24	oil storage and distribution facility been on this

Page 149 1 site? 2 MR. FLAHERTY: The history of the 3 facility goes back to the turn of the century as an 4 operating power plant. And the facility began to 5 burn petroleum. The facility was initially an oil-fired power plant that probably had been in 6 7 operation since the 1940s. When the power plant 8 was decommissioned in the 90s and was converted to 9 simply to distribution. COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Thank you. 10 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you. 11 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Last but no means 12 13 least, Stephen Carroll, Real Estate Manager for 14 NSTAR. Thank you for your patience, Sir. 15 MR. CARROLL: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, 16 fellow Commissioners. I appreciate the time 17 today. 18 My name is Stephen Carroll. I am the 19 Real Estate Manager with NSTAR Electric and Gas 20 Corporation. We are now a subsidiary of Northeast 21 Utilities. We are the largest gas and electric 22 utility in New England. 23 My counterpart, Tom Flaherty of Sprague, kind of described the location of where KG 24

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intends or hopes to intend to build a future gaming resort. I can provide you a little more history and the fact that the readiness of the KG team to actually execute this plan.

mentioned that the power plant shut down back in 1991. The City of New Bedford has been wanting to do something with this property for the better part of the last 23 years. We worked very closely with them in an effort to get an aquarium built on the power plant. There was a significant amount of work that was done, both on the permitting and financing for that project. Unfortunately, that project was never financed. And back in the early part of the 2000 decade that project kind of just went away.

We were forced by statute to divest of that property because it was a former generating plant. And we do not own generating power plants in the State of Massachusetts anymore. So, we auctioned it off. Tom Flaherty's firm, Sprague, was the high bidder. And we sold about half of the property to Sprague.

The remaining half of the property is

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an operating service center. It's where our crews work out of. There's approximately 200 employees that work out of that facility right now. And they are the crews that work on our electric and gas distribution system, not only in New Bedford but pretty much the entire south coast community.

Back in 2007, we were getting approached by a number of gaming developers. That was around the time that gaming legislation was going to be proposed. A number of firms I spoke to specifically KG was the one that was more interested in the site than anyone else.

We had a significant negotiating period with KG. We started in 2007. We signed a purchase and sale agreement with them in 2009. They spent 18 months investigating this property.

Attorney Sajer, KG's attorney before said they spent \$5 million investigating the property. The amount of due diligence that has been done on this property is unbelievable. I've been in commercial real estate for 21 years. And I've never seen the level of effort to a point where they are ready to purchase the site, but they've already done all of the due diligence.

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1 They've already done the title.

They've already done the environmental, the survey, the geotech. They've done everything on this property. The key thing for us, a little different from Sprague, is that we still need a facility in the New Bedford area. We've made a commitment to the leadership in New Bedford that we would keep our operations in New Bedford. That was a critical part of this deal. We were not going to move out or take 200 jobs out of the city in a city that is already hurting to keep jobs in there in the first place. So, that was a key component.

What we did is we had KG go out and secure a site for us in an industrial park in New Bedford where when they're ready to close, they would acquire this site, which is under option agreement now and build out that site to our specs.

That work has already been essentially vetted and done, which is a little amazing when you think about the fact that they're still looking for an opportunity to compete in Region C and they've spent that amount of money on our property. That just tells you the conviction that they have in terms of looking at this site and the feasibility

Page 153 and the once-in-a-lifetime, to quote Mr. Flaherty, 1 about redeveloping a really special site with close 2 3 proximity to downtown New Bedford. 4 I will say that there is historical 5 contamination on the site. We operated a power plant there for 120 years. There's no threat to the 6 7 public. It's contaminated. It's contained. 8 NSTAR last year spent about \$7.5 million cleaning 9 up a portion of the harbor working with the City of New Bedford. 10 KG spent a significant amount of money 11 cleaning up this property. This is a Brownfield's 12 13 redevelopment. This is something that they have 14 expertise in. And my company is a very, very risk-averse company. When we enter into 15 16 transactions, we want to make sure that there is 17 someone on the backend that's going to perform this 18 and perform it appropriately. 19 So, we felt confident and we signed a 20 P and S with KG. They have a strong team with them.

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And when I hear about people speaking to the

readiness of being able to pull the trigger, and the

Sprague and NSTAR, with KG going on four years now.

fact that we were actually under agreement, both

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1	And it can go on for a number of more years.
2	So, I just want to thank the
3	Commission. I really wanted to be able speak to the
4	readiness and the ability of the KG team to
5	effectively pull the trigger, if they're given an
6	opportunity to pursue a license in Region 3. I want
7	to thank you for your time.
8	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you.
9	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Mr. Chair, we
10	missed one?
11	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: We missed one.
12	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I'm sorry. Who did
13	I miss?
14	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Mr. Fenton.
15	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Mr. Fenton from
16	the IBEW.
17	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh, I'm sorry. I'm
18	sorry.
19	MR. FENTON: Thank you. Thank you for
20	having me tonight. Thank you for coming down here.
21	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you for your
22	patience.
23	MR. FENTON: My name is David Fenton.
24	I'm the Business Manager of the Electricians Union

