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1	THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS		
2	MASSACHUSETTS GAMING COMMISSION		
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4	PUBLIC MEETING #63		
5			
6	CHAIRMAN		
7	Stephen P. Crosby		
8			
9	COMMISSIONERS		
10	Gayle Cameron		
11	James F. McHugh		
12	Bruce W. Stebbins		
13	Enrique Zuniga		
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17	April 11, 2013, 1:00 p.m.		
18	OFFICE OF THE DIVISION OF INSURANCE		
19	First Floor, Hearing Room H		
20	1000 Washington Street		
21	Boston, Massachusetts		
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PROCEEDINGS:

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We are calling to order the 63rd public meeting of the Mass. Gaming Commission. Interestingly, it was 366 days ago, April 10 of last year, when we had our first public meeting. So, thank you all for sticking with us for a year. It's been interesting. And we look forward to many more.

First item on the agenda as always is approval of minutes, Commissioner McHugh.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: We have two sets of minutes today, Mr. Chairman, the March 21 and March 25 minutes. They've been circulated as part of the meeting packet for the people in attendance. I'd take them seriatim. So, first I'll ask if there are any comments about the March 21 minutes.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: No.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I move that the minutes of March 21, 2013 be approved as submitted.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Second.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All in favor, aye.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.

Electronically signed by Laurie Jordan (201-084-588-3424)

Page 3 1 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye. 2 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye. 3 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Aye. 4 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. 5 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: The second set 6 of minutes is the March 25, 2013 minutes. I'd ask 7 if there are any comments with respect to those? 8 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: No. 9 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Then I'd move 10 that the March 25, 2013 minutes be approved as submitted. 11 12 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Second. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All in favor, aye. 13 14 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye. 15 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye. 16 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye. 17 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Aye. 18 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. 19 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I see we have 20 Administration on here twice. But let's skip the 21 second one and do it now. Commissioner Zuniga, do 22 you want to pick that up? 23 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Sure. Again, 24 there is a standing item on our agenda is review

of the master schedule. There is not a lot of the on the first page. We continue to forecast the same dates, as a result of last discussion from a couple of weeks ago relative to the likelihood or not of increasing the forecast date of investigations.

So, we'll update that as those investigations progress.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: As best we know so far, nothing has happened in the investigations that's going to change our projected award time.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's right. We've talked about the possibility of April 30 as

investigations. All that I know is that that is

an early date for some of the slots parlor

ongoing. We may or may not meet that early date.

But there is enough time that if those

investigations progressing, we'll just see where

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What we did conclude in a previous meeting was that advancing that date prior was perhaps too aggressive or unrealistic. So, we're not forecasting anything like that.

We continue with tracking on the paths

for regulations. We've made some of these dates, and we're in the process now of receipt of comments.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And we'll be having a major public hearing on May 3 on those.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's correct.

That's our current public hear date. We will have to start thinking about the RFPs for our advisors, but I know that process is ongoing. And we have a little bit time before we have to dive into that.

I'll spend a few minutes only on some of the specifics on the master schedule. We are now reflecting the live racing for both Plainridge and Suffolk really upcoming. There's the report to the Legislature on the statutory review has been approved as presented. So, that will be shortly submitted, if it hasn't already.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I think it has.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Okay. The process for regulation promulgation on the Racing side is also ongoing. There is just continuous progress there. And we started to do some of our administrative activities in full swing.

Director Durenberger, my report on this date for

the auditing software relative to Racing, this

date may be improved as it's currently forecasted.

But the forecast continues there.

There's been some progress relative to the electronic document management system. That activity continues.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So, that's projected for full operational at the end of August.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's correct, yes. That may or may not slip a little bit, but we'll see how long. These dates continue to be in a little bit of a state of flux.

Relative to hires, we continue with workforce development as well as Director of Research and Problem Gambling. Well under way for the Director of Licensing and have started with our process for CFO as well as CIO.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. Executive

Director Day will pretty soon be talking to us

about his plans for scoping out the rest of the

schedule for all of the rest of the stuff that we've

got to be doing as he gets his team going. Okay.

Anything else on the schedule?

1 Do you want to go to finance? 2 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Sure. I 3 submitted for your review what I will call a 4 summary report of the third quarter of operations, 5 if I can find it in my packet. I can walk through 6 a couple of highlights that I wanted to point out, 7 and then take any questions if there are any. 8 You will remember that our approved budget a year ago -- three-quarters of a year ago, 9 10 back in June of last year, amounted to \$7.4 11 million. It's represented here. The way I've 12 always reported this is with operation only for 13 comparison purposes. 14 What we would have spent by now if we 15 only divided the budget by three quarters, just a 16 straight line. I am reporting the expenditures 17 column (C). You will notice for most items we're 18 spending a little under the initially forecasted 19 amount. 20 This is accrued? CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 21 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: This is cash 22 disbursements. These are expenditures. 23 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: On a cash basis. 24 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Cash

1 disbursements, correct.

2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So, is the projected amount on a cash basis, probably not.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: The projected is really just the budget times three quarters or times 75 percent, the prorated not projected.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: But it's also on a cash basis, right?

9 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes.

10 Technically, yes.

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COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Both (B) and (C)

12 are on a cash basis.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Technically, yes. But to your question, Mr. Chairman, there are some costs that may be here that may have been incurred, not yet paid that technically could go on column (C). We may be understating it a little bit.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You think that's trivial.

21 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes, it is not
22 significant. It's not significant. We pay our
23 bills rather quickly turn around.

I wanted to highlight a couple of

1 things --2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So, the bottom line is we are on a burn rate that's a million almost 3 4 \$1.1 million, \$1.5 million better than we 5 projected. And is your best guess that we'll hold 6 that number? So, we're going to actually come in at 5.6 rather than 6.7? Those are real savings by 7 8 hiring later and so forth? 9 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's correct. 10 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That's good. 11 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Again, we need 12 to account for the actual accrual. One thing 13 that --14 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That doesn't 15 account for -- Sorry, I keep interrupting you. 16 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's okay. 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: The research 18 numbers are not in here too, right? 19 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes. Research 20 agenda, IEB as well as Racing are not here. And 21 I'll speak to that in a minute. We will start 22 reporting on those in more detail fairly soon. 23 The question you may remember relative

to the indirect allocation percentage, we've had

a number of different conversations with the Comptroller's Office. And now we need to with the Office of Administration and Finance.

Initially, I was under the impression that we would have to budget that statewide allocation percentage, which is why I budgeted it in the first place. Later came to find out that there's actually two things to consider. We could request a waiver given our nascent nature. And that's always a possibility and it's still a possibility.

Prior to requesting that, I came to learn that we would not be assessed that indirect cost on the basis of that is usually assessed in arrears. Meaning it's based on two years' worth of operations. And given our nature, two years have to pass in order to get that assessment, which made the option of asking for a waiver not necessary.

However, that assumption has come to some doubt right now, because in this quarter we did see a hit, if you will, for that statewide allocation percentage. Which leads us now to request the obvious of Administration and Finance

for that waiver. 1 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Maybe someone just 3 made a mistake. Wasn't that Marty Bennison who 4 told us about this? 5 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: The 6 Comptroller's Office told about the two years in 7 arrears piece. 8 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Why don't we just 9 get this undone? That's what 10 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: 11 we're following up on. What I wanted to do, if 12 nothing else, is bring you up to speed with the 13 notion that we've gotten that charge as of this 14 quarter. We would like that to be reversed for a 15 couple of reasons. And we have two mechanisms to 16 do that. 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Let me know if you 18 want to talk to -- I can talk to the Secretary. 19 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Absolutely. 20 There's a couple of other areas that I will 21 highlight relative to the under. You'll remember salaries we forecasted 22 23 a few salaried positions to be at 50 or 70 percent

depending on the idea that they would come sometime

during the year, and indeed, they did. But if you submit to a prorated -- a line proration, we are effectively catching up to those costs. So, the difference in salary will likely turn out to be not as dramatic as it is showing right now because now we have more, more people here.

The second piece is some of the consulting advice that I budgeted initially. We did not incur and will likely not incur this fiscal year. You may remember we had a financial advisor budget number there. We have not hired one. It will likely be a hire for next fiscal year. That's in a nutshell the review of this budget for Gaming.

I also started to include here a little bit summary information relative to the investigations efforts. This is in essence, I would characterize as a separate financial analysis, if you will. We have the applications fees that we collected at the time -- this January when we received the applications, and the costs we have incurred today and accrued today.

This is an important one to reflect, the accrual here on line item three because the burn rate for investigations has really picked up

as evidenced by everything that Director Wells had been reporting. So, it's all here.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: What is this subtotal?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: The subtotal takes the investigations, the application fees and subtracts everything that's incurred or accrued. So, we still have some cash balance.

We will soon be soon be assessing -- and we have started to do that with a couple of applicants, which initial fee has gone to the point of the \$200,000 or below.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We should restate that. Why don't you restate that principle so that everybody is aware of it?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes. Our regulations provide for the initial application fee to act as a sinking fund, if you will, once we reach -- from the \$400,000 once we reach a threshold of \$200,000 in terms of how much we spend out of that initial applications fee, we will assess any remaining forecasted fees for the total of the investigation.

Most investigations are forecasted to

be in excess of \$400,000. Some by a little bit and some by more by virtue of the number of documents and qualifiers and international operations and whatnot. So, that process -- that analysis is ongoing.

