		Page 1
1	THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS	
2	MASSACHUSETTS GAMING COMMISSION	
3	213th PUBLIC HEARING	
4		
5		
6		
7	CHAIRMAN	
8	Stephen P. Crosby	
9		
10	COMMISSIONERS	
11	Bruce W. Stebbins	
12	Enrique Zuniga	
13	Gayle Cameron	
14		
15		
16		
17	March 30, 2017, 10:00 a.m. to 1:52 p.m.	
18	Massachusetts Gaming Commission	
19	101 Federal Street, 12th Floor	
20	Boston, Massachusetts	
21		
22		
23		
24		

## PROCEEDINGS

approval of minutes.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We are calling to order Public Meeting Number 213 on March 30th at the Mass. Gaming Commission at ten o'clock a.m. Commissioner Macdonald is out today, so we maybe would ask the treasurer to do the

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Oh, yes.

I'll be happy to move, Mr. Chairman, that the Commission meeting minutes from March 16 be approved as presented in the packet subject to corrections and small other nonmaterial typographical errors, one of which is I had noted is IGT is spelled IGA, but that --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I got it. I gave it to them. Yeah.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's one of those typographical errors.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: She just did that to make sure we were reading the minutes, I know, see if anybody caught it.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Second.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: It just

1 said under the 10:57 a.m. hour, we talk about 2 two changes that we made in regs from 3 comments that we got. I'm just wondering if 4 we had space to put in what the -- there were 5 only two, but they were ones that we actually 6 incorporated into the regulation changes. 7 didn't know if we had enough room to make note of what those changes were. 8 9 MS. BLUE: That would occur when 10 you've approved them finally. COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: 11 12 MS. BLUE: When we go through the 13 hearing process and then we deliver to you a final regulation with all the comments 14 15 incorporated. 16 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: 17 MS. BLUE: There probably will be 18 more. 19 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: 20 That I think that's MS. BLUE: 21 probably the best place to make that comment. 22 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Okay. 23 Thank you. 24 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Further

1 discussion? All in favor aye. 2 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye. 3 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye. 4 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye. 5 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The ayes have it unanimously. That would be four 6 7 to zero. First up next up is the racing 8 9 division. Director Lightbown. 10 MR. BEDROSIAN: I think. 11 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: No, I'm sorry. 12 Next up is the administrative update. 13 Executive Director Bedrosian. 14 MR. BEDROSIAN: Thank you. 15 morning Commissioners. I just have a couple 16 of items. You may remember on March 2nd, we 17 were in Springfield. MGM presented its 18 operational diversity plan which we put out 19 to public comment which was technically due 20 to end today at 5:00 o'clock. Director

Griffin has come and asked that we extend

that public comment until April 13th at 5:00

2.1

reported that we were having a public meeting on this issue today at 5:00 o'clock. Indeed, we will not be having a public meeting on this issue today at 5:00 o'clock, but we will extend the comment period and we'll work with our director of communications to get all that information out.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Good. So that, got that, okay.

MR. BEDROSIAN: Yep. And a couple of other issues. In anticipation of some of the racing issues, I just wanted to mention a couple of our long-time racing employees have moved on. Jeff Bothwell, who you may, I'm sure, remember was one of our Legacy employees. In fact, he started working for the Mass. Racing Commission in 1992 as a racing inspector and has worked as an auditor, and when the Commission, this Commission, then took on the responsibilities of racing, he became our license coordinator since 2013. He was the last of our full-time employees from the previous state racing commission, and he worked with our judges and

state police and really recently helped launch our fingerprinting program, and he's retired. So we're going to wish him the best in his retirement.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great.

MR. BEDROSIAN: Similarly, Trooper Joe Sinkevich who was one of the long, long-serving state troopers down there has retired from the Mass. State Police after 42 years. He started working for the Racing Commission in 1995. So we wish him well and I think -- I suspect those are two employees that the racing industry and the directors and everyone knows very well. So obviously wish them the best.

In the final update I have, and I don't want to steal Commissioner Zuniga's update, but I will tell you due to technology, I was able with the help of Mass. Live and Facebook Live to attend virtually the Springfield topping off ceremony yesterday, and from what I could see as a virtual attendee was quite the event. I'm sure you'll probably hear a little bit more

Page 7 1 about that during the meeting. That's all I 2 have. 3 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I will 4 provide a update in the Commissioner updates. 5 MR. BEDROSIAN: Thank you. 6 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. Thank 7 Anything else for Director Bedrosian? COMMISSIONER CAMERON: 8 9 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Now Director 10 Lightbown. 11 DR. LIGHTBOWN: Good afternoon, 12 and --13 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Your mic. DR. LIGHTBOWN: Our first item --14 15 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Your mic. 16 MS. BLUE: Alex, mic. 17 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Turn 18 yourself on. 19 DR. LIGHTBOWN: Good morning again. 20 Our first item on racing is the approval of 21 the Suffolk Downs sale. Chip Tuttle, the 22 COO, is here, as well as Bruce Barnett for 23 any questions, and I'm going to turn it over 24 to our General Counsel Catherine Blue.

MS. BLUE: Good morning,

2 Commissioners.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Good morning.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Good

morning.

3

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Good

7 morning.

MS. BLUE: In your packet today, you have a letter with attachments from Sterling Suffolk, LLC, the owner of the property currently known as Suffolk Downs. And you have a copy of Section 11C of 128A. That is the statute that governs racing in the Commonwealth. The letter from Suffolk Downs is requesting a vote by the Commission to approve the transfer of the property on which Suffolk Downs is located to a third-party purchaser. Such review and approval by the Commission is required by Section 11C. The only matter before the Commission today is the review and approval of the transfer of the property. Commission is not reviewing or taking any action on any remaining issues for the 2017

racing season or the granting of a supplemental license for 2018, and the Commission is not reviewing or taking any action on any racing issue that may arise in 2017 or beyond. The Commission will review any such matters at an appropriate future date.

Section 11C provides that a non-pubically traded entity that holds a racing license and owns a racing facility must request Commission approval if the entity wishes to transfer more than ten percent of the value of the facility. Section 11C provides that the Commission will approve the transfer unless the Commission finds that the consideration for the transfer is inadequate, the transfer is without good cause, the transfer results in an undesirable concentration of racing facilities in the Commonwealth, or that the transfer has an adverse effect on the integrity of racing. The purpose of Section 11C was to give the Commission the opportunity to review the transfer of a racing facility from really

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

from one racing licensee to another. 11C does not fully contemplate the kind of transfer that is before you today. Even so, 11C does require that the Commission review and approve the transfer before Suffolk Downs can proceed with the sale.

Suffolk Downs has provided a letter describing the transfer of the property, and they addressed each requirement of Section 11C in that letter. In brief, Suffolk Downs proposes to transfer the property to a third-party purchaser for redevelopment. That redevelopment does not include a use as Suffolk Downs anticipates it a racetrack. will hold six days of live racing at the property in 2017 pursuant to a lease with the purchaser and may, if it enters into a lease extension with the purchaser and receives the supplemental license from the Commission, engage in live racing in 2018.

Also, to be clear, Suffolk Downs is not proposing to transfer the racing license granted to Suffolk Downs. Suffolk will keep the racing license and will remain bound by

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

and responsible for all requirements of a racing licensee. Under Chapters 128A and 128C, Suffolk Downs will retain its current staff and will bring a list of racing officials to the Commission for approval prior to the start of live racing.

After the review of the letter, it is my opinion that Suffolk Downs has addressed the requirements in Section 11C. As described in the letter, the consideration paid to Suffolk Downs exceeds the assessed value of the property. Suffolk Downs has provided documentation of the assessed value and will release the final consideration after the closing, which is scheduled currently for the end of April. The transfer is for good cause. Suffolk Downs has engaged in arm's length transactions with the purchaser for value who will redevelop the property in accordance with the requirements of the Cities of Boston and Revere. transfer does not result in the concentration of ownership. The purchaser has no interest in live racing, and will not continue live

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

racing at the property. The transfer will have an impact on racing in the Commonwealth in that it will result in the closure of the only thoroughbred track in the Commonwealth at this time, however, 11C focuses on the impact to the integrity of racing, and the transfer will not impact the integrity of racing. The current racing staff will remain in place. The purchaser will have no role in the operation of the racing facility. Suffolk Downs will be responsible for compliance with the terms and conditions of its racing license as well as the requirements of Chapters 128A and C and the Commission's regulations for as long as Suffolk Downs holds a racing license.

We have staff here today as well as Mr. Barnett and Mr. Tuttle to answer any questions that the Commission may have.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Sure.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: So I would agree that I don't think this sale affects the integrity of racing. I actually think this is much the same situation when we were

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

in last year. You know, we have horsemen's groups that are pretty split on whether or not this is beneficial. We made the decision in the past -- many of the horsemen do believe some racing is better than none, and I know the breeders firmly believe that, and they -- you know, the Mass. Bred races which are held every year do provide opportunities for the breeders to take some of that money and use it for breeding.

So I believe it's very similar. We made the decision last year that some racing was better than none in the Commonwealth.

Certainly all of us would love to see a track in which a longer racing season could be had, but there is no opportunity for that at this point. So I think that I'm in favor of this proposal, knowing that the groups are split, but that some racing is better than nothing, but I did have one question for Mr. Tuttle.

Now that the property is being sold, does that mean that all other agreements between Suffolk Downs and the casino applicants regarding the use of the

property as a casino have been terminated?

MR. TUTTLE: We no longer have any agreements with any casino operators. Well, we have -- we no longer have an agreement with Mohegan Sun, which was the prior applicant on the Suffolk Downs property.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But you do with some other casino operator?

MR. TUTTLE: Well, I just want
to -- I wanted to be sure how I phrased that.
I didn't want to say we have any agreements.
We may still have ongoing agreement with
Caesars from our separation from the Caesars,
you know, there may still be some, but I'm
off the top of my head, I don't think so.
But we don't have any agreement regarding the
use of the property.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Can I build up on that a little bit maybe and step back. So this is a complete transfer? There's no equity stake that Suffolk Downs retains on the entity that this is being sold to?

MR. BARNETT: If I'm understanding

1 the question correctly, that is right. 2 Suffolk Downs is not part of the ownership of 3 the buyer of the property. 4 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Of the buyer. 5 And the landlord in the lease that you 6 proposed to execute is a subsidiary, a whole 7 subsidiary, of the HYM Group -- the McLennan 8 partnership? 9 MR. TUTTLE: Yeah. 10 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I want to get 11 this, the name, right. The McLennan Highway 12 Development Company is completely owned by 13 the HYM Group. I believe it's an 14 MR. TUTTLE: 15 affiliate of the HYM Group and a private 16 investor. 17 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right. 18 that's not anybody's -- any of the principals 19 at Suffolk Downs? 20 MR. TUTTLE: Correct. Yeah. 21 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Okay. 22 when is the -- I know there's a couple of 23 moving pieces subject to somewhat 24 disapproval, but when do you generally expect the lease to take effect? Roughly, no exact date.

MR. TUTTLE: Well, I think this -the approval of the sale of the Commission
was one of the things we were hoping to
accomplish before finalizing the lease and
entering the lease. It could happen in the
next several weeks, and all the conversations
with the potential buyer about continuing
racing and simulcasting operations have been
very positive. In addition to racing and
simulcasting operations, we will continue
maintenance of the property on behalf of the
new buyer during the time that we're still
there.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right. Go ahead Mr. Barnett.

MR. BARNETT: If I may just add the lease is -- under the agreement, the lease will be entered into simultaneously or instantaneously after the sale of the property. So when the closing happens, the lease goes into effect.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And

generally, roughly, because I know it's hard
to predict, you know, when these closings
happen, what's the time frame for that?

MR. BARNETT: Under the agreement, the current scheduled closing date is April 27th, and we're not aware of anything that's going to change that, but there's still time between now and then.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And I know you mentioned some of this in your remarks, but the sequence of events after the lease is executed would then have you complete your commitment to the racing on 2017 that we had approved prior as the lessor of the premises with same access as that we currently have for the Commission. Is that a fair statement?

MR. TUTTLE: That's correct. And I believe Counsel Blue did a nice synopsis of how we have separated in the lease the -- in addition to us continuing to have the same access to the property control of the property, we've actually restricted the landlord from access to sensitive areas such

2.1

as the money room and other areas that might affect the integrity of racing. So we've tried to look ahead and see whatever concerns the Commission might have proactively and address those in the lease.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And should there be the need to upgrade something on the property, whether it's an operational expense or a small capital improvement to maintain the integrity of racing for that year or potentially the next one, as you intend, who does that responsibility fall to?

MR. TUTTLE: The racing premises. Yeah. So if it's anything on the premises required for racing and simulcasting, it's our responsibility.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Okay.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Anybody else?

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Yeah. I had had just a couple of thoughts on the lease as its proposed. You don't foresee any changes to the lease after the close? I mean, that can always happen.

MR. BARNETT: It's a contract, so

2.1

it's, I suppose, the parties could agree to change things, but the form of the lease that's in the agreement that's attached to my letter has been agreed to by the parties, and we don't anticipate any changes to it.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Okay. And just so I'm clear, as I read it, the lease goes through January, into January 2018, but I think there was a note that sometime in the August, September time frame is when you'll have conversations about whether racing will be continued through 2018 or prior to your application to us for the 2018 season.

MR. TUTTLE: Exactly. The 2018 option would be coordinated around the same time that we're applying for dates for 2018.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Okay. And I did -- you know, the piece that stuck out for me in 128C was, obviously, maintaining the integrity of the racing industry, and I was encouraged to see, as you mentioned, that provisions in the lease saying no access by the owner to cash room, anything that is vital to the operation of the racing side of

1 the business. So thank you. 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I didn't think 3 about asking this yesterday. This is totally 4 independent of the Wonderland license, right? 5 MR. TUTTLE: Correct. 6 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That's not 7 involved in this. Is this SSR the same entity owns the Wonderland license, hold the 8 Wonderland license? 9 10 MR. TUTTLE: The entities are slightly different, Mr. Chairman. 11 12 Lending -- CBW Lending owns the Wonderland 13 property, and Sterling Suffolk Racecourse, LLC operates greyhound simulcasting at 14 Suffolk Downs under the Wonderland license. 15 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So the license is 16 held -- again, I should have asked this 17 So the Wonderland license is held 18 earlier. 19 by CBW? 20 I don't think so. MR. TUTTLE: Ι 21 think technically the Wonderland license 22 still belongs to the Wonderland entity. 23 Westwood -- I forget the corporate name of

the Wonderland entity, but the Westwood

Group. And we have for the last several years, we've operated the license. We've been as an agent and management company for Wonderland and for very limited greyhound simulcasting in part to keep some proceeds going to the Wonderland entity to help with some of its creditors.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. Okay. In Mr. Barnett's letter, there's this slightly obscure paragraph the says, as part of retaining its racing license on page 2, SSR hopes to maintain racing and/or simulcasting operations over the longer term in another location to preserve its work force, et cetera. What's that about?

MR. TUTTLE: Well, as the

Commission is well aware, the current racing
and simulcast statutes expire in July.

You've actually proposed a new bill that
would allow the Commission to award racing or
simulcast licenses with or without any live
racing dates. So whether 23K goes into
effect at the sunset of the current racing
and simulcast laws, whether there's a new

2.1

version of racing and simulcast laws, whether the bill that the Commission has proposed is approved, we would potentially like to maintain some simulcast and business operations into the future. It's one of the reasons we're selling the property and not the license and the racing and simulcast operation.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But there's no link. This is kind of a statement of interest. There's no relationship by it.

We're not taking an action here which in any way supports or endorses or anything whatever this plan might be or become.

MR. TUTTLE: Correct. I believe that's the case. I would agree with Catherine's assessment of that, which is the only matter before you today is actually the sale.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. Okay.

Did you want to say something,

Commissioner Zuniga?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Well, no. It was along those lines, but can you remind us

2.1

or clarify the license, the racing -- the simulcasting license from Wonderland, is that a statutory license like Raynham's?

MS. BLUE: It is. If you look at 128A and C, it's defined as the dog racing licensee located in Suffolk County. So it is in the statute. When dog racing was outlawed by referendum, that license remained. And so the statute is very clear on what it can and can't do, but it has, you know, pretty broad ability to simulcast, as it did when it was live dog racing.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right. And it's both dog racing and horse racing that they can simulcast.

MS. BLUE: Yes. To a certain limit, as they all do. It's not just unique to that license. All the simulcasting licenses have limits on the numbers and times and places of how they can simulcast. But yes, it's in the statute.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: This brings me something that I wanted to speak to. We got

some communications about this issue,

including an e-mail from a Mr. Mark Eagan and an e-mail from Steven Howitt. They, and others, appeared to think that we have the authority to pull the simulcast license and offer it up to some other party and, as you know, have urged us to do so. And this is a fairly complicated area, but I think it's worth taking the time to at least make sure the public understands what we think is going

There is the Wonderland -- I'm sorry, the SSR licensee that we're talking about now, and in theory, the best we understand it, if we did not award the license to have one or more racing days, that would be an opportunity for us. This may be -- people may debate this point, but our view is that would be an opportunity for us to withdraw effectively the simulcast license because they have to have some live racing days in order to continue to simulcast, and we have to grant the license to simulcast. That may be debatable, but that's our view of

on here.

that license. But there's also this
Wonderland license under which we think that
even if there weren't the Suffolk Downs
license, the Wonderland license would permit
whoever owns it to conduct not only greyhound
simulcasts but also horse racing simulcasts.

So even if we did withdraw the other license in some way or another, that effectively the same entity would get to continue effectively the same process maybe without any live racing at all, because the mandate for live racing doesn't go to the Wonderland license.

So to Mr. Eagan and Mr. Howitt and others, we don't think that we have the authority to effectively pull any opportunity for this or related entities to do simulcasts and offer it up to other folks. So there's a misimpression out there. Am I stating this accurately, General Counsel Blue?

MS. BLUE: Under the racing statutes, that would be correct as they currently stand.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. Well, I

mean, we fully understand that this is not all black and white and this is complicated. The Wonderland license keeps getting renewed not by us but by the legislature every year. It's a one-year license. If the legislature chooses not to renew it, then that's a whole different situation, but that's been out of our hands. And for the past several years, the legislature has continued to renew that license as it has renewed the license at Raynham.

Just for the record, also apropos of some of these e-mails, we have never had any intimation -- we've never been approached by any other entity that suggested an interest in having one or more of these simulcast licenses. We've heard talk, but nobody's ever come to us in any way, formally or informally, and said if there were a way to free up this simulcast license, we would like to have an opportunity to bid on it in order that we could do something here.

Nobody has ever said anything like that to us. So that is the fact pattern that we are

dealing with as we make this decision on what everybody agrees is an imperfect situation but we have concluded is among imperfect options the best.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's a great summary, Mr. Chairman, and I want to emphasize something that General Counsel Blue spoke to that I think, you know, is still very relevant presently. We don't have that ability presently with the current legal framework. We have stated this to the legislature I know. General counsel, executive director talked to, you know, people up there whenever they ask us. Certainly, racing is a very complicated matter, but it keeps getting renewed year by year and that does provide some uncertainty, in my view, to the ability of the racing industry to continue in a sustainable way.

And the simulcast piece, the live racing piece, and, of course, the Race Horse Development Fund moneys are all important factors that if we had the ability to make those decisions as we had proposed to the

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

legislature, we might be able to or may hear from interested parties if they're out there.

