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1	COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS	
2	MASSACHUSETTS GAMING COMMISSION	
3	PUBLIC MEETING #220	
4		
5		
6	CHAIRMAN	
7	Stephen P. Crosby	
8		
9	COMMISSIONERS	
LO	Lloyd Macdonald	
L1	Enrique Zuniga	
L2	Bruce Stebbins	
L3	Gayle Cameron	
L4		
L5		
L6		
L7	MASSACHUSETTS GAMING COMMISSION	
L8	101 Federal Street, 12th Floor	
L9	Boston, Massachusetts	
20	June 22, 2017	
21	10:00 a.m 4:02 p.m.	
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## PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Welcome,

Plainville. We are calling to order the 220th public meeting of the Gaming Commission on June 22, 2017 at our offices on Federal Street. First item of business as always is the approval of the minutes.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Yes.

Before moving them be approved, I noticed a minor typo at the 12:42 p.m. time in that Mr. Lagorio's name was misspelled as Lagoria. So with that exception, I move that we approve the minutes of the June 8, 2017 meeting of the commission subject to corrections for typographical errors and for other nonmaterial matters.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Second.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I had a couple of quick questions. The 10:51 mark as we introduced the conversation about gaming service employee about halfway down we note, it says, he noted that MGM comma Springfield. I don't know if we were

referring to MGM Springfield or MGM and the City of Springfield had both been advocating on that.

MS. BLUE: It's the City of Springfield as well as MGM.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Okay.

That's what I though. And then just a general comment, down at 10:59 when we were engaged in this conversation about gaming service employee, you know, more just a note about -- I know we can always refer to the transcript, but it seems a little light in terms of content about the discussion, and also the fact that part of the reason that we postponed a decision on the issue until today is that we wanted to make sure Commissioner Macdonald was here, so that was kind of a point, I think, we should include at least it in that paragraph.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: This is --

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: It's the one before.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: This is the one before. I made the same mistake.

last week.

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	Page 5	
1	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Sorry about	
2	that.	
3	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I thought so.	
4	Okay, anything else? All in favor?	
5	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.	
6	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.	
7	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.	
8	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.	
9	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes	
10	have it unanimously.	
11	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And there are	
12	two sets of minutes that we didn't approve,	
13	meeting minutes, correct, last meeting; are	
14	they pending?	
15	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: We didn't	
16	have a quorum.	
17	MS. BLUE: That's the agenda setting	
18	meeting that we had extra minutes, and	
19	we'll get them at the next one.	
20	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you.	
21	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So next up is	
22	Executive Director Bedrosian.	
23	MR. BEDROSIAN: Good morning,	
24	Commissioners. On 3A just a general	

update. I don't have much other than to say we are having our summer all staff meeting tomorrow, so a bunch of administrative issues to go over with staff then.

And on 3B I note that due to the Opening Meeting Law concerns, you've just been distributed approximately two and a half page memo, which I believe is actually in our packet also, but you couldn't see it until now. So I would just suggest that we just delay this meeting to give commissioners, other than Commissioner Macdonald, some time to review it at a break. And if they're satisfied after having reviewed it, we can take the SER issue up a little later in the agenda, if that's okay, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah, you said delay this meeting. You meant delay this topic.

MR. BEDROSIAN: Yeah, I'm sorry, delay this topic 3B, yes.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yes, I think that

makes sense. So that gets us to Item No.

4. Sorry, Director Wells and Loretta.

We'll try to give you a heads-up when we are going to get to it. We'll find you.

Director Vander Linden and troops.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: Good morning.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Good

morning.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Good morning.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Good morning.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: I am joined with Teresa Fiore and Marlene Warner, Executive Director from the Massachusetts Council on Compulsive Gambling. We wanted to just give you a status update on the work that we're doing toward creating a regional approach to voluntary self-exclusion. I have largely been sitting back from this specific project, though I'm very interested and think it's a fantastic idea.

So I was going to let Teresa and

Marlene kind of present this to you and,

certainly, Chairman Crosby, you have been a

huge champion on this issue as well. So I

know you have a lot of thoughts on it, too. So, Teresa.

MS. FIORE: Thank you. So voluntary self-exclusion is something in which we are mandated to implement in Section 46 of the Expanded Gaming Act. In addition to a statewide voluntary self-exclusion program, it also specifically calls for an interstate compact.

Now, it doesn't specify which states we are to work with. But we wanted to create local states so that it's easier for individuals who want to join a voluntary self-exclusion program to do so within this region.

Voluntary self-exclusion is a widely accepted practice in states which offer gaming; however, no regional model currently exists in the United States.

Now, details of the various individual programs vary widely by state. For example, term length is something that could differ in Massachusetts to

Connecticut. Trespassing is something that

can be charged in certain jurisdictions where it's not in Massachusetts for individuals who breached their voluntary self-exclusion.

Research shows that individuals who participate in voluntary self-exclusion experience a significant reduction in gambling problems. And those who pursue additional treatment after enrolling experience even more positive outcomes than those who do not.

So we know it's a good idea. When Massachusetts head out to create their own statewide program, we sought to create an engaged approach which ensures that patrons obtain assistance needed and is responded to in a respectful, timely, discrete manner all the while feeling supported.

So if you kind of go through the literature and talk to individuals who have enrolled across different properties, states and jurisdictions, they don't always have the best experience. Oftentimes, they could be enrolled by an untrained

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individual on the security team, for example. So we have all of our enrolling agents go through training by the Massachusetts Council on Compulsive Gambling to ensure that all those facets are met.

Although our own program is currently under evaluation, preliminary findings show that 89 percent of Massachusetts VSE enrollees reported being very or extremely satisfied with the program at follow-up. 86 percent of those found their experience with the Massachusetts program better than their experience with other programs.

Now, anecdotally, we do hear from a lot of enrollees that they do travel to other jurisdictions to enroll in their VSE programs. What our research has shown is that 81 percent of those individuals have also enrolled in a voluntary self-exclusion program outside of Massachusetts. know that the need exists. So the idea for this regional program is a direct response

to that.

So as far as our process, I'm going to hand that over to Marlene who has been working really closely with us.

MS. WARNER: Good morning.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I should just interrupt and say it was Marlene that actually started this whole thing. Marlene as the chair -- as the head of the Mass. Council on Compulsive Gambling orchestrates a New England wide and sometimes including New York kind of quarterly meeting of all the gambling councils on problem gambling.

And one of the things that she had envisioned and started talking about there was a regional approach to VSE, which exists nowhere else in the country. And then when we got involved, Enrique and I and Mark, we really thought that was a great idea and kind of took the bit in our teeth, but it wouldn't have happened if it hadn't been for Marlene's introduction.

MS. WARNER: Thank you very much,
Chairman Crosby. I think that -- I do want

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to give, you know, to your point, credit to really all the members of the Northeast Consortium on problem gambling who have been meeting since the 1980s. You're exactly right that it's been typically quarterly to two times a year, and that they recognize that people are out Gamblers Anonymous, a 12-step support program for people with gambling disorder will kind of take someone who wants to self-exclude on a casino tour and meaning they will go currently, which seems kind of ludicrous, but they will -- folks with long-term recovery will take someone who is new in recovery and wants to self-exclude and drive them to each of the casinos to self-exclude. It seems like a really ridiculous prospect for somebody who is trying to stay away from a casino to have to be driven to them to self-exclude.

So it was out of that idea that we really wanted to be effective. And, again, the Northeast Consortium is made up of clinicians, people who have similar jobs to

mine, state officials and problem gambling services, regulators, operators. So it's a nice group that where we really did have some very vigorous conversations.

I will say, though, it really wouldn't have gotten to the point where it is if it wasn't for the leadership of Chairman Crosby who did say great idea. We should stop talking about it and actually make this happen, and the Mass. Gaming Commission is willing to kind of think about some of that in the mechanism, so thank you again for the leadership there.

So, I think, what's amazing is that it's gone from a concept to reality quite quickly. And there -- we have participation from each of the New England states and New York to varying levels.

And, I think, we're continuing to work on that and figure out who is the appropriate person to give the green light to this process, but it is moving along. Sometimes more nudging is involved that we care to think about, but it's certainly moving that

way.

The other interesting parse that each of the partners have been willing to compromise. So Teresa talked about how, you know, there are different levels in terms of length of time or who does it.

People feel very strongly about their voluntary self-exclusion programs more than I think I realize before we started this process. And we are dealing, again, with some are regulators, some are operators, some are sovereign nations and they all have different channels through which they have to have processes like this approved.

So it's been a difficult road to negotiate at points but it's, you know, again, I really think because of Chairman Crosby's leadership and the Gaming Commission's work that we're going to get there.

I also just want to, I think, I would be remiss to not say is that one of the ways that we got here is because you had two legal interns who did a lot of the

background research, so both Judy and
Terrance were really vital in those early
days of doing the right research and
getting us to that point.

And, so, the process where we are right now is that Massachusetts is looking at maintenance and technology support and is thinking that the regional program will range between 5,000 and 6,000 people just at launch. What I hope for from this process is that voluntary self-exclusion, as Teresa alluded to, is one of the most evidence-based practices that is useful for someone who has struggled or been in crisis with gambling disorder.

One of the things that's hard about it is that it is difficult to negotiate in terms of process, and so we're trying to work on that. It's also difficult to find someone on the floor and to help them commit -- maintain that commitment to themselves that they are going to stay out of that casino.

So I'm hoping that through putting

all these really tremendous entities together that we can also think a little bit about how are we going to be more effective in helping people to do what they've come to -- come and asked us to do, which is to keep them out of the casino and keep them from gambling.

So the next steps Teresa is going to talk about.

MS. FIORE: So Marlene made a good point when she talked about how just at launch we're anticipating 5 to 6,000 people if this does go through. And part of the compromise is figuring out the great ideas which we have for the program and balancing that with the administration of it. How can we be realistic about the maintenance?

It's going to be really, really big and that doesn't even include the two resort style casinos that are going into Massachusetts, and we'll swallow the list even further. So, I think, everyone who has been involved to date has been really great and taking a little and giving a

little to get to our ultimate goal.

So we meet on a roughly a quarterly basis. That's not set in stone. Just we're working with a lot of different people and a lot of different places, so it's hard to get everyone on the same schedule. But our next meeting is slated for sometime in the early fall.

And what I do in between the meetings is I incorporate all the feedback into a working draft voluntary self-exclusion document. So we literally sit down in this room, and we go over all the changes that are made, and we continue to make changes for it.

But I'm happy to say that we're getting very close to what we would like to see in the final program, and we continue to work with other key stakeholders. So Tech has been really important to date and understanding how we're going to implement this on that side of things. Our next step will be to work closely with legal. So not only our legal team but the participating

jurisdictions and properties. They have their own set of concerns, and we're going to have to sit down and talk through those with them.

That is all I have for the next steps, and we are happy to answer any questions you have about the program.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Just basic, so a person would come to say our casino here who wants to self-exclude and, I guess, with their permission the goal is to get their name on all of these other states' casino lists.

MS. FIORE: Correct. So they would have the option to either exclude on the Massachusetts statewide list, or if they chose the regional list they would have that option at that point.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thanks.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But they can also choose by state.

MS. FIORE: Yes.

MS. WARNER: We should clarify that. So there's a bunch of boxes. They can

check all the boxes, or they can say I just want to exclude from Connecticut and Massachusetts or they could check, you know, New Hampshire and Maine and New York as well. So they really -- the ball is very much in their court. They can decide how that works.

commissioner zunigh: I feel I should know this but please clarify. The 5,000 to 6,000 initial size of the voluntary self-exclusion list, regional, would mean that there is existing in other states that would become part of the initial list or how is that number ascertained?

MS. FIORE: That's a really good point actually. That number came from one of our very first meetings when we combined the current list, but I don't know why I added it in here because we would maintain two separate lists. So if somebody is on the statewide list in any of the jurisdiction, they wouldn't automatically be rolled over to regional. It would be a

choice moving forward.

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COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes, unless

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they were given the choice.

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY: This list would

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actually start with 0.

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COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes. But there's a population, a universe of about

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6,000 people out there.

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MS. FIORE: Correct.

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MS. WARNER: And when people

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currently come off, and this is one of the

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points of decision at this point, is

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whether they will or won't go through an

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exit interview. Currently in Massachusetts

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they go through an exit interview. And at

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that time, we offer -- in Massachusetts we

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offer them all the resources, including the

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fact that we can help them get on the list

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in other locations. So maybe they'd come

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back on the list or they don't. They have

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that choice in Massachusetts, but they

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could choose to exclude from other places,

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so we could help them with that. But, yes,

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that's a good point.

mentioned trying to harmonize everybody's regs. in between all the states be it length of term for self-exclusion or even in some way states deal with the trespassing issues differently. Are those issues that can be harmonized regulatory or do some states have to go back and revisit their legislation?

MS. FIORE: Term length has actually been a fairly easy one. I am trying to think of some of the other issues that we run into.

MS. WARNER: One of the biggest issues has been whether the exclusion is for the gaming floor versus the whole facility. And that, I think, is going to continue to be a bit of a struggle even in Connecticut between the two casinos. One is the whole property. So whether you go to a show at Mohegan or you go anywhere, doesn't matter if you're excluded, you're not invited to be on the facility or at the facility versus Foxwoods is just the gaming

floor, so I think that's going to be a tough one still to negotiate.

answer, maybe you were going to make this point. Nobody is assuming that they'd have to go back to the legislative bodies to be able to implement this. Everybody is assuming that we'll work with the existing, you know, framework and some are different because they have different definitions like gaming establishment, and we'll just have to adjust by regulations or by practice.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: And wouldn't you just have to advise the person? Just so you know, if you exclude from this location, that means the entire property you couldn't go to a show. Do you know what I mean? Wouldn't that be enough?

MS. WARNER: I think we're trying to not get into having, you know --

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Having to tell them.

MS. WARNER: Just this long list of

things that --

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Because there's so many. We're talking 40 facilities.

MS. WARNER: Yeah. When you consider like, you know, New York, New York also includes other types of gaming, not just casinos. And, I think, that's the other piece we probably should have covered is that it's primarily casinos that we're talking about. But in New Hampshire, who doesn't have casinos, we're also talking about card rooms. In Connecticut they just approved slots at OTB. So trying to negotiate that and specify as much as we can without going overboard and they shut down and forget, right. So I'm trying to negotiate that.

We've also talked about having a common website or place where they can go and find out more details as well as, you know, one of the comments that came up last time was as facilities are built, the goal is to never contact anyone on the VSE list. So how do you give them updates without

contacting them is triggering them? So to have it on the website if they ever wanted to check and figure out how that worked.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Teresa, you mentioned some statistics that were you, I think, characterized as preliminary of 89 percent satisfied, 86 percent Massachusetts better than other states if my notes are correct. What was that; what was that survey?

MS. FIORE: So that's part of the Massachusetts voluntary self-exclusion evaluation, which will be available --

MR. VANDER LINDEN: We will have a preliminary sort of update report by the end of this month, but the full report we're wrapping up data collection and surveying participants. That won't be ready until next fiscal year.

MS. FIORE: But the researchers were confident enough with these numbers to share them with us with a disclaimer that they could change slightly, but that directionally I read them as pretty strong.

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MR. VANDER LINDEN: And we used
Harvard Medical School of Cambridge Health
Alliance just as we use them to evaluate
the GameSense program overall and
PlayMyWay.

anything that -- I mean, obviously our licensees are aware of the requirements. Other licensees in other states are aware of the requirements. But is there anything that the industry can be doing to help kind of finesse this forward? Thinking a group like the AGA which can talk to the industry in terms of getting them on board.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: It would be fantastic to have not just a regional approach but even a national approach, and that would take some serious leadership from organizations that have that type of national standing. The American Gaming Association certainly would be -- have that type of national standing. The National Council on Problem Gambling certainly has that national standing. It's a huge push,

but I don't think it's impossible. And there are examples of other countries that have a national voluntary self-exclusion list.

It makes sense, you know. We are focusing on the Northeast, and we're doing what we can recognizing it's a very tight gaming market, and we want to provide the best service we can for people that have experienced gambling-related harm related to casino gambling. But wouldn't it be great if we could have a national approach to voluntary self-exclusion.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We have kept Keith White from the National Council involved. He knows this is going on, and we'll try to -- if we get this done -- we will get it done. The question is: Will we get everybody to participate? But once this is done, then we'll start working with him to see whether there is a -- taking national would be a big, big bite but you never know.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I think maybe

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done incrementally, and this is one step towards that. I did want to mention one thing that was sort of highlighted, but it's one of the things that we've come to appreciate. We are the only ones that require an exit interview when coming off the voluntary self-exclusion. That brings -- I think, that is a big part of a therapeutic nature of this program, and I like it in concept and I think it's going to be a -- you know, it's a great approach. It will be evaluated and so on.

That has brought up, however, some important questions as to whether and how do we put this requirement regionally because others really don't and probably aren't expected to have that either.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Don't have the capacity.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Don't have the capacity to do that. I'd say that's the biggest sort of difference in terms of reconciling, you know, those things.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But we have agreed

that, as you know, to offer an electronic form and Mark has seen, at least Mark, maybe you too, Marlene, have seen the electronic self-interview, and it's pretty good apparently. So we've agreed with everybody that -- all parties have agreed that you cannot get off the list until completing an exit interview either electronically or in person.

We will continue to do it in person, and we'll try to encourage others to do it in person where possible. But where it is, though, at least will be in an electronic portion, which is a step in the right direction and everybody agreed to it right off the bat.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: That's a great idea.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Two other things.

One that we get, this is just anecdotal,
because we have the GameSense program in
place, it gives us the ability to deal with
VSEs in a much more sensitive way. Usually
it's done by the security people or the

gaming agents, and they're not very
well-trained in it, if they are trained in
it at all. In most jurisdictions, it's
considered a law enforcement function.
It's really, you know, you're a bad guy.
If you come in here, you run the risk of
arrest and so forth.

Because of our GameSense agents, it's a much more sensitive process. People are credited. They are heros to get on the list. Not bad folks to get on the list.

And we get constant anecdotal feedback from people who have signed up in other jurisdictions where it's been handled in this offhanded very sometimes authoritarian way versus our's. I think that's a real asset.

And one of the things we talked about and everybody has agreed to it is to do training, you know. We may provide the training, and so that the people who do intake other places will have an opportunity to get some of the training and experience that our intake people have.

One thing that is very striking to me, I must say, is there has been virtually zero chauvinism about the way I do it.

It's so commonplace for institutions to be committed to their own way of doing things, and that's one of the things you always run up against when you try to do a consortium effort like this. There has not been a word of that. Everybody has been quick to try to compromise where they possibly can, so that was really a real surprise.

Probably credit to you and consortiums sort of frame of mind.

Anyway, I just thought everybody would be interested in that. It's a great thing. It will be another thing, I think, we can take some pride in our whole responsible gaming package of programs, and we can make this happen.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Thank you very much.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you. No. 5,

	Page 31
1	Director Connelly. Paul, if you'll bear
2	with me, I'm going to run and get another
3	quick cup of coffee.
4	MR. CONNELLY: Not a problem.
5	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: No
6	reflection on your presentation.
7	MR. CONNELLY: It never is.
8	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Go ahead, Director
9	Connelly.
10	MR. CONNELLY: Great, thank you.
11	Good morning, Chairman Crosby and
12	Commissioners.
13	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Good morning.
14	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Good
15	morning.
16	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Good
17	morning.
18	MR. CONNELLY: This is really a nice
19	topic right now, because we're able to
20	issue the very first Commonwealth's
21	first gaming school certification. So
22	under 205 CMR 137, once the application for
23	a gaming school is deemed complete, the
24	Division of Licensing is to issue that

certification, but we have not done so yet because we felt it was proper to introduce it to the Commission first. And, also, moving forward I have with me Chef John Caressimo, who is the director of the CATCH Institute which contains the casino track.

So I'll give -- and I have Bill
Curtis, licensing supervisor who was
instrumental in helping go through,
frankly, the first of its kind application.
Not for nothing, but the application was
probably close to the size of the binder of
the mitigation fund you have in front of
you. So it was Bristol Community College
provided us with the welcome materials to
go through.

It's a very, very thorough program, and they have done a tremendous amount of work on it. Just, if you will, I'll provide a brief overview of the program.

And as I said, Chef Caressimo is here to answer any questions you might have.

So the casino track is part of an overall hospitality program under what's

called the CATCH Institute, which stands for Culinary Arts, Tourism, Casino
Management and Hospitality. So it is notable that anyone going through this track at Bristol Community College would be well-trained and well-educated to serve in a number of positions at the casinos in Massachusetts. So that in and of itself is really a great story. But within that, in the casino management course, once someone goes through the proper prerequisites with the appropriate grades, they are eligible to take two dealing classes.

So, currently, the school is offering blackjack, craps, roulette, poker and that's it. And, notably, and I think some of you have had the fortune of going down, they have a great lab, training lab. So in addition to in class didactic learning they go through and do training in a lab. I do know, I don't want to get you guys ahead of yourself, but they have shown us the seed of a surveillance lab which we maybe seeing in the future, which would

also be a great addition to their program.

I want to note that Bristol

Community College, in particular Chef

Caressimo, was a great partner in this

process. Like I said, it's the first one

we've looked at. So there were certainly

some questions and we had -- they were

extremely generous in providing us not only

tours of the facility, access to all the

information they had about the program.

But we also had some good back and forth about the course hours, and they notably adjusted some of the hours to make sure they met the regulatory requirements, which was no small fee because it wasn't just do it by fiat. They had to go in front of the curriculum committee and do a whole number of things, and at no point did they give us any trouble whatsoever. It was a great partnership, and I wanted to thank them for that.

With that, like I said, we're prepared to give them the certification but I wanted, frankly, Chef Caressimo, who is

the star of the show, I wanted to make him available for any questions you had.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I just,
Director Caressimo, sorry about that, I did
have the opportunity to come down and see
the program, very impressive how your
staff -- how hard everyone is working to
conduct the research, what will would be
the best programs. And I know this was new
for you. This was new for us to be able to
license, and the location is ideal.

I think eventually there will be a casino in Southeastern Mass., and I give you credit for being the first in the state to take this leap and to put the work in and the time, and I know you have students and it's just terrific, so congratulations.

MR. CARESSIMO: Thank you very much.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I echo that.

This is early on we were excited about creating a partnership with the community colleges, and we were thinking about it just from the gaming aspect, you know, how many hours of blackjack instead of kind of

following the Atlantic Community College curriculum. You guys have taken it to the whole next step, a whole nother level in terms of general introduction to any number of topics that are connected to the gaming industry coming into Massachusetts, so we are excited about that.

I did have one question. Is there an opportunity -- I think we even talked about this at our meeting out in Springfield -- about using the credentials of the students will obtain to kind of build onto the other pieces of the degree, you know, kind of those stackable credentials from some of the programs that you're going to offer? Can you just remind us about that?

MR. CARESSIMO: Initially the students who come in initially will be signed up in a degree program. We're currently working with our workshop area of the college to create a stack of credentials where if a student is coming in and just wishes to get the training to the

Page 37 1 dealing courses, then they will be able to 2 take the prerequisite courses and the 3 dealing courses. And if in the future they 4 decide to return to Bristol Community 5 College in any degree program, they will 6 receive the credits that the courses carry 7 that they were enrolled in, and they can either use them in the hospitality degree, 8 9 or they can apply them as elective credits 10 to any other program that they choose. 11 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: That's 12 great. And correct me, did you also do 13 some ServSafe training for folks out in Plainridge? 14 15 ServSafe training is MR. CARESSIMO: 16 in there. Initially it was in there with 17 the culinary arts program, yes. 18 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: What is that? 19 that's the alcoholic beverage --20 That's food service. MR. CARESSIMO: 21 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: That's food 22 preparation. 23 MR. CARESSIMO: The alcohol is the 24 tips.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I know you have been before us, Mr. Caressimo, but perhaps as an overview, can you give us a sense of the current pipeline of students that you have, the interest -- the level of interest, the expected enrollment or things like that?