We are reaching a point where we have notified those early applicants relative to costs that they need to submit to us the balance of those forecasts. And if there is any remaining, because this is still a forecast, if there is any remaining monies, those monies will be returned to the applicant.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Is the 16 percent calculated in our operating statement?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's an important point. Effectively, it is included in the Gaming operations, in the \$4.1 million that I'm reporting as total costs to date. That will count out of that -- We need to prorate those costs to investigations like we have done.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: In other words, we are going to pass -- that number is going to be lower because -- So, it doesn't take into account the 16 percent.

1 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's correct. 2 It has an offsetting effect to the accrual of other 3 costs. 4 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right, yes. 5 Any other questions? 6 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Sticking with 7 that section below, the \$4.4 million of initial 8 fees includes \$550,000 that's reserved for cities 9 and towns, right? 10 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's correct. 11 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: So, the costs 12 for the monies received for cities and towns is accounted for here but the costs for disbursements 13 14 to the cities and towns are not; is that right? 15 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Technically, 16 they are within the \$1.5 million remaining. COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Have we made any 17 18 disbursements to cities and towns? 19 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: We have made one 20 or two. Ombudsman Ziemba will remind me. And 21 those have been in the nature of additional 22 requests above the \$50,000 that are provided here. 23 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: So, have parts 24 of the \$50,000 or is the \$50,000 from each

contributor -- each applicant that is designated for cities and towns still in our --2 3 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: The latter. 4 still are holding to the \$50,000 for each of the 5 applicants -- each of the cities and towns. 6 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Another way of 7 saying it is our available cash is really only 8 about a million, because \$550,000 is reserved. 9 So, your point is right. 10 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's correct. 11 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Then with 12 respect to footnote three in the top, 3(B), the 13 incremental costs for investigations are offset by 14 income, right? 15 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's correct. 16 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: So, they don't 17 belong up there. And Racing operations is 18 essentially the same, right? Is that why Racing is included? 19 20 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Racing 21 operations is not part of the budget that we 22 approved. 23 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And it comes out of

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a separate source.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: It comes out of a separate source of funds. The Racing Trust that we became the trustees when Racing came under our purview.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: So, the Racing funding that is now going on and going to start again and continue this month doesn't affect any of those numbers there because it comes from a separate source.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's correct.

Let me say to that end, some costs incurred and reported here in this \$4.1 million belong in Racing. We are currently going through the process of apportioning those costs, prorating them to Racing. And before the end of this fiscal year will have two reports, one for the Gaming Commission and a subreport, if you will, for the Racing operations with the right proration of all of the Racing costs.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: So, that may have the effect of meaning that the expenditures in column (C) are actually a little bit lower because they come from a separate source.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's correct,

1 that's correct. 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Which is also true 3 of the costs of that we're charging back to the 4 bidders out of our overhead costs. 5 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: And then (D) 6 cities and towns grant agreements are also offset 7 by money we get from the applicants that passes 8 through us to the cities and towns and therefore 9 has no effect on any of these numbers. 10 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's correct. 11 To clarify that point, I will start reporting both 12 the entry and the offset -- the entry and the 13 payment so that you see those numbers. 14 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: This is very 15 helpful. Thank you. 16 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yes, this is great. 17 Anything else, questions? Terrific, thank you. 18 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you, Commissioner. 19 20 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Thank you. 21 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: IEB report, Director Wells. 22 23 MS. WELLS: Good afternoon, Mr.

Chairman, members of the Commission.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Good

2 afternoon.

MS. WELLS: I expect this to be brief. The investigations are continuing full force. As you can see through the burn rate that Commissioner Ziemba (SIC) has presented to the Commission. All of the investigators are hard at work with the process.

Massachusetts State Police are heading over to Asia shortly with the consultants for some due diligence of there. So, I expect that we will get some further information as a result of that and all of the other interviews that we are conducting as this process moves forward.

I did have a call yesterday with one consultant group. I have a call tomorrow with the second consultant group to get very, very specific updates on where the investigations are and timetables.

I expect that we are still on target with the timeframe that I delivered last week to the Commission. The suitability determinations for the slots applicants being expedited, end of April for most. There's one I expect to get a

report mid-May. That's the last report I got from that consultant firm. And based on my conversations with them, I think that is pretty accurate.

Then the Category 1 applicants, there is something that may be done by that June target date. There are others that will go into July, potentially into August. We'll have to see depending on the results of the investigation.

For example, if we get information that is cause for concern, they may then go back with a particular individual and go do a sworn interview under oath. If there's no concern, they may not have to go back and do that. So, we are monitoring that kind of thing as we go on. That's just an example of where we may add a little time if we're doing some further due diligence on those investigations.

We had discussed last week a little bit about the process. We had some conversation with legal. Just as a very high-level overview of the process, I will be writing a report, delivering a report in large part on the basis of the consultants and State Police investigations.

That report will go to the Commission and a copy will go to the applicants.

So, they will have an opportunity to look at that. There then will be a public hearing process. Depending on the findings in the report that potentially if there's nothing of concern, the applicant, as the legal team has reviewed, they have the option to ask the Commission to waive the adjudicatory public hearing.

The report at the public meeting is subject to redaction of confidential and exempt information. So, we should be aware of that as the process goes forward. The Commission will I expect to file notice of the date, time and place of the public hearing and the form, whether written or oral, or conditions in the way it will take comments on that.

After the public hearing process, the Commission issues a written determination of suitability. There's really three options.

They can find the applicant suitable. They can find the applicant not suitable. Or they can find the applicant suitable with some kinds of conditions based on the nature of the

investigation. So, they may have to do some things in order to make themselves suitable.

I'll just note as a practical matter, during the investigatory process, the applicant may take note of areas of concern and maybe cut out problematic components of their application.

That has happened in other states. That is somewhat the norm in the industry.

That really is a signal that the investigatory process is doing its job. That people are taking note of the aggressive nature of the investigation and what we're looking at and what we're asking for. It's almost a self-regulating process.

So, the applicant may cut out someone who is a cause for concern. We'll have to see how that goes. That is something that happens in the industry as things progress. That would not be unexpected as a result of these investigations.

Do you have any questions on that?

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Director, for example, that may come to light in the next month or so if there's an individual that may be problematic as you describe. So, those actions

could be taken immediately. In other words, it's an interactive process. The applicant wouldn't necessarily wait until you have a final report, which would then cause corrective action. That may happen during the investigations.

MS. WELLS: Correct. So, they are aware of what documents we're asking for. They are obviously present while we are doing interviews. So, they know somewhat the direction of the investigation.

And they may take action, which we may or may not have directed. It may be just the perception of their entity as well. So, they may do that in the course of this process, just so the Commission is aware.

So, we'll keep you updated as this goes on. Everyone is working hard and really putting a lot of effort out to try to get this done and get it in in a timely neither.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And the projection for the releasing the background checks to people who requested?

MS. WELLS: You mean the redactions?

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yes, the date we'll

be free to release to the public documents that are properly redacted, yes.

MS. WELLS: So, the applications right now we have sent the BED, the business entity disclosure forms. Those have been completely redacted. All of those, I think there's approximately 17,000 pages that we had to go through for that.

Those have been sent back to the applicants saying, okay. Here it is. This is your last opportunity to take a look at it and check for clerical errors. Those had to be returned, I think, within seven days.

And then those will be able to be released absent any appeal to the Commission. I have not received any word that any of the applicants are going to appeal to the Commission on that.

And then we are expecting that the redactions for the remainder of the documents, which include the personal history disclosure forms. Those redactions, which would make them compliant with the specimen form, those should be done by the end of next week. There have been

1 additional requests for confidentiality. 2 that those reconsideration requests, those 3 responses are going out in the next couple of days. 4 So, most of those are done. And those 5 will the going out. And then if they want to 6 appeal to the Commission on those, they can. But 7 we'll have to wait and see if they do in fact do 8 that. 9 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Certainly within a 10 month or so, it sounds like, all of those will be made available to whoever asks for them. 11 12 MS. WELLS: That is the expectation, 13 yes. 14 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Remind me what 15 happened with the Cordish final qualifiers. 16 Where are we on them? 17 MS. WELLS: I spoke to Cordish 18 yesterday, but it was on a different issue. 19 I'd have to follow up with them on the land deal 20 and the final issue. 21 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Weren't you guys 22 going to figure out whether there was a solution? 23 MS. WELLS: The suitability, I think 24 the Commission had some concerns with that as an

approach. And that would not be the preference of the Commission. So, I communicated that back to them. Then they were going to notify me if they came up with some other option. And I haven't heard that yet.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I think we need to get that resolved pretty quick.

MS. WELLS: Yes.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Anything else?

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you,

11 Director.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Sounds great.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Ombudsman Ziemba.

MR. ZIEMBA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

The focus of my presentations today will be based on the importance of time. We've had numerous conversations with numerous entities where time and time deadlines are central to everything that everybody is talking about.

Specifically, Mr. Chairman, you and I attended a meeting last evening with a number of communities Hopkinton, Holliston, Ashland, a number of communities that are nearby the Milford

application. And one of the things that we heard from those communities is that surrounding communities and their time periods for review of impacts have to be considered by the Commission. And that some of our draft regulations that we've put out so far may not take into account some of the hurdles that they experience at the local level sufficiently in order for them to be able to take a look at impacts.