We have not heard from them, as you state -- as you correctly state, but the notion that all of these factors have been traditionally linked together, the ability to simulcast, you know, with their requirement to conduct live racing, as well as now the Race Horse Development Fund, are levers that I would imagine this Commission could be at least in a better position to affect if that authority came to us. We don't currently have.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. And I think that's what Mr. Tuttle was saying as well, that, you know, it may turn -- it may under future legislation how this gets managed may change, and we have urged that somebody, presumably us, be given the authority to use these levers as you suggest.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But at the moment, we don't have that authority.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Just it's good to point out, Mr. Chairman, the comments

1 that we did receive and that we all read and, 2 obviously, some of those are from identified 3 horse owners, but Mr. Howitt is actually a 4 member of the legislature, so. 5 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh. 6 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: It would be 7 great to have his help in making --8 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh, I see. 9 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: -- making 10 some of these changes. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah, I missed 11 12 Thank you. That's a good point. We that. 13 should follow up on that. Okay. Any further discussion? Do I see you talking about 14 15 something? 16 MR. TUTTLE: I was just interested 17 in looking at those comments as well. 18 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. They're in 19 the file. 20 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: They're in 21 the packet. 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Do you want to make a motion? 23 24 COMMISSIONER CAMERON:

1 Mr. Chair, I move that the Commission find 2 that Sterling Suffolk, LLC has satisfied their requirements described in Section 11C 3 4 of the Mass. General Laws Chapter 128A as more fully described in the letter from DLA 5 6 Piper dated March 16th, 2017, found in the 7 Commissioner's packet, and further move that in accordance with Section 11C the Commission 8 9 approve the sale of property described in the 10 March 16th letter and leaseback of the property to Sterling Suffolk, LLC for the use 11 12 of a racetrack in 2017 and potentially in 13 2018 subject to the issuance of a license to Suffolk Downs in 2018. 14 15 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second? COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: 16 Second. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Further 17 18 discussion? All in favor? 19 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye. 20 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: 21 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye. 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The 23 ayes have it unanimously.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON:

24

I further

	1436 31
1	move that a condition of the Commission's
2	approval, Sterling Suffolk, LLC is required
3	to abide by all of the terms and conditions
4	of its racing license issued by the
5	Commission and the requirements of Mass.
6	General Laws, 128A and 128C as amended or
7	revised and any other laws applicable to
8	horse racing in the Commonwealth now and in
9	the future.
10	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second?
11	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Second.
12	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Second.
13	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Further
14	discussion? All in favor? Aye.
15	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.
16	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.
17	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.
18	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The
19	ayes have it unanimously.
20	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Would it
21	also be fair if we could make sure we get a
22	copy of the signed lease at the appropriate
23	point?
24	MS. BLUE: Yes. I mean, I think it

	Page 32
1	would be appropriate if Mr. Barnett would
2	just make a note of that and send it over
3	when it's signed. That would be great.
4	MR. BARNETT: We'll be happy to do
5	that.
6	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Thank you.
7	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Thank you,
8	gentlemen.
9	MR. TUTTLE: Thank you.
10	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you.
11	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Director
12	Lightbown, you have some other matters?
13	DR. LIGHTBOWN: Yes. Next we have
14	the Standardbred Breeders, Ed Nowak.
15	MR. NOWAK: Good morning.
16	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Good morning.
17	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Good morning.
18	MR. NOWAK: Mr. Chairman,
19	Commissioners.
20	DR. LIGHTBOWN: Ed Nowak, president
21	of the Harness Association Breeders Group,
22	SOM.
23	MR. NOWAK: Yeah. It's that time
24	of year again where I come with hat in hand

asking to be reappointed as the organization which monitors and manages the breeding of Standardbred horses in Massachusetts and the racing of these horses in the sire stakes program. I believe we sent a letter. You received a letter formally requesting our reappointment a week or so ago.

What I would like to do if -before we get into that, unless you have any
questions for me, is show you how this
program has been working since we've -- the
Race Horse Development Fund started and where
we are today.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That would be great.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yeah.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Why don't you give one to Elaine, too. We should add this to the package.

MR. NOWAK: This is a brief chart that shows where we were in the year 2014, which is the last year that we've raced and bred Standardbreds before the advent of the Race Horse Development Fund. And as you can

2.1

1 see, we had 44 registered broodmares. 2 36 yearlings, which would be from the year 3 before. Two and three year olds eligible to 4 race was 72 and our Sire Stakes purses were 5 \$209,000. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: What is the Sire 6 7 Stakes purse? I'm sorry, I don't know what that means. 8 9 MR. NOWAK: What is what? 10 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: What is the Sire 11 Stakes purse? 12 MR. NOWAK: That is the money that 13 we receive from the Race Horse Development Fund goes into -- 92 percent of it goes into 14 15 purses for the Sire Stakes. Sire Stakes is --16 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh, okay. That's 18 just the purses for Standardbred horses. 19 DR. LIGHTBOWN: That's what they 20 call the Standardbred program, the sire 21 stakes --22 MR. NOWAK: Well, the Standardbred 23 24 DR. LIGHTBOWN: -- the

Massachusetts.

MR. NOWAK: -- the breeding rights.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. Okay.

MR. NOWAK: And we race two and three year olds in this program. By statute, we can only use the money for the racing of these purses in these two- and three-year-old horses, and then eight percent goes into welfare and administration.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

MR. NOWAK: So that was the last year before we had the effect of the casino. In 2015, we had 56 broodmares registered, 48 yearlings, two and three year olds eligible to race were 79, total purses went to 640,000. Last year 65 broodmares were registered. Now, we won't know how many foals came until May 15th, which is the date by which they have to register their foals with us and in their yearling year, but we're assuming that it's going to be more than it was.

And one of the interesting things is we kind of looked at where you had 65

broodmares registered by December 1st of the breeding year in this state to become eligible for our Sire Stakes program. Only about five percent did not produce a foal that was capable of racing or being registered as a yearling, which is, I think, an incredible number based on what you see that goes on nationally where just because you've bred a mare doesn't mean you're going to have a foal that's going to be ready to race.

But as you can see, last year, our stake purses were \$1,243,000, and that was based on the recalibration of the percentage that the Standardbreds got versus the Thoroughbreds. Originally it was 75/25, Thoroughbred/Standardbred of that nine percent Race Horse Development Fund. A year ago, it was moved to 55 percent Standardbreds, 45 percent Thoroughbreds, and was retroactive to the 1st of the year. So we generated a significantly -- significantly more purse money than we had previously.

The big thing I found this year in

2.1

2017, we have 111 broodmares that are in the standing in the State of Massachusetts, up from 65 last year, which was our high. And the reason is what's happening on the final column with the purse structure. Horses are -- We had a couple -- a number of large, very large, breeding farms around the country by broodmares, the Harrisburg, Pennsylvania sale, and then make calls appear to find out where they could find stalls to bring those broodmares to have their offspring bred in Massachusetts and become eligible for this program.

So people around the country are starting to take us seriously, and they see this program is one that's going to do nothing but grow. We're estimating next year about 1.3 million, and that's we're being conservative. It all depends on the kind of business that they do at the casino or at Plainridge, but we figure we're going to be in the area again.

So we see this working wonderfully.

I mean, it's doing everything it was supposed

to do. We're getting -- And when these 1 horses come in, they have to be here by 2 3 December 1st, the mares do. And they have to 4 foal their offspring in Massachusetts and 5 stay here until they do. So that means more 6 business for farms, more business for 7 blacksmiths, and the ag business: the feed, the grain, the hay people, the vets. 8 9 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So they -- so say 10 that again. What makes a broodmare a 11 Massachusetts registered broodmare? What are the criteria? What are the thresholds? 12 13 MR. NOWAK: We call this -- this is 14 called a domicile mare program. And if a 15 horse is bred in Kentucky to a Kentucky 16 stallion but is then shipped into 17 Massachusetts before December 1st of the year she was bred, her foal becomes eligible for 18 19 the Mass. Sire Stakes program. 20 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And so the period 21 between December 1st and May 15th, I guess, 22 would --23 MR. NOWAK: Or December -- or could

be March, April, or May, whenever the horse

1 was bred. It's an eleven-month gestation 2 period. 3 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okav. 4 MR. NOWAK: So if she foals in 5 April -- on April 30th, the horse is here 6 from December 1st through April 30th. 7 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And then do they 8 typically take the horse and the foal back to their home? 9 10 MR. NOWAK: They can do -- they can leave it here or they can take it back to 11 12 Ohio, if they want, wherever they're going to 13 start training this horse when it becomes trainable. And they're then eligible to race 14

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So the benefit, although obvious, is pretty modest, because you have a pregnant mare here for some small -- relatively small number of months each

in the Kentucky Sire Stakes program as well

as the Massachusetts Sire Stakes program.

time one of these events takes place.

MR. NOWAK: Right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So it's not like a horse is here now to stay and is bred here

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

and lives here and uses all those resources you were talking about, hay and veterinarians and so forth.

MR. NOWAK: Well, in many cases it is because you have Massachusetts farms and Massachusetts horsemen who might breed -- send their mare to New York to be bred by a New York stallion and then bring it home by December 1st or earlier, and it stays there until it's ready to race. So, I mean, we're not saying all of these people are coming from out of state.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.

MR. NOWAK: You know, these 82, 86, two and three year olds are all from out of state. There might be 15 or 20 of them. The rest of them are from Massachusetts. So horses do stay here.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But the domicile program is the ones where they're owned effectively some place else, they're bred someplace else, they come here just for the foaling process.

MR. NOWAK: No. It also includes

Electronically signed by Amie Rumbo (501-013-137-1006)

Page 41

1 Mass. horsemen, too. 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh, that does, 3 the domicile? 4 MR. NOWAK: Oh sure, yeah. 5 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So it's the same period. 6 7 MR. NOWAK: If I send my mare to New York to be bred --8 9 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. 10 MR. NOWAK: -- and then I bring her back before December 1st, then that horse is 11 12 eligible in New York as well as in 13 Massachusetts. So the horse is -- most of 14 them are being bred and come back here and 15 stay here. 16 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. 17 MR. NOWAK: But as this program, 18 you know, gets bigger and bigger, which we're 19 hoping for and we see no reason why it 20 shouldn't, then they'll -- other people are 21 taking notice of it. They're looking to see 22 how do I get -- take advantage of what's 23 going on in Massachusetts. It's a real

program. It's a growing -- we are a growing

1 industry right now. 2 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Well, let me 3 perhaps -- Thank you. And part of the idea, 4 of course, is that a program like this 5 coupled with the other moneys that flow to 6 the horse race --7 MR. NOWAK: Right. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: -- from the 8 9 Race Horse Development Fund for purses, just 10 regular purses, has the ability to increase the field of eligible horses that will then 11 12 want to come to race at Plainridge. 13 MR. NOWAK: Exactly. And after 14 their tree-year-old season where they're 15 racing for Sire Stake money, that will be 16 encouraged to stay in Massachusetts and 17 continue to race because the purses are 18 increasing on the --19 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Are 20 increasing. 21 MR. NOWAK: -- on the other side of 22 the business.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA:

then, you know, at least in theory gets

Right.

23

Page 43 1 more of the betting public interested and, 2 you know. 3 Right. MR. NOWAK: 4 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And that increases the virtuous circle. 5 6 MR. NOWAK: Exactly. 7 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Is that 8 correct? 9 MR. NOWAK: Yep. 10 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I know after 11 the 2015 season, you know, purses had 12 increased, but we were still as a state on the lower end for Standardbred racetracks. 13 14 Now that that has doubled, where are we in 15 comparison to the other racetracks with those kinds of purses? 16 17 MR. NOWAK: In the breeding 18 program? 19 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Well, no. 20 Well, we're talking about the Sire Stakes 21 here. 22 Okay. MR. NOWAK: 23 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: But where

are we compared to other states that have

1 very successful Standardbred --2 MR. NOWAK: I don't have those 3 numbers, but I can get them. 4 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay. 5 MR. NOWAK: Yeah, that's an 6 interesting question. We should know that. 7 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay. 8 you. 9 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Anybody else? 10 This is -- I was going to ask this exact 11 question, so that's very helpful. Thank you. 12 Do you want to keep this up? 13 DR. LIGHTBOWN: Yeah, my 14 recommendation is that the Commission approve 15 the request of the Standardbred Owners of 16 Massachusetts to be the recognized group representing the Standardbred Breeders in 17 18 Massachusetts to administrate the Standardbred breeding program. 19 20 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Do I have 21 a motion? 22 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: So I move, 23 Mr. Chair, that the Commission approve the 24 request for the Standardbred Owners of

Page 45

	Page 45
1	Massachusetts to be recognized as the group
2	representative Standardbred Breeders to
3	administer the Massachusetts Standardbred
4	breeding program and Sire Stakes races in
5	2017.
6	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second?
7	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Second.
8	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Further
9	discussion? All in favor? Aye.
10	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye.
11	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Aye.
12	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Aye.
13	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Opposed? The
14	ayes have it unanimously.
15	MR. NOWAK: Thank you.
16	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you.
17	Good luck this season.
18	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah.
19	MR. NOWAK: Thank you.
20	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All right. Item
21	С.
22	DR. LIGHTBOWN: To our next item is
23	the beginning of the racing season at
24	Plainridge, and Steve O'Toole will be coming

up. And as he makes his way up, I'll just give a little background on what the Racing Division's been doing to get ready. We ended up getting new computers this year.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Getting new what?

DR. LIGHTBOWN: New computers.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh.

DR. LIGHTBOWN: Which for purposes with our old licensing system and all, we've had to stay on some very antiquated ones. So it was very nice this year to get moved over to those and get updated. Now we're on the intranet and all that. Our employees down there can get on the same things that employees up in Boston can get on.

We've had meetings with the horsemen. Commissioner Cameron's been down several times going over medication issues and those type of things. We've got orientation or our seasonal people that includes the HR department coming down and the legal team coming down for the ethics training. We'll do a walkthrough with Steve and his crew and the judges sometime next

week just to go over the whole facility,
basically, make sure everything's safe and in
working order and that everybody's got what
they need. We'll also schedule a meeting
with the security and the judges and Steve
and myself to go over expectations.

We had a meeting a couple of weeks ago with the Department of Agriculture to go over the health certificates and Coggins certificates type things that the horses need. This year, we're going to have a true what they call a race-and-go program where instead of normally you'd have to get a health certificate every 30 days, and you know, that can get costly and cumbersome trying to get a veterinarian out to your property to have one done and, you know, if you've got multiple horses you forget when one's going to expire versus the other.

So now they can come in on one health certificate within the last 30 days, and then basically, that's good for the meet, and you know, they can come in and race and leave back to whatever their home state is

without having to get one every time. And we've got, you know, a program for the horses that are actually going to be stabled on the grounds where, you know, same thing. They get their 30-day health certificate. We tried to do some things like that.

We overhauled our license applications. George Carifio, who's our inspector out at Plainridge, Suffolk is very good at that, and Jeff Bothwell, who just retired, also proofread those for us. For the first time, we have a true renewal license application, so instead of the, you know, eight- or ten-page one, there's a shorter one that they can fill out if they were licensed in the previous year.

And I guess now I'll turn it over to Steve, and he can -- he's got a slide show to show you some of the things they've been doing.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Before you do that, I just want to comment on it's nice to see, certainly, the growth at the track, higher purse, more breeding. But our

professionalism and the way that we've up graded, you mentioning computers, training for staff, licensing, I mean, it really is a very, very high quality, professional operation out there now. Just out there and observing the differences over the last couple of years, it's very nice to see that all of racing, including the regulatory process, has improved tremendously.

DR. LIGHTBOWN: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: And that's due to your leadership, Doctor.

DR. LIGHTBOWN: Thank you. I'll turn it over to Steve O'Toole.

MR. O'TOOLE: Thank you,

Commissioners, for the opportunity to present today. Before I get started, I just wanted to comment on one that I think Alex has done, and that was our meeting with the Department of Agriculture. For what she briefly explained, the 30-day health certificate, which is a state -- I guess it's a policy that every time a horse ships, it has to have one of those 30-day health certificates.

1 They can be --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Is your mic on,

Steve?

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

MR. O'TOOLE: They can be more cumbersome than Alex said in her brief comment about it. And that really helps out the horsemen because, as she said, especially guys that race, you know, a dozen horses or so, to keep track of those, it's easy when you know you're going to a new place and you have all your paperwork, but when you start -- when horses start coming and going and traveling into New York and Maine and New Jersey, you know, these guys could forget, come to the track and not have it and get scratched. So I think they have -- you know, we're appreciative of that so that we don't suffer scratches out of our events, and I know the horsemen are appreciative of that as well. So I'd like to thank Alex for making that happen.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great.

MR. O'TOOLE: So what I'd like to show you today is similar to what Ed Nowak

was telling you about was the growth of the product and the industry in Standardbred racing in Massachusetts. What you see on the screen now is -- that's actually an image that is going on our front entrance sign to promote the racing April through November this year. So that will be going up very, very soon. It wasn't up yesterday, I know that, when I was at the property, but it's going up very soon.

Who changes the slides?

MR. SANGALANG: You have a remote there.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Help is coming.

MR. O'TOOLE: There we go.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh, there we go.

MR. O'TOOLE: Got it. Got it. So as you well know, the growth in days due to the legislation that we operate under, the remarkable number here is 125 from 80 days just three short years ago in 2014. Time flies when you're having fun. And but a 56 percent increase in days is quite the undertaking by my staff and the horsemen as

Page 52

well. And the numbers that I'm going to show you subsequent to this slide, you'll see that even though with the growth in days, we haven't suffered as much as I thought we would as far as field size. We still could, you know, be a little bit healthier there, but I actually thought that we'd have a decrease with that many more days and it's actually up a tick.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: It'll be interesting -- I mean, this is ahead of ourselves a little bit. But soon after this season is over, we're going to start thinking about how many, because if I'm right, we decide how many racing days going forward, right? This is by statute, but from here on, we'll determine how many racing days, and that'll be something that we're going to really be interested in having --

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Small caveat.

MR. O'TOOLE: Correct.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: What?

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Go ahead.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Isn't

there -- it's all -- is this part of the horse racing committee?

MS. BLUE: No.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: No. We do decide on that?

it would be very nice for the horsemen and the track operators to get together and have an agreement before it gets to us. That would be very, very helpful to do some work together so that we're not left with that without the good work of groups working together.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. I mean, we're ahead of ourselves. I know you've got our hands full right now, but that'll be an interesting one, and we will have to figure out how do we make a really informed decision on that so everybody's participation will be helpful. Go ahead.

MR. O'TOOLE: It will. In the last couple of years, we've kept track of how often horses race back as well as, you know, the field size. Sometimes if horses are

racing a little bit too quick, that's not healthy either.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

MR. O'TOOLE: And sometimes they have to race back quick to fill the cards.

You know, so all those factors will be taken into consideration.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

MR. O'TOOLE: This year with the 125 days, we start off in April going three days a week, and pretty much for the rest of the meet, it's four days. And so we'll see how -- it was taxing last year when we had the four days. Three days we're comfortable, but the fourth day adds a little bit of a stress, especially to my race secretary.

So when we get to the numbers of purses, and Ed was telling you about the Sire Stakes program, as well as our overnight purses that make up the total purse account offered at Plainridge, our purses for the overnight races last year was 6.7 million.

The -- we estimate next -- this coming season to be about 7.4 million, and the reason that

we have a little bit of a bump there is because we kept a little bit in the bank for that extra 25 days that's coming up this year. So if you look in the right-hand column for the daily average purse, we're right around -- we'll be able to offer right around the same purse per day that we offered last year.

So you know, I thank my staff for knuckling down on these numbers and coming out with the right amount of carryover. We carried over about \$800,000 from last year's purse account into this year. So that's good that we can keep that consistent level for 125 days next year.

DR. LIGHTBOWN: That way, they're not dropping back down to a lower level.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Correct.

Even though they add a day.

DR. LIGHTBOWN: Correct.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right. I'm curious. You know, averages are really good to estimate, you know -- well, averages, but how much variability do you see from, you

know, day-to-day?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

MR. O'TOOLE: Well, it depends on the card that we're offering. I've explained that a bunch of times that, you know, Monday and Tuesday, we try to offer our very strong cards. So we might have \$100,000 offered that day, whereas a day that we know that our signal won't be going to as many outlets and it's not quite as popular and there's a lot of competition, we'll offer our under cards, if you will, our lower class races. sometimes they're very good races. doesn't -- you know, the purse doesn't always dictate how good a race can be in a competitive class, but you know, with that being said, you know, you do have to pay the more quality horses, you know, more purse money.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Are you seeing the signal becoming more popular with the upgraded purses thus the upgraded racing?

MR. O'TOOLE: We do. And I have some numbers to actually prove that out. And you know, they are.

1 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yeah.

MR. O'TOOLE: So for our handle over the last three years, you can see the growth just in the overall handle going in 2014 from seven and a half million all the way to this year of 18 million; however, in 2014, we did A/B days. So again, the daily average there is what really tells the story.

So last year, 18 million was
29 percent greater handle over 2015; however,
to get a true increase, I used the daily
average and that was \$156,000 a day over the
132 is 18 percent growth. So that's the real
growth when you take in the number of days
that we race as well.

Our simulcasting, you know, since 2014 for this past year was up 11 percent over last year was up 23 percent. There was some contract disputes with the -- that we made you aware of with Marnak that kind of dipped that number as well as a massive construction overhaul to the property in early 2015 getting ready for the opening. So we suffered a little bit there, but we

1 bounced back pretty good.