MR. CARESSIMO: That's problematic.
We've had 9 to 11 students enrolled in this
past semester taking the introductory
courses. And currently right now I have 17
on the application list who are in various
stages of completing their application
process. They need either transcripts or
testing or an applicant orientation
meeting.

So if things work out the way they should, we should have a class of around 8 to 10 for the fall. But students like anybody else, unless they see bricks-and-mortar in front of them, they don't make the leap of faith connection that, you know, the jobs are out there.

So I would think that once the

. .

Mashpee Wampanoags get their final approval and we start to see something rising there, I think that will renew a whole new spirit with the students, and that should bump up the enrollment. The other thing is, obviously once we have this in hand, in the next two to three weeks we're planning on a ribbon-cutting ceremony, to which obviously you all will be invited. And with the resulting promotion, with that we would anticipate a slight increase in the number of students coming in.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Do you typically get commuter students, I take it?

MR. CARESSIMO: When you say "commuter students," we have students who have come from as far away as maybe 50 or 60-miles who make that round trip every day. We have no boarding facilities. I doubt anybody is coming from any further distance.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right, right.

I was thinking of Western Mass. of course
as the next -- or the brick-and-mortar that

is actually already showing.

MR. CARESSIMO: We have been talking with the vice president from MGM. She was down last week, and we were talking about the possibility of cooperating in the training. Because obviously regardless of how good any of us are, there is no way we can train everybody that's going to be meeting over the next two-year period. So there's certainly going to be a lot of collegiality and cooperation that's going to be necessary among schools and the casinos.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Well, while there's been the unfortunate delay from the perspective of the tribal casino across the street from your facility, and I was part with Commissioner Cameron of the tour there and I was very impressed by it. But we do have the prospect -- not we. But there is the prospect of a casino in Tiverton.

MR. CARESSIMO: Tiverton also, correct.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: And if my

understanding of the geography is right,
that's even closer to the main campus of
Bristol Community College than Taunton
would be. Is there a prospect here of
being able to direct the students into the
pipeline of the Rhode Island casinos?

MR. CARESSIMO: Yes, there is. I know Twin River does a great deal of their own training, you know, a lot of that. But just the other day, I received a phone call that the casino and games manager from Twin Rivers was at the site visiting it. So I'm in correspondence with him, and hopefully something can be worked out in the future.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. And obviously Wynn to I assume your -MR. CARESSIMO: Absolutely.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You know all the Wynn people as well. Great, congratulations.

MR. CARESSIMO: I don't want to stand in the way of planning a ribbon-cutting so here is the certification, and it really represents a

	Page 4
1	tremendous amount of work on their part
2	putting together a program that everyone
3	who saw really commented it was a great
4	program, and it's going to do a lot for a
5	lot of people.
6	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great,
7	congratulations.
8	COMMISSIONER CAMERON:
9	Congratulations.
10	
11	(Round of applause)
12	
13	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Can we hear
14	from the chef?
15	MR. CARESSIMO: Thank you.
16	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Next up oh no,
17	you have another item, sorry.
18	MR. CONNELLY: I do, I do. But I
19	have to apologize. I may have called I
20	wasn't there isn't a vote on this, but I
21	did want to brief you regarding a gift that
22	the Division of Licensing received. So one
23	of our non-gaming venders company called
24	Palmer (phonetic) Acquisition Corporation

was so pleased, frankly, with the job that Bill Curtis, licensing supervisor, did helping them through the process not only through our process but in also getting certification in Massachusetts as a minority owned business and a veteran owned business that they were gracious enough to send us a gift, which we are in the process of returning.

But it's really -- it's a unique gift, because the person who sent it was a professional baseball player of great renowned, World Series champion and sent us a bat that had he had written on it to the Division of Licensing -- sorry, I'm starting to get choked up. It's so emotional -- to the Division of Licensing, thank you so much for your patience and professionalism. Good luck and very best wishes, Garry Maddox, Phillies 1980 World Series champions.

So it was really -- it was an honor to receive it, and I think it was great and it reflects on it's, you know, again, just

another example of the great job that the team does and Bill in particular. But, unfortunately, as one of our registrants, even if there were a question that we could receive it, we didn't want the appearance of any impropriety.

So we've contacted Mr. Maddox.

We've told him that, you know, we are returning it. We may take pictures with it before we do, but that remains to be seen.

But it, again, the value and the message of the gift will never leave. It's been expressed, and so we are appreciative of that. We'll be boxing it up and returning it shortly. So I just wanted to give you an update on that.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Very sad occasion that we have to return it. But I, you know, I personally have heard this a number of times from a number of small businesses that talk about, not you specifically, Paul, but your team of course, as to how helpful, you know, people get calls back saying, you know, just

circling back with you anxious to see if you're helping to complete the information that we've asked for all in a professional and courteous manner, and this is kind of a very nice show of appreciation for Bill's work and the work by the rest of the team.

I wish we had a picture of Gary, because he used to have those crazy mutton chop kind of beard and mustache when he was playing.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: What's his connection to the organization?

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: He has a furniture -- office furniture store, so he is now a vender of casinos.

MR. CONNELLY: Life after baseball.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: He can come visit

anytime. We can accept a visit.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I suggested to Paul we should have him come visit because we also found out, I think, in this process that he is also an Army veteran.

In thinking, you know, ahead as we try to promote our engagements and our licensees' engagements for veterans that we have him

up and maybe come visit as a guest during Veteran's Day time period. Because, you know, certainly can help us draw some awareness to the opportunities that veterans have through this whole vending opportunity, so sorry to see the bat go.

MR. CONNELLY: Exactly. We certainly have let him know if he had reason to be up here, we always like to meet our venders. Just as a note, it's funny because, you know, we were working -- when Bill was working with him, you have no idea who someone is. And then only after the process is pretty much complete does he indicate, oh, by the way, I'm the guy who played for the Phillies. You know, so it's great.

It's just a really -- and that's one of the benefits of, you know, in the division is we do get to work with so many different members of the public both individually as licensees and venders and we get to see a real, you know, broad section of what's going on in terms of the

venders out there. And you think competitively someone might throw that out as first thing to grab attention. He waited until he was all the way through the process, oh, by the way, you may know my name. It was really a great story.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: It wasn't a Yankee, but Bill still accepted the bat.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I know those bats go for a lot of money. I play in a lot of charity golf tournaments, and I know they go for a lot of money. So he was giving that away, because of the work that your team did, and that's really a tribute to Bill and the team.

MR. CONNELLY: If it goes on eBay, maybe there's another division of licensing that will buy it.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you for sharing that with us.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes, thank you. I actually just want to mention something. I have pretty much mixed feelings on this. I have found myself

personally to be in the position that you are returning a gift that's of monocle value. But according to our enhanced code of ethics, we are not to accept any gift for the work we do.

I always go through the calculation of it feels like I'm offending somebody by returning what's clearly came after the fact. In my case it was just an appearance for a speaker's bureau, and they just gave me a gift card with a thank you note. But even that, you cannot go wrong with our ethics expectations and whatnot. Returning it with a thoughtful note that lets them know, that context I think is really appropriate.

MR. CONNELLY: And it did and selfishly it did being able to discuss it provided us the opportunity, again, to highlight the great work of the team that I have. So any chance I get to do that, I'll take.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Great, thanks.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I'll add my two cents worth, Bill and Paul. You've heard me say many times about how important customer service is to me and to this organization and the value -- if it's in our value statements, we talk about wanting to be -- having a really proper customer interface no matter their point of view or point of entry. And point of entry licensing, like VSE, that could be a command and control function. That can be one that you take on almost a law enforcement attitude and, you know, lots of people do.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: What does that mean, "a law enforcement attitude"?

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Sorry, a punitive

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: An intimidating one.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: She knows what I mean. She's just giving me grief. But, anyway, you know, like our voluntary self-exclusion, it can be done as a

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1	security authoritarian kind of approach or
2	it can be done in a very collegic,
3	collateral approach and you obviously are
4	distinguished in doing it that way, and I
5	really appreciate it. I think maybe
6	tomorrow in our whole staff meeting, if you
7	didn't have this on the agenda, I think it
8	would be worth having Paul tell that story
9	so the whole staff hears.
10	MR. BEDROSIAN: Sure.
11	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great, thanks.
12	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you.
13	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD:
14	Congratulations.
15	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Now Mr. Lennon.
16	MR. LENNON: Good morning,
17	Mr. Chairman and Commissioners.
18	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Good
19	morning.
20	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Good morning.
21	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Good morning.
22	MR. LENNON: A quick sidenote to
23	that bat story. It's actually a great
24	thing that licensing is doing, because they

are giving us additional venders. As you know, you hold us to high standards for minority, women and veteran owned businesses on or own spend.

When WB Mason bought out New England Office Supply, we lost a woman-owned entity for office supplies. We are actually working with one of our registrant venders to see if they can meet prices or beat the prices that are offered by WB Mason, and then we'll both get minority and veteran status for that spend. So not only is it helping the casinos, it's helping us internally as well to meet some of our requirements.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great.

MR. LENNON: But that wasn't why I was here to present. I'm here to present on the 2018 budget. On June 8th, we presented to you staff recommendations for the fiscal year 2018 budget. In your packet, you have the memorandum from the 8th, as well as all the accompanying detailed budget documents that were

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1	presented. We opened up our budget for
2	public comment. We received two comments,
3	which are included in your packet.
4	And at this point, we're here to
5	discuss anything now that you've had a
б	chance to take in more of the information,
7	hear the public comments and hopefully
8	approve a budget so we can move forward
9	into July and start billing our licensees
10	for their share of the assessment.
11	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And by the two
12	comments, you mean the letter from MGM and
13	the Attorney General's office?
14	MR. LENNON: Correct.
15	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Are they in the
16	packet?
17	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yes, back of
18	budget.
19	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.
20	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Back of the
21	six.
22	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yes.
23	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I feel like
24	I'd like to make a comment, maybe not a

question but a comment on a couple of the topics from the MGM letter that, I think, are relevant for us to discuss or, if anything, just for the public to understand.

In their letter, MGM suggests that we scrutinize or audit the cost of the attorney general, and that's authority that we simply don't have. If anybody is going to audit those costs, that would be the state auditor and, you know, we don't have input into the audit problem of the state audit.

There is another element that they talk about that we could consider but perhaps really explain of what we do, which is what we do in our budget. We provide a number for planning purposes for the assessment, and we bill quarterly based on the costs as we incur. And there's usually a reconciliation of sorts or an assessment that takes into account prior expenditures and non-expenditures that effectively chews up, you know, whatever may be unexpended,

which we continue to do and we'll continue to do in any expenditures that are any part of our budgets.

There's for sure a final reconciliation that we do at the end of the fiscal year and any unexpended moneys simply get credited to the next quarter assessment. So when they mention that there is a front loading, I think, I don't know if that's the term, of costs, well, this is really the nature of how we assess our costs and we reimburse and offset relative to prior costs.

There is little that we can do. I think we are doing what's reasonable in terms of making sure there is not a big balance, let's say, in our accounts at the expense of the licensees. Do you want to expand on any of that, Derek?

MR. LENNON: So I agree with you on the auditing side. So it's not a grant that we are giving out, so we don't have the same authority that you would typically have under a grant. The statute clearly

gives them money as long as -- and within the statute, it says that it's up to them to make sure there is no duplication. So, I completely agree with you there. We don't have auditing capacity.

On the front loading reimbursement, we could ask for reimbursement but we have to ask the state control's office to also give the attorney generals the authority to spend into a negative on that account and then reimburse them for actual expenses.

That's not how the state accounting system is set up.

The way it's set up is you have to give an ISA with funding up front, absent the authority to allow account to spend into the negative. So I'd have to go through that with the control's office.

It's going to be basically the same thing.

It's just we wouldn't be assessing up front and loading the money into their account.

It would be them spend into the negative and then reimburse the account.

So that's more of a technical. I

can't really tell you which way the state control's office would come down on that, but it's a request we can make. It's not going to change their operations one way or another. So, I thoroughly agree with you on both aspects the way it's kind of set up right now.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But the statute does say reimbursed, doesn't it, pretty clearly?

MR. LENNON: It does say reimbursed. But you can could also look at it as -- I mean, it doesn't -- the way Chapter 29 finance law goes, you have to have the specific authority to spend an account into a negative, so there is somewhat of a contradiction there. And we would be asking the controllers to take the leap of the intent was to allow to spend into the negative without the language there.

I mean, once again, it's one of those things I don't think it really changes the impact. It's just we wouldn't be building it into the budget. We'd just

be sending the licensees a bill on top of whatever our assessment is at the end of each quarter.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And that's, frankly, that's a request that we can make of the controller.

MR. LENNON: Yes, we can work that one out.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: If it's too much to do, if they don't want to change procedure, we can simply continue as going. This is only a cash flow on reimbursement timing element, but it gets technical in the notion of, you know, having the authority to spend moneys into accounts that go into negative.

MR. LENNON: And a positive I saw from the two communications was they asked for discussion around the budget, and it seemed like in the attorney general's response it said they're open to discussing the budget. So, I see a positive there through the communication.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: In reading

the two letters, I think they have a disagreement on the interpretation of the statute. And, certainly, the attorney general as the chief legal official, as well as the chief law enforcement official for the Commonwealth, I certainly give deference to the attorney general on how they interpret the statute. I have been reading those two letters. That seemed to be the issue.

It wasn't -- they understood that they weren't going to question investigations, and that's certainly an area in which, you know, when we talk about auditing or reimbursements, I mean, you just don't know when you start an investigation where it's going, how much it will cost to complete because, you know, you just don't know. The circumstances change so --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Actually, that reinforces I think why the reimbursement idea might be, which the statute calls for, might be a better way to go because you

don't know.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Then you upfront the money and get reimbursed.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: If the controller is okay with it.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I think that's difficult for an agency that is --

MR. LENNON: So they wouldn't be upfronting the money if the controllers authorized it. What we do is we'd give them an account and the Commonwealth will be upfronting the money. So the account will spend into the deficit -- similar to how federal grants work -- they spend into the deficit and then you make a reimbursement request on a timing schedule, and then the Commonwealth is reimbursed for that.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I think the difference in interpretation that is highlighted in the letter is relative to going in excess of \$3 million, which I agree with you that, I think, that deference is afforded to the attorney

general as to whether, you know, the costs on the cap include the state police or not. I see it one way, but they see it another way and I'll defer to them.

The one thing that it begs the question, I think, which is also part of the letter, is if they're at a level that is nearing the cap when there is one -- there is only one Category 2 operating what might anybody might expect relative to the next Category 1s and but, again -- then again, it's not for us to question the reasonability of those resources.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: No --

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: We don't have that authority, and that was part of my point.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: But they're doing much more than -- there's a whole illegal gambling around the entire state piece of this as well as preparation and work done in the communities in which there will be casinos.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Understood.

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COMMISSIONER CAMERON: So, I think the operation is much bigger than one small casino.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Understood, understood. It's still a relevant question that, again, it gets posed to us. I cannot answer that. The one thing that we do have and we can highlight this as part of the reimbursement piece, those expenditures are supposed to be making sure that there is no duplication of efforts. That's an area that we, you know, we really need to understand and inquire where possible or make sure that the division understands that there is no duplication by understanding the wrong costs.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I think you'd be -- well, I know about the communication that takes place between our IEB and the attorney general's unit, constant communication, constant sharing of information, and part of that is to make sure that they are not duplicating their efforts.

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So, I know that those relationships are sound and there are lots of communication and a really good system where the higher level cases are turned over to the attorney general's office from our IEB. So, I think, that that work is being done.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's fine.

The only point is that MGM raises it, and it occurs to me that they don't understand that. That's important for us to highlight.

question as to process. Once again as the relative new guy on the block, there are a couple of issues that have been raised by MGM here. One of them is the forward funding issue, and the other one that comes to mind is that they are objecting to them being assessed for costs of the attorney general's unit that pertains to just illegal gaming gambling in general, something that presumedly has preexisted the 23K.

How do these issues get resolved; are they resolved before us or are they resolved before the controller or the courts?

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I don't know that there's a reason to resolve. I think that there were limited resources before that the state police utilized and some of the DA's offices if they were aware of an illegal gambling case, and they had the resources to handle it. I just attended a conference in which I sat on a panel in which this was the topic.

And, frankly, folks from around the country were really intrigued by our system in which some moneys were dedicated to the attorney general's office for gaming-related investigations. I think, I think there were a limited amount of investigations that occurred before moneys were dedicated for this, and I think there is a -- there are more resources now to handle those illegal gaming operations.

And I have to tell you with my

experience in Atlantic City because there were so many casinos, they were really very encouraging to the state police in New Jersey to handle these matters, these cases, because they did feel like it had an effect on their operation. A lot of illegal slot machines, for example, around New Jersey. The casino operators were encouraging to us, and we had the moneys from gaming to handle some of those investigations. So, I don't see anything that has to be resolved frankly.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: There appears to be an issue here. My question is: What's the forum for the resolution of the issue here?

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Well, I think

MR. LENNON: For the reimbursement, I'll take this up right after. We just got these letters, so I'll take this up this week, next week and I'll have a resolution for you hopefully by the next public meeting.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: And your point was well-taken in that the offer was made to have further dialogue by the AG's office and our operators, so I think that communication will be helpful as well.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's on the issue on reimbursement. On the other topic that you're talking about or we're talking about here relative to the gaming-related crimes, the statute seems broad enough to encompass just what Commissioner Cameron is saying. Now --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And we participated with them in a discussion about illegal gambling.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yes.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: It also includes -- I don't have the four elements of the statute here. But the other one is referrals that we make to the division on matters that they will pursue and the illegal gaming is one that we refer, illegal slot machines sort of at the request of the lottery.

The lottery feels that there are many elements of slot machines that are illegal being used next to lottery signage that would appear to make them legitimate. So we simply referred that matter. I note that there was an element recently some kind of a case. Could you refresh my memory?

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Can I interrupt there? Because Commissioner Macdonald was not raising the issue about whether or not we should pay for investigations in -- or the licensees should pay for investigations in illegal gambling. He was saying if there is a dispute about how this gets forwarded, what is the process for doing that? That was your question. And, I think, that's a very interesting and complicated and maybe even troubling question.

This is one of these -- I mean, I think the statute by saying that we reimburse for costs incurred inherently implies a sort of reasonableness standard

that is presumed that we will be given costs. We understand that there are costs, and we will then be reimbursed for those. It's not being done on speck.

And we're in this funny business, and we've experienced this ourselves, where, fortunately, under our statute our expenses are paid for by our licensees if we say so. That is subject to abuse, you know, if we want to do it. We know that it creates real tension with our licensees.

We have made the decision to be incredibly transparent and to put ourselves out there and really go over these numbers with a fine-tooth comb in order to make the licensees feel like at a minimum they've had a fair shot to scrub the numbers, and that we are as transparent as possible. Transparency is more difficult for a law enforcement agency for all the reasons we've discussed a million times.

Nevertheless, I think that need for transparency for the reasons we are now discussing, in order to make this system,

which is based on trust and effect, can work.

But I gather -- I just read -- I was on a plane and read the letters on the plane, but I'm not that familiar with the content. But from what you're saying, the attorney general has already said that they would be willing to discuss in more detail. And, I think, for the moment that is where we should leave it.

I think if the attorney general, who is here, and has made, you know, heard through Mr. Riley has made -- Healey, sorry, has made her willingness clear, and they ought to have those conversations and, hopefully, they will lead to, you know, a commonsense satisfaction. I'm sure they will, because I'm sure the attorney general put forward commonsense expenses.

If there are still issues,

Commissioner Macdonald, then we have to

figure out whether we have any role in

that. But I think at the moment, I'm

letting them continue their communication

and see whether they can come to agreement through an as transparent process as possible that works as it has for us.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes, I think that's completely right. I would just say one thing that, you know, before in terms of forum, it occurs to me that it would be the state auditor if they wanted to look into this, and I don't know if there are plans about any agency, they could and that they could call for an opinion however they wanted to offer it if they decided to look into the costs of the attorney general in this matter.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Is the attorney general audited like we are? They must be.

MR. BEDROSIAN: They are.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Whatever the process is. Yes, right. Thank you, Mr. First Assistant. So the attorney general is subject to the same rigor that we are. So let's -- if everybody is okay with that, let's leave it where it is for the time-being. There will presumedly be

1 further discussions, and we will see where, 2 if anywhere, there is left for us to go 3 later on. 4 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But Mr. Lennon will ask --5 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You're going to 6 7 follow-up. 8 MR. LENNON: Correct. 9 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That seems to me 10 is important. If it can't be done, if the 11 law asks us to do something that we cannot 12 do, then I guess we don't do it. But if 13 the law asks us to do something which we 14 can do and it actually helps with this 15 transparency issue, then we will do it. 16 Now, that was sort of a sidelight, interesting sidelight to the overall budget 17 18 discussion. We talked about this now a 19 couple of times. Are there any other 20 questions or issues? 21 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: The budget? 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Budget, yes. 23 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I think we

had a very thorough briefing last meeting.

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I know I am certainly satisfied and pleased with the due diligence and the work that was done by the financial team. I think we are ready to approve.

add not just the financial team and the executive director but every department that really worked very hard to try to get the most reasonable number. We are always thinking about right sizing. Our activities always have changed, and our resources have to be allocated accordingly through the phases that we go, so the IEB, legal, everybody, responsible gaming, economic development, they all have a very thoughtful approach, and I think it's a great overall document.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I would agree. I think Director Bedrosian put it well when he said, you know, we're kind of at a perfect storm here. We're going into a budget season shortly before the opening of one of our Class 1 licensees, and that there's a lot of regulatory costs we need

to be mindful of. I appreciate the work of the MGC team. They kind of really keep that barebone and account for barely a percentage and a half -- one and a half percent growth.

But, you know, it's being prepared for what we know we are going to have to tackle this fiscal year for what will result in the opening of, you know, our first Class 1 licensee hopefully in September of next year, so I appreciate all the good work and due diligence.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And as a reminder, we might need to come back as, you know, two quarters from now or whatnot like we do with ever quarterly report to adjust with much better information depending on open dates and resource and hiring speed in anticipation of the exact date of opening of MGM.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And I really particularly have both as a prior conversation really appreciate your willingness to really sit down with the

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1	applicants, licensees on a multiple time
2	basis, I think, and take slings and arrows
3	and questions and critiques. They don't
4	necessarily agree, but I think they really
5	know they got a fair bite at this apple,
6	and we did push hard on our numbers, and I
7	appreciate that you were willing to go
8	through that process.
9	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Mr. Chair,
10	I'd move, unless there is other questions,
11	the Commission approve the FY17 MGC
12	operating budget of
13	MR. BEDROSIAN: '18.
14	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: '18, I'm
15	sorry, of \$29,152,556.87.
16	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second?
17	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Second.
18	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any further
19	discussion? All in favor?
20	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.
21	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.
22	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.
23	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.
24	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes

Page 74 1 have it unanimously. 2 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you. 3 MR. LENNON: Thank you. 4 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Good job. Now 5 start working on the 2019 budget. 6 right, next up is legal division. 7 MS. BLUE: Good morning, Commissioners. We have a number of 8 9 regulations to move forward in the process. 10 If you would look at Item 7A 1 and 2 and we move them together. This is the small 11 12 business impact statement for the racing 13 medication regs. We're asking you to approve the small business impact 14 15 statements as well as the version of the 16 regs. that is in the commission packet, and you have seen those before. And we're 17 18 starting the formal promulgation process 19 with this. We have already approved them 20 on an emergency basis, so they are in 21 effect. 22 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: These are the 23 harness horse racing?

MS. BLUE: The harness and the

24

1 thoroughbred, yes. It's the medication. 2 Predominantly it's the medication 3 regulations that we've seen before. We're 4 now going to hold our regular public 5 hearing and that process. 6 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I have a 7 question. In the packet, there are under annex one if you go to 32801, Subsection 1, 8 9 a few pages in, there are a lot of Greek 10 letters and they're exogenous --11 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You don't read 12 Greek? 13 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I used to when I was doing a lot of math and calculus. 14 15 And I was curious to see if this was a 16 formatting issue or if that's the way all of these substances are denoted? 17 18 MS. BLUE: That is the way they are 19 described for veterinary purposes, yes. 20 That's why I didn't retype them all, 21 because I wouldn't know how to type the Greek letters either. 22 23 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: You have to 24 look at symbols and word in special

screens.