For example, one of the things that was discussed last night was the draft deadline that we have in our current draft regulations whereby involuntary disbursements can be requested but they can be requested 30 days after the execution of a host community agreement.

Some of the communities that were there last night talked about how that depending on when an application is filed by an applicant, that that period between the 30 days after the request for the referendum and the filing of the application may not allow them to go ahead and procure the technical advisors and to follow through on all of the mitigation reviews that they would like to take into account.

We noted to the communities that we are anticipating that we are hopeful that the process involves direct communication between applicants and communities well before any potential for involuntary disbursements. That the process works much better if there are direct conversations between applicants and communities.

However, there are concerns because of their concerns about how different applicants may proceed if they are not ready at a certain time period. The longer the clock goes, the less surrounding communities believe that they have the opportunity to review impacts. So, that was a big concern to the surrounding communities.

Obviously, it brings to issue our eventual schedule not only for Category 2, which we discussed recently, but once we get into more depth about the Category 1 schedule and how that works.

In tandem with the concerns by surrounding communities, we've also talked to applicants. And different applicants are obviously at different stages of where they are in the process. But the need for definitive

timelines, definitive deadlines for our actions is really hitting a crunch point whereby people are planning backwards from our eventual December dates or January dates or whatever our dates are.

And they are really putting those a little bit more concretely into their plans.

So, to the extent that we can and I know we've discussed this. And a lot of that will be part of the staff, myself and others to come to you with more firm recommendations on concrete timelines, but I believe that conversation would be really useful in the near-term.

Obviously, there are a number of different items that have to be accommodated within our schedule and our draft regulations. We have protocols and procedures for resolving disputes between host and surrounding communities.

We're hopeful that communities can resolve these issues and applicants can resolve these issues and that it goes well. But I think we have to plan for the eventuality that it may not go well in one case. And if it doesn't go well in one case that could end up delaying the process for

all of the applicants within a particular region.

So, I'm not telling anything that you don't know. But last night was just sort of a reification of things we've been discussing.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I wanted to highlight some of that. I think what we started to see is a pattern of applicants, host communities and surrounding communities saying whoa. We're starting to come to grips with the real nuts and bolts here. And I am not sure we're going to be able to make these deadlines.

It's not uniform. People are at different places, but we are hearing a lot, the surrounding communities in particular. And this meeting last night was very informative. There were essentially all of -- many of the surrounding communities for the applicant that will be hosted in Milford.

And the two points that John made, they were quite forceful about. First of all, there really isn't a way for us to get them money if they don't -- If the applicant doesn't give them money to do the work voluntarily, there isn't a way for us to get them money quickly. Either through the

RPA process, which is in negotiation but is out of everybody's control, nobody knows for sure when that will get done. Or through the involuntary allocation, because as John said that's supposed to happen after the host community agreement is signed.

So, I think we need to rethink whether there's something else we can do there. I was persuaded in talking to them that we're going to really think about this.

The second thing is there enough time once they do have resources to spend to actually do the job of assessing the impacts, particularly since in many of the cases they don't even know what the project is going to be yet.

You can do some stuff. If you could sit down and talk to -- If there were good working relationships, which in some cases there are. But in some cases, the applicant isn't very far along. And in other cases the working relationships aren't very good.

So, if you could, you could begin to say look, it's going to be about this big. It's going to be located here. We can start roughing out the

impact assessment. But nobody is going to finalize an assessment or really spend hard money on an assessment until the application -- the project itself is pretty firm. And that's nowhere in a number of the situations.

So, if the project isn't really firm until say after the host community agreement is signed, we know that those could be several months down the road. Anyway, again, I think there is a legitimate concern about whether surrounding communities will have enough time with the resources.

Now, you have to take all of this with a grain of salt, because none of those surrounding communities want a casino. We made it clear to them that --

MR. ZIEMBA: I would note, Mr.

Chairman, that they made it very specific in that meeting that we were not going to discuss any specifics about any one particular applicant.

Obviously, the surrounding communities were probably talking about their region, but we were talking purely about our process. And that's how we arranged it.

And I think that among those communities that we're mentioning, some have publicly indicated that they are in direct opposition to any casino going in any fashion.

But other communities that were part of that process have not indicated that in a public manner. So, I just wanted to just note that for the record that we weren't talking about one applicant.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: No, we were very careful not to be talking about the applicant.

But what is clear is a surrounding community that hates the idea of a casino will try to use the surrounding community agreement and the studies as a proxy for killing the casino.

So, it's a line we're going to have to walk. But I think I came away persuaded that in good faith, we had to take a real hard look at these schedules and the way we get the money out to these people.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I have couple of initial reactions, which you sort of touched on, and we've talked about the past. I think there's ways to mitigate, if you will, that timeframe for

surrounding communities.

There's environmental notification

form that will be a key document before -hopefully before a host community agreement is
executed. This may be true for some, not for
everybody. That is a key piece of information I
would like to think for some surrounding
communities.

There is also the process that you've worked on relative to the RPAs that benefits all surrounding communities. Because they take whoever they are, whether they are affected or not. And that's a mechanism that we talked about would be really efficient for every applicant, because they're dealing with one process where everybody's invited and there's different levels, if you will, of their services. We hope that people recognize that. And that's available.

But there's also a process that they can undertake relative to procurement of advisors in anticipation to a projected host community agreement or even a referendum. They can prequalify advisors on their own. They don't have to hire them necessarily, but the process for

procurement can take place now. They can specifically stipulate that the contracting will be contingent on those involuntary disbursements.

So, I think there are steps that communities could take practically to try to mitigate that.

Under the discussion of they want to oppose everything, they might not be incentivized to take those steps. But that would be true for anybody who wants to oppose it.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I think what you are saying, I think this is a good point. We did sort of talk a little bit about this. They could make their lives easier by planning in advance.

Can't they also procure off Comm-PASS?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes, they can go to anybody who has been prequalified.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: They can go to Comm-PASS. They don't have to do an RFP. They could go to prequalify -- There's got to be all kinds of engineers and traffic consultants. All of those people must be on there.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So, that saves 60

days right there. They all were saying this procurement is going to take forever. We can't even write the procurement.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: My last one is perhaps the most important, the one that the statute did contemplate, which is surrounding communities can and should approach the applicant and say we believe we are. And enter into those discussions, if they haven't already. I would like to think some have.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Some definitely have, yes.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's fundamentally the most important process that I think everybody should be reminded of.

MR. ZIEMBA: I think one of the key point that was made on the other side, again, these are things that we should consider. And I think the procurement issue perhaps we should pay a little more attention to what the range of options there are for communities and get that information available.

I know a lot of communities are very -- they have a high degree of sophistication on what

procurement options they have. Again,

potentially that might be an area for us to provide

some focus on. And I think I'll consult with you,

Commissioner, on what we can do in that regard.

But one of the things that was highlighted last night was that overall this is a competition. And the Commission spent a tremendous amount of time to try to make sure that we have a number of different applicants in each one of the regions. Many of the components that the Commission will be utilizing to weigh against each other -- weigh between applicants are determination of public support, public outreach, impact agreements. There are numerous things that will be evaluated as part of the Commission's evaluation.

So, to the extent that different applicants may not be viewed as being helpful to communities in evaluating impacts, that will be part of the evaluation.

Again, that's not the only answer. I think there's more to go. And I agree with the Chairman that we should take a look at some of these issues again.

1 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Timing of the 2 involuntary grants or assessments is part of the regulations that are now up for comment. 3 4 MR. ZIEMBA: Correct. 5 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I've forgotten 6 why we tied the trigger for involuntary 7 assessment to the signing of the host community 8 agreement. That's something that is still in 9 draft. We can change that. MR. ZIEMBA: Exactly. And we noted 10 11 that it's in draft, but --12 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We told them that. 13 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I'm just 14 raising it here. 15 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Good. MR. ZIEMBA: -- it was sort of a 16 17 forward looking and backward looking thing. 18 of it was that again we want to encourage 19 applicants and communities to negotiate with each

other rather than having a disputed process before
the Commission. And enabling them some time,
maybe not the time period that we identified in the
draft, some time to make sure that that

conversation occurs is probably a good idea.

But especially if you're taking a look at someone completing their host community agreement now or in the very near future, and with a December submittal of an application, there might be definitely some time for that conversation to occur after the host community agreement is inked.

The later the host community agreement occurs closer to the application deadline, the less chance there is for that conversation.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I understand that. I understand that. But if you untethered the two, we could begin to stimulate conversations. Anyway.

exactly the right track. I think jou're on exactly the right track. I think it gets to another issue. The one reason I think that we tied it to the host community agreement is that the bidders want to have checkpoints to make sure they really are going to be in this game.

MR. ZIEMBA: Correct.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And if they have to put out a bunch of money to surrounding communities before the host community agreement is signed and

before the referendum, their concern. This has been expressed to us in a variety of terms, which gets us to another issue. But it's a legitimate problem.

MR. ZIEMBA: And we have said unless there's a host community agreement, there are no surrounding community agreements. So, to the extent that the ability of an applicant to explore things with the host community gets jeopardized, that also is a consideration that we have to take into account.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Because of that last point, unless there is a host community agreement there is not surrounding community agreements. It may be worth to note that \$50,000 that was earmarked for communities could be presumed to go first to the host community, but it doesn't have to.