The racing employees, we have 52 racing employees, 39 full-time and 13 part-time. The part-time really isn't part-time when you think of hours in a week. It's actually part-time because it should really say seasonal. Those are the judges and the people that work in the paddock and the starter and race secretaries and people that actually put the -- that monitor the racing. So in the off months, they don't work so that's -- that reflects that number.

As far as the horsemen is concerned -- And I got the information late about the occupational licenses that I wanted to put in there, but I did get the information. So just for last year 1099s went out to 160 more people than they did the year before. So that kind of shows you the increase in owners that received purse money. And Alex's team in 2015 created, well, 1,060 occupational licenses and last year it was over 1,600.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Wow.

1

2

3

4

MR. O'TOOLE:

So I'm surprised

they're not putting in for raises. That's a

65 percent increase in workload, Alex.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: WOW.

5

6

7

9

MR. O'TOOLE:

Last year, you know,

we did do a lot of promotions and events.

teamed up -- you see on the slide, you know,

coffee mug giveaways, hat, key chains, 8

umbrellas, things like that on different days

10 as well as some of events around big race

11 days. As well as doing those promotions, we

12 also teamed up with the Lottery. We had the

13 Lottery out a couple of times in the racing

14 area doing different types of giveaways.

15 Yuengling was a corporate sponsor of ours for

16 advertising. They own the rights to the

17 winner's circle. So every time a horse comes

back for the winner's circle, it's the 18

Yuengling winner's. They gave away mountain 19

20 bikes, benches with big coolers in them.

21 They're pretty nice. And a lot of different

22 things. And Flutie's did Yings and wings.

23 So we -- you know, we kind of spread it

24 around and it was pretty good promotion. They're back again this year even bigger with us. So we're very happy with that.

In September we were able to come up with a system for Sport Tech, our tote provider, to read the Marquee Rewards cards and give -- put the points on the casino cards. So a slot player gives the same card to the slot machines that they can in our tote machine and it reads. The only difference being slots is realtime and at the end of the day, when the pari-mutuel wagers are totalized at the end of the night, that's when their points kick in. So it's not realtime as the bet goes, but the next day their points are on.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: How well do you feel like that's going or is it too new to determine how many of -- do you have joint customers, how many? Is it hard -- it's too soon or can you?

MR. O'TOOLE: I don't know about the joint customers because it's too soon, but I know our customers, you know, really like it, and it's very good for myself and my

team to be able to, you know, rate the players and be able to identify which players we have that are, you know, standout players and they get taken care of not only, you know, for programs or food and things like that, but we can also show them a little love in other ways, you know. Lenny has taken a few of our bigger players over to Slack's for dinners and stuff like that. So it's been a good tool and it works well, you know, integrating racing with the casino customer as well.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Mark and Marlene, do you guys -- I don't know if you were hearing Steve talking about the use of the Marquee Rewards card for the racing better. I don't know whether -- is there any coordination? Do we have our thinking through whether how Play My Way might relate to the racing side, either of you? Has that conversation taken place?

MS. WARNER: I just had that conversation -- (Inaudible.)

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. Right.

Okay. Because as you know, Steve, we're doing a lot of work on promoting responsible gambling and trying to minimize problem gambling, and those resources, we ought to just figure out how to make those things interface and extend these programs as best we can to the racing environment. So if you guys carry the ball on that. Okay.

MR. O'TOOLE: We did a presentation on the Hollywood Races for you last summer, I think it was. We did merge our win line operation in December over to Hollywood Races. That gave our win line customers not only the ability to wager on the telephone, but also on the internet and on a mobile app. It's gone over very, very well. thing that now that the telephone wagers are being processed through the corporate system, some of the pari-mutuel clerks that were the telephone assisted clerks, we positioned them in other places. So no worker was displaced because of the merge in that of the win line into the Hollywood Races.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1

2

4

5

6

8

7

11

12

10

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2122

23

24

MR. O'TOOLE: Our investment in racing, some of the projects you know about, and I think most of them you know about. listed here our video board has been a big Our customers really like it. plus. in the process right now, now that the -- I say that the weather has broken, but I guess maybe it hasn't. We're in the process of finishing the dress out of that as well as a new fence around the entire infield, not just the pond, and more track equipment to be purchased this year as well as dressing up that area. So a lot has gone on as far as the investment, and we just need the weather to cooperate with us to get this stuff going.

For the upcoming season, some of the things that we have scheduled already 2016, Plainridge Park Casino was the business partner of the year with the regional -- the United Regional Chamber of Commerce and Jack Lank and very proud of that. I've known Jack for quite a long time and we always worked closely with him. We're having a business after hours on opening day, so the upstairs

banquet room will be all the businesses that

Jack represents come out and they socialize.

They do it once every couple of months, once
a quarter. So this is a really good
opportunity to expose them to racing. We're
sponsoring, some of the other businesses
around town are sponsoring. I think the
Horsemen's Association is going to sponsor as
well, and that would give the horsemen an
opportunity to meet some of the business
people in the community and get involved.

On Patriot's Day, we're having corporate Josh Pearl, who was one of the people that was presented, the Hollywood He's coming out to do signup bonuses Races. and giveaways, things like that the week And then for the Pentafecta that we after. discussed a few weeks ago, we took suggestions for the name of that wager. And call stream it's called the Super Hi-5. So we took some suggestions, and Chris Macklin, when I told Chris Macklin what we thought the best suggestion was, he said, well, even though it's cliche, it does have a pretty

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1 good sound to it.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Wicked Hi-5.

MR. O'TOOLE: The Wicked Hi-5 is what we're going to call that.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great.

MR. O'TOOLE: And we're going to offer that every day and it's going to be on our sixth race every day, and we hope that will create a big carryover jackpot for us. And again, as I mentioned, Yuengling is sponsoring with us, and the Lottery is also on target to come out a couple of times this year as well.

When Speaker DeLeo was out to the property last fall, next to the last to the last day of the meet, we were actually having one of the Lottery events, and he was kind of shocked that we included the Lottery. But, you know, we have the agreements in place, even though this isn't part of the agreement, but Lenny Calderon has formed the good relationship with the Lottery. And actually their events go over very well. And I think -- I don't think it hurts us or their

sales one bit. You know, they're co-mingling.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Quite the opposite, I would think.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Steve, what's the relevance of or the significance of that the sixth race? Is it always sixth races a day?

MR. O'TOOLE: When we go at four o'clock posts, one of the hottest tracks right now is Northfield Park for handle.

They handle very, very well. Their first race -- Northfield Park in Ohio.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Ohio.

MR. O'TOOLE: And their first race is at six o'clock. And we noticed that the race before that race is almost like

Northfield Park's first race. We are -- our handle goes up significantly. So that's the race that we want to try and capitalize on this.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: So it works out to be on your sixth race or is it around six o'clock?

1 MR. O'TOOLE: Our sixth race will 2 go off at five minutes of 6:00, I guarantee. 3 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: All right. 4 Right. So you get that sweet spot of --5 MR. O'TOOLE: Exactly. 6 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: -- the people 7 watching. MR. O'TOOLE: The people that are 8 9 tuning into Northfield waiting around for 10 Northfield's first race. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: 11 Right. 12 MR. O'TOOLE: We see a big spike in 13 our handle. And if we position ourselves properly and, you know, we use the right 14 15 amount of minutes between post time and we 16 can get into a sandwich with them, it helps out the rest of our card as well. 17 18 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right. 19 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: It gives a whole 20 new meaning to the concept of drafting. 21 MR. O'TOOLE: Yeah. And then when 22 we go to -- you know, when we drop down in 23 the later part of the season, we have other 24 tracks we play off on as well. Dover Downs

as a good signal. And we've tried -- At the USTA meetings last month, we've talked about trying to stay in communication a little better so that we can have that. And then delays come up. You know, horses throw shoes, there's equipment problems, sometimes there's a tote issue or whatever, but for the most part, if we can stay in communication with the tracks that are going at the same time and work out so that we're not on top of each other all the time. It's one of the things that, you know, we try not to do, but if we're not communicating, we're just going off a feel, it's tough. So that's why it's the sixth race. Long answer to a short question.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Well, I tell you, I find -- I learn something new about racing every time I ask these kinds of questions, so thank you.

MR. O'TOOLE: And as you know, this year we're -- this will be the inaugural event of the Spirit of Massachusetts Trot.

That's going to be on Friday, July 28th for a

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

purse of \$250,000, which is the highest purse ever offered for a harness racing in the Commonwealth and New England. It's for the best open trotters in the country. And The Hambletonian Society is servicing the race for us. They service all the big races. So they have the database to flesh out all the horses that are eligible for this event. It's a Grand Circuit event, so we're glad to be part of the Grand Circuit again.

And I reached out -- I haven't gotten an answer back yet. But I don't know if, Commissioner, you won't remember because I think you were in Jersey, but maybe some of you guys remember, but if you remember, the campaign, the Spirit of Massachusetts.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Sure.

MR. O'TOOLE: Campaign by the

Massachusetts office of tourism and travel,

that catchy song and everything. So I

reached out to them, and I haven't made

contact yet, but we do want to try to work

with them and work this race into things that

they do and maybe bring back that catchy

	Page 70
1	commercial and that catchy song they had.
2	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: The
3	Commissioner to my right to my left, by
4	the way.
5	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: I don't
6	have to sing it, but.
7	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: No. No.
8	Here's somebody who's very interested in, you
9	know, this topic.
10	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Yeah. Or
11	at least connecting also with the regional
12	convention visitors bureau down there. But,
13	gosh, I'm drawing a blank.
14	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: About the
15	song?
16	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Your friend
17	that filled in for Elaine when she was out of
18	town.
19	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Hank.
20	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Hank Shafran.
21	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Hank was
22	part of the creative team the came up with
23	that.
24	MR. O'TOOLE: Oh, is that right.

Page 71

	1430 / 1
1	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: The Spirit
2	of Massachusetts.
3	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But could you
4	help Steve get in touch with the travel and
5	tourism?
6	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Yep.
7	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Because we work
8	with those folks, and it might help cut to
9	the chase, so to speak.
10	MR. O'TOOLE: Sure. That would be
11	great.
12	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Happy to
13	help.
14	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Mr. O'Toole,
15	a little bit about the circuit and getting
16	back on, just educate us.
17	MR. O'TOOLE: So years ago, there
18	was two circuits that came through
19	Massachusetts, and if you want me to go all
20	the way back to the turn of the century.
21	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: You don't
22	have to do that.
23	MR. O'TOOLE: I'd be glad to.
24	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I've seen

the book. We don't have to.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

MR. O'TOOLE: Okay. But there was racing along the Charles River. There was the Charles River Speedway.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Really.

MR. O'TOOLE: The first -- the two-minute barrier for speed for a mile for harness horses was a barrier that lasted for quite a long time. There was racing in every community in the United States, but Massachusetts was very heavy in harness racing. And the two-minute barrier was a tough barrier to beat, and it was the first time it was beat, both on the pace and on the trot, was at Readville Trotting Park right in Readville, and there was a train station there that all the great horses came off of, Greyhound, Dan Patch, all the great harness horses of that era. And so Massachusetts was where that first happened. And those were all Grand Circuit events. These horses traveled on trains all around the country. And there was a weekend people that raced for fun as well.

But back at Foxboro, there was a Grand Circuit events that came through as well Atlantic -- it was called the Atlantic Seaboard series that was the Atlantic Seaboard as well. As the purses and the industry kind of waned a little bit there, 20, 30, 25 years ago, it became so expensive to run these events that tracks like Foxboro dropped off. So Massachusetts dropped out. And we haven't had a Grand Circuit event here for at least 30 years that I know of.

And so now that we have a Grand Circuit event, you know, there's other opportunities that we can take advantage of as far as marketing with the Grand Circuit. There's the dues that comes with having these events, with the Hambletonian Society and the Grand Circuit, but well worth it because not only is it — do they help publicize the race nationwide, which helps us with our simulcast, but they also do a lot locally as well as they put out press releases for the races, and then, you know, there's awards at the end of the year which some of the award

Page 74

1 winners -- That's a picture of Paul Kelley 2 who's father was BU hockey coach, Jack 3 Kelley. And I think he was the Whaler s 4 coach as well or general manager. And so 5 this race could, if Obridago stays healthy 6 enough to race this year -- I think he's six 7 years, seven years old this year -- but if he stays healthy enough and on his mark like he 8 9 was last year, Paul definitely will be back 10 with that horse. So we will have a local flavor in it, as well as George Ducharme with 11 12 the Chip Campbell stable. They'll have an entry in there I'm sure. Wings of Royalty is 13 14 a horse that competes at that class. we'll have a local flavor in the race. 15 16 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. 17 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yeah. 18 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That's great. 19 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Where was the 20 Charles River Speedway? 21 MR. O'TOOLE: Right along the 22 Charles River. 23 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I know, but where 24 on the Charles River?

Page 75

	Page 75
1	MR. O'TOOLE: I don't know the
2	exact location, but I'll shoot a picture of
3	it. I have a picture of it.
4	MR. SANGALANG: Soldiers Field
5	Road.
6	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Soldiers Field
7	Road in Brighton.
8	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Oh, yeah.
9	That would make sense.
10	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Rich
11	history.
12	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I'd like to see
13	the picture.
14	MR. O'TOOLE: I will. I'll send it
15	to you. Thank you. If you have any
16	questions, I'd be more than happy to answer
17	them.
18	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: No.
19	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I have the
20	same question. Early a couple of years
21	ago, we talked about even though purses
22	had so we'll talk overall purses now.
23	Even though they had expanded, we were still
24	near the bottom when we compared ourselves to

racetracks around the country. Now that we've more than doubled those, where would you estimate that we are as far as the level of racing?

MR. O'TOOLE: So we moved up a few notches. Unfortunately, New Jersey that was probably had the richest purses at one time because of the other states that have -- New York especially, and Pennsylvania, that have added gaming to their pari-mutuel tracks, they're the two hot tracks, the two hot jurisdictions, New York and Pennsylvania. We're nowhere near what they offer for purses. Overnight purses in Pennsylvania is about 35 million. That's at three tracks. New York, Yonkers alone is probably about -- they're in another stratosphere.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: What does that mean for a daily average? We're at 58,000 or something like that now. When the stratosphere, what does that mean?

MR. O'TOOLE: Yonkers on a Friday night will offer about 400,000, 3 to 4 hundred thousand dollar purses.

	Page //
1	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Is that daily?
2	MR. O'TOOLE: That's on a Friday
3	and Saturday night. Their daily average is
4	probably about \$250,000.
5	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.
6	Interesting.
7	MR. O'TOOLE: But that's you
8	know, that's okay. We're okay.
9	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Right.
10	MR. O'TOOLE: The Maine, we're
11	you know, which had dwarfed us from the time
12	they acquired gaming in Maine. We're well
13	above them now. So Ohio, you know, was kind
14	of falling off, and then they've got gaming
15	at all their racetracks now, and they've
16	lifted it back up. So we did make some
17	progress. We're not I would say we're
18	almost at the middle of the road.
19	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay.
20	MR. O'TOOLE: But we're still in
21	the lower end.
22	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Lower middle.
23	MR. O'TOOLE: Yep.
24	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay. Thank

Page 78 1 you. 2 MR. O'TOOLE: But it's okay. 3 know, for the -- you know, for the area, for 4 one track, you know. For the amount of 5 horsemen that we have, it's okay. 6 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay. 7 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: It's all about segmentation. Find your niche. 8 9 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. Great. 10 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you 11 very much. It's exciting to see. 12 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. 13 MR. O'TOOLE: Thank you. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That's true. 14 15 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: You're all 16 set. 17 MR. O'TOOLE: Thanks for having me 18 back again. 19 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. Keep 20 coming. 21 DR. LIGHTBOWN: I would just like 22 to echo Ed's comments about the two people 23 that we have retiring --24 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh, yeah.

1	DR. LIGHTBOWN: that were long
2	term. They've been involved in racing for
3	years. Both of them did an excellent job and
4	were a pleasure to work with, and we'll miss
5	them. And one of the main questions I'm
6	getting right now as the horsemen are coming
7	back is where are they. So everybody not
8	only will Commission staff miss them, but you
9	know, the tracks and the horsemen that worked
10	with them, too. That's all I have today.
11	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you
12	very much.
13	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. Thank
14	you.
15	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you.
16	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Thanks.
17	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Let's take a
18	brief break while we set up the mic for Dr.
19	Volberg's presentation, and we'll be right
20	back.
21	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Great idea.
22	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you.
23	(Break taken.)
24	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. We are

1 reconvening Public Meeting Number 213. 2 item on the agenda, Number 5, is Research and 3 Responsible Gaming, Mr. Vander Linden. 4 MR. VANDER LINDEN: Good morning, Commissioners. 5 6 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Good 7 morning. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Good morning. 8 9 MR. VANDER LINDEN: I'm here with 10 Dr. Rachel Volberg to my right and on the phone, I have Rachel's coprincipal 11 12 investigator on this project, Dr. Rob 13 Williams. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Rob, can you hear 14 15 us all right? 16 MR. WILLIAMS: Yeah. You're coming 17 through loud. Can you hear me? 18 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yep, we can hear 19 you fine. Great. Thank you. 20 MR. VANDER LINDEN: As you've very 21 well know, SEIGMA, or the Social and Economic 22 Impacts of Gaming in Massachusetts, is one of the cornerstones of our broad research 23 24 agenda. And within the SEIGMA study,

probably the most important report to date that we've created, or that Dr. Volberg, Dr. Williams have created, is the gambling and problem gambling in Massachusetts, the Baseline Population Survey. And while that's a very interesting report, it was released in 2015. It provides description of the characteristics of non-gamblers, recreational gamblers, at-risk gamblers and problem gamblers.

What we're presenting to you today is a deeper analysis of this general population report. It will actually give you predictors of memberships of these groups.

So why is it important? It's important to me, it's important to the Commonwealth because as we begin to increase our efforts towards building a public health model to address problem gambling and at-risk gambling, it's this very type of report that begins to shape who are our target audiences and what are the strategies that we need to use, what are the resource allocations that need to go towards prevention, what are the

2.1

resource allocations that need to go towards
treatment? And so it's with great interest
that I take -- I read these reports, and
certainly our partners within the Department
of Public Health and hopefully even broader
within EOHHS.

I'm going to go ahead and turn this

I'm going to go ahead and turn this show over to Dr. Volberg and Dr. Williams.

Thank you.

DR. VOLBERG: Thank you. Good morning, Commissioners.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Good morning.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Good

morning.

DR. VOLBERG: It's good to be back in Boston and appearing before you on almost the last day of Problem Gambling Awareness Month. So it's seems like a timely presentation to make.

Just before I get started, I want to just acknowledge the process that we went through to produce this set of deeper analyzes was very much influenced by the role of both the gaming research advisory

committee and the subcommittee, the RDASC, the Research Design and Analysis
Subcommittee. We had a series of
back-and-forth conversations, particularly
with the RDASC, and my sense is that there
are great interest in the results and our
interest in taking in their feedback and
responding to it in a intellectual and
collegial way really resulted in a greatly
improved product at the end. So I just want
to acknowledge them.

that, just so people know, this is the formal peer-review process that we've established within the research agenda. None of our research comes out of our research team without having gone through the peer-review process, frequently two layered as you said, and we refer to them as the Gaming Research Advisory Committee and the so-called RDASC, Research Design something or another.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: Analysis.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Analysis, right.

But it's our peer-review process which the

2.1

1 public is more familiar with as a key term.

DR. VOLBERG:

7

9

10

12

14

indicated, the Baseline General Population Survey was completed in between 2013 and 2014. The brick-sized report was published in 2015. This new report presents four deeper analyses of the Baseline General

purpose of identifying predictors of gambling

Okay.

So as Mark

Population Survey data with the express 8

and problem gambling in Massachusetts.

as Mark indicated, the utility of these 11

analyses is to inform the problem gambling

13 prevention, intervention, and treatment

initiatives that are getting up and running

I did also want to mention 15 in Massachusetts.

16 that a secondary utility of this set of

17 analyses is to inform subsequent analyses of

18 the cohort study, which is the other piece of

work that we're doing for the Gaming

20

19

Commission. 2.1

22

23

24

So just to refresh your memory, the Baseline General Population Survey was based on a sample drawn from a list of addresses throughout Massachusetts. Respondents were

given the option to complete online, on paper, or by telephone. We were in the field for an extended period of time, and we ended up with a sample of 9,587 respondents age 18 and over, all residents of Massachusetts. We then classified them according to their gambling participation levels and as well as the problem and pathological gambling measure that we used to classify people as problem, at-risk, and recreational gambler.