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MS. BLUE: That's right.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's very time-consuming.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So we're working on 7A first, right?

MS. BLUE: Yes, 7A 1 and 2 if you could move those together. And, I think, we have provided a draft motion if you are so inclined. It will cover both of them.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Catherine,
I'm looking for it. For some reason I
can't seem to find it. There were some
attached small business impact statements.
Maybe it's not related to these or it's
related to the other measures, but it
talked the impact on small business and
referred to a number of licenses.

MS. BLUE: In this particular 7A 1 and 2, it refers to approximately three to four hundred licensees. That's because these regulations impact owners, trainers and veterinarians. We use that as a licensee number. That's not necessarily

the number of small businesses, because
those folks aren't all necessarily small
businesses.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Okay.

MS. BLUE: But it is in the small business impact statement for these two regulations, that number.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Can you help me out with that? Because for some reason I can't find it. Can you read me the language that talks about impacts, talks about the number and then there is a qualifying statement after that?

MS. BLUE: Yes, it says --

made a note. For some reason I can't find it. The note about there are approximately, again, as you pointed out, 325 licenses issued annually for the identified groups. But the next comment is, "However, a very small percentage would be classified as small business." I'm assuming almost all of them would be classified or considered a small business.

MS. BLUE: Not necessarily. If you're looking at the group -- if you're looking at the universe of owners, trainers and veterinarians, a certain number of veterinarians may be small businesses.

Owners may not. You could own a percentage in a horse, and that's not necessarily your business. We license people -- we took this number off of the number of licenses that we issue. You can get a license in a horse if you own as little as say 20 percent of the horse so...

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And that by itself doesn't make you a small business.

MS. BLUE: That may not make you a small business. That may not be a business you're engaged in. It may be some sort of an investment or hobby or whatever. But that's the distinction, but we thought it was important to look at the number of people we license in terms of trying to gauge what that universe might be.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I would be interested to see if we could clarify that

language a little bit better. If you read that as a standalone, small percentage is classified as small business, you know.

You take the SPA definition that's 500 or less. Certainly none of our licenses are awarded to companies with 500 employees or more. So just helping to make that a little clearer for the group that's going to read this, I think, would be helpful.

MS. BLUE: We can do that, yes.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Excellent point.

Anything else on 7A little i 1 and 2.

Somebody want to move?

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I'll move.

I move that the Commission approve the small business impact statements that's 205 CMR 3.00 and 205 CMR 4.00 as included in the packet and authorize the staff to proceed with the regulation promulgation process.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Second.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: With the suggested edit from Commissioner Stebbins, correct?

	Page 80
1	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Yes.
2	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Can that be
3	done?
4	MS. BLUE: Yes.
5	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: As amended
6	by Commissioner Stebbins' suggestion.
7	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Further
8	discussion? All in favor?
9	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.
10	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.
11	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.
12	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.
13	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes
14	have it unanimously.
15	MS. BLUE: Thank you. The next set
16	of regulations that you have, I think what
17	we will do is I'll do 7B 1 and 2 and then
18	7B 3, 4, 5 will be Mr. Grossman to discuss
19	with you, and they will be moved together
20	too. So if we do 7B 1 first, this is the
21	final promulgation process for this
22	regulation removing the name of the manager
23	from the alcoholic beverage license. We
24	have taken that through the hearings.

We've had that in front of you before.

So we would ask that you approve the amended small business impact statement and the form of the regulation, and we'll file it and finish the promulgation process.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Well, I'm noting here that this impact statements we have similar -- we have the similar point that Commissioner Stebbins made, correct?

MS. BLUE: Well, I believe it's a different regulation. This is the amended small business impact statement so that the number of small businesses would potentially be different.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes. But it's similarly ambiguous, because it denotes 400 licenses in this case and a small percentage would be classified as small business.

MS. BLUE: No. That's the one for number -- that's the one that you already approved. So for thoroughbreds that -- you're looking at 400 for thoroughbreds, and that's slightly more.

	Page 82
1	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But your point is
2	still right.
3	MS. BLUE: And we will have to fix
4	that one as well, yes.
5	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: No. 7B
6	there's no small businesses impacted by
7	this regulation. I stand corrected.
8	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But I would have
9	thought they would be. This is where
10	this is license holders of bars.
11	MS. BLUE: Well, this is in the
12	casino. This is the license that we grant,
13	so there is
14	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. And they
15	are all going to the licensees.
16	MS. BLUE: Yes, they wouldn't be
17	classified as small businesses.
18	MR. GROSSMAN: And we're just
19	removing names from the license. It
20	doesn't really do anything to affect it in
21	any way.
22	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.
23	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: It makes the
24	process a little bit easier.

	Page 83
1	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay, all right.
2	Do I have a motion on 7B little i?
3	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Mr. Chair, I
4	move the Commission approve the amended
5	small business impact statement and final
6	version of 205 CMR 136.08 as included in
7	the packet and authorize staff to take all
8	necessary steps to file the regulation with
9	the Secretary of the Commonwealth and
10	complete the regulation promulgation
11	process.
12	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Second.
13	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Further
14	discussion? All in favor?
15	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.
16	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.
17	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.
18	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.
19	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes
20	have it.
21	MS. BLUE: And then on 7B 2 this is
22	the transfer of progressive jackpots. We
23	have taken this through the process so far.
24	This is, again, an amended small business

1 impact statement so that we can finalize 2 the process. 3 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Are these the 4 ones for which we received comments from Scientific Games? 5 6 MR. GROSSMAN: No. Those are 7 actually the wide area progressive transfers. These just apply to the 8 9 stand-alone and local area progressives, so 10 it's a different set of regulations, 11 although it's the same content basically. 12 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I'll hold my 13 comments for the later ones. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any other 14 15 discussion? Do we have a motion? COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: We are --16 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 17 7B 2. 18 MS. BLUE: 7B 2. 19 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I will be 20 happy to make the motion that the 21 Commission approve the amended small 22 business impact statement and final version 23 of 205 CMR 143.02 as included in the packet 24 and authorize staff to take all steps

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1	necessary to file the regulation with the
2	Secretary of the Commonwealth and complete
3	the regulation promulgation process.
4	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second?
5	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Second.
6	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any further
7	discussion? All in favor?
8	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.
9	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.
10	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.
11	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.
12	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes
13	have it unanimously.
14	MS. BLUE: For 7B 3, 4 and 5, I'll
15	let Mr. Grossman speak to these
16	regulations. They are amendments that all
17	pertain to a particular kind of issue, and
18	they are all intertwined, so we'd have you
19	move them together.
20	MR. GROSSMAN: This set of
21	amendments pertains to the adoption of GLI
22	11. This is version 3.0 moving the
23	Commission from 2.1 to 3.0. It
24	incorporates, you'll recall, all the

skill-based gaming standards. So that's probably the highlight, if you will, of what's included in 3.0; though, it also updates the technical standards for slot machines and other devices and other ways as well. But it's the skill-based gaming provisions that have gained the most attention for sure.

We have discussed a number of these.

We actually received a couple of comments.

I would also point out that Floyd and John and I have actually discussed these regulations with Scientific Games based upon the comments we received, and I think we resolved any outstanding issues. We did make one adjustment that I'll point out in a moment.

And we also were on a call -- I'm sorry, GLI representatives themselves came to visit, and we had a nice discussion about these standards with them as well.

And, I think, it would be fair to represent that they supported the amendments that we were proposing here.

With that there are just two changes to the draft you've seen in the past that I would draw your attention to. The first is on page two towards the bottom you'll see in the green language there's an amendment made to the section that talks about the malfunction voids all pays provisions.

Here there was -- it's essentially the same except instead of requiring that a physical sign be affixed to a machine, this provision would now allow electronic display on a machine indicating that malfunction voids all pays. That was based on a comment we received from Scientific Games. As long as the message is displayed somewhere, we didn't see any problem with that.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Somewhere and at all times.

MR. GROSSMAN: At all times. So it could be just on the screen instead of a physical sign that is glued to the machine or something, so that's all that does.

On the next page, page three, you'll

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see this is the provision we talked about a little bit in the past where effort was made here to differentiate between an automatic amusement device and a slot machine to avoid problems in places like Dave and Buster and things like that. It's not a huge issue.

We did receive some comment that suggested that we might be getting a little ahead of ourselves, and this might be a little bit ahead of where we want to be. So to avoid any problems at the moment, I'd just recommend that we remove it. I think we're covered adequately with the existing language where a distinction is already drawn between the two.

The statutory language arguments could be made to cover the issue anyway. So, I think, we should probably step back from this particular proposal and maybe revisit it at some point in the future if it becomes relevant again.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: When you say "step back from this proposal," you mean this

whole reg. change?

MR. GROSSMAN: No, no. Just this one where we drew a distinction between an automatic amusement device, you know, the things with the claws that pick up the stuffed animals and things like that, video games and whatnot and actual slot machines.

The concern was -- the definition of slot machine in 23K Section 2 would seem to include these types of things, but the definition in the automatic amusement device chapter actually explicitly excludes them, but this was just an effort to draw a brighter line between the two. And we don't want to disturb any other issues that surround it. So for the time-being, I think it's okay to move away from this proposal and come back to it later.

We did also receive some comments from Penn National Gaming or Plainridge Park, I should say. There was an exchange between us and they, and I think some explanation as to what we actually meant by some of the provisions. One of them, in

particular, being the one where we talk about the need for a preventative maintenance program.

That was designed not for necessarily the slot machines and the mechanical pieces of the interworkings of a slot machine, but instead where you have games that you have dice that actually pop up or a roulette ball that rolls around that those particular pieces of machinery be maintained to avoid any warping or other types of issues like that. So I take it we're on the same page with them on all that as well, and I think we're covered with the rest of the comments with them.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I did have a couple of -- well, a question on the two comments from Scientific Games, the top two, and I was wondering if you could help me understand whether they -- whether and how they should cause us to revise any of the language here or it already has been addressed in one way or another.

MR. GROSSMAN: The top one -- you

1 mean the preventative maintenance program.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes.

MR. GROSSMAN: That's the one I mentioned --

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: You just did, yes. Then the second one is the skill games, 14301, Sub 1J.

MR. GROSSMAN: So this is an interesting one that kind of gets right to the core of skill-based gaming. There is a provision in GLI 11 3.0 that essentially says that these machines will be tested using optimal strategy, which means if you play the game perfectly essentially, it will pay out a certain percentage.

There are other ways of testing machines of course other than using optimal strategy. You could use average strategy, just the average person might play or you could use suboptimal or whatever strategy where what happens if you do the opposite of what you're supposed to do, what's the payout there.

And it was GLI after much

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deliberation landed on optimal strategy as the best approach. We collectively agree that that is the way to embark upon our 4A into skill-based gaming regulations. we also wanted -- all we did here is reserve for ourselves the ability in unique cases to ask the lab to test the game using some of these other methods. In the event -- and it's hard to even envision exactly what the issue would be. perhaps if a game is not paying out at a level that was expected, perhaps because of the skill or otherwise or what have you, that we may be able to explain that through other means of testing.

And, so, that was the reason we reserved that language in there. It doesn't say that we are going to do that or that anyone is required to do that to obtain certification for any particular game. But just that in certain circumstances, we may ask that that be done. I don't know if you have anything you would like to add.

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MR. BARROGA: So if a manufacturer to develop a game and we were to evaluate off the optimal skill and, for example, a game where you are shooting bow and arrows where the target is two times your bet, say that game is very difficult and only one percent of the players was able to gain that prize while the optimal pay is 20 percent, it could be very difficult and you may want to go back and review is this game fair to players. So this gives us a chance to allow the manufacturers to develop compelling product, as well as ensuring that the payouts are fair and what's expected for customers.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: It could considerably also allow us the ability to retest if optimal strategy changes or is further defined along the way, isn't it? Because I may argue that optimal strategy could have a number of different permutations.

MR. GROSSMAN: Well, that's an interesting issue in and of itself.

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Because how do you figure out what the optimal strategy is. And they at GLI explained have a whole team of folks who sit around and figure out how you will optimally play the game. The manufacturers may have some input into that as well. So it's just determining what the optimal strategy is is a whole science and probably art as well.

But that has been kind of determined to be the best approach for testing these particular games at least at this stage and the proceedings. And we'll, as with this whole thing, I think it bears repeating from earlier discussion we've had, this whole thing will need to be revisited periodically as skill-based gaming takes hold, if it does in fact takes hold, to make sure that we have the right standards in place. But for now with the forecast we have, these seem to be the right measures to it.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Sci Games said if we can't remove it, clarify when this might

be used, did you talk with them and they understood your reaction and they were okay with that?

MR. GROSSMAN: Yes. I think we said to them exactly what we just said.

MR. GLENNON: We had a conversation with them, and they were okay with the approach as long as they didn't have to --we weren't requiring this as a part of the production of the machine and the test results that provided the GLI in order to get a machine certified.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Right.
CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: The final question I had was on the session comment relative to the \$1,200 and how is it they -- what exactly are they asking here that we may or may not be addressing?

MR. GROSSMAN: Well, I think we were both attempting to get to the same point, but we're dancing to different beats but I think we resolved that. Ultimately, the purpose of our regulation and their concern

was to ensure that if someone is playing a skill-based game and is in the middle of the game and that the game won't stop and require that a tax report be filed, and that's what the session means.

In GLI 11 3.0, the term is actually defined to mean from the beginning of the game to the end of the game and not periodically in between. Like a slot machine, you know, you push the button and it's one and you're done.

With a skill-based game, there might be things that happen in the middle of the game. Maybe there are further bets that you make. There could be a whole host of different things that happen, and we don't want any of those to trigger a report to be filed because your win could fluctuate between 1,200 to 600, 1,800, you know.

So we want to basically figure out at the end of your game, once you're done making all the wages and the game is over whether you have hit that \$1,200 threshold or not. So that's why we draw the

distinction between a gaming cycle and a gaming session, and the terms are actually defined in the regulations. And once we've had this discussion, I think Sci Games was comfortable with that.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Sounds good.
CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All right.

Anything else on -- was that all of them?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Couple of

minor questions, but I should have no

problem.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So this is now 3, 4 and 5, right? We have a motion?

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Mr. Chair, I move that the Commission approve the amended small business impact statement and final version of 205 CMR 143.01, 138.56 and 139.04 as included in the packet and authorize the staff to take all steps necessary to file the regulation with the Secretary of the Commonwealth and complete the regulation promulgation process.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Second.
CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any further

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1	discussion? All in favor?
2	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.
3	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.
4	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.
5	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.
6	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes
7	have it unanimously. Before we do 7C,
8	let's take a quick break.
9	
10	(A recess was taken)
11	
12	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. We are
13	reconvening public meeting number 220. We
14	are on Item 7C.
15	MS. LILLIOS: Good morning,
16	Commissioners.
17	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Good
18	morning.
19	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Excuse me, just
20	one sec. I'm sorry, Loretta. I just
21	wanted to talk and give everybody a
22	heads-up about the schedule. I thought we
23	would finish up this Item 7C. We would do
24	8, and then we would have a lunch break.

No. But rather than take our lunch break, I've talked with Ombudsman Ziemba about whether we could move the Plainville item up so the Chief, the fire department in Plainville doesn't have to stay here all day long, and John said we could do that. So I thought we'd do that before lunch as well, and then we take a lunch break and we'll do SERs and the rest of the community mitigation stuff, if that works for everybody. Okay, sorry.

MS. LILLIOS: So this is a request for an adjustment to the regulation covering licensing requirements for gaming venders, specifically Subsection 4 of 205 CMR 134.04. And that subsection identifies categories of individuals who must automatically submit to the background qualification process for gaming vender applications. There are two categories of individuals in the current reg. that we are seeking to remove from the automatic qualification category.

First, under the existing

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regulation, inside directors and outside directors serving on the compliance or audit committees of primary venders, primary gaming venders, those folks are all required to go through the background process. And we are asking to remove outside directors from the automatic category knowing that we can perform a case by case review under our risk-based approach and capture them in our discretion if they have significant responsibility for the venders business in Massachusetts.

What we are finding is with the outside directors is that they can be a relatively high degree of turnover on their committee assignments, so we will identify an outside director serving on the audit committee. And within a number of months, the company has its annual meeting if the accompany assignments all shift and now we've got somebody mid-review and then need to capture a new person.

We would prefer to spend our resources really gaining and understanding

of how the compliance an audit process works in that particular company, what types of issues that they deal with and what their responses are to the issues and allow us discretion on whom to identify.

We also have the same request for discretion with respect to individuals who served in the sales function for both the primary and the secondary gaming venders.

Under the current reg., we must capture any person who will act as a sales representative or regularly engages in the solicitation of business from a Massachusetts casino.

And this requirement often results in the identification of many individuals from the same company. Like with a large slot's company that is selling both their slot machines and their systems, they may have three or four individuals on both sides of those equations that under the current reg. we must review and those individuals often have little to no decision-making power, and they often shift

jobs fairly frequently.

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So we are looking in the sales function as well to do a case by case analysis of the company and really focus on where we think any risks are. So, essentially, that is the request for this morning. But the item in your packet does present something with respect to 205 134.18. I'm asking you to disregard that. That is not on the agenda. We are not asking for any adjustments to that section.

We are asking for you to vote on this matter with respect to the qualifiers on an emergency basis. And the reason for that is that we have gaming venders in the pipeline right now both for their initial full licenses, for their renewal licenses and we would prefer not to ask those individuals to submit their paperwork, especially because some of these sale folks and outside folks have not submitted in other jurisdictions, so they would have to do it for the first time. And because of that pipeline process, we're asking for you

1 to adopt this by emergency promulgation. 2 COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Loretta, I 3 wanted to just follow-up on a comment that 4 you made about what we are not going to be 5 addressing that's in the materials. 6 the 134.18, duties of applicants and 7 licensees, Subsection 5, which is in our 8 packet? 9 MS. LILLIOS: That's correct. 10 COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: We are not 11 going to --12 MS. LILLIOS: We are not addressing 13 that today. That is not --COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Isn't that 14 15 the one that deals with 16 self-representatives? MS. LILLIOS: That's a notification 17 18 reg. and we have not discussed yet whether 19 even if we don't capture sales reps. 20 automatically, we may still want to be 21 notified of updates in the sale structure. That whole section on duties is under 22 23 separate review, so it was really placed 24 here.

1 COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: So what's 2 before us is that provision pertaining to 3 sales representatives that fall under 134 4 044 C. 5 MS. LILLIOS: B and C. 6 COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: B and C. 7 MS. LILLIOS: Yes. And the outside directors for the primary venders. 8 9 COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: 10 MS. LILLIOS: That's right, yes. 11 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Other questions? 12 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Just a 13 comment, I think, and I have had a chance to review this, so I understood it. 14 15 another example of, you know, start to do 16 the work. We are engaged in the process. 17 We have lessons learned, and you have 18 assessed the risk and decided that this is 19 an area in which poses much less risk, and 20 we're going to make the change. I think 21 that is a good thing. 22 COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I agree. 23 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I agree. You're 24 making no distinction between public

companies and private companies. Just corporations in general.

MS. LILLIOS: Correct.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: But still serving reserving your authority if somebody pops up, again, is not floating in and out depending on the gaming vender primary, not floating in an out of the audit positions. It's still reserving your authority if an outside director does come into play, we might have an interest in it, so you still have the flexibility.

MS. LILLIOS: That's right. In a couple of places in these regs., there are catchall provisions that gives us broad discretion to identify those individuals.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Just automatic you would have to do it.

MS. LILLIOS: Right.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Mr. Chair, I move that the Commission approve by emergency the amendments to 205 CMR 134 as included in the packet and authorize staff to take steps necessary to file the

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you.

MS. LILLIOS: Thank you.

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COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All right. So we are to 8, right? No.

MS. BLUE: Yes. I believe, it's

Item No. 8, the suitability determination
that you wanted to proceed with.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yes.

MS. WELLS: Good morning, Mr. Chair, members of the commission. On the agenda this morning are the results of the suitability investigation for Andrew Pacopian (phonetic). He's a qualifier for MGM Resorts. This investigation was conducted by Trooper Mike Banks and initial investor Paul Eldridge. I think Mike Banks may have done other investigations. I believe, this is Mr. Eldridge's first one before the commission.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: He is not here.

MS. WELLS: Well, there he is, okay. So an excellent addition both Trooper Banks and Mr. Eldridge to the team. So we're very pleased with how all that is going

right now.

Mr. Pacopian began working for MGM Resorts International in 2011. MGM Resorts International, as you know, is a parent company of Rutar Redevelopment, LLC, MGM Springfield, a Massachusetts Category 1 gaming licensee. In December of 2016, about six months ago, he was promoted to chief corporate counsel and assistant secretary. As a result of his promotion, he was designated to be an individual qualifier for MGM Springfield. He submitted all the required forms to the MGC, and his submission was deemed complete in January of this year.

The investigators conducted the rigorous background check prior to the qualifiers, including criminal history, criminal record, education, directorships, shareholder interest, civil litigation, bankruptcies, property ownerships, political contributions, references, media coverage, et cetera.

He was interviewed in person by the

IEB and state police, the financial investigators as part of the investigation protocol. Also Investigator Mr. Eldridge conducted a financial responsibility evaluation of Mr. Pacopian with positive results.

Mr. Pacopian attended the University of California in Los Angeles where he obtained a bachelor's of business administration in 2002. He then attended Georgetown University Law Center where he obtained a juris doctorate degree in 2005. As I've stated previously, he's currently the chief corporate counsel and assistant secretary of MGM Resorts International.

He started in 2011, and through
December of 2014 he was vice president of
deputy general counsel and then promoted
through December of 2016 to senior VP
assistant general counsel. And then as I
stated, he was promoted to his current
position in December of the chief corporate
counsel and assistant secretary.

Both the state bar of California and

the state bar of Nevada were queried as to Mr. Pacopian. He's active and may practice law in California. He is a nonmember attorney in the State of Nevada. There is no public record of discipline in either jurisdiction.

During his interview, he indicated he'd never been the subject of a complaint or discipline by any board or overseers court or magistrate relative to his conduct or work as an attorney. He currently holds one directorship as trustee of the Pacopian Family Trust.

He disclosed in his application and we confirmed he's never made application for or held or any kind of license registration for finding suitability in any other jurisdiction or gaming-related entity. So he has never been through the background process before. This is the first time.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the investigators determined there was no significant issues relative to

his application for licensure, and that he had demonstrated by clear and convincing evidence that he is suitable for licensure in Massachusetts and, therefore, the IEB is recommending that the Commission find him suitable as a qualifier for MGM Resorts.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Just one comment, Director. I believe that interview was conducted by video, correct?

MS. WELLS: Oh, is it? Okay.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: And I only make note of it because I know that is important to the industry that saves everyone a lot of time and effort if we're able to do that, and I just had a question about that. I know that we have been utilizing a technology of late and obviously without out any issue; is that correct? Investigators --

MS. WELLS: Well, we talked about -we actually had a conversation about that
the other day. There are pluses and
minuses with the Skype interviews. We try
to use so it can be a benefit for resource

1 allocation. An example where it's 2 difficult or there is a foreign translator, so you have not only Skype but it was also 3 4 a foreign translator in some of these 5 jurisdictions for some of these qualifiers. 6 So we're still evaluating it, but 7 it's worth to look at it as a tool. generally, it's always better to have a 8 9 face-to-face interview with anybody that 10 you have an ongoing relationship with, but we try to use it where it's feasible. 11 12 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Would it be 13 fair to say that obviously this applicant is very clean. 14 15 Yes. MS. WELLS: 16 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Extremely. MS. WELLS: Yes. 17 18 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: 19 decisions could be made if you had a 20 candidate who may have had some issues that 21 an in-person interview would be appropriate at that time --22 23 MS. WELLS: Correct. 24 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: -- where

someone of this level of -- I mean, there really were no outstanding issues. So that would be appropriate; is that what I'm hearing?