Technically, the \$50,000 could go the first one to request it. That's just another little resource, if you will, or option to surrounding communities. I don't know if that is something that we could further articulate in draft regs. or whether it matters all that much.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 1 How would you 2 suggest that we reconsider some of these things? 3 MR. ZIEMBA: I'm not prepared to make 4 a recommendation. 5 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I don't mean a 6 bottom line, but process wise? What do you think 7 we ought to do to rethink and see whether or not 8 we want to make any changes in schedules or 9 process? MR. ZIEMBA: I think we should take 10 11 another look at the timeline, how the timeline 12 works in general. But in regard to the 30-day 13 requirement, I would recommend anybody listening 14 that they send in comments specifically about that 15 matter and any recommendations. 16 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: About the host 17 community agreement. 18 MR. ZIEMBA: Involuntary 19 disbursements process, yes, because that is a new 20 It was a new one as part of our draft one. 21 regulations. It wasn't part of our previous submissions. 22 23 So, we'd welcome comments. But what 24 we'd welcome comments is that we hope that even

though different constituencies will have to advocate for their positions, we just hope that they put that in the context of what the Commonwealth is trying to achieve.

Obviously, the Commonwealth has already put a lot of the dollars associated within their budget. So, there's only so many ways to spend it the same day.

And do we do that? It's very tricky.

And how do you accommodate all of these various interests? It's not an easy solution. We put forward one that we hoped worked, but depending on where applicants are in the process, it may not work in all circumstances. So, I think we need to take another look at it but I don't have any recommendations right now.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I don't think we're ready for recommendations. But I do think there needs to be some -- I guess we have to do it in a public meeting probably where we really do a very systematic working on the schedule and just talk ourselves through these steps.

Probably not next week because we've got Region C, but sometime shortly after that. I

1 think when you guys get prepared to help us think 2 through that both the issues of the distribution 3 of the monies or the making available of monies to 4 surrounding communities and the details of the 5 schedule. 6 MR. ZIEMBA: Also, the internal issues as well. Director Wells has reported about where 7 8 we are with suitability determinations and that fits into the schedule directly. So, that will be 9 10 part of the presentation. 11 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay, good. Yes. 12 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Mr. Chairman, 13 can we take a quick break? 14 Sure. We'll have a CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 15 brief break. 16 (A recess was taken) 17 18 19 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We reconvene. 20 MR. ZIEMBA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 21 Next issue that we're discussing today is the 22 emergency regulation that was discussed last week. 23 Last week, the Commission directed staff to draft

a regulation relative to the issue of the

referendum and whether or not that could occur before or after the suitability termination.

In that time, the Commission said that they would allow comment from communities if anybody had any brilliant ideas, they should come forward with those ideas. And we're here today to discuss the draft regulation.

There's a regulation in your -- draft regulation in your packet that incorporates options that could be considered by the Commission. To take a step back, last week the Commission discussed the long-standing policy that a referendum should not be held until after the determination of suitability.

Part of that conversation was relative to the Senate special election date. And I provided some background on where different communities were in the process relative to that Senate special election date.

You also asked me if there were any public policy considerations that the Commission should weigh against the Commission's long-standing policy. The Commission discussed a few of those, notably that applicants had

indicated that they would be more likely to move forward on permitting obstacles and enhanced permitting prior to our RFA-2 application earlier in the process if there were more certainty earlier in the process.

However, there were some issues that were not really fully discussed or I guess re-discussed since this is an issue that the Commission has discussed many, many times. But given that we have an emergency regulation, it bears repeating some of these conversations and some of these discussions.

So, specifically I mention that a lot of the conversation was relative to the June 25 date. But perhaps I was a little constrained in my presentation last week that, obviously, it is not only for the June 25 date.

Director Wells discussed some

timetables last week whereby suitability

determinations could -- may not occur until the

months of July or maybe even August. So, with that

scenario, it's not only elections that would be -
that would occur in June, but there are also

questions regarding whether or not there would be

certainty regarding fall elections, September elections. Because of the 60- to 90-day requirement, obviously, communities will have to set their special -- set their election date at least two months earlier. So, if they wanted to have elections in September, they would had to set those elections in July.

And by July, I don't know if we will be in a place where we can give communities certainty that we will be able to get a suitability determination by that election date.

So, if you take our schedule and we get suitability determinations done in July or August from the IEB, there still is the issue that the Director just talked about whereby any one of the applicants could request an appeal of any determination in that report. They have the right under our regulations. It's a 30-day right to exercise that right for an appeal. It could be a public hearing. It could be an adjudicatory proceeding.

So, in any regard with those rights the timetable for decisions on suitability in any one situation could well exceed July or August and

could potentially go even into September.

Now, I don't believe it's the expectation that that will occur. As the Director just discussed, normal operations are that a qualifier may leave voluntarily before those determinations. And applicants my not proceed before the Commission of some things of sensitive nature. They might be more prone to accepting whatever determinations of the IEB.

But still, at the time that communities are going to start setting their referendum dates, the Commission will not be in a position to give them the degree of certainty that we had hoped.

I think when the Commission first discussed these policies a long time ago, we all hoped that everything would go swimmingly with the investigations. That we would get all of the reports that we had been asking. That people would be timely in their submissions. That people would have filled out the forms correctly. That we would have been able to devote a lot of our resources to actually looking at the investigations. However, that has not occurred.

So, at times the Commission has

discussed that it would be wise for communities to not schedule their referendums before we have the suitability determinations. And it would be wise even for communities to not even enter into their host community agreement before they know who the applicant is before them.

Again, that was a different day. But still, we are in a situation now where we may not be able to provide the certainty that communities would need by those July deadlines for the special election.

So, what we've done is we've put forward a draft regulation for you that gives you a couple of options. Maybe Catherine or Todd, if you want to join me?

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Excuse me just a second, didn't -- you were talking about the issue of whether we could actually even cancel the election what would happen. Are you going to talk about that?

MR. ZIEMBA: I will. So, if you take a look, if you go back to the Gaming Act in trying to resolve this issue, I think there are a couple of things that are instructive. Notably, the

Commission decided itself to have a bifurcated process whereby we do the suitability determinations first, and then at a later date we do the RFA-2 based on the scope.

Obviously, we did that for very important reasons. It helps expedite the process. It provides more certainty into the process. It allows tremendous efficiencies, etc. But I don't know if that was actually anticipated in the Act itself. So, potentially --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Clearly was not, right? It was not. It was assumed that you would have host community agreement, referendum and then the application is submitted. And the application included the background checks.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: The application then went to the IEB. We would stop. It would go to the IEB for the determination of suitability.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. But the point is it's after the host community agreement and the referendum. So, it was never anticipated by the Legislature that the suitability would precede the referendum.

MR. ZIEMBA: So, the Legislature may

have believed that this process, you have your local process and then you have your state process. Obviously, the Legislature gave the job to do suitability determinations to the Commission.

Obviously, we have the expertise to do it. We have the resources to do it. That type of a job cannot just be done at the local level. So, perhaps the Legislature also knew that when voters voted at the ballot box that they would not necessarily be making a decision based on whether or not they thought the Commission deemed an applicant suitable, because they could not, because it would have preceded our process.

But we decided for good reason to have this bifurcated process. So now, there may be more of a question in the population of what this means. What does the election mean? Does it mean suitability? Does it not mean suitability?

We've talked across the state that it's a two-stage licensing process. And that we're doing this and then in the second phase is relative to site.

So, I think there's at least some degree of uncertainty in the population of what this all means. I don't know about the

sophistication level of every voter, but still it's probably a concern.

So, what we've done is we have given -- given that context, what we've done is we've given a couple of options in this regulation that could be considered by the Commission.

The one regulation that's before you, even though it's just one regulation, it really encompasses the two different options -- And there are more that I'll discuss in a second. -- the two main options of the regulation.

What you have here, I'll get into what the document means that is before you. But if you just take a look at the first sentence of six, it says a host community may not hold an election in accordance with MGL 23 section 15(13) until the Commission has issued a positive determination of suitability to the applicant in accordance with 205 CMR 115.05(3). If you put a period after that, I think that is what the Commission asked staff to draft last week. And that is up for consideration by the Commission.

But what we have done here is we have given another option to the Commission for it to

consider that is meant to address some of the issues that we just discussed of the uncertainty in the population, but also address some of the uncertainties that we have with the process.

What the option before you does is that it says that the current policy, which is to not allow a referendum until after the suitability determination stands, but with one notable exception. If the host community believes that its population, it's in the best interest of its population to move forward on a referendum prior to the determination of suitability that it would be required to show or demonstrate that it actually believes that. That there be a formal approval by the governing body of the community that it wants to move forward prior to the determination.

Why we say governing body, governing body is included here because it is the providence of the governing body in each of these communities to set the referendum date.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Is that a defined term, governing body?