This slide shows you in terms of the real numbers in the samples. So these are unweighted numbers. We had about a quarter of our sample were classified as non-gamblers, which means they had not gambled on anything at all in the past year, any of the activities. We had about 63 percent of our respondents who were classified as recreational gamblers. They had done some kind of gambling, but they did not endorse any items that indicated they were experiencing harm related to their gambling or loss of control. We had about six percent of the respondents were

2.1

classified as at-risk gamblers and about one and a half percent were classified as problem or pathological gamblers. So these are the real numbers of the actual people in the sample.

We then used weighting techniques, as you'll recall, to adjust the characteristics of the sample to reflect the characteristics of the population in Massachusetts. And the weighted numbers are what we used in the general population survey report. But in the case of the analyses that I'm going to be presenting to you, we used unweighted data because our focus was on identifying differences, relationships within the data independent of the data's relationship or the sample's relationship to the Massachusetts population as a whole.

We used recreational gamblers as our reference group in these analyses because this is clearly the normative or modal gambling category in Massachusetts. Almost two-thirds of people in Massachusetts gamble without any problems.

2.1

1 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Is that 2 higher than other states, Doctor? 3 DR. VOLBERG: It's actually a 4 little bit lower, I think. I would have to 5 go back and look. 6 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Do you mean lower 7 as the number of people who gamble or the percentage of gamblers who are completely 8 9 healthy gamblers? 10 DR. VOLBERG: It's been changing over time. When I first started in this 11 12 field, these were about the normal sort of 13 two-thirds of the population had gambled in the past year. It went up for a number of 14 15 years as different kinds of gambling were 16 introduced in different jurisdictions. 17 since been coming down. So gambling 18 participation has really been declining in a 19 lot of jurisdictions over the last ten to 20 15 years. 21 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But our 22 percentage of healthy at-risk and problem are 23 very similar to others studies national 24 numbers?

DR. VOLBERG: Yeah. I would say

Massachusetts is probably in the middle of
the pack.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay. Thank you.

DR. VOLBERG: That's an estimate without having all of the numbers in front of me, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay.

DR. VOLBERG: One of the challenges in doing the kinds of analysis that we have done with survey data is that there are often missing values. So, you know, people don't answer a question or there's some reason why or they refuse to answer a question, we code them as having a missing response. And when you're doing these more sophisticated statistical analyses, very often, those values with imputed in a statistical procedure so that you don't lose those cases. Because in a regression procedure, if there's any missing data anywhere in the case, it will drop that case from your analysis. So we had a lot of discussion with the RDASC

about the best way to do that imputation, but I just want to let you know that that is there.

So the first analysis that we did was to compare non-gamblers to recreational gamblers, and we did what are called univariate comparisons, and then we did these multivariate analyses. And univariate means comparing the group's one variable or characteristic at a time, and multivariate means comparing those groups using several variables simultaneously to account for the fact that some variables are linked and moved together. So, for example, someone who has a lower education will very often also have lower income. And unless you sort of take that into account, you may misinterpret the univariate data.

We also did a supplemental analysis looking at the multivariate differences between non-gamblers and all gamblers. So the all gamblers we added the at-risk and problem people to the recreational gamblers to do that supplemental analysis.

2.1

1

212223

24

20

look at levels of gambling participation. I mentioned, we had a lot of gambling participation information from our respondents. We asked them questions about ten different gambling types. We also asked them about their frequency of gambling on each of the types that they had done in the past year, and we asked questions about gambling expenditure. And so each of those characteristics of gambling participation was included in our analysis of level of gambling participation. Again, we used a multivariate It was a little bit regression approach. different from the other three analyses because we were dealing with continuous variables as the outcome variables rather than binary. So a logistic regression is what you use in a binary case. Multiple regression models are used when you have a continuous outcome model or outcome variable.

The second analysis we did was to

And I swear that's all I'm going to say about statistics today.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you very

much.

2 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yeah.

DR. VOLBERG: So we -- The third analysis that we did was to compare recreational gamblers to at-risk gamblers.

Again, it was univariate and multivariate.

We did a supplemental analysis in this case looking at the contribution of the individual gambling form after controlling for the number of gambling forms that an individual had engaged in.

The reason for that is that at-risk and problem gamblers are, as you might expect, hardly surprising, very enthusiastic, often very heavy gamblers. And in order to be able to tease out whether there were particular types of gambling in Massachusetts that are causing gambling -- that are more likely to cause gambling problems than other types, we controlled for the number of gambling types that a person did to see if we could tease out those relationships a little bit more clearly.

And then finally, the fourth

analysis was to compare recreational gamblers with problem and pathological gamblers. We did a couple of supplemental analyses here.

We looked at whether there were differences between problem gamblers and pathological gamblers and really found very few differences between them. The main difference is that pathological gamblers had more evidence of harm and more evidence of impaired control.

We did a second analysis looking at the contribution, again, of individual gambling forms after controlling for a number of gamble formats. And again, just to remind you that this is all based on unweighted data.

This slide shows you the variables that we fed into the multivariate models. So we had ten different demographic factors. We had 11 health related factors, not just general health and mental health, but also substance use and abuse. And a couple of questions asking people about how happy or unhappy their childhood had been. And a

2.1

question about extreme sports, because probable gamblers and pathological gamblers tend to be quite enthusiastic risk takers, so we wanted to see if that was associated with problem gambling in Massachusetts.

We also had 11 gambling related factors. In comparing non-gamblers to recreational gamblers, we only used the involvement of friends and family because the non-gamblers hadn't done any gambling in the past year, but in the case of the other analyses, we were able to use all ten of the gambling formats as variables in the models.

These are the types of gambling that we asked people about. And then the levels of gambling analysis just tells you the features of gambling involvement that we included as outcome models, outcome variables in our modelling.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Rachel, I want to point out one thing, if you go back to that slide. The Lottery, Mike Sweeney, the executive director of the Lottery, pointed out this to us that under gambling

2.1

activities, there are three of those marks which are the lottery. So there's three times that you can pick lottery gambling, whereas for casino, for example, you could have said slots, poker, other table games, whatever you said, just casino.

DR. VOLBERG: Right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: In his mind, that predisposed the survey to talk you know, more about lottery gaming than it might have about, for example, casino gaming. I think you agreed with that analysis to some extent and thought that, you know, when this was done there was no casino gambling in Massachusetts.

DR. VOLBERG: Right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: It was only outside. There's lots of lottery gambling, but it is something that you're going to address downstream. Am I correct about that?

DR. VOLBERG: Yes. And we actually have addressed it in the cohort study where we ask separately, for example, about different types of gambling at the casino.

1 We ask separately about slot machines. 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. 3 DR. VOLBERG: And table games, for 4 example. 5 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Good. 6 DR. VOLBERG: Yeah. Okay. So this 7 is a graphic presentation of the results of the multivariate model that compares 8 9 non-gamblers to recreational gamblers. 10 and they're ordered from the largest difference to the smallest difference. 11 And 12 what you can see here is that one of the main 13 characteristics that distinguishes 14 non-gamblers from recreational gamblers is 15 that they have fewer friends and family who 16 are regular gamblers. They are significantly 17 less likely to have used alcohol in the past 18 They tend to have higher education. 19 They are more likely to be students, 20 homemakers, disabled, or retired than 21 employed. They are more likely to be either 22 un --23 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Unemployed. 24 Okay. All right.

DR. VOLBERG: Sorry. Than employed.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. Got it.

DR. VOLBERG: So recreational gamblers are more likely to be employed.

Non-gamblers are more likely to be in these other employment categories.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.

DR. VOLBERG: There are some age differences. Non-gamblers tend to be younger or older than recreational gamblers.

Non-gamblers are more likely than recreational gamblers to be born outside the United States, to not acknowledge having drunk in a binge fashion, which is even if you don't drink on a regular basis, binge drinking is when you do drink, you drink a very large amount of alcohol in one sitting. So it's an indicator of having a drinking problem.

Non-gamblers tend to have lower household income. They're less likely to use tobacco. They tend to have less happy childhood. They're less likely to have

served in the military. They're more likely to be nonwhite, and they tend not to have problems with drugs or alcohol.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Can you -Let me understand. So non-gamblers tend to
have less happy childhood?

DR. VOLBERG: Right. So they tend to be somewhat unhappier background than people who are recreational gamblers.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Okay.

MR. WILLIAMS: It's Rob Williams here. Just in answer to that question that, non-gamblers actually tend to comprise two different groups. One group are just people who are complete abstainers, but another group are actually the sons and daughters or relatives of people who have had problems either with gambling or alcohol. So the sons and daughters of alcoholics tend to have much higher rates of nonuse of alcohol just because they've seen it in their parents.

And so I think that's what that less happy childhood is picking up. It's picking up this subgroup of sons and

Page 98 1 daughters of people with addictions who have 2 chosen to abstain from alcohol, tobacco, and 3 gambling because they know the potential 4 harm. 5 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you, 6 Rob. But just so I understand the graphic 7 However, that difference is not as smart as the ones towards the top, right? 8 It's almost like a sorted --9 10 DR. VOLBERG: Right. 11 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: -- problem. 12 MR. WILLIAMS: Yeah. And it's a 13 fairly weak factor. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: 14 Right. 15 MR. WILLIAMS: And that reflects 16 the fact that this subgroup of sons and 17 daughters of people with addictions comprises 18 a minority of that non-gambler group. 19 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yeah. That's 20 interesting. 21 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I think I'm 22 a little surprised at the 65 plus, because 23 just observing at a casino sometimes you do 24

see some folks that are -- that have some

years of life. So I just am surprised at that.

DR. VOLBERG: Yeah. We were actually talking about that earlier this week with Mark. I guess there's some interest in looking at older adults in Massachusetts because they do tend to sort of turn up in casinos in proportions that seem larger than they would be just given the population. so we actually have been thinking about doing an additional set of analyses. We provided Mark with some information from the baseline survey that looked at age and gender together, but we're planning some additional analyses to look at that.

Shall I go on?

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah.

DR. VOLBERG: Okay. So this slide shows the variables that predicted higher gambling involvement. And, again, the portion of family and friends that are regular gamblers is, once again, the strongest predictor in this analysis. Having lower education, being male, acknowledging

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

Page 100

1 binge drinking, having poorer health status, 2 and using tobacco were also independent 3 predictors of higher gambling involvement, 4 but I should emphasize that the predictive power of this analysis was relatively modest. 5 6 It was not a huge explainer of differences. 7 And we think that's probably because, you know, the recreational gamblers are a very 8 9 large group, and so there's a lot of 10 variability in there. So it's going to be hard to explain a lot about them using this 11 12 kind of approach. 13 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But they're 14 all statistically significant, right? 15 DR. VOLBERG: Yes, they are all 16 statistically significant. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: 17 If it's 18 mentioned here, however small difference, 19 it's important enough for us to notice. 20 DR. VOLBERG: Yes. 21 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Or take note. 22 DR. VOLBERG: That's right. Yeah. 23 We wouldn't put nit here unless it was 24 statistically significant.

1

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right.

2

3

4

\_

5

6

7

8

9

11

1213

14

1516

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

DR. VOLBERG: And there were enough people that answered the question both ways that we were confident that we were observing a difference.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right.

MR. WILLIAMS: The same point applies, actually, to the previous analysis. All of those predictors differentiate non-gamblers versus gamblers were significant, but the percentage of variate explain, which is a rough index of how good a model you have or how strongly those groups are really separable was relatively weak, meaning there are an awful lot of similar similarities between gamblers and non-gamblers and that largely has to do with the fact that to be classified as a gambler, all you have to do is buy a lottery ticket once in the past year or a raffle ticket. you expect a lot of similarities. We were able to identify statistically significant differences, but the magnitude of the overall differences between gamblers and non-gamblers 1 was relatively modest.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And just to emphasize on that point, to be classified as a gambler, you'd have to at least purchase one lottery ticket in the past year, right?

DR. VOLBERG: Yes. Which means you have to remember that you purchased that lottery ticket. A lot of people don't.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right. True enough.

DR. VOLBERG: Okay. So moving on to the variables that predict differentiating at-risk gamblers from recreational gamblers, there are greater differences between these two groups and the amount of variance that was accounted for was a good bit higher at 22 percent. But in order of importance, people who were at-risk gamblers were significantly more likely to have gambled at a casino in the past year; once again, to have a greater portion of friends and family that are regular gamblers; to have played instant lottery games, daily lottery games; be male; have gambled online in the past

1 year; be born outside of the United States; 2 private betting; lower education; played 3 bingo; not purchased raffle tickets; lower 4 household income; have mental health 5 problems; and have not used alcohol in the 6 past 30 days. 7 So you can see that when you add those ten casino or -- I'm sorry, ten 8 9 gambling formats to the model, many of them 10 pop out as differentiating at-risk gamblers from recreational gamblers. 11 12 So the next analysis that I'm going 13 to show you --CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So just go back 14 15 So the at-risk gamblers are more likely to not have used alcohol in the last 30 days 16 than --17 18 DR. VOLBERG: Yes. 19 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: -- recreational 20 gamblers? 21 DR. VOLBERG: And Rob and I have discussed this. Rob, do you want to mention 22 23 what we think is going on there? 24 MR. WILLIAMS: Yeah. I think

Page 104

1 it's -- we don't know for sure, but our guess 2 is that the same explanation about the less 3 happy childhood for non-gamblers. 4 at-risk gamblers might have a more adverse 5 childhood as well and so are less likely to 6 use alcohol because of having seen adverse 7 consequences in their parents. So it's just speculation, but we think it might be related 8 9 to the same phenomenon as the non-gamblers. 10 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. 11 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: However, 12 that's the smallest difference still? 13 DR. VOLBERG: That is the smallest difference. 14 15 MR. WILLIAMS: Yeah. 16 DR. VOLBERG: Yes. 17 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Of these 18 five. 19 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yeah. And 20 how could you characterize how big a 2.1 difference is it between men and women? 22 DR. VOLBERG: That is another piece 23 of analysis that we have not done yet, but 24

we -- I actually have a young woman.

came to me and asked if she could do an independent study course class with me this year, and she is in the process of analyzing gender and age differences in terms of gambling participation. And so I think we're going to have that information relatively soon. I don't have it right now.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Now --

MR. WILLIAMS: Some our results, the odds ratios in the report give a rough index of relatively how much more common each of these factors is in the two groups. that particular one -- I'm just looking at the report now -- Let's see. Acohol use. Actually, it's I'm having a hard time finding it in the report. It's a fairly long report. But it's relatively modest difference. there is a table in the chart that gives an odds ratio, which odds ratio is the likely clue to this variable, the percentage people in the at-risk group having this characteristic relative to people in the recreational group having that characteristic. And the...

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.

DR. VOLBERG: I think we can probably send you an e-mail and point you to the place in the report that'll have that information, and we can move on.

MR. WILLIAMS: Yeah.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Rachel, just so I understand this graphic set or what this means, so if any one person has, let's say, seven out of these 12 or so factors, in whatever order, versus somebody that has two or one, does that necessarily mean that they are at a higher risk of problem gambling within being this, you know, at-risk gambler?

DR. VOLBERG: You mean if somebody had like three or four of these characteristics versus only one or two?

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes.

DR. VOLBERG: Are they more likely to be an at-risk gambler? I think the answer is yes. But the important thing to understand is that the model -- the multivariate modelling approach basically controls for each of these variables so that

б

each one that comes into the model is contributing independently of the others. So you know, if you're a casino gambler and an instant lottery player and a daily lottery player and an online gambler, you're more likely to be in there, but it's because you've done each of those things independently rather than because you've done all of them.

MR. WILLIAMS: The essential point is true, the more of these factors you have, the more likely you're going to be in that category, in this case that an at-risk gambler. I did identify that chart. So people who did not use alcohol in the past 30 days are 32 percent more likely to be an at-risk gambler compared to a recreational gambler.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Wow.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That is very counterintuitive.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: Right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.

DR. VOLBERG: Okay. All right. So

2.1

this was the supplemental analysis that we did to examine the contribution of individual forms of gambling to at-risk gambling status after controlling for the number of gambling formats that someone had done. The reason for this is the strong relationship between problem and at-risk gambling and engaging in a variety of forms of gambling, and it's partly due to the fact that some of the more problematic forms, online gambling, for example, tend to be patronized by individuals who already have high levels of gambling involvement. So online gambling is typically something that an individual adds to an existing repertoire of gambling experience that they have.

Entering the number of gambling formats as an additional variable helps in determining whether there are specific types of gambling that provide additional power to predict at-risk gambling after the number of gambling formats enters the model. And what you can see is that when you entered number of gambling formats, that becomes the

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

1 strongest predictor of being an at-risk 2 gambler. The more gambling formats you do, 3 the more likely you are to be an at-risk 4 gambler. But that's followed, then, by 5 having a larger portion of friends and family 6 that are regular gamblers. And then you can 7 see that the other types of -- the many types of gambling that were in the previous model, 8 9 quite a few of them fall out. But we still 10 have not purchasing raffle tickets, being a casino gambler, and I think that's it. 11 12 other things are demographics or health 13 issues. 14 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: So your chart is different than our chart here. 15 16 DR. VOLBERG: Is it? 17 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Right. 18 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: No. 19 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Do you have that difference? 20 21 DR. VOLBERG: So this is 22 distinguishing at-risk from recreational 23 gamblers controlled for number of gambling 24 format.

Page 110 1 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yes. But my 2 sheet says different things than the one up 3 there. DR. VOLBERG: Does it? 4 5 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: For example, 6 the number of two. 7 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: No. 8 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: No. 9 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: It's a different 10 chart. 11 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: You're on the 12 wrong one. 13 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Oh, oh, oh. Okay. So you have the same chart -- well, 14 15 the same title on two different --16 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: No. It's a 17 different title. 18 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay. Never 19 mind. I see it. 20 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: At-risk 21 versus recreational. 22 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yes, I see

Thank you. I was on the wrong chart.

DR. VOLBERG: Okay.

23

24

it.

Page 111

1 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Well, it's a 2 multivariate. 3 It's a multivariate. DR. VOLBERG: 4 There's many variables. 5 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay. б DR. VOLBERG: Okay. 7 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Can I just I can't quite get how when controlling 8 9 for the number of gambling formats, the 10 number of gambling formats is at the top. 11 And I know you sort of explained it, but 12 could you explain it one more time? 13 DR. VOLBERG: So it's a complicated 14 It's basically that number of 15 gambling formats is a characteristics in and 16 of itself of being an at-risk gambler or 17 having a gambling problem. Because you're 18 doing a lot of different types of gambling, 19 adding number of gambling formats is actually 20 a predictor of the status. So that's why it 21 comes in so strongly when you're -- when you 22 add that as a variable into the analysis. 23 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But the title 24 says you're controlling for the number of

1 gambling formats.

DR. VOLBERG: Right. So that was entered as a new independent predictor into the model.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Oh.

DR. VOLBERG: It was a new variable that we put into the model after the previous model where we did not control for number of gambling formats.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Oh. So

MR. WILLIAMS: And as you can see, it becomes easily the most powerful variable in this analysis because it's part and parcel of being an at-risk gambler, just the extensiveness of your gambling. So the question here, is there -- when you take that into account, are there still additional gambling formats that have additive predictive power beyond extensiveness in predicting at-risk, and what this says is yes, casino gamblers still has predictive power and not purchasing raffle tickets still has predictive power.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: What's the idea behind this not a great fan of raffle tickets, it's just not a form of gambling that --

DR. VOLBERG: We actually comment on that in the report.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay.

DR. VOLBERG: Purchasing raffle tickets is, as quite a number of people have told me over the years, is generally not something that people do in order to win money. They're doing it to support a charitable cause or to, you know, make a contribution to an organization that they care about. So they're engaging in what is technically a gambling activity, but they're engaging in that activity for reasons that are different from the reasons that they would go to a casino to gamble or purchase lottery tickets.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

DR. VOLBERG: Yeah. It's an interesting finding, but we think we have a good explanation.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Rachel, a quick question.

DR. VOLBERG: Yes.

it's highlighted as a characteristics and it somewhat intrigues me is the being born outside the United States. I don't know how deep you went, but I mean, is there a difference between somebody who was born outside the United States and in a country that doesn't have gambling versus born outside in a country that does have gambling? I mean, obviously, someone coming from Asia has more exposure to it than maybe another jurisdiction. They come here and get excited because the opportunities available to them for the first time.