MS. WELLS: It's a factor and another factor is what the position is and what responsibilities the individual has. That would be a factor. You look at and see where do you want to spend your money on, where do you want to spend your time and resources. I think that there is no substitute for experience. And the more we do these, the more we are better able to judge which approach makes the most sense.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any discussion, further discussion? Do I have a motion? Commissioner?

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I move that we approve a qualifier for MGM, Andrew Pacopian? Is that --

MS. WELLS: Pacopian.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Pacopian, sorry about that. I heard you say it, too, but not a common name.

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1	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Second.
2	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Further
3	discussion? All in favor?
4	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.
5	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.
6	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.
7	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.
8	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes
9	have it unanimously.
10	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you.
11	MS. WELLS: Thank you very much.
12	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I hope we
13	ought to recognize the contribution of
14	Mr. Eldridge, who is in the room. It's his
15	first investigation, and it seemed to be
16	very nicely done and a great member of the
17	team.
18	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Well done.
19	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Congratulations.
20	So we are now going to take an item out of
21	order. We are on to Item No. 9, which will
22	be most of this afternoon an extended
23	discussion of applications for money from
24	the Community Mitigation Fund. But as I

mentioned, the police chief from Plainville is here to watch the discussion on his application. And out of deference his schedule, we're going to do that one first and then we're going to take a lunch break. Sorry, did I say police chief?

THE FLOOR: Fire chief. We're all the same.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Didn't mean to demote you there. Ombudsman Ziemba.

MR. ZIEMBA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman and Commissioners. So at the beginning of my remarks, I'll give you a little bit of an overview regarding the Community Mitigation Fund application process just because it provides a context to the Plainville-related applications. I obviously won't go into detail regarding all of the other applications at this time. But if you would allow me, I would like to just give a very, very brief opening contextual statement.

So thank you, Mr. Chairman and Commissioners. Today we continue the

review of the applications for the 2017

Community Mitigation Fund. On June 14th,
the Commission reviewed the recommendations
for the three workforce development pilot
program applications. Before you today are
the remaining 19 applications under the
four remaining categories of grants,
specific impact grants, transportation
planning grants, travel, gaming technical
assistance and reserves.

I'd first like to recognize the review time for this year's program, which included Commissioner Macdonald, General Counsel Blue, Chief Financial Officer Derek Lennon, Director of Workforce Supplier Development and Diversity initiative Jill Griffin, program manager Mary Thurlow and Construction Project Oversight Manager Joe Delaney. We'd also like to thank the administrative team of Maryann Dooley, Jamie Anderson and Mary for all of their assistance, including providing copies of the materials to the Commission and The Review Team.

So The Review Team has provided recommendations on this year's applications for your review. They are included in your packet. We are making these recommendations after a very thorough review detailed -- very thorough review detailed in your packet, which is being offered in the timetable that was anticipated in the guidelines that were published by the Commission last December.

In comparison to the funding that will be available after the four casinos are open, our resources are now constrained. Coming into this funding round, we received significant input from communities that urge the Commission to conservatively structure the program so that more significant dollars and resources are available closer to the opening of the four casinos.

We note the greater availability of future dollars makes sense, because the majority of impacts are likely after the casinos are operational. You'll see that

The Review Team recommends approximately
2.5 million in grant applications plus
approximately another 300,000 in the use of
reserves.

This compares to the 3.4 million in targeted spending proposed in the 2017 guidelines plus 300,000 in reserves allocated to the three communities requesting funding. Please note that these amounts represent the upper end of The Review Team's recommendation as these amounts include funding which was not unanimously recommended by The Review Team.

At a prior meeting, the Commission instructed me they would like to begin with this general overview of all the applications first, which I will dispense. Before the Commission begins its discussion of individual applications, I plan to provide a very brief overview of the applications that The Review Team found to be more straight forward. I'll provide more detail on those applications that involved significant discussion and debate

within The Review Team, and I'll provide more detail in those applications, which The Review Team does not recommend.

So even in the context of the Plainville-related applications, I'll give you sort of a very brief summary of the one that was recommend by the team in a little bit more of an expansive one that was at issue.

So based upon my understanding of how the Commission would like to proceed, with these brief -- after these brief overviews, we can discuss the 2017 fund in general. We can get into more depth on any applications Commissioners would want to discuss and answer any questions about the individual applications.

Commissioner Zuniga, you had mentioned before that you wanted a general discussion before we get to any specific applications, but I think we're going to proceed right into the Plainville-related applications.

Now, as we did last year, we do

apologize for the length of the summary memorandum. But as I understand it, there are hundreds and hundreds of pages of materials included in your packets today. Sorry for all of those materials, but we tried to put it together in a more understandable fashion using a coloring system that's reflected in the new criteria that we adopted for review of these applications.

So I'll try to make all of my reviews brief and understandable. So let me just jump right into the specific impact application from Plainville.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Which page is that in your memo?

MS. THURLOW: 18.

MR. ZIEMBA: So Plainville requests funds to cover fire equipment needed as an unanticipated consequence of having a multistory parking garage. Plainville has determined that it does not have an adequate fire prevention vehicle that could address a fire occurring in the upper

levels of the garage. Plainville requests funds to cover fire equipment to address vehicle fires in Plainridge Park's multistory garage, because it doesn't have fire apparatus that would fit into the garage. I believe in our meetings with Plainville, they noted that the clearance is 7 feet, which would not allow larger vehicles to get into the garage.

The Review Team was not unanimous on the significance of the impact in the town as it relates to this application. The Review Team does understand the resource constraints that exist and the impact of fire it has on the town and the facility. However, it's impossible to predict how often such a vehicle would be needed to fight such a vehicle fire.

Plainville explains that a vehicle fire can sometimes spread very quickly to adjoining vehicles and could impact the facility itself. The Review Team questioned whether such a fire truck would be unique. Plainville responded that

larger communities have greater resources to devote to such fires, and that this is an innovative method to safely address fires.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: John, what does that mean "other resources"?

MR. ZIEMBA: So in multistory garages, oftentimes you don't have a multistory garage in some of the smaller communities. I think Plainville's population is approximately 9,000. In larger communities, you might have a much more extensive fire departments that can devote many fire personnel to whatever incident occurs at the garage.

Part of the application that

Plainville was making is that when they

send these resources to address this

particular fire, it may actually meet call

upon adjoining towns to help with other

needs of the town.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But the issue wasn't manpower. The issue was a truck to get into the building. Does this mean

other like in Attleboro would have such a truck?

MR. ZIEMBA: So, what Plainville is noting is that they have to devote the manpower and the time to send enough personnel, basically one fire truck and an ambulance that accompanies most of these fires. And through all of those personnel, some fire personnel would have to run up three stories, four stories, they'd have to plug in one of the hoses — other fire personnels would have to plug in the hoses down at the base level to the truck in a time that is a very delayed process.

It devotes a significant portion of Plainville's resources to that one fire, and the concern is that that fire could spread to 1, 2, 3, 4 cars and potentially damage the facility itself causing potential safety concerns to the patrons and employees.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.

MR. ZIEMBA: There was significant discussion in The Review Team about the

importance of ensuring the safety of the facility, its patrons and employees.

However, The Review Team did not reach a unanimous decision determination on the need for the fire truck mainly for the reason that is really difficult to determine how many fires could, if ever, hopefully never, could occur in that garage.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes. I suspect it might not be a unanimous decision either from the Commission. But I had a couple of questions that will highlight my reluctance to look at this and approve this. And some of this is spoken in the materials, but I just want to sort of confirm a couple of things. Is the proposal that this fire truck be exclusively used for the event of a fire in the upper floors of the garage?

MR. ZIEMBA: No. We did some consultations internally with some of our colleagues that formally worked at public safety agencies regarding what is the

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typical requirement for public safety
equipment that is given to -- that is
granted to communities. And some of the
examples are, antiterrorism equipment. And
normally they don't come with any types of
conditions that they only be utilized for a
particular purpose of the grant, because
that would not be beneficial to the overall
safety of the community.

What we did note is that, I believe, that The Review Team we believe that Plainville is putting this forward specifically for the purposes of this facility rather than a general municipal purpose. As you know that we are very conservative when we review all of our applications on the mitigation fund that what is the primary purpose of the fund or what is the predominant purpose of the fund Is it just for a general request? municipal purpose, which is not available with the mitigation fund or is it really for the purposes of meeting a specific need tied to the facility?

And, so, what the town did say is they said, it is primarily for the facility. If there could be potential other uses, we had thought that maybe the apparatus was really going to be used by the town to fight small brushfires and maybe they had a need in the town.

The fire department told us that no, they already do have a vehicle, so potentially there could be serve a purpose of having two vehicles to get small brushfires but really predominately it was the purpose was the particular need of this facility, which was not addressed initially when they permitted the garage.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: So is it going to be parked at the facility?

MR. ZIEMBA: No. It's not going to be parked at the facility. It would be parked at the Plainridge Fire Department. Plainville Fire Department.

MR. LENNON: But in addition to those other uses, they also mention that ambulances can't get into the garage. This

vehicle would be equipped with medical equipment that could respond to those type of emergencies as well. So it's more than just that one use. We didn't want something that would collect dust either as a review committee.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That's not mentioned anywhere in the writing.

MR. LENNON: That was part of our review with them. So if it's not in writing, that's --

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: And, I think, it's important to remember that that garage was built -- that was not part of the original design. It was built in anticipation maybe of a license by the old racing licensees. So possibly if they had had the opportunity on their own, they could have changed the dimensions or whatever, but they didn't have that opportunity. It was there in advance of the license, the garage itself.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But that was built to code. That garage was built to

code.

MR. LENNON: It is built to code.

But one other thing to consider, and this is I looked at it as the same thing as an insurance policy, and this is a lot of discussion that went on with our review committee. If you get the type of fire that could possibly happen, and the probability is that is low, it could cause structural damage to the garage. You're going to shut down the garage. And how much money would you lose in one day post-gaming revenues compared to this vehicle?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But they would still be able to respond without the vehicle. They would still be able to respond to a fire however unlikely.

MR. LENNON: They would be able to responds, but in the time needed to -- as they indicated to us, these fires spread quickly. They go from one vehicle to another. There's gasoline --

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Does it jump

across parked cars that are not running?

MR. LENNON: Well, there's gasoline in parked cars. There's vapors in parked cars. Is there a possibility of a fire starting by smoking a cigarette next to a gas pump? Is there? So you're basically working off of an insurance policy at this point. And if you're willing to gamble closure of the parking facility for an extended period of time, then that's the way we looked at it as part of the nonunanimous decision.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: The licensees are required by statute to monitor the garage for minors. One could considerably draw the conclusion that there would be constant monitoring should a fire start in the facility, no?

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But they have cameras throughout it.

MR. LENNON: Correct. But this is dealing with response time. So is a fire extinguisher enough to put out a car fire?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Potentially.

Depends on the fire.

MR. LENNON: And that's the risk.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I actually think this is a worthwhile request. I'm persuaded by the fact that the trucks they have now do not fit and the time it would take to put a truck outside and then get the water inside, and I'm also persuaded by the issue of ambulances not fitting in this garage either. So, I actually -- I know it's a split decision, but I come down in favor of the majority on your team I thought this was worthwhile.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Is there
a -- typically you can, I mean, again, we
are dealing with a community that doesn't
have a similar type structure unlike
Springfield, probably unlike Everett and a
building code reflects a different solution
for dealing with these types of ailments.

At the same time, you know, all of us regularly go into other garages. You always see these enormous extinguishers on wheels. I'm assuming that's for the same

purpose, the capacity to put out a car fire. Was there any discussion, any consideration of, I guess, alternative means to the expense to this particular type of truck kind of in your conversations with the town?

MR. ZIEMBA: Yes. We did ask the fire chief about that question in our review meetings. One of the issues is that for one to be able to fully extinguish a car fire, you really do need water and that is provided by the fire trucks that are outside. I'm just trying to find my notes here.

So far 2010 the standard fulmen foam is used for vapor and fuel spills only.

Mr. Lennon also inquired about the use of a fire extinguisher in the garage as an alternative. Fire Chief Alexander stated that you need water in addition to a fire extinguisher to get the fire under control to completely eliminate the fire.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That's what he was asking about, the idea of these tanks.

MR. ZIEMBA: Fire extinguisher.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Not this kind of a fire extinguisher. This kind of a fire

extinguisher.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I'm thinking a fire extinguisher on the stairwells that has wheels that kind of like a little old-fashion. I think they still have the same purpose.

MR. ZIEMBA: I think that it's you need water to fully extinguish it.

MR. LENNON: Correct. So we dealt with that and they have chemical applications on some of their brush equipment too, which would be bigger than what you're talking about. But if you can't put it out and it jumps from one car to the next, you're in the same problem. And the timing capacity, we discussed this ad nauseam, the timing capacity to actually get the truck hooked up -- the fire truck hooked up with one team waiting for reserves to come in from another community but waiting for reserves who are out at

another issue to come in, another issue in town to come in to then hook up the truck to the drywell, get the drywell pumped, get up into the facility and then actually put out the fire in time so it doesn't jump is just somewhat unrealistic. Now, if you're willing to take that gamble, I see split decisions. It seems like a rather risky thing for a relatively small investment.

member of The Review Team and I think that my first reaction in going over the proposal was to be skeptical about it, but that the fire chief was here today did come in, made a presentation to us all the concerns that have been expressed amongst us here were put to him, and I was convinced that this vehicle really would add a material enhancement to the safety function of the town with regard to the parking facility.

And I just assume that you had a building, a large structure that you would have, you know, on every floor in the

parking garage, you know, a spigot in which you just put a hose on, and then you go out and put the fire out. That doesn't exist there. And keep in mind, this is a very small town. This is a small, small town. Fire resources are limited.

The chief also explained about the risk of the rapid spread of the fire within the confines of the parking facility, and that putting all those things together in addition to the notion that if not used at the casino -- parking facility at the casino, it could be of use for other emergencies in the town. The brushfires, I guess, there are a potential number of horse farms that there was a reference to it not being uncommon to have to respond to sportsman's equestrian accidents.

So this is not -- there is not a significant prospect of this machine just gathering dust for the possibility of a once in a decade fire in the parking facility. While we were not unanimous, I'm not sure what the practice is here. So

I'll shut it off. Well, it's not unanimous. This wasn't a five to four.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I guess the other question I had is Plainridge has now been open for two years. The use of the garage has been active for two years. I guess, if we can answer the question why are we just getting the application now knowing that we were leading up to it being almost two years.

MR. ZIEMBA: As you know,

Commissioner, it's a brand-new program.

Communities are getting used to what the requirements are. They are understanding what the impacts of the facility are, and I think there has been much more effort on behalf of a lot of the communities to determine what would be their best effort application given their needs.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I mean, just in general, I think -- you know, obviously if we do approve it, they're going to be costs that are going to need to be incurred by the town. They have to maintain the

piece of equipment, the fuel, you know, that can hopefully not with a new vehicle, but that can certainly take on some additional costs that the town will be responsible for bearing. So there's almost kind of in kind or cash match in some respects that they need to make for this application. Obviously at the end of the lifespan of the truck, hopefully there's an expectation by the town. They can't tell us it's -- this is not a forecast to go out and buy new.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Well, I see a little bit of a precedence setting question that, I think, we need to consider just on the probability or the likelihood of this. When you compound the probabilities, the probability gets low. You talk about a fire could occur. That's a low probability. It could spread quickly. That's another low probability. Then compounded means in my view lower. That it can be spread quickly to then shut down the entire building and add some structural

damage where it no longer could have revenues in that facility is yet another element.

MR. LENNON: Well, that's the garage. You see garages shut down regularly. And as you saw on opening day

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Let me finish my thought, which is I think the compounding problem, I think, in my view the scenario is dire but it's a very, very small probability. And, I think, that we — in approving this, we would be creating a precedent or an expectation that even very low probability scenarios need to be needed where there is no real evidence that this is viable. However, it depends on the town, et cetera.

So I'm highly skeptical of this. I understand why the chief makes his request. I would be doing the same if I was in his position. But in our position, we need to think about, you know, the best use of this moneys, make them go where they really need

it. There's many other scenarios that may happen that we have not yet anticipated, and then the overall nature of this request makes me think, you know, we need to be, you know, perhaps a little bit more judicious on requests like this.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Commissioner,

I think your argument is sound if we were
talking about something like
transportation, a bike sharing program but
we're talking about public safety. I don't
think public safety is a time to talk about
probabilities. I just don't think that's a
wise way to talk about resources when
you're talking about public safety. Other
issues I agree that we can look at it that
way. But when it comes to public safety, I
know that I can't look at it it's a low
possibility so you shouldn't consider it.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But the alternative is not -- there is response. There's an existing plan --

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I understand that.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: There's an existing plan that was --

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: One that's not efficient, and the team was persuaded that it was reasonable.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Not entire team and not one Commissioner at least. The point being is that there are other factors that mitigate currently the existing facility was built to code. If it's such an imperative to public safety, the code would reflect it. They would recommend it.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Code is just -- again, we're talking about public safety here. The request is all around that not --

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And the code -- the building code incorporates a lot of things around public safety and fire suppression, and things like that.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Right. It doesn't take into consideration a small town who doesn't have the proper equipment

now.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Actually, it does, it does.

MR. LENNON: So just to comment on the back and forth, and we see this in our internal risk group, what you're doing is a risk assessment and you may have more risk appetite, Commissioner Zuniga, on this aspect than say Commissioner Cameron or the majority of The Review Team. You have to weigh the risks. And sometimes when you have a low probability but the potential risk is catastrophic, you choose to mitigate that risk.

And when you look at like, tax revenue, that's a risk that some people are willing to mitigate for the relatively low cost where, you know, you're looking at it just from the compounding aspect. So, it's not the ones right or wrong. It's a risk appetite, and that's what it comes down to.

In order to get to the catastrophic scenario, you need to compound the

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA:

Absolutely.

probabilities, and that is my point.

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MR. LENNON: Correct. So what's

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your appetite?

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I think you guys

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are agreeing. You're just coming down to a

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different place on what this is an

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insurance policy. We do weigh

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probabilities and public safety all the

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time. We make these trade-offs constantly.

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I kind of think that this decision has been

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made before, the people who built the

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building made the decision that it was not

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worth cost to accommodate a fire truck.

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Various regulatory agencies have made the

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decision that it's not worth requiring a

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building to have a clearance for fire

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trucks.

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The town could mandate itself if it

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wanted to. The town could just go buy it.

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If the risk was so great, the town could go

buy it or if the town could mandate the

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casino to buy it, you know, with -- right,

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to deal with it however.

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So, I think it's a closed issue. I

totally get everybody's perspective on it, and I do think it's just a judgment call about risk versus reward, risk versus costs. And, I think, I agree on sort of a 51/49 basis with Commissioner Zuniga that particularly now when we don't know where this fund is going to go.

We've been pretty liberal with this fund so far, which I'm a part of. But we will be making these trade-off decisions a lot probably down the road. And to make one that where the risk versus costs in my view is the way that it is in this situation, I think I would be inclined not to want to do it. Anybody else?

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Just on the point of, you know, of a limited fund, John can speak to the specifics of this but that with the prospect of coming online of the Category 1 casinos, there is also the near term expectation with very significant addition to the current balance of --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I understand -COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: You make

the obvious point that The Review Team took that into account and took the present balance into account against the larger context of the other commitments that we were willing to vote in favor of with regard to the other applications.

I don't think we are in a situation -- I don't think we are in a situation here at which by, you know, approving this, if we were to approve it, that we would be placing a risk a solvency of the fund to be able to -- the sufficiency of the fund to respond to arguably more acute risks.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yes. To be clear, I wasn't suggesting that we were concerned about the solvency of the fund. I was saying we just don't know what kind of demands are going to be made on this fund in the future. I think there's a ton of money in this fund, you know, 15 to \$20 million. I don't know what we're going to do with that money. But the key sentence there is: I don't know what we

are going to do with that money. Maybe there will lots of applicants. Maybe there will be lots things. We just don't know.

So it's not -- it was not the thought it might be insolvent. It's kind of like if we're going to have to make this kind of decision all the time, same wrestling you did, do we want to set a precedent at this stage of the game for this kind of judgment on this kind of call? There is no right or wrong here. It's just a judgment call.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I looked up -I'm sorry I didn't bring it with me, but I
looked up a report of the Fire Protection
Association on highway car fires. And by
highway car in this context, they mean any
vehicle that can go into the highway.

Doesn't mean -- in other words, in their
analysis they never alluded to lawnmowers
and whatnot.

And there was a particular -because I was searching -- the state asked
for the likelihood of something like this,

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how often does it happen. And there is a lot of statistics. There's one that really sort of kept me thinking, which is the overall fire in the United States on vehicles has been going down, trending down over the last ten years and that counts everything, arson, highway fires and so on and so forth.

I could produce that. I didn't bring it with me. I showed it to Ombudsman Ziemba, Joe Delaney. But that's a trend that may be important for us to consider in this context. There are other data there. The vast majority of fires happen among streets and highways. This is not surprising, by the way. But they also happen on parking garages that is included with parking on soft surface, regular parking lots, and that number is small.

So I'm not -- there's a lot of other information that you can pick and draw the opposite conclusion, which is part of your point. But there is one that left me really thinking if all the fires in the

United States, car fires, have been going down in the last ten years or so, that's an important piece of data that comes across. The cars are maybe getting better in terms of their design, in terms of the coolant that they have that, you know, et cetera, et cetera. You know what I'm saying.

MR. ZIEMBA: Joe and I did take a look at that report, and I would just mention just for analysis purposes that, you know, one of the key statistics included in that report is that 17 percent of all fires are related to garages and service parking lots. So I don't know what the percentage would be of garages versus surface parking lots and that --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: This is all fires in the country?

MR. ZIEMBA: Of highway-related vehicle fires are either in garages or surface lots.

MR. DELANEY: So parked vehicles.

MR. ZIEMBA: Parked vehicles. And the damages can be in the tunes of billions

of dollars and part of what we're concerned about is the damage here in terms of also lives of, I think, approximately 500 -- I think, it was 500 lives per year due to -- not garage fires. Due to car fires.

So, again, exactly your point. The jury is sort of out on exactly what are the statistics related to garage fires, but I thought I would mention that.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: There are many others that you can take it away. In that report, one of the reasons those fires spread most often is that people decide to kind of try to deal with them on their own. One of the recommendations is you always need to call 911 where you might figure, well, if this facility is going to be monitored 24/7, we could try to mitigate in that way, you know.

But, again, you read a lot of that report and can come in either side of this on a number of data. There is one that is unequivocal in my opinion, and that is that all fires in the last 15 years, you account

for everything, has been scaling down.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I think
we're all sufficiently scared about where
we park our car during the day. I guess,
you know, I'm also looking at this is, you
know, I talked about it a little bit
earlier, again, there's an ongoing
obligation of the Town of Plainville to

have to maintain this vehicle.

I guess I want to raise the point that I'm a little disappointed in our licensee that there wasn't some acknowledgment -- obviously they're in favor of the application -- but there wasn't some acknowledgment or there doesn't seem to be in the material of this is unique to their property.

They certainly could have decided to pony up some part of the cost. They could have talked to the community about using some amount of their host community agreement payment to be set aside for this specific purpose, so I'm a little frustrated by that but that's certainly not

But also they're

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something that's necessarily within the purview of the issue.

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4 making the judgment. They're thinking

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Plainville is not really doing this for the

about it. They could spend \$148,000.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY:

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sake of the Town of Plainville. They're

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doing it for the sake of the facility and the people involved. But the issue that's

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raised, the macro issue that's raised is a

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massive fire that does damage to the garage

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and shuts the facility down. That doesn't

What hurts is Plainridge Park Casino

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hurt Plainville much. It does a little

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bit.

it.

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first and, secondly, the Commonwealth

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Plainridge Park Casino doesn't think this

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is worth \$148,000 or any portion thereof as

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far as I can tell.