MR. ZIEMBA: It is.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: What does it mean

1 for city and town? 2 MR. GROSSMAN: I think it means three 3 things. For a town, it's the Board of Selectmen. 4 For a city, it depends upon the form of government. 5 It's either the mayor and the city council or the 6 city manager and the city council. 7 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That's a defined 8 term in the --9 In the Gaming Act, yes. MR. GROSSMAN: CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And it's clear that 10 11 therefore it would require whatever the 12 legislative body of the municipality is as well as 13 the executive. 14 MR. GROSSMAN: That's right. 15 Throughout our regulations, we've tried to 16 recognize the different forms of government that 17 may exist in the different municipalities. 18 So, we don't want to get too far into 19 telling folks how to do that type of thing. 20 MR. ZIEMBA: Just for the record, 21 governing pursuant to the statute is in a city 22 having a Plan D or Plan E charter the city manager 23 and the city council. And in any other city, the

mayor and the city council. And in the town the

Board of Selectmen is the governing body.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Good.

MR. ZIEMBA: So, that part of the recommendation is designed to address -- We have received comments from the Mayor of Everett and from others that the leaders that are elected by the citizens within those communities have the responsibility to make sure that their citizens are protected. And part of their responsibility is their responsibilities under the Gaming Act of putting forward the referendum to their citizens.

But obviously, the Commission has its own responsibility. And the Legislature entrusted the Commission with being able to set rules regarding those referendum dates. So, it is very much a dual responsibility as seen in the Gaming Act.

To address the second question of the level of expectation in the community of the electorate and the confusion that may exist about what this means, especially after a year of discussion about the two-phase process. What is recommended here as an option is that at the expense of the applicant that in order for a

community to move forward on a referendum date prior to suitability, that the community would be required to conduct a process for informing the community about the Commission's determination of suitability standards and procedures.

And that process would include but not be limited to a notice that is designed to be received by voting households within the community that would be involved in the ballot question.

And then on top of that we recommend that the communities undertake additional measures to provide public education to their citizens, but we do not provide the specificity of what that could occur. What it could occur, it could be a mayor or other elected leaders in their speeches before citizens of explaining what the process is. Or it could be additional mailers or additional news articles. Or it could be a number different things that the community would do.

So, the description of what our procedures are and what suitability determinations are, that the mailer, the notification that is sent to the voters would need to be sent to the Commission for our approval and

what we've specified the minimum content. But that communities may want to specify other content to put it in context.

Because if a citizen just gets a letter that says, your applicant needs to be deemed suitable before they will go forward, it might need to put into a greater context of what this all means to them in their vote. And we would leave it to the communities to come up with that language. But in order to make sure that the message is set forth, we would have to review that language.

Then the communities would need to just submit or notify us what those other procedures that they would utilize for the public education campaign. They would tell us about those, but they wouldn't be subject to our prior approval.

So, the way that we see it is there are a number of different options that the Commission could take. The Commission could stay with its long-standing policy related to the ballot in order to protect communities and for all of the excellent reasons that were articulated last week.

The Commission could drop the policy, the long-standing policy and allow communities to

move forward on their own in recognition that they have a duty to protect their citizens.

Or this alternative, which is sort of a middle ground where communities could move forward, but after certain protections are taken into account.

I guess there is also a fourth option which is that there could also be no requirement related to the referendum, but we could just independently issue a regulation stating that all communities shall inform their citizens about what our process means.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Are you making a recommendation?

MR. ZIEMBA: This proposal that I've come up with is my recommendation based on what the Commissioners had as long-standing concerns.

Taking that into account, taking into account what communities have expressed, taking into account constraints on staff.

And one of the other issues that I didn't mention is that deadlines that are set regarding referendums put constraints on staff as well. Such as --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Community staff or our staff?

MR. ZIEMBA: No, Commission staff.

So, to the degree that one knows that there is an outside deadline for a referendum taking place in a matter of weeks, and that the investigation has to be concluded by then that puts an artificial constraints on our ability to conclude investigations in the manner that you would otherwise see fit.

Hopefully, this does not come to pass, but different issues come up at different times during an investigation. And it's not always knowable at the beginning of the process.

So, based on that my recommendation here is meant to reflect what I think I've heard from the Commission what I think I've heard from communities and what I think I've heard from applicants.

And one other constituency that I will mention is surrounding communities in that we have just discussed that any delays that could occur at the host community level could impact surrounding communities.

So, I don't know how much of a reality this could be, but if you had a situation where a particular host community wanted to hold off on finalizing its host community agreement knowing that there is this policy out there that can impact surrounding communities' timetables.

But I think probably in the larger sense that applicants and communities if they're ready to go, they will really want to go as quickly as possible. But that's also another potential concern.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thoughts,

reactions?

appreciate the need to be very thorough with investigations. And that whatever way we go here, knowing and having our applicants know that a favorable vote will not affect suitability. That will be done independently if this is a route we choose to go. And that that outcome will be independent of any kind of a vote. That would be to me an important piece for everyone to understand.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: It should be in the

1 flyer, in the required flyer if you do that. 2 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: In other 3 words, just because you say yes that does not in 4 any way affect our thorough investigation and 5 outcome of that investigation. That would be to 6 me very important. 7 I guess by saying no, you can't vote, 8 we are inserting ourselves in the process. And by 9 saying okay, there is an exception and these are 10 the two (A) and (B) portions, we are inserting ourselves in the process. But it seems to me there 11 12 are really good reasons in order to do that in order 13 to have some safeguards in place. 14 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: We haven't 15 gotten any comment on this from anybody outside? 16 MR. ZIEMBA: No. I didn't feel like I 17 was at liberty to really do that. 18 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I understand 19 that. 20 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: On this proposal you 21 mean? 22 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Right. Would 23 it be worthwhile to do that? 24 MR. ZIEMBA: One thing I will note is

that there is the June 25 date and April 25 is right around the corner. A comment period up until a week of the 18th is possible.

Communities that are in a position that they want to move forward by the 25th, they could take measures that would be in accordance with this draft regulation even though it is not in place.

For example, this would require the scheduling of the governing body to make a vote. And they could do so given that there is only two weeks left before the 25th. They could do so in anticipation of the emergency regulation. And I don't think that's an impossibility.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Here's the reason I ask. We've put in place this freeze as a matter of policy. It's been observed. It has settled expectations throughout the state thus far. We've said we were going to put it into place essentially because a determination of suitability was an important, indeed a critically important part for the integrity of our process.

Then last week we added to that the notion that there was the possibility of confusion and unanswered allegations of whatever that would

be floating around to confuse electorate with the voting.

What we didn't, at least I as one person, didn't think about either when we initially set the policy or last week was the impact on surrounding communities being tied to the applicant's certainty that it had community support for its project. And its willingness, if it had the community support for its project to engage in a more positive and perhaps a more open pocketbook fashion with potential surrounding communities. That it would be willing to do it if it didn't know it had that support.

Nor had I consider fully the desire of the applicants to wait for a positive vote of the community before pushing forward with the approval process that ultimately would be the benefit of both the community and the applicant and the state to get things up and running fast.

So, it's a balancing of the need for the integrity of the process against the desire to move forward that this regulation represents. And I think it's a good balance. And those considerations have caused me to reexamine where

we started out with the policy we've had.

At the same time, it seems to me that some comments might yield yet other things we haven't thought about. And I'd hate to do this and have somebody say as soon as we do it say yes, but you forgot -- not forgot, you didn't take this into account. And then have to come back and say that's right. We have to change this again.

So, that's a windy way of saying that I think it is consistent we are still trying to meet the folks that want to do it on June 25, get a week's worth of comment that would be helpful. But I am inclined to take this as an acceptable substitute for where were before because I think it safeguards the primary interests that we thought about when we crafted this policy.

MR. ZIEMBA: And I am hopeful that they could take these votes in the next week even without a regulation. I don't know of the schedules or anything that happens with any of these governing bodies and their willingness, etc., but I think we can only do what we can do within the context of what we have.

And I do agree that there certainly

could be a lot of things that are not considered.

We do everything at the consideration of some

comments. And I'm not certain that this takes

into account everything.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: It occurs to me that some of the comments that we have received in the past from surrounding communities relative to surrounding community determination may fall -- maybe somewhat addressed under these or alleviated perhaps under these.

You'll recall that least a couple of comments received were to the effect of the Commission should draw a circumference or a radius around a proposed gaming establishment 20 miles or abutters or things like that in order to say -- to make a determination of surrounding communities.

We've rejected that for practical reasons because impacts could differ. There's varying degrees of impacts and it has to be significant.

But I wonder if those comments again would not be alleviated by the ability of somebody, a surrounding community to know earlier than later just what that agreement may be, which is the very

early point that you made.

If they have to wait until a host community agreement -- until a referendum is scheduled, which is also contingent on our determination of suitability that may leave very little time or that may crunch the time for surrounding communities.

MR. ZIEMBA: Mr. Chairman, you've mentioned that you wanted a quick conversation regarding some of the legal intricacies of the vote.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. If we stuck with our original idea, which was you could schedule it but if you didn't get suitability you'd have to cancel it. That was what you were talking about. That's where we stand today.