DR. VOLBERG: Yeah. We don't have that information from our Massachusetts survey. I don't think we asked people specifically what country they were born in, or if we did, we haven't analyzed those data. I can tell you from some experience that I have in some other jurisdictions that it

2.1

almost -- So when we looked at this issue of immigrant status in New Zealand, for example, there are many, many people who immigrate to New Zealand from China and other Asian countries. And we saw even in New Zealand where most of the immigrants are Asian that they had a much greater risk of developing gambling problems in New Zealand. contrast, in Sweden where we were doing some work back in the 1990s, we also found that immigrants were particularly vulnerable or a particular at-risk group in terms of developing gambling problems, but in that case, the immigrants were from mostly Islamic and Middle Eastern countries. And so my sense is that it has more to do with the status of being an immigrant or a stranger in a new country rather than the specific country that you come from.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: Commissioner, just as you know, we have an RFP out right now that we want to focus in on specific groups that would be considered high risk where we can begin putting some more clarity

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

to that very issue, and immigrants are one of the special population groups that we're particularly interested in.

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: That was the purpose of my question was giving you a marketing opportunity.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: Thank you.

So let's move DR. VOLBERG: Okay. on to the final set of analyses, which were models to distinguish problem and pathological gamblers from recreational gamblers. In this case, the amount of variates that was accounted for was quite good, although still moderate at 31 percent. In order of importance, people who were problem and pathological gamblers were significantly more likely to play daily lottery games, again, to have a greater portion of friends and family that are regular gamblers, to be black or African American, to be a casino gambler, male, an online gambler, play instant lottery games, have behavioral addictions, lower educational attainment, be born outside the United

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

States, and have less happy childhood. And then when we controlled for the number of gambling formats. Again, that variable moves right up to the top for the same reason that we saw with the at-risk gamblers. But the not purchasing raffle tickets stays in, and I don't think we have any specific -- oh, engaging in private betting is still in the model, but the other forms of gambling have fallen out.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: When you say black, are you referring to African Americans or -- you said -- the way you explained it was black or African Americans.

DR. VOLBERG: I'm sorry. In the academic setting, it's considered more appropriate to refer to people as African American, but there's debate about what the best way to refer to people of color are.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: But what is what -- you're not specific to --

DR. VOLBERG: This is what people told us in the survey when we said, you know, what racial or ethic group do you belong to,

are you black or African American, and they could have said yes to that.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So they're

interchangeable on our survey.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I see.

DR. VOLBERG: Okay. I think we're getting to the end of this. This is a summary of the various predictors. This is the group of demographic variables, and I need my glasses to see it on my page here. What we've done here is we've tried to sort of summarize across all of these different multivariate models what were the most significant demographic variables to look at. Clearly, male gender is a strong predictor of gambling involvement, being an at-risk gambler and a problem or pathological gambler. The age difference is only significant for the non-gambler compared to recreational gamblers and falls out across the other models. Race, ethnicity is important at the non-gambler comparison with

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

1 recreational gamblers, and then the 2 comparison of problem and pathological 3 gamblers to recreational gamblers. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: This reflects the 4 5 fact that in our study, Asians in particular, 6 did not show up as a heavy gambling group at 7 all, right? 8 DR. VOLBERG: Right. That's 9 correct. 10 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And is included in our nonwhite. 11 12 DR. VOLBERG: Right. 13 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And that's something we were -- our further survey is 14 15 looking at, but that's counter anecdotal, at 16 least, if not counter informational. COMMISSIONER CAMERON: 17 Is it --18 were Asian individuals representative 19 population -- part of the population --DR. VOLBERG: We did have --20 21 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: 22 percentage with what this states? DR. VOLBERG: We did have a 23 24 somewhat under sample of Asians that was

1 corrected for in the weighting procedures. 2 But there -- as I've -- We've had this 3 conversation about, you know, why the results 4 from our Asian respondents seem sort of counterintuitive based on conventional 5 6 wisdom, and my contention is that I think 7 it's very hard in a -- in doing a survey, Asians are probably less likely to report 8 9 honestly about gambling problems in 10 particular because acknowledging or being self-aware of a gambling problem not only 11 12 reflects on them as an individual, but 13 reflects on them as a family. And so that importance of the individual as a member and 14 15 representative of a family, we've seen in 16 many other surveys that I've done, including 17 in California where we had, I think it was, 18 12 percent of our respondents were Asian 19 American, that you get much lower reporting 20 of gambling participation and gambling 2.1 related problems. That's not to say that 22 they don't exist. It's just that a survey is 23 probably not the best way to get at that 24 information.

1

2

4

5

6

7

8

10 11

1213

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

MR. VANDER LINDEN: Right. And again, the RFP that's a part of our research agenda is to open it up to take a closer look at that and take a look at what is the sampling and survey methodology, and perhaps there's a different way to go about answering that question. So again, one of the groups we're interested in taking a closer look at.

DR. VOLBERG: So the other demographic variables that really pop out are education and household income in terms of explaining why people belong to one or another group of gamblers. These are health related variables. And the main ones here are tobacco use, which explains non-gambling as well as higher gambling involvement; alcohol use and binge drinking; drug or alcohol problems; behavioral addictions; mental health problems; and childhood unhappiness. And again, it's interesting to see that both the non-gamblers and the problem gamblers were significantly more likely than recreational gamblers to feel that their childhoods were particularly

1 unhappy.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Can I go -- can I stay with this for a minute?

DR. VOLBERG: Um-hmm.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And I know that our partners at DPH are looking at these or, you know, we forwarded these reports to them, and we'll be interested in some of the findings here. But if I take the behavioral addictions and the mental health problems, perhaps together, could we start to draw the following insights: That we might be better off doing prevention on the mental health arena, whereas we might be better off doing treatment with a state that is not with the Gaming Commission on the substance abuse And I'm thinking -- I'm coming from arena. the way the state is organized, there's a Bureau of Substance Abuse at DPH and there's a Department of Mental Health, you know, and we're trying to figure out, you know, if -if we're trying to figure out some of these differences, is that a good insight to draw from taking them together?

1

2

3

4

6

5

8

7

9

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

DR. VOLBERG: Yeah. I think the challenge is that when people seek treatment, they're not always completely self-aware of what they're seeking treatment for, and they'll say, oh, I have -- you know, my wife told me I had an alcohol problem, so I'm going to go find an alcohol counselor. then as that person is in treatment and things start to get unpacked, maybe it turns out that that person also has a gambling problem. Now, if the treatment provider doesn't know anything about problem gambling or doesn't routinely screen for it, that may not sort of come up as an issue in that person's treatment. And so then they get their alcohol problem under control, and they go back out, you know, to not receiving treatment, but they still have that underlying gambling problem. I think in a sense, it's -- there's a lot of sort of education and information sharing and awareness building amongst treatment providers to be comfortable screening for a gambling problem in either the mental health

setting or in a substance abuse setting.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Or if I take that, you know, that point or both, right?

DR. VOLBERG: Or both, yes.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: If they're showing up in both at-risk and problem gambling.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: To me, it really speaks to kind of where are problem at-risk and problem gamblers going, and it's pointing to behavioral addictions and mental health problems, that those are areas that we need to pay attention to, to provide the training and resources to equip them to better understand issues around gambling disorders. People typically seek treatment for whatever is on fire, and if it's not on fire, it falls to the back burner. it's -- these are complex conditions that sometimes, even with a simple problem gambling screen that is there, aren't teased out for quite some time. And it's usually a pretty skilled clinician to really get a full understanding of the complexity of the

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

condition that somebody's presenting with.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But these data are self-reported. This doesn't come from -DR. VOLBERG: Yeah.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: -- treatment people.

DR. VOLBERG: Yeah.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And I think Commissioner Zuniga's insight is really interesting and goes all the way back to why the secretary of health and human services, not the Commission or the Department of Public Health is a key player in the Public Health Trust Fund, and it is something, as we've already talked about this, I think, you know, that this really re-raises that issue of making sure that there's cross-agency involvement in these issues and it's not -because there's -- I think there's a sort of a conventional wisdom that drug and alcohol abuse correlate probably more with problem gambling than behavioral or mental health issues. And it's really drug and alcohol abuse is the comorbidity that you would tend

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

to anticipate and deal with, and for what it's worth, your data suggests that is not the most severe comorbidity. So that's something that we've got to make sure. Are you presenting to our Public Health Trust Fund executive committee? No.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: Not --

DR. VOLBERG: I believe I'm on travel the next time they meet.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Is this report on our agenda?

MR. VANDER LINDEN: It's going to be an update. I'm bringing it to them, but it's not -- we don't have specific time set aside --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: -- to dive as deep as what we're doing right now.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Well, we'll send it to them and talk about it, but it's -- your insight is really good. The whole idea of this is to guide policymakers in dealing with whatever the issues are that arise out of casinos. And this is beginning

to do that, beginning to shed light on where we should put our attentions which is really interesting.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Good.

Okay. Finally, these DR. VOLBERG: are the gambling related predictors, and as you can see, we've shaded the most powerful predictor in each of the models. Wait. strongest predictor -- the strongest individual predictor in each of the analyses, you can see that family and friends, either fewer family and friends gambling or more family and friends gambling is an independent predictor of each of the gambling groups. It's the strongest in the case of the non-gamblers and higher gambling involvement. It's the second strongest in the case of at-risk gamblers and problem and pathological gamblers. In the case of at-risk gamblers, having gambled at a casino in the past year is the strongest predictor, and in the case of the problem and pathological gamblers, having played daily lottery games is the strongest predictor.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1

2

3

4

5

MR. VANDER LINDEN: To me, further support for GameSense strategies where we specifically we have tailored strategies towards at-risk gamblers, including Play My Way, but certainly many more that is something for us to pay attention to.

6 7

8

9

DR. VOLBERG: Yeah. And you can see that the casino gambling was a significant predictor in the case of problem and pathological gamblers. It just wasn't the strongest predictor.

11

12

10

Okay. So here's our takeaways.

The lack of marked

13

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Here we go.

1415

differences in the mental -- in the health and mental health status of non-gamblers

DR. VOLBERG:

17

16

versus recreational gamblers suggests to us

18 19 that efforts to prevent harm from gambling should probably not be directed at gambling

20

in general but more specifically to excessive

21

levels of gambling or at-risk gambling.

22

The portion of friends and family that are regular gamblers was, as I noted,

2324

the strongest overall predictor of

non-gambling and level of gambling participation and the second strongest predict or of at-risk gambling and problem and pathological gambling. The power of this specific predictor makes it clear that, first of all, gamblers need to be aware of the normalizing effect that their social group has on their own gambling behavior. friends and family of regular gamblers need to be aware of the facilitative role that they have on that person's gambling. finally, all gamblers need to be aware that problem gambling and presumably heavy gambling actually has a substantial genetic component. This is based on other research, not this particular survey. And if they have a positive family history of problem gambling, they need to be particularly vigilant to the risks of excessive gambling engagement.

In terms of demographic groups, there are some demographic groups that have the -- that appear to be particularly vulnerable and merit special attention. This

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

include men, those with lower education, immigrants, African Americans, people who use tobacco, binge drink, and have poorer general health also merit special attention. also appear to be some particularly risky forms of gambling that Massachusetts adults These include continuous forms of engage in. gambling such as casino gambling, instant lottery games, and daily lottery games or those with greater convenience and availability such as online gambling. just want to finish by noting that the predictors identified here are correlational rather than causal. So they correlate with each other because we collected them, all of the variables, at the same time in a single survey.

We're going to obtain information about causal predictors; that is, what variables precede the development of an at-risk status or problem gambling status at time to from MAGIC rather than from SEIGMA, but the present information gives is very helpful to us in identifying variables that

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

we're going to pay particular attention to in analyzing the data from the cohort study.

And then finally, I believe the information we've presented here is going to be of great use to the development of services -- of problem gambling services in Massachusetts with intervention and treatment potentially focusing on individuals already experiencing substance abuse and other mental health problems and screening for problem gambling in drug and alcohol treatment settings particularly needed.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Why did you mention those? We just got through saying that drug and alcohol seem to be less of a predictor than behavioral problems and other mental health problems, but you highlighted drug and alcohol.

DR. VOLBERG: I probably misspoke then. I probably needed to say mental health. Mental health settings as well.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. So that

CHAIRMAN CROSBI. ORay. SO CHAC

sentence isn't in the report?

DR. VOLBERG: No. That was me

2.1

writing my comments last night.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. All right. Because it's important. I mean, all of them matter, obviously, but the very point we were talking about is to make sure that our social service agencies incorporate this data and that it affects their participation in this, and if we inadvertently are reinforcing a conventional wisdom which maybe is wrong, we don't want to be doing that. So I want to make sure that the report says what the data seems to say rather than what you just now said.

DR. VOLBERG: Okay. We'll go back and check the report again.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Other questions, comments?

COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Well, I appreciate the report. You know, I do just raise some flag of caution, especially in the third bullet about certain demographic groups merit special attention. You know, we are opening two casinos in towns or cities that have very diverse population base. I think

both Springfield and Everett have around

18 percent of their population are black or

African American. So it's a considerable

warning flag to go up, but hopefully helps

those who use this data to think about

strategies and programs for intervening with

those individuals.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Go back to that

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Go back to that last slide.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Well, we actually do use a lot of that and have in GameSense, I think, you know, a very promising mitigating effort as well as, you know, Play My Way, which we're still testing, that directly, in my mind anyway, addresses at-risk gambling. But that's a point well taken.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Could you put up the last slide, Rachel.

DR. VOLBERG: This one?

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah.

DR. VOLBERG: Oh, okay.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I just wanted to

point this out. You sort of anticipated what

I was going to ask. The last bullet point says certain forms of gambling. We know you're referring to daily lottery and casino gambling, also merit attention as they pose an elevated risk. That suggests causality rather than --

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Correlation.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Correlation, right. Just the choice of the words. And I was about to say, that's suggesting that those are the riskier games. And I think you're saying we're not drawing that conclusion. We're saying there is a relationship between where people who have problems go, which games they play. You're not necessarily saying that those games are riskier for people.

DR. VOLBERG: I think that's right in the current case. There is quite a lot of research suggesting that some forms of gambling are more risky than others. And the ones that I identified in my remarks, the casino gambling, the instant lottery games, and the daily lottery game, which actually is

primarily the monitor game. So even though it's called a daily lottery game, most people are playing the monitor games, which are a new game every five minutes.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: It's the keno game?

DR. VOLBERG: The keno game. those types of gambling are characterized by what's called rapid cycling. So they're continuous in the sense that an individual can make a bet and have a decision very, very quickly about the result of their bet and then be able to make a bet, make another wager, very quickly again. So they have a very rapid cycling of the wagering structure. And we know from many, many other jurisdictions and quite a few studies that have looked at causality in large populations, not in the United States but elsewhere, that those continuous forms of gambling are particularly risky for people.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. I understand that, but that's not what this study is about and that's not what this study

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1 You know, you're bringing in -says. 2 DR. VOLBERG: Right. 3 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: -- other data, 4 and you know, so that bullet point ought to 5 reflect this study, you know. 6 DR. VOLBERG: Okay. 7 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Not your 8 exogenous experience. 9 DR. VOLBERG: Okay. 10 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I mean, it's a minor point, but it just makes an implication 11 12 which is not the point we're trying to make 13 yet, and I don't want us to be making it until we're ready to make it. 14 15 DR. VOLBERG: Okay. 16 MR. WILLIAMS: Yeah. That point's 17 well taken, Steve. I think you're right. 18 The other thing relevant to this is the 19 online panel report. So if you remember, we 20 asked all the problem gamblers if there was a 21 particular form of gambling that they 22 actually attributed as causing more harm than 23 others. And there were two takeaways from

that. One is that the large majority of

1 problem gamblers didn't identify any 2 particular type; however, of those that did, 3 they continuously identified instant lottery 4 as being more problematic. So that point is for inferential. It's partly based on online 5 6 panel stuff and stuff from other jurisdictions. But you're right that this 7 particular analysis is derived from the 8 baseline general population survey, and the 9 10 sample size for the self-reports of harm were too low to really derive any reliable 11 12 estimates. So this set bullet point was 13 largely inferential. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 14 Right. 15 Good. Any other questions, thoughts? COMMISSIONER CAMERON: 16 No. 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: This is great 18 stuff. 19 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Very good. 20 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We're slowly 21 beginning to produce what we want, which is 22 direction for us, and it's really data driven 23 direction for how we move forward, and it is 24 great.

	rage 130
1	MR. VANDER LINDEN: Right. And
2	again, it's a baseline, and so when we come
3	back out, we can in the field after
4	casinos are open, we can see does this
5	maintain or do we see differences that are
6	emerge that we need to pay attention to as
7	well.
8	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. Great.
9	MR. VANDER LINDEN: Thank you.
10	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you.
11	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you.
12	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Mark, do you have
13	the slides and the report in a separate PDF
14	somewhere?
15	MR. VANDER LINDEN: I have them,
16	yes.
17	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Could you just
18	forward them to my e-mail in one e-mail?
19	MR. VANDER LINDEN: Yes.
20	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. I want to
21	send them off to the Public Health Trust Fund
22	Executive Committee with a cover note.
23	MR. VANDER LINDEN: Okay.
24	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Thanks.

	Page 139
1	Yeah. Let's take a quick break, and we
2	will No. You've got some other items.
3	MR. VANDER LINDEN: I have some.
4	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Let's finish up
5	your item, sorry. So maybe
6	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: No, we
7	have
8	MR. BEDROSIAN: I think if we could
9	at least get the next one out of the way,
10	Mr. Chairman, then you could debate whether
11	you want to take a short break or a longer
12	break, but we have some folks who probably
13	need to travel after the next one.
14	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. And we
15	can Rob, are you finished?
16	MR. WILLIAMS: Yeah. I'm all done.
17	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All right. Thank
18	you very much. Appreciate your checking in.
19	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you.
20	MR. WILLIAMS: Yeah. Not a
21	problem.
22	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: See you.
23	MR. VANDER LINDEN: Bye, Rob.
24	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. We're

going to take a very short break while Mike does some stuff.

(Break taken.)

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I guess we're back to Director Vander Linden.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: All right.

Yes. I'm back. So next on the agenda is a discussion of responsible gaming planning for our Category 1 facilities. The only context I could put is that there's a heck of a lot going on in terms of the construction of these two facilities that is incredibly impressive. So our discussion of their responsible gaming planning is something that we want to make sure, as a Commission, remains a priority.

So there's a few specific questions that I wanted to ask. And before I go any further, I want to make sure that I introduce our guests. To my right is Mike Mathis, president of MGM Springfield. Bob DeSalvio, president of Wynn Boston Harbor and Jacqui Krum, senior vice president and general counsel of Wynn Boston Harbor. I've also

2.1

been working very closely with Director Glennon on this specific topic as well.

So the two issues that we want to bring before you, one is the planning preparation and possibly development of responsible gaming platform or play management platform at our Category 1 casinos. A little bit of context for that. As you know, Play My Way, which is the play management tool that is in place at Plainridge Park Casino is a test -- has been implemented on a test basis. It's largely the results of our evaluation that's being conducted by Harvard Medical School Cambridge Health Alliance that will determine whether or not that is an advantage to our Category 1 casinos most likely in the form of a regulation. Because we do not have the preliminary findings from that evaluation, we still wanted to make sure that it remains an issue that should there be need for planning, that it's being considered by our Category 1 licensees. So I'll ask each of them to address that.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

1 Second is a review of the 2 responsible gaming space at the casino, the 3 GameSense information center. As you know, 4 within statute, there is a requirement that 5 our licensees provide space for this specific 6 type of service, and so we want to get an 7 update about where that space is in proximity to the gaming floor. It's not only an 8 9 important piece that's outlined in the 10 statute, but it's also an important function 11 that's key within our responsible gaming 12 framework in providing informed player 13 choice. So with that, why don't I first turn 14 it over to Mr. Mathis. Thank you. 15 MR. MATHIS: Thank you, Mark. afternoon, Commissioners. 16 17 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Good 18 afternoon. 19 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Good 20 afternoon. 21 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Good afternoon. 22 MR. MATHIS: Since the drawing is 23 up on the screen, maybe I'll take this in 24 reverse order and talk to the location of the

PGO office, problem gaming office, in the context of this plan, and then we've got some further detail as well, but this is meant to give you some context.

So you're looking at the ground floor of the MGM Springfield, and the space in question is what is the M life desk.

Unfortunately, the red laser doesn't show up on the screen. So I'll just orient you towards the garage, which is the large gray structure at the bottom. If you go all the way to the left of that gray structure, and then move immediately above it, you'll see a dark blue and a desk next to it designated as M life. So I don't know if -- it's basically center -- left center of the screen, so.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So the dark blue is M life?

MR. MATHIS: No. The dark blue is our bathrooms. I was just --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh.