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attitude might be it's our money that's in

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Or their

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the Community Mitigation Fund. Here, chase

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That will be fine.

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I'm not opposed to asking at all.

MR. LENNON: To address the ongoing cost, it's a 20 year asset, which the town has committed to maintaining. So, I understand you're talking about the ongoing costs. That's one of the things that they have committed to. Once again, I did want to go back to it's a risk assessment on your part as a commission and The Review Team came to a different conclusion.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I think we're ready. If we could make a motion whichever way and see where we are at.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I move that we approve this request, the Plainville request. I think that the team has persuaded me and one Commissioner from our team was a member, and I'm in favor of moving that we approve this.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second?

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Second.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All in favor? Is there any further discussion? All in

favor?

1 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye. 2 COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye. 3 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye. 4 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That would be Commissioner Cameron, Commissioner 5 6 Macdonald and Commissioner Stebbins. All 7 opposed? Aye. 8 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye. 9 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That would be 10 Commissioner Crosby and Commissioner 11 Zuniga. The motion passes three to two. 12 All set. Okay. 13 MR. ZIEMBA: Chairman, I have one 14 other Plainville-related question. 15 Plainville asked for the use of its 16 reserve. As you recall, the reserve was established so that would get funding 17 18 requests that occur between funding rounds 19 and, in general, we have provided some more 20 flexibility with the use of reserves by the 21 communities. Plainville has not utilized its 22 23 \$100,000 reserve to date. The Town of 24 Plainville would like to use this reserve

	Page 152
1	to purchase public safety items that it
2	notes it was unanticipated in the host
3	community agreement, such as a cardiac
4	monitor, 23 portable radios to replace the
5	old non-compatible technology radios and a
6	set of body armor for the Gaming
7	Enforcement Unit officers in the gaming
8	facility.
9	The Review Team recommends the
10	Commission approve Plainville's use of
11	98,397.92 of the reserve for these public
12	safety-related items.
13	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: And that was
14	unanimous, correct?
15	MR. ZIEMBA: That one was unanimous.
16	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I certainly
17	agree with the team particularly
18	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Which page is that
19	on?
20	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: 52.
21	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: In
22	particular, the intra-operability issue was
23	huge for public safety purposes.
24	MR. ZIEMBA: Commissioners, after

	Page 153
1	the break, we'll provide you a page number
2	on the summary memo and a page on the
3	they are broken down by tabs.
4	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I was asking
5	summary. It was 52 in the summary, I
6	think. So do we need to vote on this? Do
7	we have to vote on these? I forget.
8	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yes.
9	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We do, okay. Do
10	we have a motion on the Plainville reserve?
11	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Mr. Chair, I
12	move to approve the recommended use of the
13	Plainville reserve as included in the
14	packet.
15	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Second.
16	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Further
17	discussion? All in favor?
18	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.
19	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.
20	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.
21	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.
22	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes
23	have it unanimously. What would you think
24	about taking a break until 1:30? Would

that be all right?

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COMMISSIONER CAMERON: That's fine.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We will do the SER first, and then go in to do the rest of the community mitigation stuff hopefully. We are adjourned until 1:30.

(A recess was taken)

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So we are reconvening public meeting number 220 at about 1:30 on June, whatever this is, 22nd and we are going to -- there we go. you -- and we are going to go to Item 3B, the service employees legislative and regulatory options. Just sort of by way of introduction to kind of renowned everybody where we're at, we've had a number of conversations about this reflecting a variety of differences of opinion. What does the statute say? Is it confusing? it is, can we do anything about it? Can we get a legislative fix? Is it substantively an issue and on and on.

And where we ended up now, I think, is a clear consensus that if we can get a legislative fix that's preferable to us having to join the issue of whether or not we can do an administrative fix. So we have been discussing the various options that we might recommend. There's nothing that says we have to recommend to the legislature. But if we can, that probably would be nothing but constructive. So that's where we are, and I will pass it over to Loretta or --

MR. BEDROSIAN: No, why don't I just take a shot. My memory, Mr. Chairman, Commissioners, after our last meeting, which Commissioner Macdonald was not present at, there had been at least some form of a consensus around Options A and a little bit about D. Staff went back and tried to draft something and combine those two.

The big unknown, obviously, was

Commissioner Macdonald's input after having
been able to view and, I think, listen to

the conversation, which he missed. So, we drafted the options based on what we heard at the last meeting. But, obviously, I think there was a decision to wait for Commissioner Macdonald and get his input, so I think that's where we're at now.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Which option did you choose?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: A and D.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: There were two A and D, 1 A and one, I think, I was B at that point. That's where we were last time sort of informally. So who's up?

MR. BEDROSIAN: I think it's Commissioner Macdonald.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Okay. I'm the reason for this. While you guys were all meeting diligently a week ago yesterday, I was on a flight to San Francisco and I was ruined that I couldn't be in your company, but I made up for lost time on Thursday afternoon after my granddaughter's graduation to listen to the entirety of the discussion via the video

record of the meeting. And then as I was flying east on Friday, I wrote up what I've described as a sketch of my thinking on the issue in light of the discussion, deliberation that you all had on Wednesday.

And I wrote that up and with the intention of it being circulated to you and issued publically so that at this occasion we could perhaps finally address the issue at least of the next step of how to deal with this question of gaming service employees and whether the automatic exclusion of 16B of the gaming statute ought to be preserved.

I was advised by our Executive
Director that if I circulated even in a
public distribution of the memorandum that
that would be incompatible with the Open
Meeting Law. And, accordingly, I followed
further his advice that it be distributed
as early as possible once we are all here
together, and so don't hold it against me
you only got it this morning.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Not even our

executive director -- at my request he actually went to the AG to say there has to be someway we could distribute it.

commissioner macdonald: The answer is no. On the other hand, I took advantage of in support of our executive director took advantage of circulating it to the senior legal staff and met with them at length earlier this week.

My thinking is memorialized in the memorandum, and I'm not going to, you know, repeat that. You've all had the opportunity to review it, but let me just say a couple of things.

Number one, having reviewed the proposed hybrid that the staff put together, I think that if that were to be enacted in legislation that that would be a significant improvement of the otherwise strapped condition that we find ourselves in with regard to gaming service employees by virtue of the overbroad automatic exclusion of 16B.

On the other hand that as I noted in

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the memorandum, I continue to think it's really unfortunate -- it would be really unfortunate if we did not take advantage of what appears to be an opportunity to support a legislative fix, and of course against the background it's not for us to do the legislation. It's something that the Senate and the House and, ultimately, the governor would have to support.

But it appears to be that we have an opportunity to significantly inform the judgment as to whether or not the language of the gaming statute should be a changed in this as it relates to gaming service employees, and the continued operation of the automatic exclusion.

The hybrid proposal is an improvement because it gives to us, if it were enacted, it would give to us the authority to exempt various classes, all classes of gaming service employees that we did not think were appropriately subject to 16B's automatic exclusion.

There was discussion at the meeting

on the -- at the public meeting on the 14th that, if I recall right, that a bowling alley attendant -- really there's no rational reason that a bowling ally attendant should be subject to 16B's automatic exclusion.

So that would be kind of a, as I visualize it, if the hybrid proposal was adopted, then that bowling alley type of gaming service employees would be exempted from the registration requirement and being subject to 13B -- I mean, 16B exclusion.

The problem is whether it's just gaming service employees or another two or three other categories of employees that we would exempt. That would leave all of the other categories of the gaming service employees.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You said other gaming service employees. You mean you might exempt people -- ticket takers in the movie theaters and other gaming service employees, but that will still leave other categories of gaming service employees.

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COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Right, that
would be subject to --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That would be subject to exclusion.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: You know, so it could be that authority could be exercised by the Commission, you know, most conservatively by not exempting anybody but it could exempt, you know, the ticket takers or the bowling alley people. The classes of employees that will have -- there will be no plausible reason to require them to be subject to an automatic exclusion of the draconian sort that 16B provides. But under those circumstances, all the other categories of gaming service employees would still be subject to it.

So then question is: What sense does it make for any gaming service employee to be subject to the automatic exclusion of 16B? And I can't find any reason for that against the backdrop of there being an alternative for us to adopt a recommendation to the legislature to take

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gaming service employees entirely outside of the registration -- not necessary out of the registration process, but take it outside of being the subject to 16B's automatic exclusion.

That doesn't mean we would just sort of ignore any kind of oversight of gaming service employees. But it would mean in the first instance that we would, in effect, look to our licensees to perform the core of the vetting function of the hiring of gaming service employees.

They, as the attorneys for MGM when we met in Springfield described, that in that process in compliance with state and federal employment law, they would make inquiries of the criminal background of the applicants to the extent that it was authorized by state and federal law, but would then make a judgment that they felt would provide confidence that these people would perform satisfactorily their functions while at the same time also on the basis of their prior employment record

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and other things that would be appropriately taken into account in the employment decision that they would perform well and would not pose a risk to either the safety or the financial well-being of the patrons or of the licensee's operations.

How that would be accomplished under those circumstances is that we would create, as an administrative agency, a regime, an administrative regulatory regime for this class of employees. I don't have the details of all of that, but I think the bottom line of it would be that it would be very light, because the core of it would be that accepted in it I would expect to be a relatively narrow group of people that would be classified as gaming service employees. We would feel comfortable that the public safety and the integrity of the gaming operations would be sufficiently addressed by the exercise of the executive authority of our licensees.

That would provide, in my view, the

most efficient way to provide for a hiring process for gaming service employees and -- and this is enormously significant -- that it would free up substantially our licensees from what otherwise by operation of 16B is a very significant obstacle to their ability to be able to meet the workforce and employment objectives of the gaming statute.

As I've said on any number of occasions since I've come on to the Commission that what I've been most impressed by since becoming part of the Commission is the accomplishments in the area of workforce development and the affirmative action that our licensees have exhibited to date.

And, I think, it would be most unfortunate that just as the two Category 1 casinos are coming on board with the largest, by far the largest numbers of employees, specifically the gaming service employees, it would be most unfortunate if at that stage by our allowing 16B in any

form to continue to operate automatically against gaming service employee advocates would be, number one, unnecessary and would jeopardize the larger employment of workforce development goals of the gaming statute.

So that's why I -- that's the reason that I strongly favor either B or -- you know, Options B or C. I don't see any significant difference between the two of them.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you, Commissioner. Do you want to go?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Well, yes. I suppose when I read Options B and C and throughout all the discussion of last time, there was open the question as to what criteria we would come up with at a later time. You seem to be making the case that the criteria should be the registrants shouldn't -- that service employees should just be led to be basically saying up to the licensees.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: He's saying up to

the licensees.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: He's basically saying we'll eliminate 16B from the service employees, which is that I mentioned that I hadn't sort of thought of, it could apply within the realm of many other different criteria that we could implement on Options B and C. Just like frankly Option A applies to B and C. It's just, you know, a concrete application of criteria later to be developed.

mean, I wouldn't -- I'm not suggesting that we have -- that there be nothing. If we took, you know, Option C that there would be no policy articulated in, I mean, our regulations that would affect the gaming service employees. I think under those circumstances, we would then be free to create, you know, a structure for that.

My own inclination would be that it would be as to that class of employees would be regulation light, and then the essential substance of it would be that for

a large, let's call it 85 percent, 85 percent of the gaming service employees applicants would have their employment decision essentially made by the licensees.

But I'm not prepared at this point in time to say that if we are at the table to create an administrative regime for gaming service employees that there might not be some other provisions that would be -- that would address the concerns for perhaps those small number of job categories within the gaming service employees that would justify a more proactive --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: For example, wait people who are going to be on the floor, casino floor we might decide to create some more coverage for.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: And the other example, which I noted in my sketch, was that I'm not sure everybody would agree with this but, you know, housekeeping staff, housekeeping staff that, yes, at one level it's a very, you know, low level

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employment function. But at the same time, the housekeeping staff has direct access to the hotel rooms of MGM and Wynn that, you know, a high-roller is coming over from Macau to patronize Wynn Boston Harbor, I think there is a reason to at least think that we might want to have a broader CORI check on that category of employees than employers are permitted to have under current Massachusetts law.

But, I think, that's going to be a relatively small number of people, and it could be accomplished without any kind of time-consuming suitability, you know, reviewed by the IEB. And I am very aware, and Director Wells has emphasized this repeatedly, that she is already -- she has already, you know, stretched resource-wise, I, think at last week's meeting she described as catastrophic this idea of, you know, of Option C.

But when we spoke earlier in the week, you know, I addressed that with her and that -- when I described the concept of

an administrative regime for these purposes develop bias, that doesn't mean we're going to be doing extensive background checks of the gaming service employees that would come in. Almost the opposite of, as I said before not to repeat myself. So I don't think that Option C would require any materially greater call on the resources of the IEB.

MS. WELLS: If I could just to clarify, I think that my comments on that were Option C. The issue with that is not that it's necessarily catastrophic, but there's a potential for catastrophic process failure depending on what the Commission does and depending on the time frame. The issue with Options B and Option C really from a purely process operation standpoint is the lack of certainty and the time frame.

So, when you're talking about Option B, if you look at the language, it basically gives the Commission the power to do whatever you want. Just make something

up. Do it however you want. And I understand from a policy perspective why a Commission might want that. But given the practical considerations of this opening in right now scheduled for fall of 2018, might be earlier, the uncertainty of the resources.

So, for example, under Commissioner Macdonald's model where, you know, it's almost as if he -- from what I hear you saying, 85 percent of those jobs it's almost like you're exempt. Just look at 15. But you may have a different opinion from two, three, four other Commissioners and then that process of deciding.

I don't know at this point when we're trying to make a decision what to recommend what the Commission could recommend. Because, theoretically, the Commission could end up recommending you know what, we're going to do backgrounds on all of them, but we're not going to have any kind of automatic disqualifiers but look at all of them and do an individual

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judgment on all of them. That's an option under B or C. There's nothing in that recommendation that prohibits the Commission from doing that, and you haven't made that decision yet.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I certainly have never suggested anything that would make that as a plausible possibility. And, frankly, right down I have not heard anything from any of my fellow commissioners that would suggest that, so frankly the opposite.

MS. WELLS: But every year there potentially could be another commissioner. You're already split on this issue. It could change every year, and then you've got sort of a structure where you're potentially having changes every time a new commissioner comes on. The lack of certainly is potentially problematic.

That's all I think the Commission should be aware when we have this opening that I can't tell you what the potential ramifications are on a process and

administrative standpoint, because I have no idea what the plan is. You haven't voted on a plan. You don't know what the plan is. You don't know what it's going to be, so I can't tell you.

And that's part of the problem is that with Option A and D, I have certainty. I can tell you how that's going to work. I can tell you what we're going to do and that works, but I just don't know. Because it sort of gives you this option to do whatever, but we don't know what the whatever is at this point.

know the principles. You know the principles behind it, and the principle would be very substantial deference to the licensees with regard to the hiring of employment decisions as to gaming service employees with the possibility of a very narrow group of employees that there would be some inquiry about but nothing that would approach the kind of deep suitability evaluations that you're suggesting.

MS. WELLS: So what I see from a practical standpoint what you're describing can actually be accomplished by Option A and Option D. So what you're suggesting is there's a certain group we're going to defer to the licensees on their process of vetting these people. That's what Option A is.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's D.

MS. WELLS: That's Option A.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I'm sorry,

that's right. You exempt a category.

MS. WELLS: You know what, MGM,
Penn, Wynn, you do the background in them.
If you are comfortable, we're not going to
do anything. That leaves that narrow -that group, and that's sort of the
Commission's decision under A which part of
this other group where if we do have an
interest and we do want to take a look at
them, then I think your issue is, do you
want any kind of mandatory disqualifier or
not on the group that's left.

So that's the Option D where that's

the sort of the range of, you know, when you're doing these backgrounds on the group that you're keeping, do you want some kind of hard and fast rule that if it's over five years, then you're out, otherwise, you're in. And there is pluses and minuses to that, too. So that's why when I look at it from a practical standpoint, I understand the philosophical point of view but practically the Option D and Option A combined actually addresses a lot of your concerns.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: But isn't the problem with Option D or Option A, as I articulate in the memo, that for those service employees that are not exempted then they would still be subject to 16B, and I have never heard anybody give a rational defense to 16B.

MS. WELLS: That's right.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: That somebody, whether it's ten years, nine years and eleven months ago had a shoplifting offense and they would

automatically be taken out or whether it be five years, which is now the hybrid, have the shoplifting offense and not being able to be taken into account. Why preserve a standard that can't be objectively justified?

MS. WELLS: Well, I think a couple of things. Because that whole shoplifting example has come up a number of times, so there's a couple of things to remember with that. In my experience and other folks that have worked in the district courts at that level, I haven't seen anybody, to my experience, you know, and I've worked in law enforcement for 20 years, out of nowhere no prior record, no issues has not been guilty on a shoplifting offense. So, I think, we have to be careful with some of the language around those offenses.

The other piece, which you have to remember, is anything between five and ten years that's a misdemeanor has the ability to be sealed. So someone that, hypothetically, has a shoplifting offense

that's nine and a half years old can get that record sealed, and then they'd have the ability to work in the casino.

The option -- you know, so there are -- when you're dealing with these employees, so a group of employees. So, hypothetically, MGM is looking to hire, so they've got 1,200 service level employees. I don't know what percentage of that there potentially would be hired convicted felons, whether it be 5, percent, 10 percent, 20 percent, 50 percent. I don't know. But there are certain options under the different structures.

So, hypothetically, I think we talked about this before when we had our individual meetings, that you've got someone with some kind of felony conviction that's nine years old. Under Option A and D, that individual could go work in one of the exempt positions. Maybe the bowling alley, maybe another position, work there for a year, develop a good relationship with MGM. Once they hit the ten year

threshold, then they could work. Or in the circumstance, as Commissioner Zuniga recommended that you reduce it to five years, they could work a shorter period of time and then have the opportunity to move into a different job.

So there would be jobs available for that certain percentage of employees of those 1,200. And I'm not sure -- it would depend on the ratio how many convicted felons they'd want to hire and how many jobs the Commission exempts. But there could be a matrix where those people that they want to hire there are positions. But, theoretically, I understand your question. What's the value in having sort of a hard and fast rule? And I would suggest to you --

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: What's the value of having a hard and fast rule that has the elements of 16B? I'm not against hard and fast rules. It's --

MS. WELLS: I think the answer to that is process, because it would be fine

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if you had 20 of these people that you were vetting, you could do whatever you want. You probably wouldn't need any kind of automatic disqualifier. That's easy. But if we are talking about, you know, in a period of three months doing 1,200 for MGM and 2,300, if you have to do an individual analysis every time someone has a felony conviction and you don't sort of have a bright line rule as guidance, then you're expending resources on doing the background on those when otherwise you wouldn't.

And I understand that's your call as the Commission whether it's worth it in those resources, but that certainty not only helps the processes move forward, if there is a line of convicted felons or theft offenses, you draw the line. You're on one side or the other. The investigators have certainty. There's fairness across the board depending on your background.

And then the other issue with that is applicants. Because, remember, the

applicants are people, too. So if there is this amorphous standard we don't really know, we'll see, then you'd have Karen Wells wants to go to culinary school, but I had an armed robbery four years ago. Well, maybe I'll do it anyway but you don't have some certainty about whether that's going to be a problem or not.

And you may disagree with that, but that's just a decision the Commission needs to make on policy versus operations, and you need to make that decision and make that recommendation. I'm just advising you there are consequences on either side, and it's your decision on how you want to go with it.

MR. BEDROSIAN: Can I add one thing and then staff will be quiet, which is, Commissioner Macdonald, to talk to your point and I think you and I have had conversation about sort of the strategy of this. I see 16B, of whether we agree with it or not, as having been a very deliberate regime by the legislature back in 2011, and

we've had discussions publically about why they may have done that.

And while we can disagree on a policy basis with it, I'm going to suggest the option of A and D is still a recognition in my view to legislature that they put in a very strict regime, and they said, you know, in order -- I suspect in order for their view to pass gaming in Massachusetts, they need it as their primary goal a very strict regime.

We have heard from really one licensee mainly. Not our licensees, one licensee, who is very vocal about it admittedly and may be deserveably so vocal about it, that clearly that paramount concern of the integrity of the process butts up against legitimate workforce development under unemployed goals.

Strategy-wise of not necessarily turning 16B on its head in the face of the legislature recognizing what they did, but giving the Commission options to carve out ranges of employees, including potentially

up to the Commission, you know, most ranges of employees up to everything potentially except people on the floor and people who deal personally with a patron's property or something like that.

So there one is under A and D, I would suggest there is a wide range of discretion and employees who could then help sort of bridge that gap between the tension of the paramount concern and one of the very, very valid concerns of unemployment and underemployment without necessarily turning 16B on its head. And, I think, from our point of view, it's just a little more of a strategy of saying to the legislature --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I don't understand why you're saying that. Because if you're talking very practically about a legislative strategy rather than what's the best thing to do here, which is what I was looking for, we've been told by all of the major drafters that that was not their intent. That it was a drafting error.

That they did not mean to disqualify gaming service employees, so --

MR. BEDROSIAN: I wasn't involved in those conversations, and I'm certainly not going to dispute the representation of them. It seems hard to suggest that 16B was a drafting error.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Drafters say it is.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Remember that 16B applies to both, GELs and SERS, and presumedly the SER --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: The only error was the words "or registration." That was the error.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Did you want to talk, Commissioner? I was going to say something directly to just I want to emphasize perhaps, you know, what you're going to say or what Director Wells is saying. It's the discretion piece that throws uncertainty into the time frame giving us ourselves a discretion of, you know, we will figure this out later

presumedly.

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And what I hear you sort of arguing, you know, with the exception of the carve out maybe that an Option D let's a separate one in which registrants are entirely -- service employees are entirely left to the discretion of, you know, to due diligence that the licensee does.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: The New Jersey model.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right.

Jersey model. For years -- and they had a whole body of work in which they looked at everyone very closely until they understood their risk and were capable of going in a different direction. And, frankly, the reason they went in a completely different direction was because of a significant money issue, frankly. Those decisions were based on economics. Not always based on risk. We don't have that body of work.

And what I continue to be impressed by is how thoughtful our staff is. We had

an example of that this morning where they have decided because of the work they have done that they no longer have to take a look or have the outside directors, as well as sales folks, go through that rigorous background process.

And between legal, IEB, our executive director, I mean, first of all, the experience they all have is amazing.

And they are very strong about this recommendation of A and D.

I think for us to sit here and be pure policy people when we have to regulate and, frankly, the operations are huge and they are telling us this is a problem.

That is significant for me. Their rational is sound. They continue to prove that it's sound, and I'm strongly in favor of A and D for that certainty, and let's look at entire categories.

And, frankly, I think we could have a huge problem if we decide, hey, and then something happens the first year of operations because we decided that, you

know, we weren't going to look at anybody.

I'm not willing to take that risk, and I

think we can do this as we get better at

it. We can continue to make good

decisions. And that's what the staff has

done over the last couple of years. And,

you know, other gaming agencies have gotten

there over time. And, like I said, this is

a huge step forward, so I'm strongly in

favor of A and D. I do think it addresses

a couple of issues, a couple of significant
issues.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: You know, I'm in agreement with that with the following exception: I don't think we should suppose that Options B and D would mean not looking at anything. We would be relying on a lot that happens on, you know, by the licensees and we will be figuring that out later.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: We'll continue to do that with A, right?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes, exactly.

So in a way, it almost seems like they accomplish the same goal but with a timing

difference, which is exactly why I favor A and D. Because there is, you know, what I hear the staff loudly saying is something like this would give us, you know, to implement it on day one or whenever it passes as opposed to --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We would have to decide who we exempt.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes, which is presumedly different and easier than coming up with different categories. I know that you're suggesting --

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: It's actually very much the same. As I said at the start, I think the hybrid proposal, you know, is a good proposal. I just think it's less good than Option B and C because it perpetuates 16B, which it makes no sense to be applied to any class.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: That's your opinion, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Exactly.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: And you know what, we have no evidence. We have no

evidence. Let's just start with our body of work. We have no evidence that there has been a problem at Plainridge with the staff the way it is. We did listen to MGM. Frankly, that's the only group that wants to talk to us about this. They don't have any evidence. They tried to find it. They couldn't find it that there is.