MR. GROSSMAN: Right. I think there are certainly some areas there where the statute could run up against the regulation. That is just something to consider where the statute says that the election shall be held within 60 to 90 days of the call for the election, and the regulation says you can't have an election.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

1 MR. GROSSMAN: What would happen in 2 that situation? That's a scenario that is 3 reasonably foreseeable, I suppose, where someone 4 would have to decide which one they would go on. 5 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yes. We've been 6 foreseeing that all along as an option. 7 MR. ZIEMBA: We think we certainly 8 have the authority and there's plenary authority 9 in the Act, but it's not without question. 10 then again, most everything we do is probably not 11 without question. 12 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. 13 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: That's becoming clearer and clearer. 14 15 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yes, right. 16 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: If we were to 17 take comment for a week. And then after 18 reviewing comments we felt prepared to make a 19 determination next week that would give applicants 20 enough time? 21 MR. ZIEMBA: I think host communities 22 would probably -- If they think that they can get 23 the vote scheduled, after the 18th before the 25th, 24 that would give them enough time. If they don't

think that they can get it scheduled between the 18th and 25th perhaps they could do that between today and the 18th just in anticipation of a regulation that we may promulgate. Again, that's iffy. I don't know if a community would want to do that. But again, we're trying to be as flexible as we can.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: We know the identity of the vast majority of potential host communities. So, we could insure that they know of its existence, emailing them.

MR. ZIEMBA: I think that they are listening very closely right now.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Right. They might have stepped out for some popcorn or something.

MR. ZIEMBA: Right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Get another beer.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Commissioner McHugh said everything that I would say. I have the exact same sense of where we started and why it was important and why I think I would be inclined to modify at this point.

I only would span slightly on just the timing. I think we are beginning to see and everybody is beginning to see there is a lot of work to be done to get through this schedule. And any impediments that we put in the way of that are going to be a problem.

In good faith, you can understand why.

I think if we just said let's postpone the schedule six months. We tell bidders just sit tight until the suitability. Don't do anything. Don't spend any money. Wait until you get suitability. That would be one way to go. But that's clearly not what we want to do.

The other thing that was persuasive to me when we talked about this last week was I think there is potential for anti's to cast dispersions on bidders. We've seen it happen. And we get mail in all of the time with stuff like that. I was concerned that a community -- the voters might not know since there hasn't been a suitability decision. And the applicant might be at risk.

But the applicant controls whether or not they go forward with this election or not. The applicant and the host community determine whether

1 if they're concerned there might be mudslinging, 2 they don't have to have the election until after 3 the suitability. So, there is some protection 4 against that concern that I had. 5 So, I concur with Commissioner McHugh. 6 I also concur in that I think as time sensitive as 7 this has become, this is such a big change that we 8 can't lock it in without time. So, I think your 9 suggestion or somebody's suggestion, Jim's I guess that we don't formally do this for a week is right. 10 11 Anybody else? 12 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I agree with all 13 that. 14 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. 15 MR. ZIEMBA: That's what I have to 16 report. 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Do you got some 18 other stuff? No. Let's see notice of public 19 hearing and SBIS. 20 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: For 21 clarification, this draft emergency regulation 22 will be posted for public comment, the one with 23 option (A) and (B).

CHAIRMAN CROSBY:

Yes.

We are

talking about taking both of the two steps. So, you've got that Elaine?

You're still on, right?

MR. GROSSMAN: I can take that next one actually, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Wait just one second. There's been a lot of discussion back and forth about how a vote on a propose on an HCA would be managed physically if it were done at the same time as another election. Do we have a bottom line on that?

MR. GROSSMAN: I think I can take that one too. We have reached out for some advice as to what the law is in that regard. And I don't have a definitive answer yet, but it has been suggested and I think there's some merit to the suggestion that there would at least have to be separate ballots in the event that this election were to take place at the same time as a state election in that --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: State or municipal?

MR. GROSSMAN: A state election. And

I'm not yet an expert in election law, but my

understanding generally is that you can't put a

municipal issue on a state ballot absent explicit authority in some statute that says that you can do that.

The Gaming Act does not provide that explicit authority. So, I don't yet have, as I said, a definitive answer as to how that would go about or what involvement we would even want to have in that regard.

But it is certainly an issue out there for the municipal folks to be aware of in the event that they want to hold this election simultaneously with the state election.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So, if it were simultaneous with a municipal election this wouldn't apply?

MR. GROSSMAN: I don't think it's an issue if that's the case. I think it's just if it's a state election. I'm not 100 percent sure about that.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: There is a lot of confusion out there about this. As soon as we do know, it's something we have to get out to people.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: That we have to get out to people? This is a complex area. It may

be that after looking at this your recommendation would be that we would direct people to the right sources of authority. We may have an answer that you'd be prepared to recommend to us. You may also look at it and conclude that our best bet would be to refer this to the experts as stated.

MR. GROSSMAN: I think that's exactly right. In fact, you'll recall what we've done in our draft regulations essentially in the election section is we basically just said you have to follow all of the election laws, but here's some other provisions.

So, for us to here say if you're having this election you also have to do this would be somewhat inconsistent with what we've done in the past.

But I think it's certainly fair of us to raise the issue so people are aware of it.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. And if the solution is to tell them who to go talk to, tell them who to go talk to.

MR. GROSSMAN: Right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you.

1 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: You still have 2 another agenda item. MR. GROSSMAN: I do have one other 3 4 agenda item. 5 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Ombudsman Ziemba, I 6 still have one other thing, John. Sorry. This 7 just came up I don't know when. I don't even know 8 where this came from. But there's been this discussion, I guess it's in the media, about 9 10 whether we should do anything about the amount of 11 money spent. We never really talked about it, I 12 don't think. I guess it was a Globe editorial that 13 14 talked about doing something or other. 15 anybody thought about that? Or have you had any 16 thoughts or feedback on it? 17 MR. ZIEMBA: No. 18 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Is that anything that we want to consider or undertake? 19 20 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: We might, but I 21 haven't thought about it until this very second and 22 since I've read the editorial. It's certainly 23 worth talking about. 24 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. I didn't

really mean right this minute. I meant is this a
topic that is of sufficient (A) importance, (B)
interest that we should tee it up a little bit and
think about it? It sounds like you're saying
perhaps yes.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I think it'd be worth discussing.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. But you've not heard anything about this?

MR. ZIEMBA: No.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay, now you're done. Thanks. Yes, sir.

MR. GROSSMAN: We have the notice of the public hearing issue is next on the agenda. When last we left off with the regulatory process, we had notified the Local Government Advisory Council of our regulation. Those two weeks are coming to an end tomorrow. We are set to file our draft regulations with the Secretary of State's office.

The law says that in addition to the notice of the public hearing, which we've scheduled for May 3, you have to file a small business impact statement. I provided for you a

draft of a small business impact statement that we would be required to file along with the notice.

I have a draft of the notice of you'd like to see that as well. There's nothing too interesting in there. It just basically lists all of the regulations and their contents.

The notice itself I'll just note is scheduled to appear in the legal notices section of a number of newspapers tomorrow, which will be 21 days in advance of the public hearing, six different newspapers across the state in the affected regions. So, we are set in that regard.

We will file this notice with a small business impact statement tomorrow with the Secretary. But I thought it important for you certainly to have a look at the small business impact statement and offer any comment. And just make sure that you agree with the philosophy in the statement, which is essentially that these regulations do not themselves impact small business. Any impact on small businesses essentially was created by the Gaming Act. These regulations essentially just are a mechanism used to get the statute into place, with the limited

1 exception of live entertainment venues. 2 So, that's the general position that is 3 encapsulated in this statement. So certainly, if 4 there is disagreement with that position, we 5 should adjust this statement. 6 The other question I had, we represent 7 here that there are seven impacted live 8 entertainment venues. I wasn't certain about that number. I thought I heard that somewhere. 9 10 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I heard they 11 were 10. 12 MR. GROSSMAN: Were there 10? 13 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: We had a meeting 14 at which we got a list. The municipal and 15 charitable theater group came in and gave us a list 16 of all of them. I think there were 10 on it. 17 forgot what meeting that was, but it was back in 18 December, November, December. 19 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Do you remember who 20 spoke? 21 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: It's the 22 coalition. 23 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Coalition. 24 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Somebody from

1 | Springfield, somebody from the North Shore.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: The Hanover

Theater is the leader of that coalition, Troy

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh, good. Yes.

When we get back to the office we could search our emails and find the name of somebody who could check that number, if you have to put a number on there.

MR. GROSSMAN: You do have to attempt to identify the number of small businesses that will be impacted. If you are to agree that those are the only small businesses that are directly impacted by the regulations, as opposed to the Gaming Act itself, then that number becomes important.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: The regulations in the evaluation section, the broad list of things we're going to talk about does talk about -- those regulations do talk about our taking account of the measures the applicants are taking to interface, interact with, preserve the income stream to otherwise deal in a positive fashion with local restaurants, local carriers.

Siebels.

And in that sense the regulations although they simply carry out the statutory mandate are designed to insure that these large entities don't swallow up small businesses. Is that something worth mentioning here? It is to be sure simply implementing the Act's outlook.

MR. GROSSMAN: The statement does incorporate those two provisions of the statute that reference small businesses. So, we do make reference to that. You are speaking of the evaluation section specifically.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Yes.

MR. GROSSMAN: I would argue if we had to that all we have done is, again, put a mechanism in place by which we are implementing the statute. I don't think we created or the Commission created that element independently to be evaluated. It was really attempting to address an issue that the statute says we have to address.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Right, right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Does the fact that we are establishing an office in our operation part of whose job will be to work with local businesses and prepare them to do business with casinos that's

a positive impact. It's not in the legislation,
but it's a proactive step. It's not in our regs.
though.

MR. GROSSMAN: That's not addressed in the regulations. I think, by the way, in our next phase of regulations where we talk about regulating vendors and employees then there will be a different statement wholly.