MR. MATHIS: That's immediately next to it is the M life desk.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh, okay.

Page 144 1 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That one 2 there. 3 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That's it. Okay. 4 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Toward the 5 bottom. 6 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah, I see. 7 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: This is the 8 bathrooms. 9 MR. MATHIS: No. It goes green, 10 blue, purple. 11 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Got it. 12 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Purple, yeah. 13 MR. MATHIS: Green, blue, purple. 14 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. 15 MR. MATHIS: You see that sequence? CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. 16 17 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yeah. 18 MR. MATHIS: So the purple is what 19 we've designated previously as the M life 20 desk. 21 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. Okay. 22 MR. MATHIS: Below it is yellow 23 which is coat check. 24 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

So this was a

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

MR. MATHIS: Okay. lesson learned in terms of when this issue popped up. But as you recall, Mr. Chairman, you came and visited the site, and we pointed it out to the top left of the plan where we originally thought our problem gaming office should go, and your comment at the time was given where the self-park garage is and our traffic flow, you wanted to have a conversation about whether the PGO office would be better located bottom right of the

casino --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

14

15

16

17

MR. MATHIS: -- near that entrance. So we went back and looked at that, thought that was a fair comment, and happy to say that we were able to accommodate that.

18

19

20

21

22

So what we've done is a combination of factors. What we've done is given the experience we had at National Harbor, we believe our M life desk can be shrunken. And partly because of the M life desk is our customer loyalty, customer service card

center, and what we've done at National

Harbor -- And Bob DeSalvio has come down and seen some of this, so I don't think I'm giving away trade secrets -- we've been really successful with a self-serve kiosk program for the issuance of cards. You know, the way we like to analogize it to is sort of like the southwest desk where it's less about the manned stations, staffed stations, and is more about those folks helping you self-serve at the kiosk. And that's what customer loyalty we think is going to in terms of technology in the future.

So if I can. Understanding where you're about to see a close-up of is the M life desk in just a moment. So sort of from left to right is what, absent the stairs, is what used to be the M life desk, and we've been able to grab some real estate there to shrink what is now the M life desk and to provide kiosks towards the top of the plan, ATM machines as well. And then to the right and to the -- and below the kiosk ATM sections are what is now the PGO office.

1 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: By PGO, it's 2 GameSense? 3 MR. MATHIS: Problem gaming office, 4 GameSense, that's rights. And below it is 5 what we've talked to your staff about is the 6 Gaming Commission offices. So nicely 7 situated. One of the things I point out about the GameSense office, which is to the 8 9 center right of the plan to the left of the 10 stairs is that we've oriented it so that the front entrance to the GameSense office is 11 12 facing the casino floor, which is one of the 13 comments you made to us, Chairman, on one of our earlier reviews. 14 15 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That's where it 16 says reception. 17 MR. MATHIS: That's right. 18 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah, okay. 19 MR. MATHIS: And then you've got 20 the support services behind it. So it's in 21 the heaviest trafficked location on the floor 22 and has the best ability to interact with our 23 customers. 24 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You --

1 I can answer any other MR. MATHIS: 2 questions. 3 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. We think it's a nice 4 MR. MATHIS: 5 solution and addresses your very --6 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Certainly 7 location wise, it certainly does, and you know, the devil might be in the details of 8 the space arrangement. I know we've been 9 10 thinking about this a lot, but have you gone over this, Mark, from that standpoint and 11 12 Marlene, and you know, the GameSense folks? 13 MR. VANDER LINDEN: Right. is -- it's a fantastic location, and I very 14 15 much appreciate MGM going back and taking a 16 second look at that and accommodating that request given where -- how the traffic flows 17 18 in and out of the facility. So thank you 19 very much. 20 You know, in terms of the exact 21 configuration of this space, the responsible 22 gaming framework basically states that 23 they -- what was -- as its defined in that 24 framework as the responsible gaming

information center that we're calling

GameSense, it's close proximity to the floor.

So it has high visibility and high traffic and a private location where you can have sensitive conversations, including enrolling -- helping people enroll into the voluntary self-exclusion program. This space certainly, certainly does that.

You know, in terms of the proportion of the space that is the reception area versus the office, if there is a way to take a look at that, I made -- would perhaps make a recommendation that the reception area would be slightly larger, the office space slightly smaller, but -- And even that, I need to kind of really get a good sense of the specs in terms of how large each of those areas are. Really glad to have the extra storage space, too.

The GameSense information center at Plainridge Park Casino also an ideal location, but one of the very challenges that we run into is making sure that we have enough storage space for different materials

2.1

1 that we have for that program. 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So this is 3 about -- the space that's allocated is about 4 360 square feet. Does that square with what 5 your thinking, Mark, is? 6 MR. VANDER LINDEN: Yeah. It's 7 larger than what we have at Plainridge Park Casino. 8 9 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Which we need, 10 right. 11 MR. VANDER LINDEN: Which I think 12 it's right around 200 square feet, at best, 13 so. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 14 Okay. 15 MR. MATHIS: Mr. Chairman, if I can 16 just clarify. I did some rough math, and I think it's basically a 300-square foot space. 17 18 It's 12-by-24 based on sort of the sketches 19 that our architects have put together. 20 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 21 24-by-15-and-a-half is what I'm seeing here. 22 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yeah, 372. 23 MR. MATHIS: You are correct. 24 means the six foot is probably not drawn to

scale. No, you're right. So that's -- then you got the right number. I was doubling the six feet based on the entrance, but.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: 372.

MR. MATHIS: No, you're -- good math. You're right.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Good job.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Great.

MR. MATHIS: And then the other comment is, you know, for our purposes to advance design, what I've asked for, whether it's through this hearing or at some other way, is confirmation that the location is good, that the general geometry of it is good, and then what you do with the interior walls, I think we can be very accommodating.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

MR. MATHIS: But that's the direction we need given our stage of design construction.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Well, from my perspective, this is totally responsive to the issues that were raised, so I'm totally

1 cool with it. As long as you are then and 2 Marlene is. Okay. She's nodding her head. 3 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yeah. 4 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. 5 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Great. 6 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: What about 7 the office, the MGC office, the square footage? Have we looked at that? 8 9 MR. BAND: That is the 10 fingerprinting room. 11 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Okay. So 12 this is not the total amount of space that 13 you'll have. You'll need a lot more? 14 MR. BEDROSIAN: No. We have a 15 floor. 16 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: For gaming 17 agents. Okay. 18 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But has this 19 space been looked at by somebody, Ed? 20 MR. BEDROSIAN: Yes. Yes. 21 MR. BAND: Yes. 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So that -- space 23 for whatever is in that area is what you 24 want.

1 MR. BAND: Yes. 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Great. 3 That's terrific. 4 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yeah, this is 5 great. 6 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yeah. 7 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you, Michael. 8 9 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Great. 10 Thank you. 11 MR. MATHIS: Thank you. 12 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Are you going to 13 go on to the --MR. MATHIS: Yeah, however you want 14 15 to handle it. You want to handle all of MGM? 16 MR. VANDER LINDEN: Why don't we do all of MGM, and then move down the line. 17 18 MR. MATHIS: Sure. So I've had the 19 benefit of talking to Bob about, you know, 20 Wynn's perspective on Play My Way. So I 21 think you're going to hear similar comments, 22 but I'll preview them in terms of MGM's view of it. 23 24 One of -- As I understood some of

the background in terms of criticality of timing was to make sure that from MGM's design construction schedule, we weren't at a point in our process where a decision down the road can be implemented, understanding you still have some study materials coming back, a report coming back your way and a further discussion. So what I think I can confirm for you is we have talked internally with our folks, and terms of a play management system on our slot machines, that's an issue of software and not an issue of hardware or infrastructure. So there is no point of --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.

MR. MATHIS: -- no return on our critical path. That said, I think we still want to understand it regardless of what the -- sort of putting aside what the Commission's view on it is. We have our own internal view on responsible gaming. As you know, we've implemented a corporate-wide GameSense program thanks to the introduction here in Massachusetts. We're implementing

2.1

that corporate wide. An extension of that would be something -- a play management system on our machines, but, you know, some of that technology is new. We want to understand the results at Plainridge. And one of the unique compatibility issues we have and I think Wynn has as well is, you know, we're going to be -- at this point we believe we'll be an IGT floor in terms of our platform, and the Play My Way at Plainridge is based on the side games, Bally --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Report.

MR. MATHIS: -- sort of system. So there's some compatibility issues that we're trying to understand. We're looking to IGT to see their version of the system which they have, and it's different than the side game Play My Way. So we're talking to IGT about their platform and sort of a gap analysis on the different functions, different options.

So some internal due diligence on our end, but we would have the ability to implement it down the road if we all got comfortable, the Commission and us

internally, on implementing that system.

So is it fair COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: to say, then, that from a construction standpoint, there's -- you know, you proceed as you currently started. We do the same from an evaluation standpoint, and if timing works out, that would be great, but if it doesn't, we could -- and we decide to implement and recommend Play My Way, we could always go do what effectively we did in Plainridge, which is to get the floor first live, and however it is, then test the solution, however with it for Play My Way, and then deploy it after the fact. Is that a fair statement, Mark and Michael?

MR. VANDER LINDEN: Yeah. You know, in terms -- do you offer this type of responsible gaming tool upon opening or is it adequate to wait until after the opening and we have enough information that would -- it would -- that we would proceed with it.

Really, I think that the way that it rolled out at Plainridge Park Casino where it was a year or almost a year post opening worked out

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

very, very well. The unique situation there is that we were just launching GameSense and training and orienting a whole team of GameSense advisors. And so adding Play My Way onto their plate at that time would have been really difficult.

We have more seasoned GameSense advisors that transition once MGM opens up and we launch the program there. They're going to be more seasoned. We've learned an enormous amount, and so technically would probably work out just fine that we would --we could add that to the plate upon opening, but perhaps it would also --we could also find ourselves in the situation where we want to get them oriented to the new site.

I guess I'm not being very clear, but my point is there's pros and cons either way. We want to make sure that Play My Way, the play management tool, is the right decision that we're moving forward with this, and the Commission needs to be comfortable with the information evaluation that we receive in order to flip the switch on that

with our Category 1 casinos. That's what's really -- to me, that's what's driving it and that's when the clock starts ticking there.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yeah. To me, too. And I think I may be speaking for everybody here. That was the assumption when we proceeded, and we don't want to under mind the efforts of the evaluation in any way, and we want to see how it all turns out. There's all indication that it's been working just fine, by the way. But we have professionals who are helping us evaluate it, and then at that point we can then go ahead and figure out the implementation roadmap.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. And just to reinforce that, there are three things going along in parallel. One is our policy decision about whether indeed we do want to launch Play My Way in these other two facilities, and if we had to sit -- make a decision now, we would say yes for planning purposes, but we're going to make a final decision when we get the data.

Secondly, is assuming we do go

forward, will we have the software in place to do it, and it's going to take some work to make sure that whatever system is, is written, debugged, ready to go, et cetera. And also the personnel with it, the personnel the launch of Play My Way is a big, big deal logistically, as we recall. And the final decision is if we're going to authorize it and if we can get the software ready in time and the people ready in time, when do we actually want to launch it? Is it better to launch it at the opening of the casino or is it better to wait, and if so, how long?

So these are a lot that I'm looking that you have really big project management critical variables where we, you know, have not been perfect in all of our project management launches, for understandable reasons, but this needs to be up on somebody's Gantt chart somewhere and make sure we're really doing the thinking back, you know, early on to make sure that we have options available to ourselves, don't let circumstances push us into suboptimal

1 options. And the conversation about when we 2 launch is very much one we'll want to share 3 with you. We may or may not have the same 4 ideas, but we certainly want to get -- we 5 want to just brainstorm with you what are the 6 pros and cons of launching at various 7 different times. But it's a Joan type of --Yeah, it --8 MR. MATHIS: 9 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yeah. But --10 MR. MATHIS: Go ahead. I'm sorry. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: But we just 11 12 agreed the driver here is the evaluation. 13 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: So whatever 14 duration we have --15 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: The first 16 17 probably. 18 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: The first 19 driver, right. We eventually get, you know, 20 other things, and there's a milestone over 21 there in 2018 about opening, but we cannot 22 let -- you know, we have to work through 23 what's currently driving that schedule on

that and that's the evaluation piece.

I think

1

MR. MATHIS: Right.

MR. BEDROSIAN:

Yeah.

No.

2

4

5

7

10

9

1112

13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21

2223

24

that's exactly right. We will keep it up there. Obviously, this is in terms of opening the next facilities, MGM, there's a lot of other priorities. This will be one of them. I'll just say and this is anecdotally, this is why we're going to depend upon a data driven analysis. There are so many unknown variables, even in our launch with PPC, that I don't think anyone anticipated. At least anecdotally, I get concerned that in a non-opening environment, whether we could identify all the variables that might go into this. But, again, a lot of factors, a lot of variables we need to consider.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

MR. BEDROSIAN: And the data driven decision by the Commission is probably the biggest one.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: For the next one, anyway.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And a timeline to know when we have to make all the other ones.

1 MR. BEDROSIAN: Right.

2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.

MR. MATHIS: Mr. Chairman, if I can just before we hand it over to the Wynn folks. I think we're all aligned around responsible gaming and the great policy around that. So a couple of factors just for you to think about as we all collectively look at the data that comes back. You know, in our experience, very risky to launch new software in a live gaming environment, especially given the kinds of loads and volumes that you'll have. So even if we get comfortable with what occurred at Plainridge under X set of circumstances, if we're, you know, double or triple the number of machines, you know, that's a completely different --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah.

MR. MATHIS: That's a completely different animal. So haven't made a decision on our end about that, but that, to me, goes into some of the timing issue.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

MR. MATHIS: You know, secondarily, it probably goes without saying, we would prefer to voluntary implement a program like that versus being compelled to because there's a number of factors such as that one and others that we can share with you, but --CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

MR. MATHIS: -- I just don't want I want to reserve that discussion that in some ways, especially when it comes to technology and the performance of those opinion machines, that that's a very -- there's a balance there, and I think, you know, given our investment, we should have a pretty strong voice in that discussion.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. I completely agree with that and that's why I was saying we need to have you guys at the table, but -- So we're in the same place on this.

MR. MATHIS: Yeah.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And hopefully, the evaluation will facilitate that, you know, in an objective way, so.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But he's saying

even if we do -- even assuming the evaluation

is positive.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: There's a lot of issues about when and how we do this.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right.

Absolutely.

2.1

MR. VANDER LINDEN: Can I just add one -- some experience from working with Plainridge Park Casino on the development of this. And there's certain our own ability to kind of have the capacity to work through the development process, but the workflow that Plainridge Park Casino had in doing that was also was significant. Their staff were key partners.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: When Mike is talking about a partnership in doing that, Plainridge Park Casino was a key partner in launching that and making sure that we were collectively comfortable with introducing a new technology onto the gaming floor.

1 So --2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We have a PPC 3 head nodding back there. 4 MR. VANDER LINDEN: I'm sure. So 5 that partnership is important to me. 6 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. Thank 7 you. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you. 8 9 MR. MATHIS: Thank you. 10 MR. DESALVIO: Good afternoon, 11 Commissioners. 12 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Good afternoon. 13 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Good 14 afternoon. 15 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Good 16 afternoon. 17 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Good 18 afternoon. 19 MR. DESALVIO: I want to first of 20 all introduce another team member who with 21 us. Greg Dauenhauer. Greg, can you raise 22 your hand. Right behind me. Greg is our 23 vice president, chief information officer, 24 and a critical person in this whole

discussion. And I want to first talk a little bit about the technical side and then a couple of personal thoughts that I'd like to throw on the table about the upcoming evaluation work.

So first of all, on the technical side for Play My Way, Greg and I went to Las Vegas recently, and I think it was February 22nd, we meet with the senior folks at IGT, including some of their technical staff to make sure that we could appropriately answer your extremely strategic question, which is will any of this affect hardware or -- and an even more importantly, the wiring diagrams for these casino floors? The great news is that, as you've heard already, IGT does have a product. It would most likely require modification, but in no way, shape, or form does it affect hardware or wiring. And certainly, the IGT folks are very responsive to what the regulatory regulators are interested in.

So for example, if you did move forward, what it would require, and the good

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

news is you can get two for the price of one on this. Mike and I can get together with our teams and Greg --

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: The good news is you can get two for the price of one.

MR. DESALVIO: Yeah. And so -- And listen, for these companies to do this once for two operators in the same jurisdiction is a very big deal for them. And since most likely -- I know we've already made the decision we'll be on IGT Advantage. I know you're either close or thinking about it. But if we wind up just going the same way, you know, and certainly, if this is in partnership with the regulators, IGT will be all over it. They'll get the work done. We know there's work done on -- you know, we know that it's complicated. We've all been involved in some of these software issues.

So the good news is that that does not appear to be on the critical path. And then there's other decisions that could inform whether or not Mike attempts to do it at opening or not and that I'll leave for

another day. But I certainly respect and would agree with the MGM position that launching new software is never good on opening day of any casino. That's something that may be considered down the road.

I did want to talk for a minute, though, about the evaluation portion. And I'd like to offer two perspectives for the Commission to think about it. Number one is informed by my own personal experience about working on a casino floor and some of what I learned during that process as it relates to issues surrounding problem gamblers, and the other is much more theoretical and hypothetical that I'm hoping that you, through your research efforts, might be able to get the answer to because I think it's going to be very strategic in trying to inform whether or not we move forward.

So from the -- I'll start with my personal is that -- and I think I mentioned this at a previous meeting, so I'm going to go on the record and say it again. I don't believe there is any software program known

2.1

to man today or in the future that could possibly substitute for the great work that our employees do on the casino floor to potentially identify problem gamblers. I'm talking about beverage servers. talking about slot attendants. I'm talking about slot shift managers dealers, casino hosts, player development staff. You know, when you think about it, and I can only speak to my most recent job, which is prior to this one, which is in Pennsylvania, and I know we have the same requirement here. We trained our team members every single year. single year every single employee got trained on a very simple method for how to potentially spot somebody who might be having a problem on the casino floor. And I will tell you, because I got -- I was tasked a lot of times with having direct interaction with some of these folks, because some people find it uncomfortable, and as problems occur, unfortunately, what happens is that, you know, you have to get to somebody who's willing to talk to a customer and maybe make

that interaction, whether it's a pit boss, whether it is a slot shift manager, whether it is a credit person, or in some cases, the president of the property that has to maybe intercede and maybe suggest that somebody get some help or pick up a hotline or call somebody and try to suggest. Even though we're not mental health professionals, our goal is to try to get them to the appropriate resource.

And so when you think about -- And for -- you know, for those that have studied anything about the problem gambling, there are certain things that become fairly obvious when you are able to see somebody in action on a casino floor, and I've yet to see a software program that can actually replicate what you can see with your own two eyes and with what you can hear and your interactions with a customer. So I'm coming from a side of being a little bit skeptical that there are software solutions that have helped recognize this. Wait a minute, can I --COMMISSIONER CAMERON:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Of course

1 you can.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

MR. DESALVIO: I'm on a role, so let me get this out, and then I'll take any questions that you want.

The other side of this is And you know, Mark said theoretical. something very important just a few minutes ago, and that was there was maybe some wisdom and some luck combined or maybe circumstance that allowed Plainridge to open without the play management budgeting tool and then implement it at a later date. And I'd like to offer this back to the Commission. I know you have the Cambridge Health Alliance, I believe, is doing the evaluation. You have a very unique one-time opportunity and that is to -- And I'm not a researcher, but I've done enough market research around gambling to understand a little bit about this. But you have a very interesting set of circumstances where you could take an evaluation and look at the players who have signed up for the play management tool at Plainridge and take a look at their -- maybe at their gaming

history. Again, unanimously, again, 1 2 protecting any privacy issues. 3 certainly, you could look at their play 4 history pre them being on the budgeting tool 5 and post them being on the budgeting tool to 6 make sure that there's not the unintended 7 consequence of maybe somebody setting a budget that is too high and then by accident 8 9 or through some incidental play, wind up 10 actually playing more than what they did prior to having a budgeting tool. Now, I 11 12 have absolutely no facts to back up what I'm 13 saying, but certainly a researcher could look at this and take information. 14 And I want to 15 make sure that people are not getting too 16 aggressive in terms of setting a budget and 17 then playing up to it thinking that that is 18 maybe a protection model. And if we learn 19 that they actually play more after they've 20 turned on a budgeting tool, I think that 21 would give us a real reason to hit the pause 22 button on this and make sure that we don't 23 have the unintended consequences.