So I'm not willing to assume there is a problem. I do think there are merits to getting folks to work, and I want to provide those opportunities. But for us to assume there is this huge problem and they are not going to be able to find enough folks to work, I'm not -- I haven't seen any evidence of that.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: You know, maybe this is along the lines of what Director Bedrosian was articulating. But when thinking about A and D and my preference is that it's seemingly, and it might not be in the eyes of the legislature, what appears to be the least -- the one that modifies the least

that works within the confines, yes, it may perpetuate a section that seems to have no relevance to a broad category, but it would work within the confines.

It would be very concrete in my mind for the legislature to say, okay this -- I mean, I don't know their thinking on any of this. But it would appear to me that it would be the easiest to explain. It works within the framework. We're just going to exempt a certain category and reduce the automatic disqualifier.

make this clear that I have substantial amount of experience by virtue of age and long-term involvement in law enforcement.

One thing that I would never claim having any incite into is the operation of the legislature and handicapping the likelihood -- the greater or lesser likelihood of some piece of legislation to go through. I don't hold myself out of having any expertise in that regard.

As I said before, I would have

thought that, particularly in this environment, that the clean focus of Option C on this narrow class of employees leaving in place 16B for all the other classes of qualifiers and employees that that would be very appealing to the legislature. But that's just that and two bucks will get you a T ticket.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: It's 2.75.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: It's more than that now?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes. You know, I think we're talking about the same thing in many ways. I don't -- I cannot handicap that either. I don't know what -- we could even offer options really and have that discussion, you know, up there. I don't know.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I think they'll know their options. I don't think they -- if we decided we wanted to recommend two things, we can certainly do that. If we have a majority that wants to go one way or the other, I think that's what we ought to

go with, you know. You know, my -- I totally agree this is a big improvement and, I think, we would end up exempting most of these people, which is where we were trying to get anyway. That's a big step in the right direction as far as I'm concerned.

and D, I'd feel like we made major progress. That was a really good thing, and we've done good work. What it leaves is the problem that Commissioner Stebbins raised last year, which is that we -- last week -- that we are left only with a binary choice, or there may not be any categories of gaming service employees that we think need something more than the vetting by the licensee. I don't know where we would come down on that.

At a minium I'm positive, I am now the second one to say this, at a minimum it's not going to be very many. Whether it's that we leave them exempt under 16B or whether if it was I'm going to vote for C,

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if it were C that we would decide to authorize IEB, direct IEB to do some minimal background check on some limited number of categories. So somewhere between all of the GSEs would be exempt or a very small number.

But for those that we think need to get some kind of background check, like either of the two categories we've talked about, Commissioner Stebbins' point last year is we are left with either automatic disqualification for five years, and then they can go through a suitability process, which is problematic if that happens very much for them.

And he was saying that last week that it would be better for those rare gaming service employees that might meet some higher standard that we are able to do something other than automatically disqualify them.

And, you know, I agree with

Commissioner Macdonald that the automatic

disqualification is not grounded in

commonsense. I think it's anathematical probably to the law, to the DOC law. It's not good policy. And the flexibility that we would have under C would give us the multiple choice, not binary. It would still probably be pretty much binary. It would be between doing nothing. Let the licensees make the decision or do a little, and the little we would say whatever that is.

But, you know, so A I think this is a big improvement. If we go with this, I'm fine with it. B, I think, it leaves the problem Commissioner Stebbins raised and leaves in place what I think is very bad policy, so C -- I would support C. Anybody else? Commissioner Stebbins, do you want to speak before we --

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Yes. I echo what Commissioner Cameron said. We spent a lot of hours on this, and probably our staff has spent four times that amount.

And there was something that resinated me with, I think, Karen's remarks. She's

probably said it before, and it just resinated with me this time in terms of kind of, you know, let's take it out of our authority and the licensees' authority trying to clarify remove all doubt, confusion for somebody who is thinking about applying for these jobs is an interesting point, and maybe the way she pointed it out today has kind of clarified it for me.

I, you know, I appreciate the new work that was done on hybrid of Options A and D. I think we should be mindful, and I did some work over this the last week with Counselor Grossman of trying to figure out where the ten year piece might have been dropped into our statute.

And if you go back and pull sections out of the CORI general law, the sealing records law, there's a lot of kind of mirror language between that ten year -- that ten year time frame.

Again, I will, like Commissioner

Macdonald, I don't profess to be any type

of legislative strategist as to what the legislature might consider. All of our efforts, sadly, might hit a wall but I think we should be mindful of that ten year language and be mindful of the fact that if you take other legislative leaders' comments about interest in doing some type of criminal justice reform that some of our goals might wind up somewhere in the criminal justice.

One draft bill, which talks about reducing the ten down to seven and a five down to three. So, again, kind of, you know, potentially inching us a little closer to satisfying, I think, you know, which each of us have in our hearts in terms of trying to find career opportunities for people who have just been stuck and left behind and not be able to find those great opportunities to keep them out of trouble.

You know, in talking about, you know, Option B, and I'll just put a final point on this, my interest in Option B, and

again, I tag it in the phrase I like about a body of work, if we can clammer to get the legislature to open up 23K taking advantage of that opportunity to adopt B, give us some flexibility, maybe not in the near future, but when we're ready for it and ready to have that body of work and body of experience to think a little more strategically about the level of background and suitability and gaming service employees years out, not for the immediate opening.

But where I find myself right now is I like A, because it's pretty crisp. It's pretty clear, but I think we should be mindful of whatever language we offer the legislature that D might tie back into other legislative actions on criminal justice reform that, again, may benefit the stance in where we hope to find ourselves.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So just as I'm taking a straw pull, and if you don't want to do this, then fine, but I'm saying I would vote for -- prefer B. I would go for

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1	either B or C if there were two others
2	going for that. It sounds like your
3	preference would be either B or C.
4	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: B or C.
5	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. You're the
6	hybrid A and D. You're the hybrid A and D.
7	Do you have one? Are you saying
8	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I still
9	favor A. Strongly, I think, it's clear and
10	simple. I have no problem kind of adding D
11	into it, but I think D might find a
12	solution for itself based somewhere else.
13	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Commissioner,
14	would you be comfortable if the staff when
15	they write this up that could be mentioned
16	as part of D?
17	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: As part of what?
18	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: We are
19	looking for a draft statute.
20	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Right.
21	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: We're also
22	looking for a draft communication to the
23	legislature to kind of convey our thoughts.
24	I think just highlighting our interest in

D, but I think there is some other points we want to make clear about we understand legislative activity elsewhere might have an impact on part of our statute.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Like we mention when we speak about the fact that we think D is appropriate and we want to -- so you want us to mention in that correspondence that this may be accomplished through CORI reform or something along those lines?

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: It could. I think, we are all aware there are -- we've heard there is some general reluctance to open up 23K but, hopefully, giving the legislature some food for thought of other changes they might do may impact that language for us in the gaming section.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But would you favor the inclusion of D in the option of A? Because they, in my view, really are complimentary. They compliment each other. However, if they match it with other CORI reform bills that is sort of, you know,

besides the point in my view. One thing I want to express is that A by itself in my view just too little. It's the combination --

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: That does what?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Too little.

It's the combination that really creates likelihood the frame work that sort of fits together well. Because, you know, we leave however big a chunk of people but there's a recognition that it's not the same as the GEL sort of the qualifiers. There is de-facto rehabilitation that the director can exercise by virtue of between five years or less five years or more.

MR. BEDROSIAN: Could we potentially send over a legislative option including A and D recognizing that D may get accomplished by some total other legislative vehicle that has nothing to do with opening 23K. And, quite frankly, you could see something where they don't do anything, unfortunately, maybe in our view

on cutting out categories but just do something on the term of years in a CORI fix.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I would be comfortable with that.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: That would be very unfortunate. That would be very disappointing.

MR. BEDROSIAN: I hear you, but you could potentially see that.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I think

it's -- I just think it's -- I hear your

point. It certainly is more clear

distinctions for the folks that are

considering pursuing this type of career

opportunity for themselves, but I think,

you know, I think we just need to be

mindful of and point out that you may not

do it this way, but please understand that

we are not blinded. In fact, you may help

bill.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: So would you support A and D together or are you saying

us accomplish our goal through another

you only want to support A?

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COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I'm comfortable with A and D. Again, just kind of pointing out for everybody's consideration that they already may be thinking along the lines of D and helping us solve the problem.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And if they are that is --

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: T am counting heads here. There are only two of us that are for B and C. I would say this if I don't get -- if I'm not on the winning side for C, and I'm obviously not, and as I said this at the outset, I'm very comfortable with the staff's proposal as a fallback, the so-called hybrid, which is a combination of A and D, whether it was five years. It reduces -- for that reduced category of gaming service employees who would still be subject to the language of 16B, at least it would reduce the number of years that that unfortunate standard would apply to.

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So you would vote
in favor of the hybrid option as long as
there was clarifying language making the
points you're making.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Yes.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. So, I think, I would agree on that. I worry that we won't have much of a shot anyway and the clearer it can be, our message can be that more likely it is to have an impact, so I would support the hybrid option as well. So let's have somebody make a motion.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Mr. Chairman,
I'd move that the Commission approve the
recommendation of staff to address the
question of eligibility for gaming service
employees and assist you with preparing a
letter in appropriate legislative language
to convey to the legislature as early as
convenience.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second?

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Second.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I'm

assuming you're basically advancing you're

Aye.

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moving hybrid up -- the document hybrid of Options A and D to be approved by our vote.

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY: To be our recommendation, yes. Further discussion?
All in favor?

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COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD:

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COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.

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COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes

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have it unanimously. Two other things.

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One, just for the record, Commissioner

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Cameron, you sometimes use language that

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sets this up as a conflict between our

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judgment and respect for the staff and

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their work. And I just want to make

17 18 absolutely clear that I'm involved -- I

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just differed with you on whether we should

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buy a fire engine. That doesn't mean I in

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recommendation for the people who were in

any way disrespect your judgment or the

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favor of it. We're all grown-ups.

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I have enormous respect for our staff. If I didn't, I wouldn't be here.

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But I'm also capable of using my own judgment to make judgments, which sometimes may be different from staff. But in no way should staff ever take that my disagreement with them is in any way an implication of some kind of disapproval or dissatisfaction or lack of respect for the work that you're doing. Quite the opposite is true.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: And, Mr. Chair, I was expressing my own opinion about how I've assessed their work and value it and incorporate that into my decision here, so I was speaking for myself.

MR. BEDROSIAN: And, Mr. Chairman, we recognize this was a difficult not decision, I mean, but a difficult process for all of us mainly because, I think, on policy we all almost agree about where we'd love this to come out and what opportunities we'd love people to have. But thank you for getting it to a close, and we will work with you on whatever we can help you get that communication to the

legislature.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. One last thing. We are hoping, hoping, hoping and we're urging our other constituents to push on this that there will be a legislative fix really quickly. We know from everything Karen has been saying now for three meetings that she needs certainty of a decision yesterday. The longer we don't know -- the longer change might be coming, the worse it gets for our operations.

Sometime, pretty soon, it's not a big problem yet but it's beginning to be an issue. We just heard from Bristol

Community College that they have a class of they hope, what did they say, nine people or something or other. Presumedly those people need to know what the rules are going to be, and that will ramp up to a major problem over the course of the next relatively few months.

So, I at least will think that at some point if the legislature chooses not to act that we are going to have to

reengage on whether or not we take an administrative action. So if anybody -- does anybody have any advice for me as the agenda setter or any other kind of suggestion?

You know, Wynn, I know you need certainty as soon as you can get it. I think we probably have certainty three or four months before it's a major problem from the hiring folks. But how long do we wait, I guess, is what I'm asking?

MS. WELLS: I think the only thing I can say is the option the Commission just recommended you could implement that just before opening, so that's okay. I just don't know what other option is.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I understand that, Karen. That's the problem. The problem is we don't know what they will do, if anything.

MS. WELLS: Right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And then if they don't do anything, we don't know whether the Commission will consider an

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administrative reaction. So until this is addressed, you're living with your fingers crossed. So, I mean --

MR. BEDROSIAN: I think it's just unfortunate from staff's point of view continues to be the view that this is a legislative fix.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I know you think If it doesn't get fixed, it's going to come up again. I just need some idea of how long to wait. Let's give it a while, and maybe our representatives out there who sometimes float around the State House can give us some advice. And anything and anybody who is watching can do to push through this hybrid option, this would solve a tremendous amount of problems for people looking for work, as well as for an investigation and enforcement bureau, as well as for our Gaming Commission. will be a lot of winners if the legislature could fix this for us.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Mr.
Chairman, I just add, you know, we've had a

number of stakeholders groups that have offered to be helpful. They now have essentially something to go up and talk about, because we finally identified what we feel is good legislative solution. It sounds like I'm beating a dead horse here, but I still think we need to continue to work on proper education for folks that are considering these employment opportunities.

You know, you can seal your records and not have those considered as part of the process, you know. We don't take, you know, I guess it's called -- the proper term is "delinquency convictions" as an adolescent.

MS. WELLS: Right. There are no convictions for juveniles. They are found delinquent.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: You know, the more we can do to try to clarify questions for people who are maybe sitting in that state should I apply, should I pursue a career, I still have unanswered questions that we still in the meantime do

a lot focus on the education piece.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yes. You've said that many times, and I think that's a very, very critical point and I totally agree.

Okay. So let's take a quick break, and then maybe we can take our jackets off and roll up our sleeves and plow through the ballads.

(A recess was taken)

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So now we are back to item whatever it is, which is the community mitigation grants. Ombudsman Ziemba, pick us up where you left off.

MR. ZIEMBA: Great. Thank you, Mr. Chairman and Commissioners. Just as a brief reminder of the process, what I think I learned from the Commission at a previous meeting is that you wanted me to go through an overview of all the applications. My suggestion for the efficiency of the thought process going forward is that if you'll allow me to go through the list of

all of the applications once, hold on any questions until after I get through my analysis and then we can have, as Commissioner Zuniga asked for, a general discussion regarding all of the mitigation fund, and then, specifically, we can go to all of the questions. I think that that might be probably the best and most efficient way to do this; is that okay?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Sounds good.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you for setting the ground rules.

MR. ZIEMBA: Thank you so much. So now on to the specific impact grant applications. We already discussed one, which is Plainville. Let's go on to Attleboro. Attleboro can be found in your summary of memorandum on page four. Thank you Mary Thurlow for providing us the index for all of our applications.

Attleboro: The Review Team's analysis for the Attleboro and the other specific impact applications is broke down by each of the criteria specified in the

2017 guidelines for specific impact grants. You'll see that The Review Team does not believe that the application adequately demonstrates the impact as being caused by the facility. It did not believe that the significance of the impact was sufficiently demonstrated. It had questions regarding how the proposed mitigation measure addresses the impact and the feasibility and reasonableness of the application.

The City of Attleboro is seeking funding to assist in the design and construction of a combined fire, EMS and police dispatch center to help offset police and fire service calls that may be attributable to the operation of Plainridge casino.

A predominant concern by The Review
Team is that the data in its current state
does not support the request.
Specifically, in a letter to Attleboro
following the conference call between
Attleboro and The Review Team, Attleboro
was asked about the data that it used to

demonstrate that the impacted survey increase in crime affecting Attleboro is being caused by the Plainridge Park Casino.

The letter stated: As of this date, some of the traffic and other impacts are still being assessed. As noted in Attleboro's application, much of the data included in the Christopher Bruce study indicated that overall crime is down across all of these communities impacted by the Plainridge casino between July 1, 2015 and December 31, 2015 when compared to previous years.

The letter also stated that in addition to these statistics, an independent traffic analysis conducted by Vanasse and Associate's, Inc. relating to the impact of the Plainridge Park facility noted that we have concluded that the measured impact of the project on traffic volumes, trip patterns, motor vehicle crash trends, traffic operations, level of service, motorist and vehicle cuing and emergency vehicle response times has been

relatively minor with operating conditions at the monitoring intersections found to be similar to or improved over the conditions that were documented as part of the 2015 baseline study.

I will have to note for the record that that Vanasse and Associates study did not include Attleboro specific locations, but it was more for the geographically closer approximate communities next to Plainridge Park.

The Review Team asked Christopher
Bruce, the Commission's independent crime
analyst, to review the application. In
part, Mr. Bruce stated that even if
Plainridge Park has a causal relationship
to some of the incident types mentioned in
the memo, including traffic collisions and
complaints, it likely isn't responsible for
all of the increase. In general, aside
from the things that may be attributed to
Plainridge Park, total crime has decreased
quite significantly in Attleboro during the
18 months since Plainridge Park opened.

Overall, I think it's too soon for this request. It hasn't been long enough since PPC opened to establish any consistent trends. Overall, The Review Team determined that because the Plainridge Park Casino is just completing its second year of operations that it was too early to ascertain the impact. Attleboro's dispatch center or its responses are experiencing directly related to as a result of the casino.

The Review Team does note that
Attleboro's \$100,000 community mitigation
reserve remains unexpended. As more data
becomes available potentially demonstrating
the facility's impact on Attleboro, this
reserve could potentially be used to a
differentiate portion of the dispatch
center or for other approaches that help
Attleboro offset costs related to the
facility.

As a reminder, all use of reserves must go before the Commission. In relation to the latest data, we understand that

Mr. Bruce is due to come out early this fall with more information related to traffic collisions assuming that he can collect all this statewide data.

The Everett specific impact:

Everett is requesting funds to be used to help build, operate and maintain a bike sharing service in Everett that would provide alternative mobility to Everett residents and workers.

The Review Team had concerns
regarding Everett's application in relation
to the following criteria: Demonstration
that the impact is being caused by the
gaming facility, the significance of the
impact to be remedied, the potential for
the proposed mitigation measure to address
the impact, the feasibility and
reasonableness of the proposed mitigation
measure and a demonstration that other
funds from the hosting surrounding
community agreements are not available to
fund for the mitigation measures.

The Review Team evaluation: The

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Review Team did not reach a consensus. This is one of the, I believe, two remaining applications where there was no consensus that was recommended to the Commission. The Review Team did not reach a consensus on whether a bike sharing system should be recommended for funding at this time.

Important concerns remain about whether the proposed mitigation measure may cause further safety concerns for bicyclists, whether the benefit of the mitigation measure is closely related to the construction of the casino or instead as a general community improvement, whether the original proposal of ten stations is achievable given operating costs and whether this expenditure is more appropriately made out of the host community agreement payments.

Although The Review Team had such concerns, it recognizes that Everett has few other available options to address the transgression concerns along the Broadway

quarter in the near future. The review team also acknowledges the potential for future connectivity benefits to the Wynn Boston casino for regional commuters.

If the Commission -- The Review Team was unanimous whereby they stated that if the Commission does believe that funding is advisable, they would recommend no more than 150,000, and that's 150,000 out of the \$400,000 request. It reflects what has been authorized under other similar transportation planning grant applications.

We do note that actual capital costs are not covered under transportation planning grants, but this would also serve a similar purpose to all of our transportation planning grants in that it would really help prepare for future operational concerns for the Wynn Everett -- Wynn Boston Harbor casino.

Lynn's specific impact: The City of
Lynn is seeking funding to alleviate
traffic by creating a left-hand turn into
the ferry entrance for commuters traveling

south on Route 1A. The City is also actively seeking to operate the Lynn ferry this summer.

This is a little bit dated in the fact that just recently MassDOT has provided some funding for ferry service for this summer, but the dredging study that is being requested would enable Lynn to dredge and provide a more full year-round ferry service for the City of Lynn.

Other options that were included in this application synchronizing lights on Route 107 to alleviate congestion and adding stops to the Rockport/Newburyport commuter rail line.

You'll see that The Review Team
unanimously does not recommend that this
application adequately demonstrates the
impact as being caused by the facility. It
did not believe that the significance of
the impact was sufficiently demonstrated.
It had concerns regarding how the proposed
mitigation measure addresses the impact,
and had concerns regarding the feasibility

and reasonableness of the application.

The predominant issue with Lynn's application was that in The Review Team's opinion, Lynn's application did not demonstrate that the impacts were being caused by the construction of the Wynn Boston Harbor facility. This is one of the baseline criteria for the specific impact grants.

Much of Lynn's application will call for studies that in The Review Team's opinion would help Lynn remedy future transportation impacts from the Wynn Boston Harbor facility once it is operational rather than construction-related impacts, which are the subject of specific impact grant applications. Overall, The Review Team did not recommend the Lynn application.

Norfolk DA's office: The Norfolk
District Attorney's Office is requesting
funds to pay for one half of the annual
salary of an assistant district attorney at
Wrentham District Court, including the and

indirect costs associated with the salary. This assistant district attorney would be in charge of all criminal cases arising from the Plainridge Park Casino.

The application also requests one half of the annual salary of one victim witness advocate at the Wrentham District Court and tracking of all facility-related crimes.

The Review Team notes the Expanded Gaming Act anticipates that the district attorney's offices may be impacted by the operations of gaming facilities.

Specifically the Gaming Act at states that the Commission shall administer the Community Mitigation Fund and without further appropriation shall expend moneys in the fund to assist in off-centered costs related to the construction and operation of gaming establishment, including but not limited to public safety, including the office of the county district attorney. It's clear to The Review Team that the legislature meant for the Commission to

consider district attorney additional costs when we're considering mitigation fund allocations.

That said, it is unclear how significant the impact is to be remedied pursuant to the application. Indeed, the purpose of the funding being requested by the DA's office would be to enable the DA's office to more effectively track the cases resulting from the Plainridge Park facility.

The DA's office is trying to track these cases in its typical data collection processes and how it handles all of its data. It does not have systems to track basically the source of the crime that they are involved in prosecuting.

When we asked them for further data regarding how many cases related to Plainridge Park facility that they noted, they included a sample in response to our question of 14 specific cases, and this is in comparison to 20,000 cases annually in district court by the DA's office.

When we asked Christopher Bruce, our crime analyst, about this application, he noted that Plainridge Park itself generates some activity that would affect the DA's office. The GEU reported 45 arrests during its first year of operation and all of these would likely -- and I inserted likely -- would have fallen on the Norfolk DA's office. Mr. Bruce noted that overall he doesn't have data on prosecutions and that data on arrests is an imperfect indicator of the number of cases that actually go to prosecution.

Given that both the Norfolk County DA's office and the Commission have not been able to define with specificity the number of Plainridge Park-related cases that are being prosecuted by the DA's office, The Review Team has insufficient data to determine if the requested resources corresponded the impact.

Instead of allocating funding to cover one half of the cost of these two personnel, The Review Team recommends that

the commission staff work with the office to determine how best to understand the impacts prior to any agreement to pay for such a percentage of the district attorney's office personnel. Funding could be available to fray the district attorney's office cost and helping to develop a tracking system for Plainridge Park caseloads.

While the details of such a system are unknown and the district attorney's estimated costs are unknown, it is not likely to exceed \$25,000 for assistance to determine what the caseloads would be.

Plainville specific impact: We went through Plainville earlier today, so we can move forward on that one.

Springfield: Springfield included two applications for specific impact grants. The first one that I'll note here is the Focus Springfield. Springfield is requesting mitigation funds to cover the cost of relocating Focus Springfield, which operates a public access television studio

and training facility right in the MGM Springfield focus area right within their facility area. The aforesaid would result in a budget shortfall of approximately \$400,000.

The recommendation from The Review
Team is that the Commission hold on this
one. On Friday, June 16th, The Review Team
was informed in writing by MGM Springfield
that MGM Springfield does not intend to
require that Focus Springfield vacate the
ground floor of 101 State Street prior to
the project opening.

We are currently in discussions with Focus Springfield regarding a new agreement for continued occupancy and to agreement and do not anticipate the need for Focus Springfield to vacate during fiscal year '18.

Due to the importance of this official notification, The Review Team needs to do more diligence on the review of this application. The Review Team, therefore, recommends placing a hold on

this application until a further determination is available.