But for the present set of regulations, where we're talking mostly about surrounding communities and the applicants and the host communities, they're largely not directly discussing small businesses or anything in the way --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I take that back, yes.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: On the train of thought that we had just a view about the regulations and how they impact or not small business, is it fair to say that we could take the position that we do not have to have an impact statement because that impact is in the statute not in the regulations, those impacts?

MR. GROSSMAN: Well, you do have to

file a statement. There are actually five elements that have to be included in your statement. And they are all contained in here. I didn't number them. I just discussed them independently.

So, you do have to have a statement even if you say there is no impact, which is essentially what we're saying, caused by the regulations again, not by the Gaming Act. Clearly, there's impact that will come upon small businesses when casinos and the slot parlor are built, no question about it.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.

MR. GROSSMAN: I think the whole intent of the statute is to make the Commission think about what impact you're having on small businesses.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

Commissioner Stebbins?

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I look at the first sentence in that second paragraph, directs the Commission to consider a number of mitigation related factors. I'm wondering if there's a way to expand upon that language. Because you would

read that and think all of the impacts are potentially going to be negative that we're going to evaluate.

Is there a way to expand upon that to say could have a negative impact, could have a positive impact? I just don't want to leave the language that far out there that we're expecting this to have a negative impact.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That is what the statute says though. The statute anticipates the possibility of negative effects. We are now putting the implementation of that statute into the reg.

I think you might be wrestling with the same thing I was. We're going to do things that are going to make this a positive impact on business. But that's not in our regs. as yet.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Right. I'm struggling with it.

MR. GROSSMAN: It's a tricky issue.

When I set out to kind of put this together, my
thought was that the Legislature when it came up
with the Gaming Act has contemplated what effect
these establishments will have on small business.

1 And in analyzing those effects, it 2 basically said okay, Commission you have to 3 require certain studies be done. And you have to 4 take certain factors into account when you issue 5 the license. So, that's already been done. 6 That's all we've said in the regulations is we're 7 going to do that. We have not imposed anything 8 above and beyond that.

So, this second paragraph here really in some respects is just a restatement of what the Gaming Act says, just to kind of give background.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Right

MR. GROSSMAN: The first part of that first sentence just talks about perspective impacts. It doesn't talk about negative impacts or positive impacts.

It's only in the second part where I did use the term mitigation only because seemingly those are the types of issues that will come to the fore. Certainly, there will be positive impacts.

And those will be considered as well.

Your point is certainly well taken and we can replace the word mitigation with just impact related factors.

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1	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Does that help?
2	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Yes. If you
3	read that you could just simply strip out
4	mitigation, number of related factors in
5	determining which applicants will be awarded a
6	gaming license.
7	MR. GROSSMAN: Okay, sure.
8	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Anything else?
9	Great. You got another one?
10	MR. GROSSMAN: That's a all I have.
11	So, these will be filed tomorrow. We are setting
12	up the public hearing for May 3. At least one
13	location will be here. We just need to figure out
14	where any other locations may be.
15	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.
16	MR. GROSSMAN: And that is all.
17	COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Great, thank
18	you.
19	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you.
20	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Director
21	Durenberger.
22	DR. DURENBERGER: Good afternoon, Mr.
23	Chairman and Commissioners. Laurie, I apologize.
24	I'm under the weather and my normally loud voice

is even softer today. So, I will try to speak up.

Administrative update, I wanted to start out by reminding everyone that the proposed changes to CMR 4.00 are available for public comment on the Mass. Gaming website. We do have a public hearing scheduled for Monday, April 22 at 11:00 a.m. at 84 State Street. These are the regs. that primarily affect running horse racing. They were adopted by the Commission on an emergency basis on March 28. But this is as part of the regular rulemaking process.

I wanted to address a couple of things that Commissioner Zuniga presented to you earlier with both his revenue report and with the master schedule.

As he mentioned, our new auditing system may actually be up and running before the date that was on there. I think in January we forecasted possibly running in parallel on April 16. We are going to be very close to that, April

And we may be -- What did we have, May 10? 4/30, so we are right on schedule there.

Representatives from this company Pari Global will

So, that was a very good forecast.

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be onsite next week, next Wednesday and Thursday.

So, we really look forward to having them with us and being able to make the transition from our old financial reporting software system to this web-based system.

On the revenue side, I am very cognizant of the fact that racing has always be revenue neutral since the beginning of the previous agency. And I am trying very hard to maintain that proud tradition. But just to beware of the fact that there are some once-off costs related to the transition. And also some front-loaded costs, some start-up costs, for example, that may have to be kind of spread out over the next couple of years in order to maintain that revenue neutral balance that we're trying so hard to achieve.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Just at this point, it's a very commendable instinct. And it's pretty much right to make sure that it's revenue neutral.

But, you do have a job to do. And if we need to rethink the income and expense relationships in order to do the job that you need to do with an appropriate amount of people and so

1 forth, then we need to talk about that. 2 It's great. Everybody loves a 3 director who is committed to that proposition, but 4 I don't want it to become a constraint to getting 5 the job done. And we know the economics of this 6 organization have been in deteriorating flux for a long time. And we if we need to figure out a way 7 8 to rejigger the way revenues are generated, then we'll do that. 9 10 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I don't see how 11 you can -- particularly when we're in upgrade mode 12 that kind of neutrality may be difficult to 13 maintain. 14 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. Well, it 15 sounds like you've already been willing to make 16 exceptions for essentially investment purposes. 17 But it sounds like Commissioner McHugh is saying

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: They did not use all of the revenue previously, which is why.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: There is some reserves right now. Isn't there some extra money sitting around?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes, that's

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the same thing I am.

1 | correct.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So, that's in

3 reserves.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But

specifically the Director is talking about there was this mechanism -- In order to fund racing, there was a line appropriation and a trust in order to keep the cash flow. Every year, any excess revenues from the appropriation would be returned to the general fund.

But the expenditures and revenues that come directly for racing operations, the regulatory racing operations has been revenue neutral as Director Durenberger correctly points out. That may be not the case, especially because of upfront investments that we are making right now.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We're just giving her the tools to make those key decisions.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right.

DR. DURENBERGER: And that's appreciated Mr. Chair and Commissioners. I last week promised you that I would have a procedural update on how to get the 2011 annual report

1 approved and what that would have to go through. 2 I was not able to get that done for this week. 3 But at any rate, the 2011 annual report of the old State Racing Commission does exist in 4 5 a finalized form. We just have to figure out 6 what's appropriate since it was a period of time when you were not seated. So, we're still working 8 on that piece. 9 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But 2012 - I'm 10 sorry, Director, but 2012 is ready, right? 11 2012 is in process. DR. DURENBERGER: 12 It's almost ready. We're still having some 13 difficulty as I reported last week with the 14 financial reporting system getting some of those 15 reports in the form that we need for that 16 information. But we are getting very close. 17 Historically that's not been released 18 until a little bit later than this time in the year 19 as well. So, we're on schedule there. 20 Item B on my agenda is the approval of 21 split sample laboratories. 22 Wait, you've also CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 23 got the opening of Plainridge on Monday, Patriots' 24 Day, right?

DR. DURENBERGER: Absolutely. I am definitely off my game. Opening day, live horse racing in the Commonwealth, Monday April 15 at 1:00 at Plainridge at the harness track in Plainville. The forecast is excellent I'm told.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Really? Great.

At least two of us I think will be there, maybe more.

DR. DURENBERGER: Thank you for catching my omission.

Split sample laboratories, so in the past the horsemen did not have a split sample provision that they could use. So, what would happen is if there was an alleged medication violation that was it. There would be a hearing and they would present testimony on their own behalf.

But many jurisdictions, not all, but many jurisdictions afford licensees the ability to send a referee sample out to another approved laboratory that uses the same or better testing standards to have a split sample, the same way that the Olympic sports do and many other drug testing processes do.

So, how this works is we sent letters out to other laboratories that met our criteria that were in our RFP. So, that was accreditation to that ISO 17025 standard that you've heard me talk about ad nauseam. And I also note that each of the labs that responded to us is also currently undergoing the accreditation process through the racing medication and testing consortium. So, these are very industry specific labs that have excellent testing capabilities.

We have respondents from four. Those labs are HFL Sports Science in Lexington,
Kentucky, Industrial Laboratories in Wheat Ridge,
Colorado, the Ohio Analytical Toxicology
Laboratory in Reynoldsburg, Ohio, and University
of California Davis Equine Analytical Chemistry
Laboratory.

How this works is if the is a medication -- an alleged medication violation, the trainer is given 72 hours or three business days to indicate their interest in sending out the split sample.

So, the laboratories are all called and cost estimates are given. The cost of having a split sent out depends on the nature of the test.

So, for example, if there was a dermorphin positive -- I use dermorphin because it's been in the news lately. -- that shouldn't be there. So, that's essentially a pass/fail test, which is a different cost than say you have a medication that's permitted below a certain level where they have to quantify.

So, we get estimates from these four labs. We present them to the trainer and say here are your options. You can go to these labs. And this is what it's going to cost you. And there's a process by which the horseman's representative and a Commission representative and a State Police member are present at the time that that split sample is packaged and sent off to the referee lab.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Where does the sample reside while you're waiting to find out whether you need it?