So this unique circumstance we have

at Plainville, I think, will afford the
Cambridge Health Alliance to work in tandem
maybe with Plainville to study this
information to make sure that we don't have a
situation where we actually make the problem
worse instead of better. And so I'd like to
throw that out there. And of course, you
know my story in terms of human contact I
think is never going to replace -- you can't
replace that.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Yeah.

Mr. DeSalvio, point well taken, especially with making sure that looking at all of the factors and the comparisons before or after if that's possible. But I think your characterization of this tool -- I mean, you're using the term budgeting tool. It is really not a predictor, and it's really aimed at another tool for someone, a customer experience. I know your company is very, very -- it's very important to your company. So if, you know, you're there with friends and you're going to be there for three hours and you want to spend X and the first half

2.1

hour you've spent, you know, half of that, you may just want to say, okay, this is good. It's reminding me, and I'm going to be here for another two-and-a-half hours. Let me take a break, go listen to a band, go get something to eat. You know, it's just the experience itself I think is what this tool is about and maybe to keep -- help you stay on track. I should have one when I go to the mall, frankly. So I think to characterize this as a predictor is really not something we've ever done.

MR. DESALVIO: Okay.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I would intimate that same point, and you made it very well. I'll just say this, which I've also just heard Mark talk about. Our intention here is, you know, from the framework about informed decision making, just another tool, and when it comes to all the gamut of gambling, largely, our intention is keeping the recreational gamblers recreational, keeping the at-risk gambling there, and observing to the extent we can

through our research and other means, not necessarily this tool, what may or may not be contributing towards somebody's sliding from one to the other. But you said it well when this tool is not meant for predicting.

We take your point, your other point very well, which is that there's a lot of other systems that you, as operators, actually come in direct contact with, that human element to detect trends to detect behavior the only the human mind can do in your operation. So, you know, we know that that will be a very important piece of the puzzle.

And the other piece that your theoretical point is something that we hear from Howard Shaffer himself quite a bit, you know, and his team. And his approach is, you know, fundamentally first do no harm and that's the piece that we are really hopeful about getting some really good information from as part of this evaluation. You know, he gives great examples in other areas of public health efforts. Drug presentation is

one of them. And he's also studied where there's some parallels where things like campaigns turn out to have some harm because they're reminding people constantly, and then those who may be in trouble end up getting into more trouble.

So he's very well aware, he and his team, of how these dynamics could come into play, and I really look forward to, you know, what he has to say about that.

So a long winded way of saying is that I believe, but he'll confirm, they'll confirm, that we're already studying that.

MR. DESALVIO: Oh, good.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: That we'll see these whole notion of the first do no harm point through this process. And we do have the data of the before and after.

MR. DESALVIO: And are they -COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Which is your larger point.

MR. DESALVIO: Are they tasked with the looking at the pre and post for those people that we have the information on?

1 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: We have the 2 ability to do that. 3 MR. DESALVIO: Great. 4 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That is 5 specifically part of what they're doing. 6 Right, Mark? 7 MR. VANDER LINDEN: Yeah, that's They are taking a look at player card 8 9 data to the maximum extent we can tracking 10 player behavior before and after enrollment, taking a look at how people respond to the 11 12 notifications that they would receive on the 13 machine. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And so what's --14 15 we're doing exactly that. MR. DESALVIO: Great. 16 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And everybody 18 agrees that's a great, great tool. 19 MR. DESALVIO: Good to hear. 20 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And we decided 21 just the other day, I think, 22 Commissioner Zuniga and Mark and we that we would wait until we have that data before 23 24 we -- The other data will be ready to be

released, but we're going to hold everything and put it all together and not release this piecemeal. So we're going to have all the different dimensions, the surveys of the players, but also now their actual player card data before we release the report.

MR. DESALVIO: Great. Then the other piece is the -- up on the screen is the casino floor at Wynn Boston Harbor, and in the bottom left-hand side of this, you'll see the red indicator of where the GameSense information center is on our floor. spot has been shown to Mark. We've got -- we picked the location on our floor that we thought would be the most heavily trafficked area in the entire building and that's because it's the intersection of where we have not only an area coming off of the main concourse or promenade area, but we also have the guest elevators coming up from self-park, and it's also at the area where we would have any motor coaches or shuttle buses coming in. It's the only spot in the building where all of those items sort of come together.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

when I went down and looked at what Lance has, you know, the way he's situated where you come out of those elevators, he's got a pretty good capture point there where he's been able to put that location, and we thought this was the number one spot in the building, and I think Mark concurred with that when they saw.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: Yeah, that's right.

MR. DESALVIO: And the second -- By the way, the next slide is just an enlargement of the actual space, and it shows the -- at one point, I think we had this closed, and Mark asked us to open up the front so it was more wide open to the floor, and then we have the private area behind it plenty of spaces where we can do storage within cabinetry, whether it's in the office or in the main area. And we can work with Mark and the team as we can get closer to setting that up, but I think we're well positioned in a very good space on the floor.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Do you know what

	Page 180
1	the square footage is of that?
2	MR. DESALVIO: I don't. I don't.
3	I'd have to get that for you.
4	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I think we looked
5	at it before.
6	MR. VANDER LINDEN: Yeah, we did.
7	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But yeah.
8	Just for the heck of it if you wouldn't
9	mind
10	MR. DESALVIO: Sure.
11	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: giving us just
12	to make absolutely sure.
13	MR. DESALVIO: Absolutely.
14	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And this specific
15	configuration of the walls within the
16	space
17	MR. DESALVIO: Yep.
18	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: We don't have to
19	worry about it just yet, right?
20	MR. DESALVIO: No. Well, yes and
21	no. We're sort of there.
22	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.
23	MR. DESALVIO: And I think we did
24	this with some direction from Mark as to what

they were looking for. It's pretty straightforward, a nice, welcoming, open area to the floor. Originally, we had a door. We took the door off, opened it wide open, and then, of course, the private area for any private discussions. So this one's pretty straightforward.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Well, just make sure, Marlene and Mark, that that is right, you guys, if you need to know the wall configurations now that we've really looked at that carefully as well as the square footage.

MR. DESALVIO: Yeah. I've been sort of iced from change orders. So we're sort of done.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And then we have talked, I believe, with both of you about the likely, that I think, of having a second but mobile facility somewhere. I mean, these facilities are so much bigger than Plainridge. We figured that we would probably want a second facility, but it wouldn't be a permanent facility. It would

be one that we could move around. So I don't know where that is in the configuration.

MR. DESALVIO: You know, with all due respect, Chairman, I don't know about a mobile -- I worry about that for a couple of reasons. Number one, anything that's mobile and rolling around the floor, I'm sure the fire/life safety folks are not really intrigued with that, especially on very busy days. They have a tendency to get in aisle ways and some foot traffic. My suggestion would be is that, you know, we have folks all over that floor. We'll have information available in multiple locations. We'll have it at our read card desk, or in Mike's case, the M life and other areas, you know, in our casino. Anyone who's involved in casino credit would be up on this, your hosts. so rather than just saying -- my opinion, rather than saying a permanent area and a mobile cart, I'd rather view it as a permanent area and the rest of the staff all kind of, you know, working towards this, and there's no reason we can't have the

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

information that's available in you know,
many locations throughout the building. So I
just -- rolling carts, you know, usually your
fire chiefs and whatnot won't like that
honestly rolling around a casino floor.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. Well, we're not going to do something the fire chief doesn't like, so we can take that as a given.

MR. DESALVIO: Yeah.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But I don't think we're locked into this yet, but I don't want it to be a surprise. It's something we've talked about. We've tried to figure out, you know, how do you get the coverage. I mean, the GameSense personnel of these are three times the size or more of the floor in Plainridge, and we're going to need more personnel. A loft of what they do is sign people up for Play My Way. Is it right to take somebody from way over there to bring them over here, to use your boss's language, to bring them way over there to over here.

So anyway, so we've got to think

about it. But it is one -- it's not going to be something rolling around that's going to slide down the aisles.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: With tables.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: It would be sort of plugged and set up here for a while or whatever. But anyway, I just -- I don't want to it be a surprise. We will think it through. We'll take into consideration what you're saying for sure, but it is one that we have talked about being an additional facility.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yeah.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: So far.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I also imagine maybe technology can help. People now can carry i-Pads, you know, and, I don't know, punch card numbers throughout, that would be one way of -- anyway, it could -- Thanks for that point.

MR. DESALVIO: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: May I just

mention one last thing. The responsible game

1 framework, as you've -- as the Commission 2 adopted in 2015, early 2015, is under review 3 right now. It's well under way. April is a 4 big month to get feedback from Commissioners 5 and other stakeholders, including our licensees. So I look forward to getting your 6 7 feedback as we look for a revision of the framework and especially as we begin setting 8 9 our eyes towards responsible gaming 10 initiatives and plans at Wynn and the MGM. 11 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. Thank you 12 very much, folks. Appreciate your coming. 13 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: 14 Thank you. 15 MR. MATHIS: Mr. Chairman, if I 16 can, if it's possible, if you can indulge me 17 in taking an item out of order. I'm not sure 18 I'm going to be able to stay here for the 19 Commissioner update. And if at all possible, 20 I'd love to hear Commissioner Zuniga talk 21 about what a great time he had yesterday. 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. 23 At our topping off. MR. MATHIS: 24 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: By all means.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: By all means.

Well, with that endorsement, I hope I don't

disappoint you, because I wasn't ready for a

4 big debrief.

> But I think it was a great event yesterday. I attended the topping off ceremony of MGM. The last -- which is signifying the last beam that goes into the building was placed yesterday. There were, of course, a lot of representatives from the City, from the State, a lot of people in MGM and most notably, the -- Yeah, Mike is getting the video ready. I want to just finish my thought and then maybe, Mike, we can play it to let it speak for itself. Most notably, the laborers. This is really -- or the iron workers. This is really a -- I came to appreciate a very important event for the construction workers.

I want to say a couple of things that I learned yesterday. There were two teams of father-daughter laborers working on the site.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Really, great.

1 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: And they were 2 both introduced as part of the ceremony. 3 There's also a significance to the green sort 4 of Christmas tree that's up there in the -on top of the beam, which I believe has to do 5 6 with having had no safety casualties or 7 anything like that. And also, of course, the 8 American flag that flies prominently at the 9 front. Everybody in the city is very happy 10 about it. Really the whole talk about 11 economic development and broad economic 12 development that you speak so much about, 13 Mr. Chairman, was really present and I think 14 overall was a great event. Thank you. 15 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Can you play 16 that? 17 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you for 18 that. 19 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Can you play that, Mike? Is that on the web feed? 20 21 MR. SANGALANG: Yes. 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yep. 23 (Video plays.) 24 MR. MATHIS: If I can just while --

1 That's the top beam for our there it goes. 2 rotunda hotel signature sort of set of units. 3 Our suite, 1,800 square feet right at Main 4 and Howard. So it's fitting and a lot of the 5 people that were there talked about normally this would be a single beam or, you know, in 6 7 some cases a bucket of concrete. Because someone decided to do it after the fact. 8 9 it felt special that this halo was floating 10 in the air and symbolized our topping off. 11 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I can already see 12 DeSalvio is saying how are we going to top 13 that. 14 MS. KRUM: Well, actually, 15 yesterday we celebrated a milestone, too, not 16 to take away from Mike. But the very last bucket of soil was removed from our site. 17 18 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: No kidding. 19 MS. KRUM: So 650,000 tons. 20 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 650,000 tons. 21 MR. DESALVIO: Yeah. 22 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: That is --23 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Look at this 24 It's in credible. thing.

1	COMMISSIONER CAMERON:
2	encouraging, no.
3	MR. DESALVIO: I'm sorry, I have to
4	make a comment here. I want to I think we
5	need this Bureau of Investigation for a
6	minute, because I didn't see that blue sky on
7	the eastern side of Massachusetts yesterday.
8	Did you you didn't superimpose that.
9	MR. MATHIS: We Photoshopped the
10	blue sky. You got us.
11	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I don't know.
12	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: It's always
13	sunny in Western Mass.
14	MR. MATHIS: Come on.
15	COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: It's always
16	sunny in Western Mass.
17	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah.
18	MR. MATHIS: But thank you,
19	Commissioner, for being there, and I know
20	Mr. Chairman, you would have been there but
21	for a conflict, and it was a special day.
22	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: That was great.
23	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Very good.
24	MR. DESALVIO: Congratulations to

Page 190 1 MGM. 2 MR. MATHIS: Thank you. 3 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. 4 MR. DESALVIO: And by the way, Mike mentioned earlier. I did go to MGM National 5 6 Harbor, and I just want to -- kudos to MGM 7 for an amazing property. I went and stayed overnight and it was really very, very well 8 9 done. 10 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. 11 MR. DESALVIO: And so 12 congratulations to you and the team. 13 MR. MATHIS: Thanks, Bob. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I did get to 14 15 sign the beam, by the way, so I'm looking for 16 to the one from Wynn. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You did? 17 18 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yeah. 19 us -- we'll have to be back for that one. 20 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you 21 all. 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you, folks. 23 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Thank you. 24 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you

1 all.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Mark, you have one more item?

MR. VANDER LINDEN: I do, yes.

MR. BEDROSIAN: Mr. Chairman, just for staff purposes, do you plan -- I think if we do that item, the other Items 6 and 7 are relatively quick if you want to power right through.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I think we do, yeah. I have to leave a little after 2:00. So we can't -- we don't really have time for a break.

MR. BEDROSIAN: Okay. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. We'll go through.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: Okay. I move on to the final agenda item for my section. It's a review of the 2017 problem gambling awareness month activities. On the beginning of March, I did a brief presentation with Director Driscoll on the new media campaign that has been released. In a moment, I'll go over kind of where -- what has been the

results of that media campaign. But anyway, next to problem gambling awareness month really is the month to draw attention to issues around problem gambling, problem -the availability of problem gambling treatment and prevention services. It's fitting that that I'm sitting here with Marlene Warner who is the executive director of the Massachusetts Council on Compulsive Gambling. So before I talk about the media campaign, I wanted to turn it over to her to just speak briefly from her perspective and the council about problem gambling and problem gambling awareness month, and then she's going to give you kind of summary of the in-house activities at Plainridge Park Casino in honor of this month. So Marlene. MS. WARNER: Good afternoon, everyone. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Good afternoon. Thank you for the MS. WARNER:

I think that it's -- I'll start

first with the Mass. Council activity and be

Electronically signed by Amie Rumbo (501-013-137-1006)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

opportunity.

brief about those, but you know, every year problem gambling awareness month really grows in its intensity, and I was just talking to a colleague yesterday about how we almost kind of -- it's we kind of stumble into March, right, and forget about. The interesting and cool thing is that there's a lot of providers out there who really are paying attention and doing a lot of work, and I think that that's been fantastic to see here in Massachusetts and, actually, across New England.

So having said that, we did a lot of work in terms of visiting treatment centers. The 41 treatment centers that the Department of Public Health Bureau of Substance Abuse Services contracts with. We spent some time doing training with them, building their capacity, making sure that they had the most up-to-date information and did it real intense view on that in March. We spent a lot of time trying to connect with the recovery centers, and probably every March I come and talk about that, and I think given Dr. Volberg's presentation earlier,

it's a good reminder of why we spend so much time there, which is we really see folks with mental health and substance abuse disorders as well as folks who have that background in terms of in their family system, going and talking to them about why they are at high risk for gambling disorder and how they may recognize that. So a number of our staff were out specifically in Brockton, Marlborough, Boston, Step Rocks. Using the Owning Mahowny movie. If any of you haven't seen it with Phillip Seymour Hoffman. one of the most depressing movies you'll ever So I just preface my comment by saying that. But really, really, really good indicator of the life span of someone who struggles with gambling disorder.

We have a program called caps that Curriculum For Activities and Probability -- Activities Probability and Statistics. And basically, that's a program where we spend time looking at youth somewhere in the range of middle school up through high school and talking to them a little bit about in your

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

Page 195

daily life how you are looking at probability and statistics and how you can do math to make your day-to-day living situation make sense. And gambling is woven in through that, but it's not the primary focus. And that is something that our outreach team has been spending a lot of time doing with at-risk youth, looking at high-risk populations in Massachusetts, and did a lot of that in March as well. In fact, we just received notification that we're going to be awarded with a -- some award in Somerville, the City of Somerville. We've been working with a lot of their at-risk youth.

The other thing that we spent a lot of time on is trying to outreach to veterans organizations and people who work with vets. And as you all know, the GAO came out, thanks to Senator Elizabeth Warren, and with her in the lead, the NDAA last year asked the GAO to put a report out, a survey and a report, to look at veterans and active duty military and their gambling and came back saying that, you know, certainly more screening needs to take

2.1

Page 196

place and that they certainly are a high-risk population. And so immediately, that day, actually, we sent out a letter to all the veteran service officers and this is throughout the month of March and contacted vet centers, continued our relationship and went a little -- dug a little deeper with the Boston Shelter For Homeless Veterans. So we're really trying to look at high-risk populations here in Massachusetts.

And then the last thing I was going to end with was in terms of the Mass.

Council's work is specifically is looking at, you know, the whole reason March is problem gambling awareness month and was originally a week and now expanded to a month is because of March Madness. So second to the Super Bowl, March Madness and certainly a time obviously for increased gambling. And so sent a number of -- done a number of social media activity and sent press releases out and looking targeting specifically with youth and sports gambling and just talking about, again, being a high-risk activity.

I think in general, problem gambling awareness month is a really useful time to remind people that gambling can be fun and exciting, and we tell people that all the time, but it's not a risk-free activity. And so that's really an opportunity to kind of get that message across many different populations in Massachusetts.

So specifically in terms of

GameSense, let me talk about that. One of
the things that the GameSense team really
wanted to do was take the look at casino
employees and go to the back of the house.

They spend a lot of their time working with
patrons directly, and I recognize that's our
primary work, but we know and it's very well
documented that casino employees have double
to triple the rate of gambling disorder. The
jurisdiction in British Columbia just
recently, I think, had the most recent data
out about their casino employees, and they
had five to six times the rate of gambling
disorder than the general population there.

And they're high risk for a couple of 1 2 reasons. One of which is, you know, 3 Mr. DeSalvio did a great job talking about 4 some of his concerns. And he's right. casino workers spend a lot of time seeing 5 6 problems and talking with folks, and they 7 take that home. That's often not an --8 there's often not an opportunity for them to 9 unload that, figure out what to do with that, how to process that. So that is -- that 11 weighs on them. The other reason I think 12 that the literature tells us is that they 13 think they know more, that somehow they can 14 out do the system. And so if they somehow 15 think that they've something special about 16 how they can play the slot machines or they 17 can sit down at a table game, they're going 18 to -- while they typically can't gamble at 19 their facility, they can go to a neighboring 20 facility and play.

> So knowing all that, we decided to really focus GameSense on the employees at Plainridge Park Casino. Amanda and Teresa, Amanda Winters in my office and Teresa in

21

22

23

24

Page 199

yours, really are the master minds. We're here because they're too busy to be here, but they did a really nice job of putting it all together.

And so they did some fun activities. First of all, Amanda gave me some good numbers. Passed out over 400 pieces of materials, spend over 70 hours directly focused on the PPC staff. PPC, by the way, were amazing, amazing partners. Lisa in particular was fantastic, really fantastic, went above and beyond.

So they let us use a bulletin board to put information up all month long. I utilized bathroom stalls, the back of the bathroom stalls, a key place to put information. So we put information in employee bathrooms. They had a kind of a newsletter, newspaper to communicate PGM messages and they sent out quarterly news blast with PGM messaging during March.

The activities looked at safe gambling versus problem gambling versus responsible gambling, gave some tips, talked

about how slot machines work. And I think that people often have -- again, think that everyone who works in a casino knows exactly how a slot machine work, and it's just not the case. And so really explaining how their product works. Some of the folks who don't know the intimate details of the machines is really important, talking to them about chance and randomness, handing out some screening tools, giving them some more information about just GameSense in general. And then we also have partnered in the past with a group called Consumer Action, and they produce what's called Money Wise. whole curriculum of financial literacy. so using some of these financial literacy -financial literacy tools with the PPC staff.

So they did that via some of these activities. So they played -- Amanda is brilliant at this, so she developed the Price is Right game. She developed a Family Feud game with slot machines education. Jeopardy, which apparently was the favorite at PPC staff, and then she created a scavenger hunt

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

around the casino so that people could figure out where is responsible gambling messaging in the casino, how do you find it so that, again, it's an opportunity for them to not only learn for themselves, they also would be able to share that with the customers and be able to direct people to the information around the facility.