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Springfield's valet application: The City of Springfield on behalf of Caring Health Center and other businesses seeks full funding for the continuation of the valet parking pilot program that the Commission previously authorized. As you know, on August 1, 2016, the Commission awarded the City of Springfield \$200,000 in mitigation funds to alleviate parking issues related to MGM Springfield's

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The Springfield Parking Authorities have been managing the operation of a valet parking service providing businesses located on Main Street in Springfield between Union Street and State Street with parking services to patrons of businesses.

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> Springfield's initial 2017 fund application for such extension was submitted to allow the program to be extended for 15 months. The need for this mitigation was previously demonstrated.

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can refer to those -- to the deliberations on the 2016 Community Mitigation Fund grant. So The Review Team focused on the need for the additional funding to carry this program through the opening of the MGM Springfield facility or the opening of its garage to the public.

When we did our review, we believe that the additional assistance that would be needed based on current invoices would be approximately \$25,000 for the months of August and September. This is if the later dates were applicable; whereby, the valet program would continue through September, MGM's scheduled opening. And, so, that leaves \$25,000 in comparison to the request that we received from the City of Springfield.

Springfield additionally asked for another approximately \$6,500 to help with mailing costs and to make sure that we try to reach more businesses along that stretch along the road. So, therefore, we recommend that the Commission authorize up

to 31,523 for this purpose instead of the request made by Springfield, and that the commission staff would be required to work with the City of Springfield and MGM Springfield on what would be the actual termination date for that program. We can certainly come back to the Commission once that termination date is determined.

Okay, transportation planning grants. Pursuant to the 2017 guidelines, the Commission authorized transportation planning grants for certain transportation planning activities. The planning projects must be clearly related to addressing transportation issues or impacts directly related to the gaming facility according to our guidelines. Eligible planning projects must have a defined area or issue that will be investigated as well as a clear plan for implementation of the results.

Boston: Boston applied for funds to cover costs associated with the engineering and design services for the reconstruction of Sullivan Square, Rutherford Ave. and

Charlestown. The Review Team strongly agreed that Boston's review of the design for the Sullivan Square, Rutherford Ave. improvements is cheerily related to transportation issues or impacts directly related to the gaming facility.

Therefore, The Review Team recommends that the Commission provide 250,000 in funding, \$150,000 in transportation planning grant funding and \$100,000 from Boston's reserve for this planning activity.

Everett's transportation grant: The City of Everett is requesting funding for the preliminary design and engineering of a bus only lane on the west side of Broadway, Route 99 from the Everett city line to Route 16, Switzer Circle.

The Review Team was unanimous in its support for this application. It noted that this is exactly the type of project that was envisioned for the use of transportation planning funds. There's a clear nexus to the gaming facility and if

implemented, the bus lane could help mitigate both traffic congestion as well as the movement of buses through the corridor.

Given the importance of mode share for the Wynn project, any effort to improve bus service to the Wynn facility should encourage more use of that service by employers, employees and patrons.

Lynn transportation: The City of
Lynn is requesting funds to be used to fund
a cost sharing agreement with the US Army
Corp. of engineers for Lynn's dredging
navigational improvement project. The
dredging would afford the ferry service and
other vessels faster and direct deepwater
access from our Blossom Street terminal to
Boston. Lynn could also use the funds to
conduct a study to determine the
feasibility and costs of the direct
left-hand turn into Blossom Street ferry
terminal.

The Review Team does not believe that Lynn's application is clearly related to addressing transportation issues or

impacts directly related to the gaming facility. The Review Team had questions regarding how closely additional ferry services related to the gaming facility.

MassDOT echoed such concerns when it stated that MassDOT has reviewed the request of the City of Lynn in the amount of \$150,000 for a cost sharing agreement with the US Army Corp. of Engineers for the dredging project to improve ferry navigation. All intended use of the funding would entail the design and construction of a left turn to facilitate access to the Blossom ferry terminal.

While both of these projects have merit, we could not specifically tie their benefit to casino-related impacts. We recommend that other projects identified in a specific mitigation application be given consideration as they would likely be a better fit for this grant.

Lynn's response to The Review Team did not address a direct relationship between the ferry service and the Wynn

Boston Harbor location, but instead focused on the importance of lessoning the impact of Wynn's traffic through all available means, including the ferry service.

The Review Team concluded that it is not clear that the proposed ferry service has sufficient direct relationship for the purpose of meeting this criteria. Although we do not believe that this funding is supportive under this year's program, Lynn continues to have access to the Commission's 2016 reserve grant, which could be used for the ferry study.

Last year the Commission authorized the City of Lynn to utilize its 100,000 reserve for transportation studies, which may include commuter rail studies, 107 connector study, Lynn ferry analysis and studies related to the Route 1A Lynnway.

While The Review Team did not believe that the ferry dredging study is supportable under the 2017 guidelines, it did agree with the importance of minimizing the impact of Wynn's related traffic on

Lynn's roads as articulated by Lynn.

In order to help Lynn plan a way to lessen potential traffic impacts from the facility, The Review Team recommends the Commission authorize an additional 100,000 for 101 or 2 non-ferry-related transportation planning studies subject to the condition that Lynn must first consult with MassDOT and commission staff on how such funds would be best utilized to lessen any casino-related impacts on Lynn traffic.

So that's under this recommendation, Lynn could utilize all 200,000 of last year's -- including last year's 100,000 plus this new 100,000 on the Route 107 connector study, for example, or 100,000 could be used on the Route 107 connector and no more than 100,000 could be used on the ferry dredging study. The ultimate use determined by Lynn after such consultations would be reported back to the Commission.

Malden transportation: The City of Malden is requesting funding to complete planning and design work for the full

length of Exchange Street from Pleasant Street to Main Street. The total design costs 170,720 and Malden will cover the balance remaining. This project has been submitted to the MAPC and is consistent with MassDOT'S complete street policy.

MassDOT noted that the area surrounding Malden center will seek increased multimodal traffic directly related to the Wynn casino project. The reconstruction project is not only intended to provide better multimodal accommodations but also to address documented safety concerns in the area. The application has adequately documented how the requested funds will be used.

This isn't one of those applications that there was no unanimity among The Review Team. The Review Team agreed that Exchange Street will be used by a portion of the Wynn traffic and pedestrians. But there is some dissent among the group just as to what level that would be. From reviews and maps and field visits as noted

by the dissent, Exchange Street appears to be more of a local shopping district street than a through route for traffic coming to or going from the area.

It's a one-way street which immediately limits its use by a portion of traffic. Pedestrians who travel from the garages to Malden Center Station would likely use either Exchange Street or Route 60 as their travel routes. Both streets have been provided with sidewalks and intersecting streets have accessible ramps, crosswalks and pedestrian actuated traffic signals. Pedestrian traffic using Exchange Street has to cross Commercial Street to access the T station.

While this intersection is a high hazard location, the Gaming Commission provided a transportation planning grant to Malden in 2016 for the re-design of Malden center to address pedestrian and bicycle access to the T station.

In sum, The Review Team was not unanimous in determining whether Malden's

application clearly related to addressing such impacts or issues. The Review Team believes that the proposed improvements to Exchange Street will improve pedestrian and bicycle safety and better facilitate the movement of traffic through the area. However, there is concerns among some team members that the impacts of the gaming facility were not necessarily the driving factor in moving this project forward.

Medford: The City of Medford is requesting \$150,000 for transportation planning grants. Medford is requesting year two of a contract transportation planner in the amount of 60,000.

Additionally, it seeks to access the land use impacts of the casino's construction in the Wellington Circle area and the remainder 60,000 to conduct an engineering feasibility study for a new multiuse path on the southern side of the Mystic River.

We note that the Commission just recently reconsidered Medford's application. There was previously an issue

whereby we had put a condition on their application stating that they have to certify that all expenses are casino-related, and they thought if they hired a transportation planner it would be very difficult to do so given that on any given day, somebody could ask a question that is not casino-related and that planner might have answered that question, so that would be a difficult certification.

so they did agree to do a contract employee. We authorized the use of \$60,000 for that contract employee consistent with the grant. Last year they asked for a total of 80,000 in funding. We gave them \$60,000, which was just a prorated portion of the 80,000 salary. We recommend that we do grant \$20,000, which would be a full year's term of the contract employee for this upcoming year but not the full 60,000 amount that was requested by Medford.

The Review Team had concerns regarding whether the land use study and the South Medford connector study were

clearly related to addressing
transportation issues or impacts directly
related to the gaming facility. They had
some questions regarding the detail and the
budget and timetable and did not see detail
regarding the ability of the projects to
compete for state and federal
transportation funds.

In regard to the land use assessment, the City of Medford requested 30,000 to assess the land use impacts of the casino's construction on the Wellington Circle area, with particular emphasis on the Wellington Transit Station and its immediate environments. This study would include the analysis of land use and property ownership in addition of potential uses and development due to ancillary needs generated by the casino, and then potential partnerships with the MBTA and the development of air rights at Wellington Station will also be addressed.

The Review Team had a predominant concern. It asked Medford to provide

detail as to how the proposed use of funding to assess land use impacts the casino is transportation planning and not economic development funding -- planning.

Medford responded that construction of the casino will have tripled down land use and economic development impacts that will in turn general additional demands on the already overburden transportation system.

The Review Team does not believe that this study is clearly related to addressing transportation issues or impacts directly related to the gaming facility.

As such, The Review Team does not recommend the land use assessment for funding this year.

In regard to the South Medford connector, The Review Team asked Medford to demonstrate how the connector is related to the casino, even though it is on the opposite side of the Mystic River from the casino and asked whether this connection is dependent upon the construction of the

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proposed pedestrian bicyclist bridge across the Mystic River from Somerville.

Medford responded that bicyclists
may use a series of current and under
construction bridges to access the facility
in the near future, and could use the
proposed pedestrian bicyclist bridge across
the Mystic if it's built.

The Review Team was satisfied that the South Medford connector study is clearly related to transportation issues or impacts, especially if pedestrian bridge is built over the Mystic River. We note that Wynn Boston Harbor is very actively pursing the design of that pedestrian bridge as we speak.

So in sum, The Review Team recommended the commission provide \$20,000 for this year's cost of the planner contract employee, and they recommended \$60,000 for the South Medford connector study but did not recommend the further analysis.

Revere/Saugus transportation: This

is a joint application that was submitted by the City of Revere and the Town of Saugus. And what they're asking for is the plan to use \$150,000 to fund a joint planner that would address concerns related to the casino. Neither Revere nor Saugus had a surrounding community agreement.

The Review Team found that the approach was reasonable. There are very significant transportation issues that would benefit from the review of a transportation planner between the two communities. We felt that it was admirable that the two communities are working together on a reginal basis.

However, we did note that when we crafted the guidelines, we did not include joint applications. We said that, hey, if you're going file for a similar purpose, you can each file for your own portion of the grant and we'd consider them as complimentary applications. And one of the complications of a joint application is that we didn't write any of the

sub-guidelines or subrules on how joint applications would be treated.

One of the rules that we have for transportation planning grants is that when you receive a transportation planning grant, we ask that you utilize your reserve, which is dedicated for planning or specific impacts. But, in essence, if you are just a singular community and you received \$150,000 transportation planning grant, we would ask you to utilize or we would require you to utilize the \$100,000 for that, and then we would grant the additional \$50,000 in new moneys.

So we recommend -- we certainly recommend the planner, but we recommend that the same rules that apply for transportation planning grants would apply to these two communities, and that they would need to determine how they are going to allocate the \$100,000.

Somerville: Somerville seeks funding to mitigate the intersection of I-93, State Route 28 and State Route 38.

The City of Somerville proposes to use the transportation planning funds to initiate a formal planning study at the facility, which would implement key recommendations of the 2017 road safety audit. A consultant team would be engaged to conduct public engagement, alternative analysis and concept and design. This step is consistent with the formal project development process used by MassDOT for highway capital projects.

In its response to The Review Team,
MassDOT noted: MassDOT recommends funding
to mitigate the intersection of I-93, State
Route 28 and State Route 38. This area
already experiences one of the highest
crash rates in the state and the extra
volume heading to and from the casino will
exacerbate the existing conditions.
Upgrades to bicycle and pedestrian
infrastructures should also be required any
and all study conducted.

The Review Team believes that Somerville has complied in regard to the

scope, budget and timetable as required under the guidelines, and that this study could provide valuable information relative to a very congested area that potentially could be impacted by the Wynn Boston Harbor casino. As such, we recommended the funding request.

West Springfield transportation:
The Town of West Springfield is requesting funding to cover costs associated with the engineering design services for improvements to the Elm Street Route 20 corridor from Westfield Street to Park Street. Improvements will be designed to better accommodate casino-related traffic as well as incorporate complete streets element to improve pedestrian, bicycle and public transit access and safety.

The Review Team agrees that there is direct traffic impact on the Elm Street corridor as evidenced by MGM's draft environmental impact report. While mitigation was not required as part of the decision on the final environmental impact

report, the applicant demonstrates
deficiencies relative to existing traffic
signals, pedestrian access, bicycle access
and public transit.

West Springfield has adopted a complete streets ordinance to ensure that roadway designs incorporate all users on the roads at the time of the project approval's complete street concept was just starting to be adopted by local communities. The Review Team agreed that funding is appropriate in this regard, and we recommend funding this.

Okay, on to the next portion of the show. Travel gaming technical assistance

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Can we stop and take a deep breath?

MR. ZIEMBA: Travel gaming technical assistance grant: As you know,

Commissioners, pursuant to the guidelines,
the Commission shall make available no more than \$200,000 in technical assistance funding to assist in the determination of

potential impacts that may be experienced by communities in geographic proximity the potential gaming facility in Taunton.

The guidelines fully stated that such funding will only be made available after approval of any application by SRPED, Southeast Reginal Planning and Economic Development District or a comparable regional entity if it is determined by the commission that construction of such gaming facility will likely commence prior to or during fiscal year 2018.

The Review Team proposes that \$200,000 being held in reserve for such technical assistance program. In order to activate this reserve, such determination regarding Taunton's potential construction would first need to be made by the Commission. The Review Team recommends that the Commission would review the details of such program at this future date.

In regard to the reserve applications, we have Boston's reserves.

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Boston's reserve is for the same purposes of its transportation planning grant application; namely, for the re-design of the Sullivan Square/Rutherford Ave. project. I already noted that we recommend this reserve. Plainville reserve, we conquered that a little bit earlier today.

And then the Somerville reserve:
The City of Somerville's initial request
was the use of 100,000 for baseline
studies. In its response to request for
further information, Somerville refined
what these would be. The city proposes to
focus on baseline data collection for two
key areas that are related to its
environmental justice legacy near highway
air pollution and vehicular traffic
patterns.

The gold standard for particular pollution data collection is to perform fieldwork in the winter season as prevailing winds and particularly disbursal patterns have been demonstrated to be higher pollutant concentrations.

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The city would like to actively pursue both of those as part of its reserve. The Review Team believes that Somerville has complied in regard to the scope, budget and timetable. And The Review Team further believes that the air quality study and air traffic baseline study can provide valuable information relative to a very congested area that potentially could be impacted by the Wynn Boston Harbor casino.

So with that as a summary, The Review Team welcomes any general discussion regarding all of the mitigation fund.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Travel gaming? Oh you did that.

MR. ZIEMBA: I did that. And any specific -- we welcome any specific questions. And the one thing I will do note that after we review all the applications, I do ask the Commission if it does go along with these recommendations that it give the authority to staff to work on the grant contracts and to determine or

work with any further conditions we need to place on the grants themselves consistent with the guidelines and consistent with our reviews and other conversations that we would likely have with the folks such as MassDOT.

MassDOT recommended a number of different conditions that we placed on some of these studies. In some cases the community noted that they did not want to move forward with those recommendations.

What we could do is we could have some quick conversations between MassDOT and the communities to determine the appropriateness of the scopes of study, for example.

But I would just ask for some flexibility in the determination of conditions, which I would obviously inform The Review Team and the Commission regarding those contracts and those conditions. And with that, I conclude my brief review.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: If there are any

overcall questions, we can start with that.

Otherwise, I suggest we just go through
them project by project and ask if you have
questions and if we do, take them. If we
don't, move on.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Wasn't there a suggestion that we address first those as to which there was unanimity and then go on to the ones there was --

MR. ZIEMBA: As I said a couple of times today, I think that Commissioner Zuniga wanted to have a general discussion about the fund in general, and then we can get to the specific grants. There were only a few that there was not unanimity. Some of the applications involved, and I gave more detail in here because we recommended against the application. So I wanted to make sure that there was enough focus today.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: John, just a quick process question. Last week you gave us an overview of, I believe, of the three training applications.

MR. ZIEMBA: Correct.

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COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: We're deferring action on those. They are not included today. Based on decisions we make here, we will take those up at a subsequent meeting.

MR. ZIEMBA: No, they can be included in here. I was anticipating that we could do the whole bottle of wax. determined that we wouldn't make a determination on those, because you needed to know the overall funding level for today. So I anticipated, you know, now the recommended levels, so we could take those into consideration.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We are going to go until four. We'll stop at four. And then if there is -- if we are not done, we'll pick it up again at a special meeting next Wednesday after our agenda setting meeting.

My only overall comment, John, which I mentioned to you earlier, this is really a prodigious amount of work. You guys really did, Mary and Joe and John in

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1	particular, as well as the rest of the
2	team, did a tremendous amount of work.
3	It's really thoughtful and really detailed.
4	It seemed like you put the applicants
5	through the basis, so it's very impressive.
6	I was really impressed by it.
7	MR. ZIEMBA: Thank you.
8	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Let's start out
9	with Attleboro. This one is recommended
10	for approval. Do we have questions?
11	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: It's not
12	recommended.
13	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I'm sorry. My
14	okay meant yes, we agree with you, right.
15	Sorry, not recommended for approval. Do we
16	have any dissent or questions? So we move
17	on? The Everett bike share.
18	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Do we do a
19	motion and vote as we go?
20	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I guess, we could
21	vote on each one them, yes. That might be
22	a way to surface the conversation, yes.
23	You want to move on Attleboro first?
24	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I move that

	Page 251
1	we decline to approve the application of
2	Attleboro for the reasons stated in the
3	presentation by Mr. Ziemba and the
4	materials in the packet.
5	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I second that.
6	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Further
7	discussion, any discussion? All in favor?
8	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.
9	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.
10	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.
11	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.
12	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes
13	have it unanimously. Let's make a motion
14	on the next one as well and just go through
15	them, and we will use the discussion period
16	in the motion for discussion. So do you
17	want to go ahead?
18	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: This was
19	not unanimous.
20	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: No, but recommend
21	that it be oh, it's not.
22	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Nonetheless,
23	I move that the Commission approve the
24	recommendation of the majority of The

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Review Team that the Everett specific impact application be approved in the amount of \$150,000 for the reasons stated in the materials.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second?

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Second.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Discussion.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I had a --

John, looking at the quick overview analysis. Help me understand what competing recommendations. You have MassDOT supporting the request of the mitigation funds in the amount of 400,000. But then when you get down into bullet number four, the feasibility and reasonableness of the proposed mitigation measures, the second paragraph it says, in regard to the reasonableness of the mitigation, The Review Team questions whether potentially adding more bicycles to the impacted area is most reasonable response to the congestion concerns. the next point says, such concern is shared It sounds like it's somewhat by MassDOT.

at odds.

MR. ZIEMBA: Well, if you take a look at the specific wording of Everett's -- of the MassDOT recommendation from on Everett, it stated that -- it says, Everett is also planning on for bicycles. This request they support it. However, MassDOT wants to express its concerns about the safety issues that may arise during Wynn's construction work as well as the construction on Route 16.

If Everett attempts to pursue this project before the casino construction is completed, the city should make sure they have an understanding of the implications that the construction will have on cyclists and be able to identify safe pass to transit.

They also need a mechanism to convey information to cyclists. They may require signage to indicate when it may be best to ride on sidewalks. It also may warrant rethinking the Wellington Station location, an alternative to having a bike share

location at Malden Station where the Northern Strand provides safe access.

So, in my opinion, MassDOT was providing its support in many ways that The Review Team was providing support that enhancing access to bicyclists. It's a very important measure for trying to alleviate additional vehicles on congested roads, and we have been trying achieve that as well.

Part of the concern of The Review

Team was that you're putting new bicyclists

in a very congested area that is going to

be impacted during construction, and that's

consistent with what MassDOT was saying.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And isn't that a case to try to entertain that funding at a later time when the casino is constructed?

MR. ZIEMBA: That is the case. One thing I will note is that transportation planning funding is only for planning. So Everett could not have applied for this grant under transportation planning,

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because it's for actual capital costs. But quite potentially at some point in the immediate future or near future, it's likely that we will start entertaining actual requests for real transportation-related projects. And whatever systems we determine to make those determinations between projects, that will be done at that future date. But as of right now, planning funds — they are not eligible for the purposes that Everett is seeking.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Joe, do you want to say something?

MR. DELANEY: Yes. I just wanted to add onto that, I think, The Review Team as a group thought that having a bike shared system in Everett is a good idea. Part of the question is how much is it related to the casino and how much of it is related to general purposes. And, I think, the idea was we will say if we provided them some money, that will be for really the impact with Wynn. And if we were able to set that

up at some time before the facility is open, that will be a good thing, too, to get people used to the system and have it up and running where, you know, they're asking for capital funds.

So, I think, that was the sense of the group was that getting them somebody to get the system up and running would be a good thing so when the facility is open and it's up and running and people are using it.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But that doesn't get to necessarily directed to the question of the safety concerns under the current state, which includes a lot of vehicles for construction.

MR. ZIEMBA: You know, we asked that question about where we said, well, why would we be putting more bicycles on these congested roads during this construction period. What they did note, they said, well, firstly, Wynn is responsible for making sure that the bicycles commuting through the area are safe, and they're

going to have some diversions to make sure they are safe going through the Broadway area and that any additional bicycles that would go through the area would benefit from the divergent that they are putting in place for existing bikes. But the question is: Is that a mitigation to combat the additional congestion on lower Broadway related to construction or does that become a little bit of a circular dynamic?

MR. DELANEY: And, I think, the other notion was you could get people to take bicycles either over to the Chelsea Silver Line Station or Wellington or Malden, getting them to a T station and getting them off.

MR. ZIEMBA: Getting them off of lower Broadway.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: As part of this grant, the 150?

MR. ZIEMBA: Yes. We don't know how many stations there would be. Their initial application was for ten. We don't know how much they would be able to use

now. In their response to The Review Team, there's an indication that it might be five stations. So would those five stations include Chelsea and Wellington? I think that still needs to be determined by Medford -- by Everett, pardon me.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You know, I sort of had the same concerns, I think, both of you were expressing it but it feels a little premature to me. Sort of like MassDOT was kind of saying they wanted to be supportive, but they weren't sure this was the right time the data was really ready to make final decisions. I agree that it feels sort of kind of counterintuitive to be sending bikes down Lower Broadway right now.

And it kind of feels to me like it, never mind the number one criteria is the impact is being caused by the proposed gaming facility, which you mentioned is -- I don't know that it meets that standard, which is probably the reason why you cut the money back. But I sort of lean towards

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saying this doesn't make sense just yet. It may well.

The idea -- I agree with you that the idea of having it, particularly if you can really anchor it somehow in the Wynn project and accommodating affecting Wynn traffic, that would be a really great thing. It just doesn't quite feel right to me at this stage of the game.

MR. ZIEMBA: I think the best argument that Everett made in its response to The Review Team was that they tried everything to try to mitigate the construction-related impact in that corridor. They went to MBTA to try to get additional bus service to serve that corridor during the period of the construction. And the T said, I'm sorry we can't do additional service for a limited period of time.

And, so, they're saying, hey, we tried everything to try to mitigate it. This is basically our only available group. So, I think, I do agree with you those are

very key points, Chairman. But on the other side, I guess that was their best argument.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: If I recall right, and correct me if I recall, correct me if I'm mistaken, but that there was apparent consensus amongst The Review Team that in some ways this is a little early, and there was concern for the safety of bicyclists on the current circumstances of Broadway on a day to day basis. But by dialing it back, this in some ways is just an early investment in the eventual larger project of the bike -- of the bike system in Everett. Am I off the mark on that?