Page 155 Hall down here in Southeastern Mass. 1 We cover Region C. I'm not here to go 2 3 against any developer that's here. I'm just here 4 to say let's get this process going. As far as the 5 Mashpees are going, they're on their track to get there. The other developers are in here. They are 6 7 moving forward also. They want to move forward. 8 However, as you heard today that 9 Mashpee are, they are on the cusp of getting this 10 thing going. We're hoping that as the Commission looks at what's going on here that they can keep it 11 going. And I think we're going to be okay because 12 13 the jobs are going to be created. 14 The industry and the construction world has been awful. We cover all of Southeastern 15 And all of Southeastern Mass. could use the 16 Mass. 17 jobs. 18 With that being said they're moving 19 forward. I just hope -- I'll leave you my 20 testimony. I don't want to take up too much of your 21 time. I just thank you for coming down again and 22 hopefully that we can keep moving forward here. 23 Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you very much.

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1	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Thank you.
2	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I think we've heard
3	everybody. Before we adjourn, any particular
4	thoughts while everything is right fresh in our
5	minds?
6	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I think there's
7	a lot to think about.
8	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I do too.
9	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: The thing that
10	strikes me is there is a huge data point that we
11	cannot get our arms around and that is the timing.
12	There are different assertions as to the timing.
13	Nobody can point to anything short or long.
14	Clearly, the legislative intent was to
15	give the tribe a chance. The legislative intent
16	was not to let this go on forever. And they are
17	leaving it up to us to determine what forever is.
18	They would want us to understand how
19	long this is going to take and make a decision based
20	on that. And I don't know how we ever figure that
21	out.
22	But that's the huge hole here as far as
23	my data collection goes. Anything else anybody?
24	Thank you all for your help and

March 21, 2013

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      participation. The meeting is adjourned and we
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      will be back in business a week from now.
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            (Meeting adjourned at 7:27 p.m.)
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ATTA	CHMENTS:	
1.	Massachusetts Gaming Commission March 21,	
	2013 Notice of Meeting and Agenda	
2.	February 28, 2013 Massachusetts Gaming	
	Commission Minutes	
3.	March 20, 2013 Memorandum Regarding	
	Recommendation Regarding Research Agenda	
	Responses	
4.	List of Speakers for March 21, 2013 Public	
	Meeting #59	
5.	Support for Speaker Requests	
6.	List of Public Written Comments	
7.	Public Written Comments	
SPEA	KERS:	
John	Ziemba, Ombudsman Mass. Gaming Commission	
Dr.	John J. Sbrega, President Bristol Community	
	College	
Cedr	ic Cromwell, Tribal Council Chair, Mashpee	
	Wampanoag Tribe	
	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. SPEAL John	2013 Notice of Meeting and Agenda 2. February 28, 2013 Massachusetts Gaming Commission Minutes 3. March 20, 2013 Memorandum Regarding Recommendation Regarding Research Agenda Responses 4. List of Speakers for March 21, 2013 Public Meeting #59 5. Support for Speaker Requests 6. List of Public Written Comments 7. Public Written Comments SPEAKERS: John Ziemba, Ombudsman Mass. Gaming Commission Dr. John J. Sbrega, President Bristol Community College Cedric Cromwell, Tribal Council Chair, Mashpee

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1	SPEAKERS (continued):
2	Rep. Keiko Orrall, 12th Bristol District
3	Rep. Alan Silvia, 7th Bristol District
4	Rep. Shaunna O'Connell, 3rd Bristol District
5	Rep. Antonio Cabral, 13th Bristol District
6	Hon. William Flanagan, Mayor of Fall River
7	Hon. Tom Hoye, Mayor of New Bedford
8	Sen. Marc Pacheco, 1st Plymouth and Bristol District
9	David Alves, Councilor at Large - City of New Bedford
10	Allin Frawley, Vice Chair, Middleborough Board of
11	Selectmen
12	Kerri Babin, President and CEO Taunton Area Chamber
13	Marsha Sajer, Esq., KG Urban
14	Elias Patoucheas, President, Claremont Corporation
15	Michelle Littlefield, Chairman, Preserve Taunton's
16	Future
17	Thomas Flaherty, Vice President, Sprague Operating
18	Resources
19	Stephen Carroll, Real Estate Manager, NSTAR
20	David Fenton, Business Manager, IBEW - Local 223
21	
22	
23	
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Page 160 CERTIFICATE 1 2 3 I, Laurie J. Jordan, an Approved Court Reporter, do 4 hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and 5 accurate transcript from the record of the 6 proceedings. 7 8 I, Laurie J. Jordan, further certify that the 9 foregoing is in compliance with the Administrative Office of the Trial Court Directive on Transcript 10 11 Format. I, Laurie J. Jordan, further certify I neither am 12 13 counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the 14 parties to the action in which this hearing was taken and further that I am not financially nor 15 otherwise interested in the outcome of this action. 16 Proceedings recorded by Verbatim means, and 17 18 transcript produced from computer. WITNESS MY HAND this 24th day of March, 19 20 21 22 23 LAURIE J. JORDAN My Commission expires: 24 Notary Public May 11, 2018