And the close of the month of directing services and attention to the staff is that they're raffling off baskets. The baskets that Karen in our office makes are kind of famous now, would you say, Lisa. The staff was so excited to be able to get the opportunity to actually be a part of the raffle to win one of these baskets. And then they also -- PPC, again, fantastic. They really did a -- they went above and beyond. Were providing a photo booth where people can do some of their fun quirky pictures and they're branded with GameSense.

So we've tried to make it educational and fun all at the same time and really, again, pull the staff in to the

1 knowledge base. 2 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. 3 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Great. 4 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And thank you, 5 Lisa, in this -- Plainridge has been great 6 partners with us all along from GameSense and 7 Play My Way. So I'm not surprised to hear that it worked again, but please take back 8 9 our appreciation to Lance, but it's important 10 that we work as a team like this. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: 11 Yeah. 12 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Great. 13 Thank you. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: 14 Thank you. 15 MS. WARNER: Thank you. Thanks very 16 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: 17 much. 18 MR. VANDER LINDEN: Thanks, 19 Marlene. 20 So the second part is this is a 21 follow-up from the beginning of March when 22 we've launched our new media campaign. 23 actually launched on March 12th. So what I 24 have is two weeks of data. And I just want

to say, we've a run very strategic media campaign. If we had -- we really had a fairly limited amount of money given the type of campaign and message that we wanted to roll out across the state. We wanted to this year refresh our created, so the videos that we had. And so by doing that, it immensely limits the amount of money that we have to actually spend on the media campaign. Based on advice for more advertising, we decided to do alarmingly ad buys. So buys for paid media on websites and online ads and social media on Facebook.

So gamesensema.com, our GameSense website, received 1,162 sessions. Sessions is basically anybody who goes to the website regardless of how they stayed there. So they had 1,650 in two weeks. That's a 550 percent increase from the weekly average of the six months prior. So a little bit more context. The two weeks prior to the launch of the campaign, there were 616 page views. So overall 168 percent increase of traffic that was being directed to the website. And this

2.1

1 is largely attributed to our paid media 2 campaign. Gamesensema.com had 1162 sessions. 3 Sessions are people who are actively engaged 4 on the website. And again, about 80 percent of that traffic we were able to say this is a 5 6 direct result of our paid media. Of the 7 20 percent that remains, about ten percent of that came from people directly going typing 8 9 gamesensema.com into their browser and going their directly. Facebook's ads have been really successful, generating 1,435 clicks. 11 12 The clicks are roughly two percent of the 13 total impressions. So there have been over 75,000 impressions of GameSense on Facebook. 14 15 So with a click-through rate, the clicks being two percent, and if you want to look by 16 -- for some context, if a highly successful 17 18 campaign usually receives between one-half of 19 a percent and two percent. So we're very 20 pleased with that.

> Videos that have been posted on Facebook have been viewed 5,215 times, with over 13 percent of those people watching the video from start to finish. The most popular

21

22

23

24

videos were the Pre-roll, so those funny videos that we worked with BCLC to use as well as the Play My Way video.

The most successful static image message that was out there was Don't Chase Your Losses. This was particularly effective on Facebook with 133 users having clicked on it and spending -- going to GameSense MA and spending an average of a minute and 46 seconds on it on our website. And that's the chasing your losses is coincidentally or not coincidentally the most commonly endorsed problem gambling criteria based on our own research.

There was a lot of organic or free reach Facebook resulting in 5,000 or almost 6,000 video views. This is largely attributed to the MGC postings and promotion of the GameSense campaign. Also attributed to the great work that Elaine and Mike have done is earned media efforts. GameSense was mentioned on -- through several media outlets. And again, this is -- this goes back to sort of Elaine's relentless pursuit

2.1

of making sure that the GameSense message is out there and it's been communicated in many different ways across the state.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I like that expression, Elaine's relentless pursuit. How many times have we all experienced that.

MR. VANDER LINDEN: She's like a dog with a bone on that stuff, I tell you.

But I really do appreciate that.

And when you think of us paying for a media campaign to get the message out there, that is -- that's fine, but when we can look for these sort of free opportunities to continue to maximize the presence of GameSense, that's fantastic.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I couldn't agree more on that last point. As I was hearing you go over all the metrics, I think it's really powerful now with social media and all this for our ability to kind of monitor that over time, see how that evolves based on, you know, our efforts and continue to, you know, measure this. I think of one -- very quickly, I think of one item on how

1 this can transfer to our friends at DPH who 2 are also thinking about certain communication 3 efforts when it comes to prevention and 4 treatment, and I really think that what we've 5 done here is very cost effective and helps us 6 measure quite a bit our activity, so. 7 MR. VANDER LINDEN: Yeah. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. 8 9 MR. VANDER LINDEN: So this 10 campaign goes through -- the ad buy goes 11 through the end of May. 12 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Oh. 13 MR. VANDER LINDEN: Kind of evaluate what the status is then, and that 14 15 will help inform what our campaign looks like 16 next fiscal year. COMMISSIONER CAMERON: 17 Great. 18 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. 19 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you. 20 MR. VANDER LINDEN: Thank you. 21 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you. 22 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you. 23 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: You'll send me 24 those PDFs.

1 MR. VANDER LINDEN: Yes.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Great. Thanks.

Great stuff.

General Counsel Blue.

MS. BLUE: So we have in your packet today amendments to two existing regulations, 205 CMR 136.08 and 205 CMR 143.02. This is the first time that you've seen these amendments. We're not asking for a vote today. We're just giving you a first look. And I have for you today Deputy General Counsel Grossman and Licensing Director Connelly to talk to you about that and probably CIO Glennon talk about the progressive jackpot transfer. And maybe Director Band as well. So they can explain to you what the changes are and answer any questions.

MR. GROSSMAN: Good afternoon,
Mr. Chairman, members of the Commission. The
first amendment before you proposed is to
Section 136.08. As you'll see, what the
proposal is, is to remove language that
presently requires the identities, the names

and contact information, of managers and principal representatives for each licensed area under the alcoholic beverage license within the casino to actually be listed on the license. So this proposal solely would remove those names. That's been more of a chore than helpful. The licensees would still need to identify those individuals and present them to the IEB. So that part of the requirement is not being removed, just that they would be actually listed on the license. So that's what this reflects.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Questions?

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: That's just

our own experience, right?

MR. GROSSMAN: It's based on our own experience.

MR. CONNELLY: The issue with this one is the frequency with which the names might change would require re-issuance of a license on a pretty frequent basis. This way, if we have maybe the vice president of food and beverage is the responsible individual and kind of the supplemental

2.1

materials reflect the managers and the assistant managers who would also be responsible at any given time, it just makes it much easier.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Does that square with the way ABCC normally does these in other restaurants?

MR. CONNELLY: It does. And it -it does, yes. As long as the individuals who are responsible are available, here in this case to ABC, and my understanding is well to the Gaming agents on duty so they'd be able to see on file. It's just on the physical license itself, that's, you know, a bit of a -- we get your signature on it, for example, reissue it. This could be something we can either slip in behind or they have on file and would have available at any time if an agent wanted to see what the list of managers and assistant managers, et cetera. That can obviously be updated on a very frequent basis without incident.

MR. GROSSMAN: Just to that point further, if memory serves, this was a unique

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

Page 211

	Page 211
1	requirement that we came up with. I don't
2	think there is a statewide requirement
3	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay.
4	MR. GROSSMAN: that names be
5	placed on the alcoholic beverage license.
6	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay.
7	MR. GROSSMAN: The managers.
8	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.
9	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Right.
10	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. So this
11	you don't need anything from us now at the
12	moment. You're going to put this out for
13	comment and go through the normal process?
14	MR. GROSSMAN: Put it out for
15	comment, bring it back in a couple of weeks.
16	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Right.
17	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Great.
18	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Great.
19	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you
20	both.
21	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Put it out
22	for a formal comment?
23	MS. BLUE: No. Informal.
24	COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Informal.

1 OKAY.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Next up.

MR. GROSSMAN: The second one has to do with progressive jackpots. Mr. Band and Mr. Glennon are available to address any specific questions. As you'll see here, this section deals with the transfer of progressive jackpots. This is an issue that is raised by virtue of the Commission's adoption of GLI 12, which is the standard governing progressive slot machines. Within GLI 12, it references the transfer of jackpots, but it does not get into specifics as to how that should be done, and it leaves open to the gaming jurisdiction to come up with more particulars.

This is an actual issue that comes up with some frequency at Plainridge Park

Casino. So this proposal is aimed at getting a clearer set of guidelines in place as to how this should work.

There are just a number of points.

I would draw your attention to really
quickly, and then leave it to Mr. Glennon and

Mr. Band to field any questions.

First of all, this only applies to standalone slot machine and local area progressives. This is not a wide-area proposal at the moment. We have a set of wide-area proposals -- progressive proposals that will be coming before you shortly, but this does not addressed that particular type of machine.

The second is that it would require approval by the IEB in advance of transferring any such jackpot. Third, we have placed some language in here that would allow the casino to transfer the jackpot minus the seed money that they placed into the jackpot upon its initial operation. So they can take that money out. They don't need to transfer the seed money over.

Fourth, the jackpot has to be transferred in its entirety minus the seed money. And number five, then we get into where it would be transferred to. We say it has to be transferred to a machine that has the same or similar probabilities, has the

1 same or lower wager requirements, has the 2 same type of jackpots, whether it's cash 3 annuity, et cetera. So we get into the 4 specifics as to where they can transfer it. And finally, that they post notice of the 5 6 transfer conspicuously on the machine ten 7 days in advance of the transfer. So these are just a couple of the 8 principles that we thought would be helpful 9 10 in guiding both the IEB and the casinos in 11 the transfer of these progressive jackpots. 12 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Questions? 13 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: You know, I'm fine with this in the way it's written. 14 15 just curious as to just generally how large 16 are the seed money amounts? 17 MR. BAND: Seed money, it really 18 depends on the type machine denomination. 19 But I would say 5,000, 10,000 range would --20 might be the average. It could be even be 21 lower --22 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Okay. 23 MR. BAND: -- than that.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: So they could

be -- end up being not significant to the

total amount, or could they be significant in

terms of proportion to the total amount

transferred?

MR. BAND: They would probably just be a small portion of what was transferred, yes.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I'm thinking of the scenario in which there's potentially a reason to transfer just to recover the seed money. Did you see any of that?

MR. BAND: No.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: -- of that potential?

MR. BAND: Usually that machine starts becoming a little more unpopular. They want to replace it with a new machine, kind of similar parameters, you know, that would actually warrant more play. Because I've seen some in my time in this industry where a machine, just nobody likes to play it anymore, so you have a machine sitting there with a big jackpot that nobody's playing. So they want to transfer that out to get more

1 play. 2 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Right. you spoke to this. The transfer would have 3 4 to be to another type of machine that has the 5 same probability of hitting the jackpot. 6 MR. BAND: Yes. 7 MR. CONNELLY: Or similar. COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Or similar. 8 9 MR. CONNELLY: That's some 10 discretion in there as to what similar actually is. 11 12 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yeah. 13 does that generally mean like our floor for minimum payouts in terms of progressive? 14 15 MR. BAND: It would be the 16 probability of the machine and things like 17 that that you would prepare to look at. 18 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Okay. Sounds 19 good. 20 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Anybody else? 21 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: 22 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Thank you 23 very much. 24 MR. BAND: Thank you.

	Page 217				
1	MR. GROSSMAN: Thank you.				
2	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you.				
3	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I think that				
4	finishes with				
5	MS. BLUE: With this section, yes.				
6	I think there's one more IEB section.				
7	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: IEB, right.				
8	MS. BLUE: Yes.				
9	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. But				
10	Catherine, you're We're done with General				
11	Counsel Blue.				
12	MS. BLUE: Yes, we are.				
13	COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you.				
14	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All right.				
15	Director Wells.				
16	MR. BEDROSIAN: Mr. Band today.				
17	CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And Mr. Band.				
18	MR. BAND: Oh, I didn't see you				
19	sneak in.				
20	MS. WELLS: No. No.				
21	MR. BAND: Okay. Mr. Chairman,				
22	Commissioner, I'm here today with Supervising				
23	Gaming Agent Sterl Carpenter and Senior				
24	Supervising Gaming Agent Burke Cain. We're				

here to present the last of all the games that we've done. It's the last 13 games.

Most of these are variations of poker, with the exception of the casino war game and double attack blackjack. The games we have here are Boston 5 stud poker, double cross poker, double attack blackjack, four card poker, Texas hold em' bonus poker, slots poker, two card joker poker, Asia poker, ultimate Texas hold em', winner's pot poker.

Supreme Pia Gow, Mississippi Stud, and casino war. And I open that to any questions that you might have.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: I know,
Mr. Band, that we are giving them the ability
to pick and choose, right?

MR. BAND: Yes.

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Prefer just, you know, of these games, would most casinos offer most of them or.

MR. BAND: At times, I think they would. In the poker range, like we say Texas hold em's the most popular game into it, but it really depends on what kind of group you

1 have in, you know, who your customers are, 2 that time. You might get players to request 3 specific games to play, so you want to have 4 those options. 5 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: So it's more 6 of an option? 7 MR. BAND: Yes. COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Probably all 8 9 of these wouldn't be offered at the same 10 time. 11 MR. BAND: I would be very 12 surprised if they were. 13 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Okay. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Is Sterl going to 14 15 show us how to play two card joker poker one 16 of these days? 17 MR. CARPENTER: Yes. 18 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Good. 19 sounds like the kind I could play. 20 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: I'm most 21 intrigued about Boston 5 stud poker. I've never heard of that one. 22 23 MR. BAND: It's another one you're 24 going to claim as yours, huh.

Page 220

1 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Maybe not. 2 live in Boston. 3 MR. BAND: Yeah. That should be 4 good. 5 MR. CARPENTER: That was actually 6 submitted in a request, Boston 5. So I'm 7 assuming one of the licensee wants that on the gaming floor. 8 9 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Oh, 10 excellent. 11 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Oh. 12 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Any other 13 comments at this stage of the game? So this is the informal process right now. 14 15 MR. BAND: Yes. 16 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Okay. Great. 17 Thank you. I know a lot of work has gone 18 into this. Thanks, folks. 19 MR. BAND: Thank you very much. 20 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Thank you. 21 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you. COMMISSIONER STEBBINS: Thank you. 22 23 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Thank you 24 all.

1

3

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Anything else

2 from the IEB? Okay. We are down to

Commissioner reports. We got one. Hard to

4 top that. Any others?

COMMISSIONER CAMERON: Not today,

6 Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN CROSBY: I had just two quick ones. Two weeks ago, we did talk about the fact that I had been asked to speak about -- in front of the marijuana committee, and I did take almost all of the comments you all put forward, and I sent you copies of the testimony, and it's now available for anybody who wants to see it. And that conversation is going on. There's quite a bit, as you know from reading the newspapers, about whether and how. There's been some interesting reflections, I think, on people looking at structure of our commission with approval and wondering about whether various features of our structure should be carried forward with the cannabis. Unfortunately, we can't take credit for our structure, but I think there's a sense that we've -- that

implemented it well. So that's been nice.

The second is the online gaming study commission DFS and online study commission. Last meeting, which was I guess Monday of this week, they had four speakers come in, several of whom we've had visit us as well. But the most interest -- one of the one of them Kevin Mullally, whom you all know from GLI I guess, but there was a guy who is an owner of E sports teams. And he speaks like a .50-caliber machine gun, so you don't get too much of it because it's coming at you so fast. But he was fascinating to everybody talking about these games and how eSports works and how the economics work, where these guys come from. Almost all guys who are the professionals in these games. In fact, I've never heard of a woman as -- there be some, but I've never heard of a woman as the professionals in these games.

But the Commission is beginning to understand, you know. We remember -- I remember Jim McHugh first found out about eSports about, I don't know, a year and a

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

half or two years ago. We'd never even heard of it before, and now it's begin to go sink in, and Commissioner or Chairman Wagner, I think it was, talked about -- as we were stumbling with this guy trying to understand what eSports are, is he said, wait a minute. Why don't you all just be quiet. I'm going to bring in my 14-year old son, and he'll tell us how this works. But it's good. Commission is beginning to get a sense. Now, whether -- where we will go, where the Commission and then the legislature will go in terms of, A, should online games be made legal; and, B, if they are, how should they be regulated. We're a long way from any conclusions on that, but the committee is learning a lot of stuff, and it's fun to be a part of it.

COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Can I mention one thing on that? Because I also -- I went to attend just to observe that particular meeting, and I found that fourth speaker really fascinating as well. I think he spoke very well about how this whole thing started,

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1 which is mostly about just games, maybe 2 promotions and, you know, people liking to 3 play and observing and engaging. And it was 4 quite an unintended by-product, this notion 5 of skins, how they were first developed and 6 now how they have been really been marketed. 7 They inadvertently created this whole secondary market that turns out to be quite 8 9 significant and a real proxy for gambling. 10 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Well, the betting 11 on eSports itself. 12 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yeah. 13 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Is like a tenth 14 of the transactions. I guess the betting 15 having to do with skins, right? COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: 16 Yes. 17 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: The numbers were 18 enormous. 19 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yes. 20 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: People don't bet 21 on the outcome of the eSports contest 22 themselves, they bet on these or the -- or I 23 guess they don't bet on the skins, but. 24 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA:

Page 225

1 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: But they transfer 2 or, you know, create value in the skins. 3 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: CHAIRMAN CROSBY: And that's where 4 5 the action is. It's really amazing. 6 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Yeah. And 7 there's a real intersection there, I thought, 8 about what happens in these sort of gaming 9 large environments and what becomes a 10 gambling sort of notion or concern for the 11 state or for, you know, policymakers, which 12 in this case happen to be a subset of -- and 13 unanticipated by the way, of -- But I think there is a lot of great comments and great 14 15 speakers in that commission. CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Yeah. 16 Anybody 17 else? Have a motion to adjourn. 18 COMMISSIONER CAMERON: So moved. 19 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Second? 20 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Second. 21 CHAIRMAN CROSBY: All in favor, 22 aye. 23 COMMISSIONER ZUNIGA: Aye. 24 COMMISSIONER STEBBINS:

```
Page 226
 1
                     COMMISSIONER CAMERON:
                                             Aye.
 2
                     CHAIRMAN CROSBY: Thank you all
 3
          very much.
 4
 5
     (Whereupon the hearing was adjourned at 1:52 p.m.)
 6
 7
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
```

Page 227 1 **SPEAKERS** 2 GUEST SPEAKERS: 3 MASSACHUSETTS COUNCIL ON COMPULSIVE GAMBLING: 4 Marlene Warner, Executive Director 5 6 MGM SPRINGFIELD: 7 Mike Mathis, President 8 9 PLAINRIDGE PARK CASINO: 10 Steve O'Toole, Director of Racing 11 12 SEIGMA: Rachel Volberg, Principal Researcher 13 Robert Williams, Co-Principal Researcher 14 15 16 STANDARDBRED OWNERS OF MASSACHUSETTS: 17 Ed Nowak, President 18 19 SUFFOLK DOWNS: 20 Bruce Barnett, Counsel 21 Chip Tuttle, Chief Operating Officer 22 23 24

		Page	228
1	WYNN BOSTON HARBOR:		
2	Robert DeSalvio, President		
3	Jacqui Krum, Senior VP and General Counsel		
4			
5			
6	MASSACHUSETTS GAMING COMMISSION:		
7	Ed Bedrosian, Executive Director		
8	Catherine Blue, General Counsel		
9	Todd Grossman, Deputy General Counsel		
LO	Paul Connelly, Director of Licensing		
L1	Mark Vander Linden, Director Research and		
L2	Responsible Gaming		
L3	Alex Lightbown, Director of Racing		
L4	Bruce Band, Gaming Agents Division Chief		
L5	Burke Cain, Senior Supervising Gaming Agent		
L6	Sterl Carpenter, Supervising Gaming Agent		
L7	John Glennon, Chief Information Officer		
L8			
L9			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			

1		
_		

## CERTIFICATE

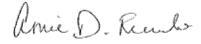
3 4

I, Amie D. Rumbo, an Approved Court Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript from the record of the proceedings.

I, Amie D. Rumbo, further certify I neither am counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to the action in which this hearing was taken, and further that I am not financially nor otherwise interested in the outcome of this action.

Proceedings recorded by verbatim Stenographic means, and transcript was produced from a computer.

WITNESS MY HAND this 3rd day of April, 2017.



Amie D. Rumbo, Notary Public

My Commission expires: 10/23/2020