DR. DURENBERGER: It's in our custody and it's behind two different locks. There's a hasp lock on the freezer and then an additional lock on the office.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Then when the result comes back with no positive, then we throw the

1 split sample away? 2 DR. DURENBERGER: That is correct, 3 So, my recommendation is that the Commission 4 approve these four laboratories to provide split 5 sample equine drug testing services for 2013. 6 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I would just say that this is the best practice in drug testing 7 8 and I certainly support this recommendation. 9 Yes, me too. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 10 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Me too. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: 11 I think it's 12 worth noting that some of these laboratories 13 responded to our RFP and they are also accredited 14 under those accreditations that you mentioned 15 before. 16 DR. DURENBERGER: Yes. Great. We don't 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 18 need a vote, right? 19 DR. DURENBERGER: No. Approval is 20 approval. Item C on my agenda, I apologize for the 21 colloquialism, the word outs there, approval of 22 2011 outs payments. 23 Outs refer to unclaimed wagers. 24 law in Massachusetts if you were to place a wager

today in April 2013 and you were to have a winning ticket, you would have until December 31, 2014 to present that to the place where you placed the bet and get a payout.

Then there's a 30-day period following that. So, that would be January, February, March of 2015 by which our auditors look at the outs books at the race tracks. We certify to them the amount that's due. They pay it to us and then we send it back to them either to go into the purse accounts in the case of the horse racing tracks. Or into the Racing Stabilization Fund in the case of the greyhound licenses.

So, you've seen these numbers before.

I would say back in early March we sent these letters out to the tracks saying this was the amount that's certified and due to the Commonwealth. We have received all of these funds. Some were wired in and so those are already in the account. Others came in by check. So, we are still just waiting for a couple of the checks to show up in the MMARS system.

But upon your approval and upon confirmation, of course, that those submitted

funds are in the MMARS system, we will make payment to the licensee for their deposits.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: I had three sort of minor questions and you've already answered one of them. The amounts have been certified. In fact, we gave them the numbers; is that right?

DR. DURENBERGER: Correct.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Why do we get the money and then give it back to them to put it in the various funds? Why don't we just put it in those funds?

DR. DURENBERGER: It's a mechanistic question to which I don't have an answer, although I'm sure there is one.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: That's the way it's always been done?

DR. DURENBERGER: Correct.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That's probably the

answer.

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DR. DURENBERGER: There may be more to

21 it than that. But at any rate that is --

22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Do you know some

23 reason for that?

MR. O'TOOLE: I always thought the

Commission didn't trust us. It goes to the purse account. It doesn't come to us.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: But it goes directly to the purse accounts or to the stabilization fund.

MR. O'TOOLE: Correct.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Not to you.

DR. DURENBERGER: Right, it's a separate interest bearing account.

MR. O'TOOLE: It goes back to the track to handle inside of the purse accounts.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: So, you put it into an account. You don't just send it back to him.

DR. DURENBERGER: We do, and then we trust they put it in a separate interest bearing account.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Okay. And the final question was is this in the long term something that is just automatic or will it these kinds of things require Commission approval or is this just part of the way that the racing process would operate?

DR. DURENBERGER: Both, I think. I

think that this is real money. And I think coming before you and saying we're about to encumber this amount of money and send it to our licensees, I think, is worthy of an explanation. But the other side of it is that is how it's always been done and we didn't see any reason not to do it this way to bring it before you.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: If I may draw a parallel to the unclaimed property process of the state Treasurer's office. It's an unclaimed winning. There is a role of an overseer that bears drawing a parallel to.

COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Fair enough.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: This almost three-quarters of a million dollars total. It seems like a lot of money. Mr. O'Toole's got an answer again.

DR. DURENBERGER: I have an answer as well, but we'll let Mr. O'Toole speak first.

MR. O'TOOLE: Since simulcasting came to be, there's a lot of tracks going on at the same time. So, not a lot of sound because they interfere.

A lot of these outs monies it seems to

me comes from customers playing what are called all bets. In other words, they like two horses in a trifecta. So, they go one, two and then the rest of the field. Then the horse doesn't go to the gate. It gets a late scratch. So, that's a refund. That's \$2.00 for that one particular part of that haul.

The customer goes and gets a hotdog or whatever, comes back doesn't hear that the horse is scratched. The race is run. He sees if he has a winning ticket one, two, seven and cashes that. In that case, because he presents the ticket, the refund would bounce back. So, he gets paid \$30, he'd get 30 plus the two for the refund and he'd be happy.

But if he didn't hit, it came back one, two, seven and he didn't have the one and the two, then he'd probably throw the ticket away. And that's a \$2.00 ticket.

So since simulcasting came in before simulcasting it was lost tickets. You'd bet, it was a winner. And then you lost the ticket, you couldn't find the ticket. You either thrown it away inadvertently or whatever. There's a

mechanism there where you make a claim to the

Commission. Then at the end of this term if it's

never found, then that person gets it.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And nobody else claims it.

MR. O'TOOLE: And no one else claims it. So, there's only about a half-dozen or a dozen people at the end of the year that put in those claims.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: And those are investigated.

MR. O'TOOLE: Yes. They usually get paid up. So, there's not a lot of subtraction from that pool.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Is it lots of small money? Is it a lot of two dollars that people one way or another just basically don't care about?

MR. O'TOOLE: They don't know about it most of the time. And now with the automatic machines and the tellers give you a paper voucher, so not in cash. You get it back in the form of a voucher that you put into a machine and keep rolling. Then if you take that \$4.00 or \$5.00 voucher home, stick it in your wallet, forget about

it. Same thing like a lottery ticket.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Your Charlie card.

DR. DURENBERGER: The other piece of that that I would add is we talk about uniformity in racing. So, the pari-mutuel laws are also all over the place.

So, you may not realize if you have a multiple horse wager or a multiple race wager in another jurisdiction. As Mr. O'Toole said, it's usually the not knowing. So, in some jurisdictions in what you may use to playing is that if a horse is a late scratch for whatever reason, doesn't make it in the gate or is a nonstarter, declared a nonstarter and there's a refund, if in your jurisdiction you get a consolation payoff, then you may be used to looking for that. But if in your jurisdiction the rules are the you would get the post-time favorite and you watch the post-time favorite get pulled off in the race, you don't even realize that in that jurisdiction you get some sort of a consolation. So it's the not knowing. This is not

an unusual figure.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Interesting.

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Page 100 1 COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Geez, I didn't 2 know that. 3 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Learn something 4 every day. COMMISSIONER CAMERON: A lot of people 5 6 don't check their lottery tickets. 7 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And unclaimed 8 properties is millions and millions of dollars. 9 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Page after page 10 after page, interesting. Okay. Is that it? 11 DR. DURENBERGER: That's all I have, 12 Mr. Chair. 13 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That was good, very 14 interesting. Another 15 minutes of racing. 15 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you, 16 Director. 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you. I think 18 we are done. Any other business? 19 Nest week, we will be in Palmer with a 20 big agenda. Do I have a motion to adjourn? 21 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: So moved. 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All in favor, aye. 23 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye. 24 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.

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                  COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.
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                  COMMISSIONER MCHUGH: Aye.
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                  CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Ayes have it.
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           (Meeting adjourned at 3:01 p.m.)
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1 ATTACHMENTS:

- Massachusetts Gaming Commission April 11,
 2013 Notice of Meeting and Agenda
- 2. Massachusetts Gaming Commission March 21,2013 Meeting Minutes
- 3. Massachusetts Gaming Commission March 25,2013 Meeting Minutes
- 8 4. Massachusetts Gaming Commission 205 CMR
 9 115.00: Phase I Suitability Determination,
 10 Standards and Procedures
- 11 5. Massachusetts Gaming Commission Small Impact
 12 Business Statement
- 13 6. Proposed Referendum Emergency Regulation
- 7. April 8, 2013 Letter from City of Everett
 Regarding Scheduling of Referendum Elections
- 8. Massachusetts Gaming Approved Budget FY 2013
 3rd quarter Budget to Actual Expenditures
 Report
- April 11, 2013 Division of Racing
 Memorandum Regarding Recommendation
 Regarding Split Sample Laboratories fro 2013
 - 10. April 11, 2013 Division of Racing

 Memorandum Regarding Payment of 2011

 Unclaimed Winning Wagers to Purse Accounts

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Page 103 ATTACHMENTS (continued): April 11, 2013 Division of Racing 11. Memorandum Regarding Payment of 2011 Unclaimed Winning Wagers to Racing Stabilization Fund SPEAKERS: Dr. Jennifer Durenberger, Director of Racing Todd Grossman, Staff Attorney Steve O'Toole, Plainridge Racecourse Karen Wells, Director Investigations and Enforcement John Ziemba, Ombudsman

CERTIFICATE

proceedings.

I, Laurie J. Jordan, an Approved Court Reporter,
do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and
accurate transcript from the record of the

I, Laurie J. Jordan, further certify that the foregoing is in compliance with the Administrative Office of the Trial Court Directive on Transcript Format.

I, Laurie J. Jordan, further certify I neither am counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to the action in which this hearing was taken and further that I am not financially nor otherwise interested in the outcome of this action.

Proceedings recorded by Verbatim means, and transcript produced from computer.

WITNESS MY HAND this 12th day of April

23 LAURIE J. JORDAN

My Commission expires:

Notary Public

May 11, 2018