MR. ZIEMBA: No, I think that's

right.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: So to your point, Mr. Chairman, it was against the backdrop of kind of agreeing in principal that there is an element of prematurity on this, but at the same time that it is worthwhile to at least get started because we know that the bike program is going to

be part of the overall mix of things to reduce the adverse impacts of the construction and eventually the operation of casinos.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So is the way that this recommendation -- the effect of this recommendation, it sounded like you sort of wanted to contort it into a planning grant. And are you saying that this would, in effect, be used to plan for planning for the future?

MR. ZIEMBA: No. Because they would use these dollars for actual capital costs. But it is similar to a transportation planning grant in regard that this will maybe provide future benefits once Wynn is operational. But in regard to whether or not it is a construction-related impact, I think that The Review Team, all The Review Team had a little bit of difficulty with that.

MR. DELANEY: I think the other thing is you just can't throw a switch and have a bike share program out there.

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There's a lot of planning that needs to be done with it. There's probably some permitting with the T stations and other things. So there is a -- they have to go out to bid on these things, so there is a process to get there, you know. If we waited a year, you know, that might be pushing it out too far.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Is there a way -- you mentioned some of the stations will take the bikes away from Broadway. Is there a way to make a recommendation that these moneys could be used in that direction or is that not possible?

MR. ZIEMBA: I mean, we could mandate that two of the five are for the Chelsea Silver Line Station and Wellington, you know. I've been responsible for creating conditions in the past that could never really be fulfilled, and that has come back to the Commission.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Only once.

MR. ZIEMBA: So I don't know. I

Anybody else

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don't know.

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY:

comments?

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COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I'm just sort of on the fence on this. I think, there is a real -- whenever we did the mitigation hearings and I'm a bit concerned unequivocally is transit. And in the case of Region A, it's all about Sullivan Square and the already congested area. But there is some prematurity in my view, and there is ironically a partial funding of the request that there may be a notion they really wanted a -- really need a bike sharing program to be, you know, well planned for, not necessarily incrementally. Although, I get the virtue of proceeding incrementally. I could almost go either way on this.

I want to mention something that I know you brought up a list to me. There is user fees associated with these programs, but they don't necessarily cover the capital and operating costs. Is that a

fair summary and how is the city proposing to kind of deal with this going forward on additional stations?

MR. ZIEMBA: So we asked -- we understand that you want to get the capital costs from us. How are you going to deal with the operational concerns? And they came back from a project that was ten stations down to five stations, and they wanted to reallocate \$100,000 of what they requested for operation's costs. What they did note in their response, they said, hey, the city will bear those costs if they can't get all of these user fees and sponsorships to pay for the operational-related costs.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And is there anything from the host community agreement that goes towards multimodal transportation?

MR. ZIEMBA: In the memo we note that Wynn Boston Harbor just made a \$12.5 million payment to the City of Everett for pursuant to special legislation

that was enacted relative to Everett for capital costs.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: So they could

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presumedly fund this out of that.

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MR. ZIEMBA: Correct. But presumedly there is some mile markers in there that say it has to be in duration for longer than five years. I assume the bikes would be met for more than five years, but somebody could make an argument that bikes in this type of a system would not necessarily last five years. So I'm not quite certain that it would be counted towards that 12.5, but it seems that it would.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: John, is it worth considering because Everett also has a transportation funding grant in which it appears to get unanimous support with respect to a bus only lane down Broadway.

> MR. ZIEMBA: Yes.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Is it worth considering that we could have some endorsement to them coming back next year,

next round or assuming we will still be doing transportation planning grants in 2018?

MR. ZIEMBA: I would assume so.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: And recommending that this 150,000 at that oint might be a good fit.

MR. ZIEMBA: Quite possibly. If we start entertaining opening up our transportation for actual projects, some will be getting closer. There might be more competitive uses for those dollars.

So, I don't know if this would similarly be the priority next year for Everett itself but it could.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And by the way, that's one notion that I have in the back of my mind when I'm thinking about requests like the Plainville earlier this morning. That so far a lot of this transportation piece has been limited to design and planning. Once we get into the actual implementation of some of these projects, they get quite pricey.

And there is, in my view anyway, some virtue to think about judiciously in this period because there is projects down the line. Some of which are going to be paid by the licensees already as part of the conditions. But we know, for example, that the licensee is not by itself going to solve the Sullivan Square long-term project.

MR. ZIEMBA: The good news on that project is that Boston has identified that federal funding should pay for the entire cost of that project together with the \$25 million allocation that we require from Wynn Boston Harbor towards the long-term plan based on the current estimates. But, indeed, these projects do get expensive. In fairness to The Review Team, The Review Team in terms of judiciousness it did not recommend 400,000. The maximum would go 150,000, so I do put that out there for consideration.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: And if I heard Joe correctly, planning and

permitting, a lot of that 150 would go toward that, correct?

MR. DELANEY: I'm not sure there's a huge cost associated with that, but that would have to be the service and so on and, you know, they have to work with the T and others to, you know, find locations to put the bike wracks and all those. I mean, you walk around downtown every one of those hub way bike wracks that you see had to get a permit from the city. So I'm just saying it's a time-consuming effort more so than other than a huge funding.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Was there a presumption that something like this could be connected to other hub way --

MR. ZIEMBA: Yes. The Review Team felt there was very strong regional benefits, and that they were trying to connect it to the hub way and potentially hub way stations in Malden and Wellington and Southern Line Station and Chelsea.

MR. DELANEY: And Sullivan Square.

MR. ZIEMBA: And Sullivan Square.

	Page 269			
1	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Is there			
2	anyone else on the fence or			
3	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Well, I'm on the			
4	fence but I'm sort of leaning towards			
5	giving it. Do we have any further			
6	discussion? The motion is on the table to			
7	support the recommendation of doing the			
8	150. That's the motion on the table.			
9	Further discussion?			
10	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: And it's not			
11	for capital costs.			
12	MR. BEDROSIAN: It is for capital			
13	costs.			
14	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Start the			
15	program.			
16	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: To start the			
17	program. Are we all in favor?			
18	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Do we have a			
19	second?			
20	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We do. All in			
21	favor signify by saying aye?			
22	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.			
23	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.			
24	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.			

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All opposed? Ιt passed unanimous. We have a few more minutes.

MR. ZIEMBA: So as a reminder just because it becomes a little bit unclear, so the Lynn specific impact application was an application for a multiple of different purposes that in The Review Team's analysis were more can do planning for future needs. And then the transportation planning application, that was for specific to the ferry itself and dredging costs for the left turn lane into Blossom Street.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Let's deal with both of them, because they fit together for your recommendations and everything else. Let's do Lynn, and then we'll be out of here probably.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Mr. Chair, do you want to separate do motions?

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: However we do separate motions, I thought we ought to just let John introduce them as a pair.

MR. ZIEMBA: The Review Team's recommendation was that the Commission would authorize another \$100,000 for the purposes of transportation studies one or two, no more than \$100,000 that has already been allocated for the Lynn ferry, and that the commission staff would work with MassDOT and the City of Lynn to try to make a determination on how best to utilize such funds to address casino-related impacts.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Commissioner Macdonald?

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Is there a motion?

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I'm asking you if you want to make a motion to support the recommendation.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I move that the Commission support the recommendation of The Review Team as it relates to declining Lynn's application for a specific impact grant of \$400,000 but to approve the recommendation of The Review Team as to its application for a transportation planning

1 grant in the amount of \$100,000. 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second? 3 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: 4 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Comment? 5 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: We're also 6 encouraging them to use last year's 7 reserve? MR. ZIEMBA: So they can utilize 8 9 last year's reserve, but we would not 10 authorize any additional new dollars 11 towards the ferry study, but they could use 12 it because we're not going to rescind what 13 we already granted towards the ferry. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 14 Anybody? 15 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I agree with the recommendation. 16 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. I had a 18 problem with it. It seemed to me like the 19 committee was trying very hard to figure 20 out a way to say yes, which I can 21 understand, but they didn't even ask for 22 money for 107 or 1A. They didn't assert an 23 impact from particular -- I mean, they 24 talked about, generally speaking, there are

going to be impacts. What we've done now is say, let this money sort of act as a grab bag and find some road that might have an impact and use it to study. They didn't even ask for that.

MR. ZIEMBA: Well, they did. In their specific impact application, they included a sort of a pan play of purposes that they asserted are related to the Wynn-related traffic. MassDOT in its response letter said that those weren't worthy projects. When it analyzed the ferry, it said that the ferry services is probably not related to the casino. So, instead, they should pick one or two of those projects to proceed.

But they did say that one of their due big projects would be the ferry study or Route 107 connector study, but they also had included other eligible purposes such as the commuter rail study, traffic signalization and a number -- and a number of other things included in their overall analysis.

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COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And the Route 107 connector is a lot more associated at least in the eyes of MassDOT to the potential impacts from the casino; is that correct?

MR. ZIEMBA: We think so. Again, it's in Lynn and so the percentage of traffic coming through Lynn is not as significant as the percentage coming through Everett obviously. But there are impacts on Route 1, Route 1A, 60 and all of these areas are included in a number of different applications. If you take a look at the Revere and Saugus application, they mention Route 107. They mention impacts on Route 1. Revere mentions the impacts on They'll circle en route on 1A is Route 1A. already a mitigation requirement of the Wynn facility as part of their Section 61 findings.

So a lot of these facilities are connected to each other, and there is a significant numbers of traffic coming down Route 1. Eight to nine percent of Wynn's

traffic comes down there and then more

percentage coming from 1A. And, so,

between that 107 and 60, these are all

facilities that are closely connected.

How specifically you can tie 107 to direct impacts to the casino, I think, that that remains part of the consultative process that we recommend where we work with MassDOT and the City of Lynn to try to make a determination how best these funds can be used to reduce the impact of Wynn-related casino traffic.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: And that's in the transportation planning application, right?

MR. ZIEMBA: Correct.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: The 107

connector is -- if you look at a map and

where the connector would go, there really

is a potential for a direct tie into

Everett whereas --

MR. ZIEMBA: The one thing that Lynn did note is that last year we authorized 100,000 because that was their entire

reserve. But MassDOT and Lynn recognized that a lot of these studies are actually much more than 200,000. So the \$100,000 granting may be limited utility unless they can come up with the additional dollars to pay for some of these studies.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: So this would give them 200,000.

MR. ZIEMBA: This would give them 200,000.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 200 or 250?

MR. ZIEMBA: 200 total. We didn't recommend the whole 150. We recommended just 100,000, because they said -- they didn't include anything that it's over 250, and we were being conservative about it.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So it's 100,000 from the reserve and 100,000 is the planning grant.

MR. ZIEMBA: Yes.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But criteria one for the planning project is that it must be clearly related to addressing transfer issues or impacts directly related to the

gaming facility; two is required to submit a detailed scope, budget and timetable for the planning effort. Has that happened?

MR. ZIEMBA: No.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So by that definition, we can't even award it.

MR. ZIEMBA: I don't think the guidelines any one of them wouldn't say in our guidelines that if we failed to meet one of those guidelines that it automatically denies your application.

It's supposed to taken it in its totality.

Some are more important than others such as you just mentioned, Mr. Chairman, that can you demonstrate clearly the transportation impact to the mitigation -- to transportation-related issues.

And what the City of Lynn is asserting is that based on some studies, significant studies is that any additional vehicles within Lynn, because it is very constrained without some major facilities, it is mostly folks commuting along these residential streets or small streets that

additional traffic from the Wynn casino will have a major impact upon those roads.

So the goal really needs to be can you get -- reduce the overall amount of the Wynn-related traffic on all of those roads, because it reaches them to further congestion point. We thought that the Lynn ferry was too tangential, too much of an indirect. But all of Lynn's focus has been trying to reduce the impact upon those additional traffic on city streets.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: So the traffic won't stop at the border. Some of it will go into Lynn. So you thought that this was related enough to meet that.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: So long as they know we're not funding the ferry or the dredging.

MR. ZIEMBA: Correct. And part of the consultation with MassDOT would be to try to get that more direct relationship to casino-related traffic.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I think there was a strong consensus on The Review

Team that the ferry's connection to the casino was not just a stretch. There was just no substantial connection between them but these roads, specifically including 107, potentially very significant.

of their -- didn't necessarily find this the strongest application but, I think, this would be one where we would look to you and to MassDOT to craft the grant contract with pretty significant language and, you know, putting you in a position feeling comfortable to release money when appropriate projects are recommended, you know, decided upon.

MR. ZIEMBA: I can certainly come back to the Commission with whatever is determined between those parties.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I'm fine with that.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I as well.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You know what, for the heck of it, I might recuse myself from this vote. My brother lives there and is

very involved in some not development activities. He is not a developer. He is not a civic leader. He is very involved in doing some stuff up there. I've never heard anything about this. It's just as a matter of squeaky clean I think I'll recuse myself of this vote.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Do we have a motion?

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Yes. We had a motion and it's be been seconded, and it would be to decline the application with regards to Lynn's application with regard to the specific impact but to approve it's application for transportation planning in the amount of \$100,000.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: With the added recommendation of the subject to further review by Ombudsman Ziemba.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: For clarity of the -- the clarity of the nexus with Wynn traffic basically.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes.

MR. ZIEMBA: Would you like me to

	Page 281		
1	report that back to the Commission?		
2	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Just report		
3	that back.		
4	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Further		
5	discussion?		
6	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I will		
7	second that motion.		
8	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Further		
9	discussion? All in favor?		
10	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.		
11	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.		
12	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.		
13	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.		
14	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? And one		
15	recusal by Chairman Crosby. All right. We		
16	are eight minutes off. Shall we call it a		
17	day?		
18	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Do Norfolk		
19	really quickly?		
20	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We could do		
21	Norfolk, yes.		
22	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Let's do		
23	Norfolk. I was the one who wanted to get		
24	away at four. If we go a little bit beyond		

Page 282 1 it, it's not a problem. 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Let's do Norfolk. 3 Do you want to make a motion to accept the 4 recommendation? COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I'll make a 5 6 motion to accept the recommendation that we 7 approve the application of the Norfolk County District Attorney for a specific 8 9 impact grant in the amount of \$25,000 with 10 the use of that limited according to the conditions described in the review 11 12 committee's materials before the Commission. 13 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second? 14 15 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Second. 16 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Is there any discussion on this item? 17 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And those 18 19 conditions are essentially limited to them 20 understanding -- better understanding the 21 specific impacts, because they have no 22 current way of understanding that, correct? 23 MR. ZIEMBA: Correct. 24 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: The additional

workload and --

MR. ZIEMBA: That's right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I think this basically assures that we will get the same request from the other DAs. But given the district attorneys are specifically mentioned in the statute as one of the potential mitigated parties, then that seems perfectly reasonable.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: And I expect a much bigger workload with the other DAs because of the size of the facility.

MR. ZIEMBA: If you want to look at the transportation planning, The Review Team was really unanimous regarding Boston's applications, was unanimous regarding the Medford recommendations. It was unanimous regarding Revere and Saugus, Somerville and West Springfield. There was some lack of unanimity regarding Malden and Everett, the bus line was also unanimous. All of those applications were unanimous, and I think we felt pretty strongly that we could move forward with those.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Let's finish up this one.

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I'm not suggesting we do all of those.

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MR. ZIEMBA: We're not going to bundle?

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I don't think we should bundle. I think it's worth going through them. Even if we agree, I think it's worth having this conversation.

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there anymore discussion on the Norfolk DA?

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COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I'll just

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add, as I understood, which is in keeping

14 15 as John described it, is we felt -- The

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Review Team felt that the district attorney

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did not succeed in convincing us that they

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currently had data that could justify the

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full amount of the application to fund half

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think there was a supervisor in there and a

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witness list -- victim witness advocate.

of the assistant district attorney. I

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However, we did feel that there was a potential for there to be a need and that

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this amount would fund either one or more,

you know, technical people, perhaps a consultant that would then help them be able to make an objective case for an impact. Basically to be a means of developing data that would permit them to base a future application or not if they can't prove it.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yes, makes sense.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I would like to -- I mean, you referenced it a couple of times and you did in your remarks. I would like to say it again, you know, getting down to some of the conditions may be in the contract. Norfolk DA's office work with our crime consultants. They review their results and review any information that they gather so we have it, too.

MR. ZIEMBA: Great.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I would just like to say that I really am supportive of the DAs getting the moneys they need for their part in this, because it will be a large part but we just need the data so...

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And they are

	Page 286	
1	chronically underfunded frequently.	
2	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: So I do want	
3	to express that support. But obviously	
4	when we see the data, that will be helpful	
5	for us.	
6	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any further	
7	discussion? All in favor?	
8	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.	
9	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.	
10	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.	
11	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.	
12	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes	
13	have it unanimously. I think let's try six	
14	and seven. We have five more minutes here.	
15	Commissioner Macdonald.	
16	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I was just	
17	getting up from my chair.	
18	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: There's a motion	
19	of six to support the recommendation to put	
20	on hold the community television.	
21	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: So moved.	
22	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Second.	
23	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any discussion	
24	about this recommendation to postpone	

1 further action? 2 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: This matter is 3 little, because we are putting it on hold. 4 But when does the original lease end? 5 MR. ZIEMBA: September. 6 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: This 7 September, the original lease? 8 The original lease MR. ZIEMBA: No. 9 went through 2022 is my understanding, but 10 I think the determination was anticipated 11 for, I believe, it was September. 12 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And at least 13 there is a written statement from MGM --14 MR. ZIEMBA: Correct. 15 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: -- that they can continue with this for the time-being. 16 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: It should be noted 17 18 that the community TV folks got a lot of 19 very strong and sincere and non-form like 20 letters in support of their applications. 21 It turns out not to have been necessary but 22 should be noted sort of speaks well of the 23 organization. Any other discussion? 24 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Just one

point for disclosure purposes, obviously, I was -- wearing my old Springfield hats, I've had an opportunity to interact with Mr. Abbot and some of the folks at the station and just for years of being in the City of Springfield. Just thought I would highlight that. I don't feel that necessarily requires me to recuse myself, but I want to have it on the record.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All in favor?

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes have it. Let's try one more. Valley Service, and then we will stop.

COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: I move that the Commission approve the recommendation of the review committee with regard to the City of Springfield slash Caring and Health valet program in the amount of \$31,523 for the reasons explained in the packet summary memorandum from The Review Team.

1 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second? 2 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Second. 3 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any discussion? 4 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I thought 5 this one was really interesting because the 6 math, they had it down to the penny, the 7 team, so that's pretty persuasive when you 8 read that whole paragraph about how you 9 figured out the numbers. 10 MR. ZIEMBA: And our number's guy Joe, and our other number's guy Derek all 11 12 had hands all be it in a different way. 13 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: wondering where tat \$23 came from, but I 14 15 trust the team. COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: 16 Is the spending on track with what from the 17 18 original amount that we budgeted, is it 19 under forecast or over forecast? 20 MR. ZIEMBA: I think it was a little 21 bit under. We think it's going to last 22 till July. The city thought in its 23 response that it would last until March. 24 So if it lasts till July, the \$25,000,

hopefully, will be comfortable enough to enable us to continue through September.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: And on a broader question, is there -- you highlighted in terms of working with the city to determine the exact date of the program's conclusion. Obviously at some point MGM will open its doors.

MR. ZIEMBA: Correct, yes.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Is there conversations or planning around what happens for parking for folks for Caring Health and some of the adjoining businesses or we anticipate that conversation happening at some point?

MR. ZIEMBA: Yes, we do. And there is an open question to the City of Springfield in its response to us said they wanted to make sure that it is for the later of, the opening of MGM Springfield or the opening of the parking garage for the general public. And there's a question on what and if that date might be, so there remains some further questions that need to

be resolved.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But my assumption is that after that, the later off date, then it's back to the way it was before.

MR. ZIEMBA: The Commission has been very clear on that point.

MR. DELANEY: For our purposes, we just took the worst-case scenario of the September 6th opening date and used that and even said we might be able to go a couple of weeks beyond that during that real busy grand opening time where parking may be at a premium.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: What is the argument for leaving the program in operation, the valet program, after the parking lot is open but even if the casino isn't?

MR. ZIEMBA: No. There's a question of Wynn and if that garage might be open to the public. The other questions that were raised in our meeting -- meetings with Springfield was there will be some

significant work that goes -- that is being done along Main Street and along some of the side streets. And, so, would some of the, for example, the Caring Health patients be able to access the Caring facility with a lot of that work going on from the garage once it is open, so there remains some questions about that.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But that's going to happen anyway. I mean, at some point the garage -- at some point, the valet goes away and they are going to have to live with whatever the situation is.

MR. ZIEMBA: That's correct.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Which has basically been presumed to be when the garage opens. That was our presumption, I think.

MR. ZIEMBA: That's consistent with the city of Springfield as to they said earlier of the garage being open or MGM Springfield being open.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Earlier?

MR. ZIEMBA: The earlier of those

two is what was requested by Springfield.

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CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh, I thought you said the later of the two.

MR. ZIEMBA: No, no. The funding amount that's being authorized is what would be necessary to carry through to that later date.

Oh, okay. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So when does the program stop?

MR. ZIEMBA: The program stops according to Springfield's application the earlier of the opening of the garage to the public or the opening of MGM.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So that's the trigger date.

MR. ZIEMBA: Yes.

MR. DELANEY: I think we're going under the assumption that the garage is talked that they are going to open up to the construction workers initially and at some point it opens up to everyone. And we are assuming that that's going to coincide with the opening of the facility just because we have nothing that gives a date

that's earlier than that.

And, you know, there will be construction around the facility, the sidewalks along State Street and Main Street. And the only way that they will have to get there is coming out of MGM Way and down State Street, because it's still an active construction site, the rest of the building.

MR. ZIEMBA: We do note that there's existing commitments in our license and what's relative to opening of the garage and, so, all of these would have to be demonstrating that they're complying with those. So there remains some things to work out.

MR. DELANEY: Yes. This just gives us enough money to get to the opening, if necessary.

MR. ZIEMBA: If necessary. And that's part of the condition we could write into the grant agreement, but this one might be a little bit more complicated than most.

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1	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Let's		
2	conclude the Ombudsman's mitigation for		
3	now.		
4	MS. BLUE: Did you vote? You didn't		
5	vote.		
6	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We didn't vote on		
7	this last one, sorry. Any further		
8	discussion? All in favor?		
9	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.		
10	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.		
11	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.		
12	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.		
13	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed. The ayes		
14	have it unanimously. Thank you. Any		
15	Commission updates, Commissioner updates?		
16	Do I have a motion to adjourn?		
17	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: So moved.		
18	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All in favor?		
19	COMMISSIONER MACDONALD: Aye.		
20	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.		
21	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.		
22	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.		
23	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes		
24	have it.		

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                        MR. ZIEMBA: Thank you.
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                        (Proceeding concluded at 4:02 p.m.)
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1	APPEARANCES:
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3	MASSACHUSETTS GAMING COMMISSION STAFF:
4	Catherine Blue, General Counsel
5	Edward Bedrosian, Executive Director
6	John Ziemba, Ombudsman
7	Karen Wells, Director of IEB
8	Mark Vander Linden, Director of Research and
9	Responsible Gaming
LO	Michael Sangalang, Digital Communications
L1	Coordinator
L2	Derek Lennon, Chief Financial Officer
L3	Todd Grossman, Staff Counsel
L4	Loretta Lillios, Staff Counsel
L5	John Glennon, Chief Information Officer
L6	Paul Connelly, Director
L7	Joseph Delaney, Construction Project Oversight
L8	Manager
L9	Bill Curtis, Licensing Supervisor
20	Mary Thurlow, Paralegal
21	Teresa Fiore
22	Marlene Warner, Massachusetts Council on
23	Compulsive Gambling
24	Floyd Barroga

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1	APPEARANCES (Continued)	
2		
3	GUEST SPEAKERS:	
4	John Caressimo, Bristol Community College	
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